PUNE INSTITUTE OF COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY DHANKAWADI, PUNE – 43.

SCHEDULE OF LAB EXPERIMENTS

ACADEMIC YEAR: <u>2021-22</u>

Date: 03/01/2022

DEPARTMENT: Computer Engineering

CLASS: T.E SEMESTER: II

SUBJECT: Data Science and Big Data Analytics Lab

LA B EXPT. NO	PROBLEM STATEMENT	LAST DATE FOR COMPLETION
	GROUP A	
1	Data Wrangling, I	10 Jan 22
	Perform the following operations using Python on any open-source	
	dataset (e.g., data.csv)	
	 Import all the required Python Libraries. 	
	2. Locate an open-source data from the web (e.g.	
	https://www.kaggle.com). Provide a clear description of the data	
	and its source (i.e., URL of the web site).	
	Load the Dataset into pandas' data frame.	
	4. Data Preprocessing: check for missing values in the data using	
	pandas insult (), describe() function to get some initial	
	statistics. Provide variable descriptions. Types of variables	
	etc. Check the dimensions of the data frame.	
	5. Data Formatting and Data Normalization: Summarize the	
	types of variables by checking the data types (i.e., character,	
	numeric, integer, factor, and logical) of the variables in the	
	data set. If variables are not in the correct data type, apply	
	proper type conversions.	
	6. Turn categorical variables into quantitative variables in Python.	
	In addition to the codes and outputs, explain every operation that you	
	do in the above steps and explain everything that you do to	
	import/read/scrape the data set.	
2	Data Wrangling II	17 Jan 2022
	Create an "Academic performance" dataset of students and perform	
	the following operations using Python.	

1. Scan all variables for missing values and inconsistencies. If there are missing values and/or inconsistencies, use any of the suitable techniques to deal with them. 2. Scan all numeric variables for outliers. If there are outliers, use any of the suitable techniques to deal with them. 3. Apply data transformations on at least one of the variables. The purpose of this transformation should be one of the following reasons: to change the scale for better understanding of the variable, to convert a non-linear relation into a linear one, or to decrease the skewness and convert the distribution into a normal distribution. Reason and document your approach properly. **Descriptive Statistics - Measures of Central Tendency and** 24 Jan 2022 3 variability Perform the following operations on any open-source dataset (e.g., data.csv) 1. Provide summary statistics (mean, median, minimum, maximum, standard deviation) for a dataset (age, income etc.) with numeric variables grouped by one of the qualitative (categorical) variable. For example, if your categorical variable is age groups and quantitative variable is income, then provide summary statistics of income grouped by the age groups. Create a list that contains a numeric value for each response to the categorical variable. 2. Write a Python program to display some basic statistical details like percentile, mean, standard deviation etc. of the species of 'Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor' and 'Iris- versicolor' of iris.csv dataset. Provide the codes with outputs and explain everything that you do in this step. 07/02/2022 4 **Data Analytics I** Create a Linear Regression Model using Python/R to predict home Housing Dataset prices using Boston (https://www.kaggle.com/c/boston-housing). The Boston Housing dataset contains information about various houses in Boston through different parameters. There are 506 samples and 14 feature variables in this dataset. The objective is to predict the value of prices of the house using the given features. **Data Analytics II** 10/02/2022 5 1. Implement logistic regression using Python/R to perform classification on Social Network Ads.csv dataset. 2. Compute Confusion matrix to find TP, FP, TN, FN, Accuracy, Error rate, Precision,

	Recall on the given dataset.	
6	Data Analytics III	14/02/2022
	1. Implement Simple Naïve Bayes classification algorithm using Python/R on iris.csv dataset.	
	2. Compute Confusion matrix to find TP, FP, TN, FN, Accuracy, Error rate, Precision,	
	Recall on the given dataset.	
7	Text Analytics	21/02/2022
	1. Extract Sample document and apply following	
	document preprocessing methods: Tokenization,	
	POS Tagging, stop words removal, Stemming and	
	Lemmatization.	
	Create representation of document by calculating Term Frequency and Inverse Document	
0	Frequency.	28/02/2022
8	Data Visualization I 1. Use the inbuilt dataset 'titanic'. The dataset contains 891 rows	28/02/2022
	and contains information about the passengers who boarded	
	the unfortunate Titanic ship. Use the Seaborn library to see if	
	we can find any patterns in the data.	
	2. Write a code to check how the price of the ticket (column name: 'fare') for each	
	passenger is distributed by plotting a histogram.	
9		07/03/2022
	1. Use the inbuilt dataset 'titanic' as used in the above problem.	
	Plot a box plot for distribution of age with respect to each	
	gender along with the information about whether they	
	survived or not. (Column names: 'sex' and 'age')	
	Write observations on the inference from the above statistics.	
10	Data Visualization III	14/03/2022
	Download the Iris flower dataset or any other dataset	
	into a DataFrame. (e.g.,	
	https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Iris). Scan the dataset and give	
	the inference as:	
	1. List down the features and their types (e.g., numeric, nominal) available in the dataset.	
	2. Create a histogram for each feature in the dataset to illustrate the feature distributions.	
	3. Create a box plot for each feature in the dataset.	
	Compare distributions and identify outliers.	
1.1	Group B- Big Data Analytics – JAVA/SCALA	21 /02 /2022
11	1 11	21/03/2022
	counts the number of occurrences of each word in a given input set using the Hadoop Map-Reduce framework on local-standalone set-up.	
12	Locate dataset (e.g., sample_weather.txt) for working on weather data	28/03/2022
12	which reads the text input files and finds average for temperature, dew	
	point and wind speed using the Hadoop Map-Reduce framework on	

	11	
10	local-standalone set-up.	0.4.0.4.00.00
13	Write a simple program in SCALA using Apache Spark framework	04/04/2022
	Group C- Mini Projects/ Case Study – PYTHON/R (Any TWO	
	Mini Project)	
	(Students will select one mini project from 14,15,16)	
14	Use the following dataset and classify tweets into positive and	11/04/2022
	negative tweets. https://www.kaggle.com/ruchi798/data-science-	
	<u>tweets</u>	
15	Develop a movie recommendation model using the scikit-learn	
	library in python.	
	Refer dataset	
	https://github.com/rashida048/Some-NLP-	
	Projects/blob/master/movie_dataset.csv	_
16	Use the following covid_vaccine_statewise.csv dataset and perform	
	following analytics on the given dataset	
	https://www.kaggle.com/sudalairajkumar/covid19-in-	
	india?select=covid_vaccine_statewise.csv	
	a. Describe the dataset	
	b. Number of persons state wise vaccinated for first dose in India	
	c. Number of persons state wise vaccinated for second dose in India	
	d. Number of Males vaccinated	
	d. Number of females vaccinated	10/04/000
17	Write a case study to process data driven for Digital Marketing OR	18/04/2022
	Health care systems with Hadoop Ecosystem components as shown.	
	(Mandatory)	
	HDFS: Hadoop Distributed File System	
	YARN: Yet Another Resource Negotiator Man Padaran Programming Local Puts Programming	
	MapReduce: Programming based Data Processing See do Le Manage data processing	
	Spark: In-Memory data processing DIC HIVE: Over head processing of data considers.	
	PIG, HIVE: Query based processing of data services	
	HBase: NoSQL Database (Provides real-time reads and	
	writes) Makeyt Sperk MI Liby (Provides analytical tools)	
	Mahout, Spark MLLib: (Provides analytical tools) Machine Learning allowith at libraries.	
	Machine Learning algorithm libraries	
	Solar, Lucene: Searching and Indexing	A 4 4 h c 1 - 0
	Question -Answer session with students about all above	At the end of
	experiments	term

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