Part 1

Steps in Compilation of a C program.

Hello World Program in C:

```
hello.c ×
c hello.c > ...
    #include <stdio.h>
    int main(){
        printf("Hello World!\n");
        return 0;
    }
```

Step 1: Preprocessing:

```
② ashu@Ashu-PC: ~/COE

ashu@Ashu-PC: ~/COE$ cpp hello.c > hello.i
ashu@Ashu-PC: ~/COE$

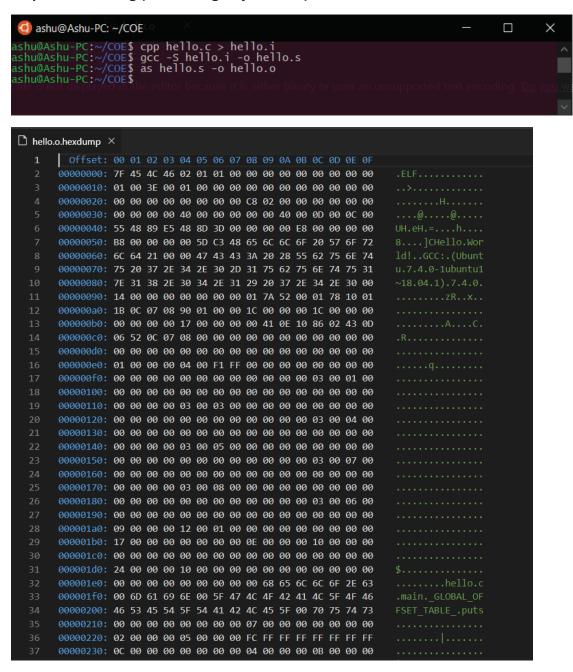
1 #include xstdio.h>
2 int main(){
3 printf("Hello World!\n");
```

Preprocessing Output

Step 2: Generating Assembly Code (Compiling):

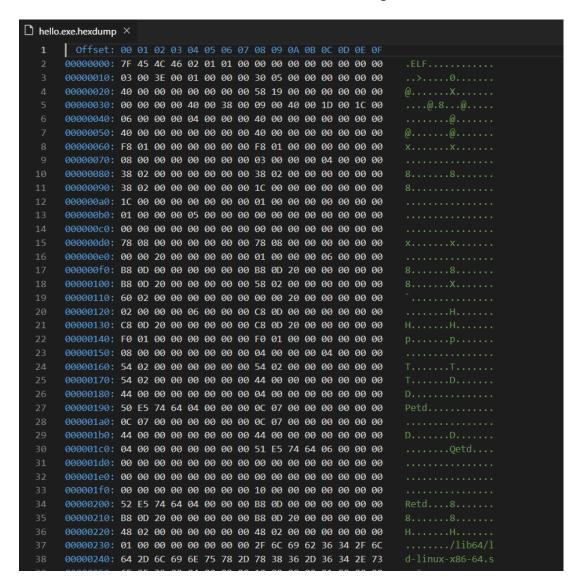
```
hello.s
       .section .rodata
       .type main, @function
   main:
    .LFB0:
       .cfi_startproc
       pushq %rbp
       .cfi_def_cfa_offset 16
       .cfi_offset 6, -16
       movq %rsp, %rbp
        .cfi_def_cfa_register 6
       leaq .LC0(%rip), %rdi
       movl $0, %eax
             %rbp
        .cfi_def_cfa 7, 8
       .cfi_endproc
    .LFE0:
       .size main, .-main
        .ident "GCC: (Ubuntu 7.4.0-1ubuntu1~18.04.1) 7.4.0"
        .section .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```

Step 3: Assembling (Generating Object Code):



Step 4: Linking Generating Executable File:

```
ashu@Ashu-PC:~/COE$ ld -static -o hello -L`gcc -print-file-name=` /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/crt1.o /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/crti.o hello.o /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/crtn.o --start-group -lc -lgcc_eh --end-group ashu@Ashu-PC:~/COE$ _
```



Running Executable File:

```
ashu@Ashu-PC:~/COE | ld -static -o hello -L`gcc -print-file-name=` /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/crt1.o /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/crti.o hello.o /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/crtn.o --start-group -lc -lgcc -lgcc_eh --end-group ashu@Ashu-PC:~/COE$ ./hello Hello World! ashu@Ashu-PC:~/COE$ _
```