ΕΘΝΙΚΟ ΜΕΤΣΟΒΙΟ ΠΟΛΥΤΕΧΝΕΙΟ

ΣΧΟΛΗ ΗΜ&ΜΥ
Λειτουργικά Συστήματα 2η Άσκηση
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Τμήμα Β, Ομάδα 3η

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1.1 Δημιουργία δεδομένου δέντρου διεργασιών

Ο πηγαίος κώδικας της main.c που κληθήκαμε να γράψουμε ήταν ο εξής:

```c
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

#include "proc-common.h"
#include "tree.h"

#define SLEEP_PROC_SEC  10
#define SLEEP_TREE_SEC  3

/*
 * Create this process tree:
 * A-+-B---D
 *   `-C
 */
void fork_procs(struct tree_node *me)
{
    /*
     * initial process is A.
     */
    int i;
    pid_t pid;
    int status;

    change_pname(me->name);
    /* loop to fork for all my children */

    for (i=0;i<me->nr_children;i++)
    {
        pid = fork();
        if (pid < 0) {
            perror("main: fork");
            exit(1);
        }
        if (pid == 0) {
            /* Child */
            me=&me->children[i];
            fork_procs(me);
            exit(1);
        }

    }
    if(me->nr_children==0)
    {
        printf("%s: Sleeping...\n",me->name);
        sleep(SLEEP_PROC_SEC);
    }

    /* ... */
    for(i=0;i<me->nr_children;i++)
    {
```

```
55          pid = wait(&status);
56          explain_wait_status(pid, status);
57      }
58
59      printf("%s: Exiting...\n",me->name);
60      switch(me->name[0])
61      {
62          case 'A':
63              exit(16);
64              break;
65          case 'B':
66              exit(19);
67          case 'C':
68              exit(17);
69          case 'D':
70              exit(13);
71          default:
72              exit(1);
73      }
74  }
75
76  /*
77   * The initial process forks the root of the process tree,
78   * waits for the process tree to be completely created,
79   * then takes a photo of it using show_pstree().
80   *
81   * How to wait for the process tree to be ready?
82   * In ask2-{fork, tree}:
83   *      wait for a few seconds, hope for the best.
84   * In ask2-signals:
85   *      use wait_for_ready_children() to wait until
86   *      the first process raises SIGSTOP.
87   */
88  int main(void)
89  {
90      pid_t pid;
91      int status;
92      struct tree_node * root = get_tree_from_file("init.tree");
93
94      /* Fork root of process tree */
95      pid = fork();
96      if (pid < 0) {
97          perror("main: fork");
98          exit(1);
99      }
100     if (pid == 0) {
101         /* Child */
102         fork_procs(root);
103         exit(1);
104     }
105
106     /*
107      * Father
108      */
109     /* for ask2-signals */
110     /* wait_for_ready_children(1); */
111
112     /* for ask2-{fork, tree} */
113     sleep(SLEEP_TREE_SEC);
114
```

```
    /* Print the process tree root at pid */
    show_pstree(pid);

    /* for ask2-signals */
    /* kill(pid, SIGCONT); */

    /* Wait for the root of the process tree to terminate */
    pid = wait(&status);
    explain_wait_status(pid, status);

    return 0;
}
```

1.2 Δημιουργία αυθαίρετου δέντρου διεργασιών

Ο πηγαίος κώδικας της main.c που

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <assert.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>

#include "proc-common.h"
#include "tree.h"

#define SLEEP_PROC_SEC  10
#define SLEEP_TREE_SEC  3

/*
 * Create this process tree:
 * A-+-B---D
 *   `-C
 */
void fork_procs(struct tree_node *me)
{
    /*
     * initial process is A.
     */
    int i;
    pid_t pid;
    int status;

    change_pname(me->name);
    /* loop to fork for all my children */

    for (i=0;i<me->nr_children;i++)
    {
        pid = fork();
        if (pid < 0) {
            perror("main: fork");
            exit(1);
        }
        if (pid == 0) {
            /* Child */
            me=&me->children[i];
            fork_procs(me);
            exit(1);
        }
```

```
44
45      }
46      printf("%s: Sleeping...\n",me->name);
47      sleep(SLEEP_PROC_SEC);
48
49      /* ... */
50      if (me->nr_children>0)
51      {
52          pid = wait(&status);
53          printf("%s said:\n",me->name);
54          explain_wait_status(pid, status);
55      }
56
57      printf("%s: Exiting...\n",me->name);
58      exit(16);
59  }
60
61  /*
62   * The initial process forks the root of the process tree,
63   * waits for the process tree to be completely created,
64   * then takes a photo of it using show_pstree().
65   *
66   * How to wait for the process tree to be ready?
67   * In ask2-{fork, tree}:
68   *      wait for a few seconds, hope for the best.
69   * In ask2-signals:
70   *      use wait_for_ready_children() to wait until
71   *      the first process raises SIGSTOP.
72   */
73  int main(int argc,char **argv)
74  {
75      if(argc!=2)
76      {
77          printf("Usage:%s <input.tree> \n",argv[0]);
78          exit(1);
79      }
80      pid_t pid;
81      int status;
82      struct tree_node * root = get_tree_from_file(argv[1]);
83
84      /* Fork root of process tree */
85      pid = fork();
86      if (pid < 0) {
87          perror("main: fork");
88          exit(1);
89      }
90      if (pid == 0) {
91          /* Child */
92          fork_procs(root);
93          exit(1);
94      }
95
96      /*
97       * Father
98       */
99      /* for ask2-signals */
100     /* wait_for_ready_children(1); */
101
102     /* for ask2-{fork, tree} */
103     sleep(SLEEP_TREE_SEC);
```

```
104
105     /* Print the process tree root at pid */
106     show_pstree(pid);
107
108     /* for ask2-signals */
109     /* kill(pid, SIGCONT); */
110
111     /* Wait for the root of the process tree to terminate */
112     pid = wait(&status);
113     explain_wait_status(pid, status);
114
115     return 0;
116 }
```

1.3 Αποστολή και χειρισμός σημάτων