

## Reverse every K-element Sub-list (medium)

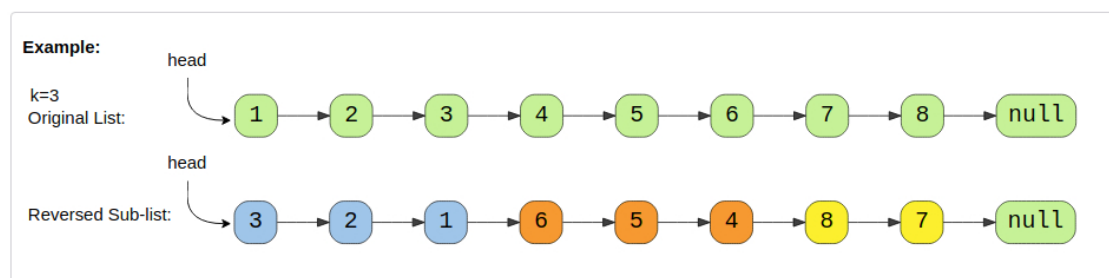
### We'll cover the following ^

- Problem Statement
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- Solution
  - Code
  - Time complexity
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## Problem Statement #

Given the head of a LinkedList and a number 'k', **reverse every 'k' sized sub-list** starting from the head.

If, in the end, you are left with a sub-list with less than 'k' elements, reverse it too.



## Try it yourself #

Try solving this question here:

Java Python3 JS C++

```
1 from __future__ import print_function
2
3
4 class Node:
5     def __init__(self, value, next=None):
6         self.value = value
7         self.next = next
8
9     def print_list(self):
10        temp = self
11        while temp is not None:
12            print(temp.value, end=" ")
13            temp = temp.next
14        print()
15
16
17 def reverse_every_k_elements(head, k):
18     # TODO: Write your code here
19     return head
20
21
22 def main():
23     head = Node(1)
24     head.next = Node(2)
25     head.next.next = Node(3)
26     head.next.next.next = Node(4)
27     head.next.next.next.next = Node(5)
28     head.next.next.next.next.next = Node(6)
29     head.next.next.next.next.next.next = Node(7)
30     head.next.next.next.next.next.next.next = Node(8)
31
32     print("Nodes of original linked list are: ", end=" ")
33     head.print_list()
34
35     new_head = reverse_every_k_elements(head, 3)
36     print("Nodes of reversed linked list are: ", end=" ")
37     new_head.print_list()
```

```
32 print("Nodes of original LinkedList are: ", end=" ")
33 head.print_list()
34 result = reverse_every_k_elements(head, 3)
35 print("Nodes of reversed LinkedList are: ", end=" ")
36 result.print_list()
37
38
39 main()
40
41
```

Run Save Reset

## Solution #

The problem follows the **In-place Reversal of a LinkedList** pattern and is quite similar to [Reverse a Sub-list](#). The only difference is that we have to reverse all the sub-lists. We can use the same approach, starting with the first sub-list (i.e. `p=1, q=k`) and keep reversing all the sublists of size 'k'.

## Code #

Most of the code is the same as [Reverse a Sub-list](#); only the highlighted lines have a majority of the changes:

Java Python3 C++ JS

```
1 from __future__ import print_function
2
3
4 class Node:
5     def __init__(self, value, next=None):
6         self.value = value
7         self.next = next
8
9     def print_list(self):
10        temp = self
11        while temp is not None:
12            print(temp.value, end=" ")
13            temp = temp.next
14        print()
15
16
17 def reverse_every_k_elements(head, k):
18     if k <= 1 or head is None:
19         return head
20
21     current, previous = head, None
22     while True:
23         last_node_of_previous_part = previous
24         # after reversing the LinkedList 'current' will become the last node of the sub-list
25         last_node_of_sub_list = current
26         next = None # will be used to temporarily store the next node
27         i = 0
28         while current is not None and i < k: # reverse 'k' nodes
29             next = current.next
30             current.next = previous
31             previous = current
32             current = next
33             i += 1
34
35         # connect with the previous part
36         if last_node_of_previous_part is not None:
37             last_node_of_previous_part.next = previous
38         else:
39             head = previous
40
41         # connect with the next part
42         last_node_of_sub_list.next = current
43
44         if current is None:
45             break
46         previous = last_node_of_sub_list
47     return head
48
49
50 def main():
51     head = Node(1)
52     head.next = Node(2)
53     head.next.next = Node(3)
54     head.next.next.next = Node(4)
55     head.next.next.next.next = Node(5)
56     head.next.next.next.next.next = Node(6)
57     head.next.next.next.next.next.next = Node(7)
58     head.next.next.next.next.next.next.next = Node(8)
```

```
59
60 print("Nodes of original LinkedList are: ", end='')
61 head.print_list()
62 result = reverse_every_k_elements(head, 3)
63 print("Nodes of reversed LinkedList are: ", end='')
64 result.print_list()
65
66
67 main()
68
```

Run

Save

Reset



### Time complexity #

The time complexity of our algorithm will be  $O(N)$  where 'N' is the total number of nodes in the LinkedList.

### Space complexity #

We only used constant space, therefore, the space complexity of our algorithm is  $O(1)$ .

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Reverse a Sub-list (medium)

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Problem Challenge 1

✓ Completed

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