

# Power spectrum of the Cosmic Microwave Background radiation

## Final presentation

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Data Science Laboratory, November 19, 2020



# Goals and accomplishments

## ① Simulation of the CMB temperature anisotropy

- Generating only intensity map of CMB photons
- Consider foreground effects and other distortions (eg. noise, lensing, etc.)
- Optionally: Generate full-sky maps



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## ② Analysis of real observational data (eg. Planck)

- Extract angular power spectrum from filtered/unfiltered intensity maps
- Optionally: Explore and fit some (ideally 6) parameters of the  $\Lambda$ CDM model

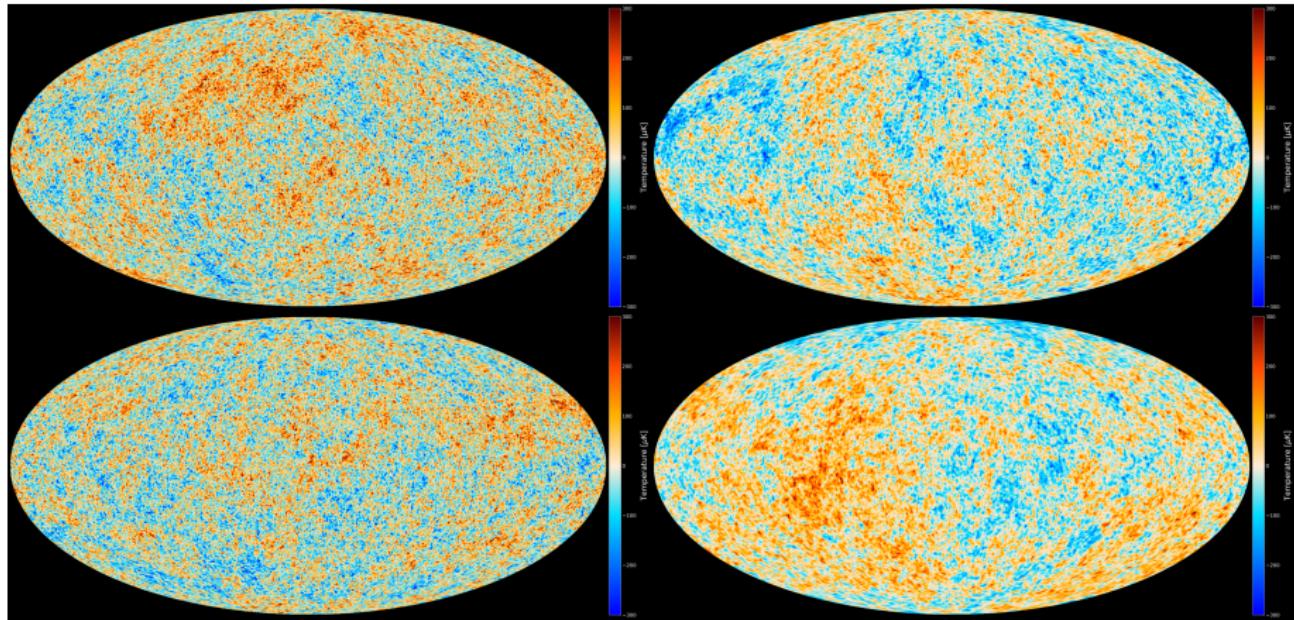


# Task 1: Simulation – Results

- All tasks - including the optionals - were accomplished
- Two completely different simulation method
  - ① Naïve generation of all astrophysical components as individual layers
  - ② Generating randomized HEALPix arrays of full-sky maps using the Fortran90 subroutine `synfast` and mapping them to an arbitrary projection.



# Sample outputs of method I.



**Figure 1:** Randomly generated full-sky intensity maps of the CMB temperature anisotropy using HEALPix routines and conventions. The two images on the left side were generated with  $\text{FWHM}_{\text{beam}} = 3 \text{ arcmin}$  and with  $\sigma_{\text{beam}} = 0.5 \text{ arcmin}$ , while the images on the right side were generated with parameters  $\text{FWHM}_{\text{beam}} = 30 \text{ arcmin}$  and  $\sigma_{\text{beam}} = 15 \text{ arcmin}$

## Sample outputs of method II. - Pure maps

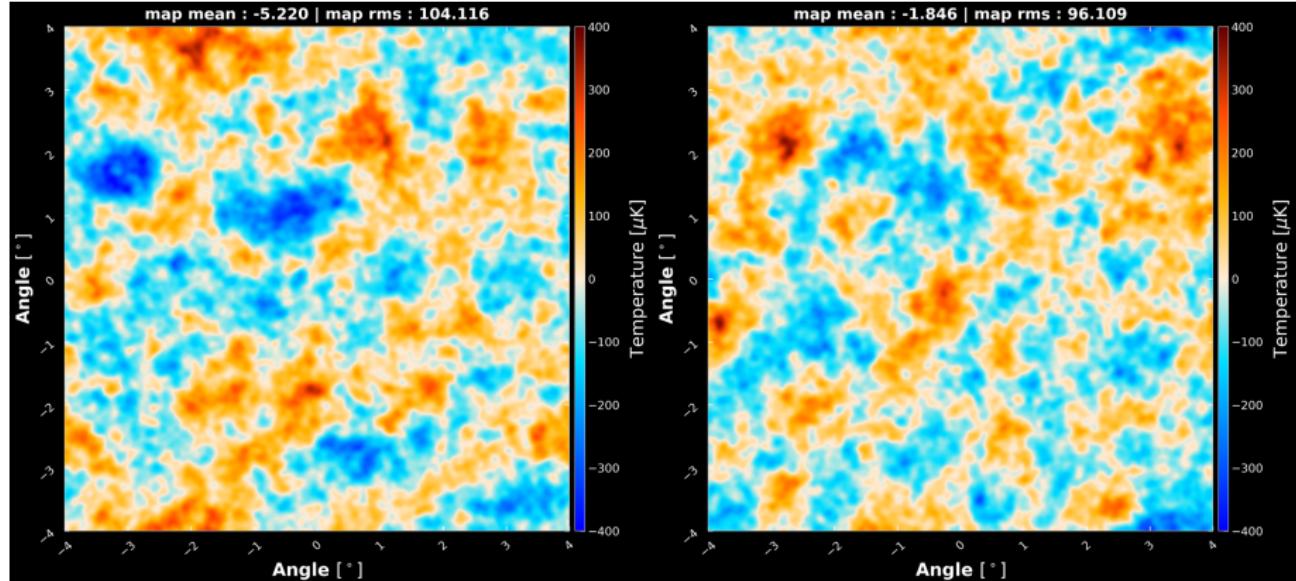


Figure 2: Randomly generated intensity maps of the pure CMB temperature anisotropy with two different random seeds.

# Sample outputs of method II. - Foreground sources

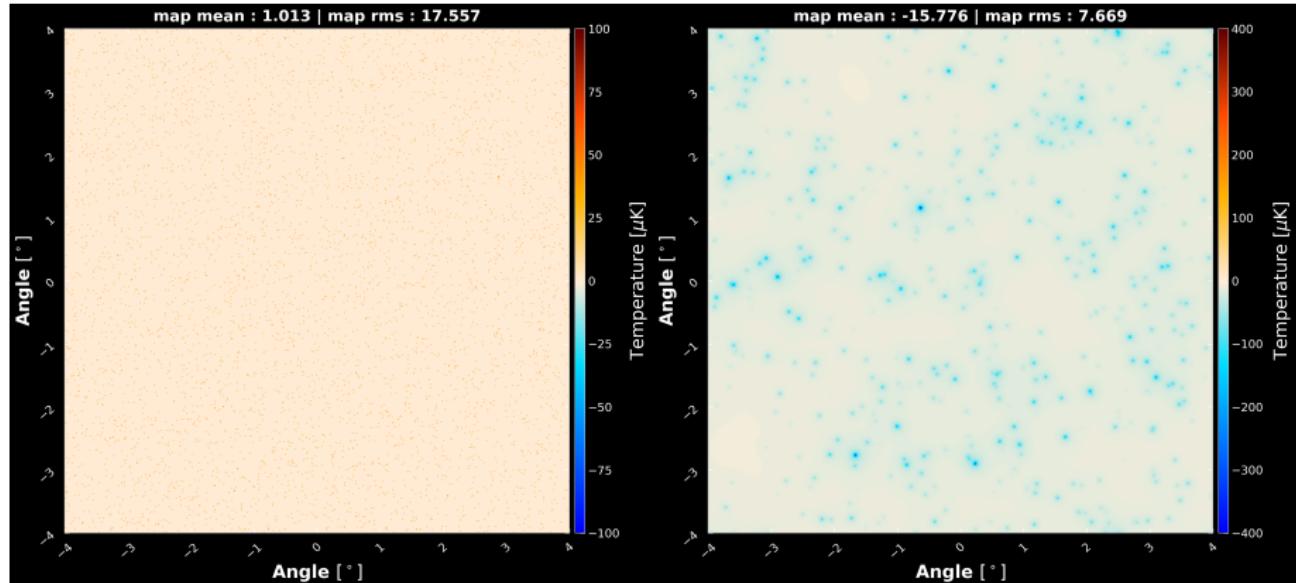


Figure 3: Randomly generated point sources (left) and the randomly generated map of the thermal component of the Sunyaev-Zeldovich effect (right).

## Sample outputs of method II. - Beam size effect

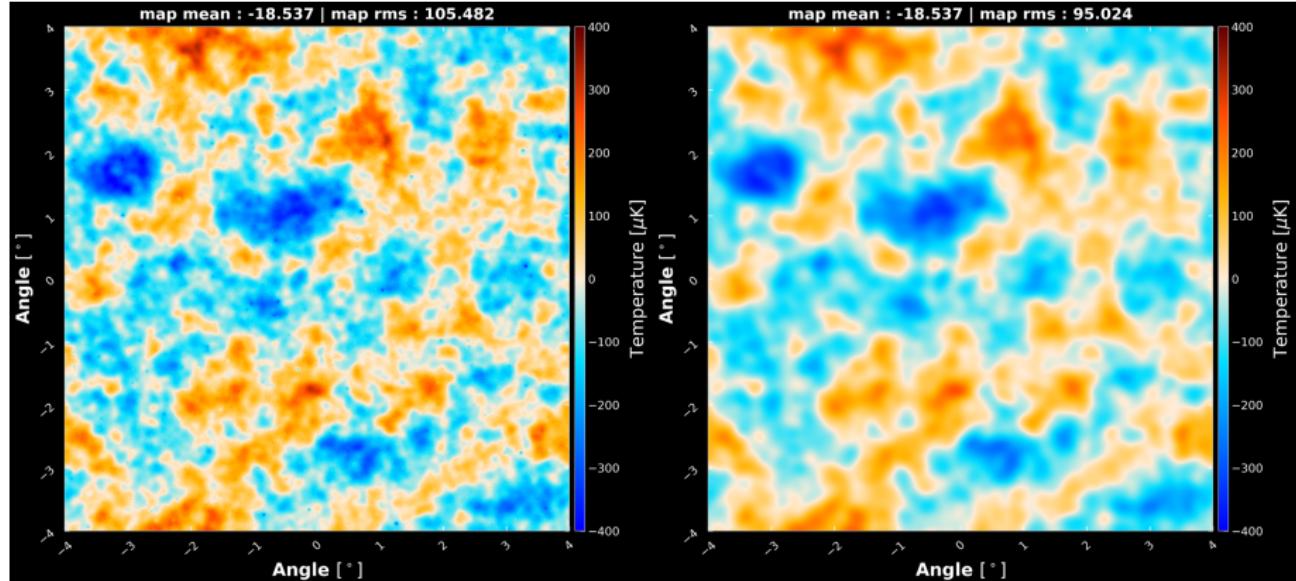
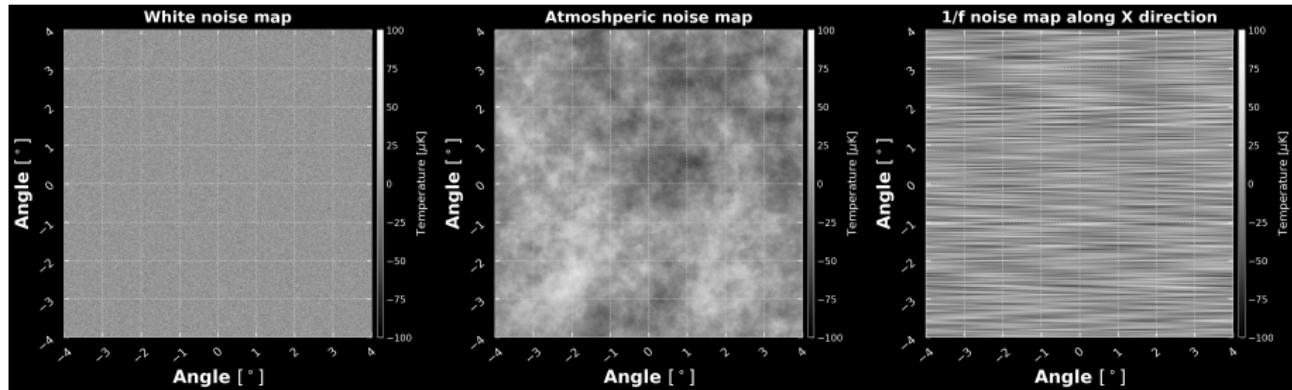


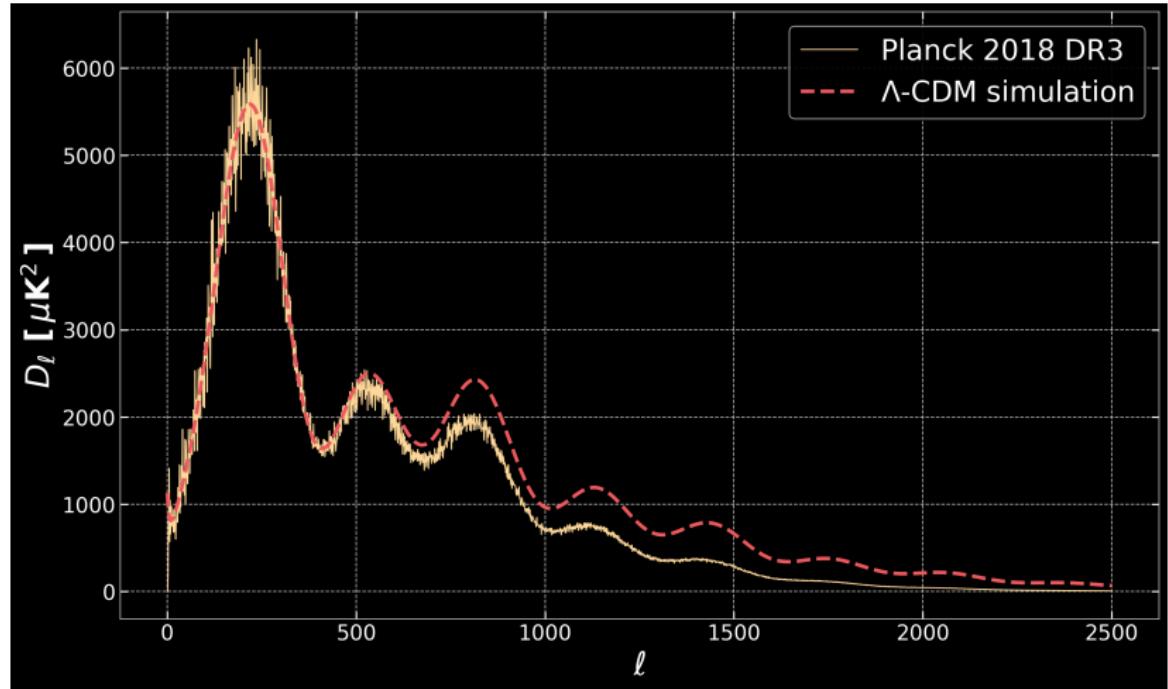
Figure 4: Effect of a beam with  $\text{FWHM}_{\text{beam}} = 10 \text{ arcmin}$  on a CMB map with foreground objects.

# Sample outputs of method II. - Noises



**Figure 5:** The different noise components in the simulation. All noises here are considered to be Gaussian.

# Reconstructed angular power spectrum



# MCMC algorithm tries to find cosmological parameters...

