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TE-1 Batch: K-1

DSDBAL Assignment No: 3

Title: Descriptive Statistics: Measures of central tendency & variability

Problem statement: Perform the following operations on any open source dataset (e.g., data.csv)

- 1. Provide summary statistics (mean, median, minimum, maximum, standard deviation) for a dataset (age, income etc.) with numeric variables grouped by one of the qualitative (categorical) variable. For example, if your categorical variable is age groups and quantitative variable is income, then provide summary statistics of income grouped by the age groups. Create a list that contains a numeric value for each response to the categorical variable.
- 2. Write a Python program to display some basic statistical details like percentile, mean, standard deviation etc. of the species of 'Iris-setosa', "Iris-versicolor' and 'Iris versicolor' of iris.csv dataset.

  Provide the codes with outputs and explain everything that you do in this step.

Learning objectives: To understand the concept of statistical

operation
S/w & H/w requirements:
Ubuntu 20.04 64 bit
programming language: python 3.8
jupyter notebook
8gb ram intel i7 processor
Theory: We have used 2 datasets for this arrangement
dataset 1: nba.csv
the dataset consists of following columns
dataset2: iris.csv
following columns: id,
SepalLengthCm, SepalWidthCm, PetalLengthCm, PetalWidthCm, Spe
cies
Measures of central tendency:
Mean: represents the arithmetic average of the data
Median: The median is the middle score for a set of data that has
been arranged in order of magnitude. The median is less affected by
outliers and skewed data.

Mode: The mode is the most frequent score in our data set. On a
histogram, it represents the highest bar in a bar chart or
histogram. You can, therefore, sometimes consider the mode as being
the most popular option.
Measures of variability:
Range: The range of a dataset is the difference between the
largest and smallest values in that dataset.
standard deviation: The standard deviation is a statistic that
measures the
dispersion of a dataset relative to its mean and is calculated
as the square root of the variance.
Conclusion: We successfully implemented assignment using statistical
measures and understood the concept of descriptive statistics