

Project Proposal

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project title:

Hotel Management

motivation:

The hotel management project aims to develop a comprehensive and efficient system that enables seamless management of hotel operations, guest services, and administrative tasks. It serves as a centralized platform that empowers hotel staff to streamline their daily activities, enhance guest experiences, and optimize overall operational efficiency.

Key Features

- Check in
- > Reservation management
- > Room management
- > check out
- > Billing and Invoicing
- > Reporting and Analytics

Technology Stack

Front-end development:

- Python
- Tkinter for Framework

Back-end development:

SQL Database

Requirement Analysis

As it is a web-based platform. So, here we have some requirements. Requirement analysis for developing a web-based platform for an online marketplace that allows users to buy and sell products securely involves the identification, documentation, and prioritization of the functional and non-functional requirements of the system. Here is a breakdown of the key components of requirement analysis for this project:

- **User Requirements**
- **Functional Requirements**
- **Non-Functional Requirements**
- **Security Requirements**
- **Performance Requirements**
- **Usability Requirements**
- **Legal and Compliance Requirements**
- **System Integration**
- **Documentation Requirements**
- **User Requirements**: When it comes to hotel management, there are several user requirements that can be considered. These requirements can vary depending on the specific needs of the hotel, its size, target audience, and the level of service it aims to provide. Here are some common user requirements for hotel management:
 - Reservation and booking management: The system should allow users to easily make reservations and bookings for rooms, amenities, and other services offered by the hotel. This includes checking room availability, managing multiple room types, and handling online bookings.
 - ➤ Guest information management: The system should store and manage guest information, including personal details, preferences, and special requests. This information can be used to provide personalized services and ensure a comfortable stay for guests.
 - Check-in and check-out process: The system should facilitate a smooth check-in and check-out process for guests. This includes efficient registration, key card issuance, payment handling, and generating invoices.
 - ➤ Billing and Invoicing: The system should provide a seamless billing process, allowing users to generate accurate invoices, record payments, and handle multiple payment methods. It should also support integration with third-party payment gateways for online payments.

Functional Requirements: Functional requirements for hotel management systems can vary depending on the specific needs and goals of the hotel or hospitality establishment. Here are some common functional requirements:

Reservation and Booking Management:

- Ability to manage and store guest reservations and bookings.
- Real-time availability updates for rooms and facilities.
- Online booking capabilities through a website or mobile app.
- Automated confirmation emails and booking reminders.

Guest Management:

- Capture and store guest information, including personal details and preferences.
- Check-in and check-out procedures, including the ability to issue key cards.
- Guest history and profile management for personalized service.
- Loyalty program integration for rewards and promotions.

Room Management:

- Room inventory management, including room types, rates, and availability.
- Room assignment and allocation based on guest preferences and requirements.
- Real-time room status updates (clean, dirty, occupied, etc.).
- Room maintenance and housekeeping management.

Billing and Invoicing:

- Automated billing and invoicing for guest services and amenities.
- Integration with payment gateways for secure and efficient payment processing.
- Split billing for group bookings or shared expenses.
- Generation of financial reports and statements.

User requirements focus on the overall user experience, whereas functional requirements focus on the specific functionalities and behaviors of the system.

✓ **Non-Functional Requirements**: Non-functional requirements for hotel management systems focus on aspects other than the specific functionality. These requirements define the qualities and characteristics of the system, ensuring it meets the expectations and standards set by the hotel and its stakeholders. Here are some non-functional requirements for hotel management systems:

Performance:

- Fast response times for system operations, such as reservation processing or guest check-in.
- Scalability to handle increasing system load during peak periods.
- Efficient utilization of system resources to optimize performance.
- Minimal downtime for system maintenance or updates.

Usability and User Experience:

- Intuitive and user-friendly interface for both staff and guests.
- Clear and easy-to-understand system workflows.
- Consistent design and navigation across different system modules.
- Multilingual support to cater to diverse user requirements.

Reliability and Availability:

- High system availability to ensure uninterrupted operations.
- Reliable data storage and backup mechanisms to prevent data loss.
- System redundancy to handle hardware or software failures.
- Disaster recovery plans and procedures in place.

Security:

- Robust authentication and access control mechanisms to protect sensitive data.
- Encryption of data during transmission and storage.
- Audit trails and logs for monitoring system activities and identifying security breaches.
- Compliance with industry standards and regulations, such as PCI DSS for credit card data protection.

✓ **Performance Requirements**:

- Response Time: Performance requirements typically include maximum response time targets for different platform operations. For example, users may expect that page loading, video playback, quiz submissions, or search queries should be completed within a certain timeframe to provide a smooth and responsive user experience.
- Concurrent User Capacity: The platform should be able to handle a specific number of concurrent users without significant degradation in performance. The performance requirements should specify the expected capacity based on user load projections and peak usage scenarios.
- Scalability: Performance requirements should address the platform's ability to scale and handle increasing user loads over time. This includes defining how the platform can accommodate a growing user base, additional courses, and increased content without experiencing performance bottlenecks.

Use Case Diagram For Online Learning Platform

