Studying LL.M Program at DIU

Law is a challenging study and DIU goes about the process of developing individuals who will be an asset to the profession and society. In an era of globalization of trade and commerce, information superhighway and cultures moving beyond frontiers and transnational boundaries, legal education all over the world is adopting a gradual change in content and method. Faculty of Law in DIU is a pioneer of this trend in Bangladesh. DIU Law Faculty believes that competence comes from a solid curriculum backed by an intensive program of skills training through teaching, legal clinics and other real-law experience. DIU experience provides many opportunities to come in contact with influential members of the legal profession. So the emphasis at the DIU Law Faculty is on the development of a sense of professionalism. It will enable students to acquire firm understanding of legal principles and areas of substantive and procedural laws. Our goal is to educate students who will not only ethically and competently serve either in legal practice or in public office and in other related professions, but who will also adapt and contribute to globalization of legal service in this new millennium.

Duration of Study

The DIU Law Faculty at the graduation level LL.M degree of one academic year comprising two semesters is offered. Each academic year (July to June) is divided into two semesters (July to December and January to June). The medium of instruction is English.

Admission Requirement

A prospective LL.M student must have LL.B (Hons) degree from this University or any other recognized University.

Requirement of Degree

A student for the degree of LL.M must earn 35 credits in two semesters within a span of one academic year with a minimum Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of 2.75

Grading System and Performance Evaluation

The performance of a student in a course is evaluated on the basis of course work. Each course work will be marked out of 100. The distribution of marks for a course will be as follows:

Total Marks	100%
Course Final Exam	50%
Assignment	10%
Class Performance	10%
Midterm	20%
Behaviour	05%
Attendance	05%

Corresponding numerical grade, Letter grade and Grade point will be as follows:

Grading System

Numerical Grade	Letter Grade		Grade Point
80 and above	A+	A (Plus)	4.0
75% to less than 80%	A	(A Regular)	3.75
70% to less than 75%	A -	(A Minus)	3.5
65% to less than 70%	B+	(B Plus)	3.25
60% to less than 65%	В	(B Regular)	3.0
55% to less than 60%	В -	(B Minus)	2.75
50% to less than 55%	C+	(C Plus)	2.5
45% to less than 50%	С	(C regular)	2.25
40% to less than 45%	D		2.0
Less than 40%	F		00

Students' performance will be evaluated on the basis of Grade Point Average (GPA) in each semester and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) which is the Average Grade Points of all semesters.

LL.M students will be allowed to improve their GPA within 4 semester's i. e. within next two semesters or one year after completion of the course.

LL.M. 901 Comparative Legal System

General Introduction, Importance of study of Comparative Constitutional Law, Scope and Significance of Comparative Constitutional Law.

Historical development of the attainment of Independence and the constitutional development of the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Powers in India, Pakistan and Bangladesh. The influence of the Conventions of the Constitution, Membership of the Commonwealth and the United Nations.

Comparison between Federation and Confederation, Principles and Distribution of powers in Federal System Vis-a-vis Units/Province/State, Secession of Units in Federal System.

Comparative Study of the Structures and Forms of the Constitutions of the USA, U.K, Canada, Australia, Switzerland, India, Pakistan and Bangladesh.

Comparative analysis of the Doctrine of Separation of Powers and Cheeks and Blanches in the Constitutions of the USA, UK, Canada, Australia, Switzerland, India, Pakistan and Bangladesh.

Comparison of Legislative Process, Structure, Composition, Powers and Functions of the Legislative Assemblies of USA, UK, Canada, Australia, Switzerland, India, Pakistan and Bangladesh.

Parliamentary Sovereignty, Constitutional Supremacy and Ministerial responsibility and Accountability of Cabinet. Comparative Modes of Election and Constitutional Position of the Heads of the State and Heads of Government of USA, UK, Canada, Australia, Switzerland, India, Pakistan and Bangladesh.

Comparative Fundamental Rights in the Constitutions of USA, UK, Canada, Australia, Switzerland, India, Pakistan and Bangladesh, Enforcement of Fundamental Rights, Ombudsman.

Comparative study and analysis of the Judicial System of USA, UK, Canada, Australia, Switzerland, India, Pakistan and Bangladesh, Independence of Judiciary, Rule of Law and Judicial Review in these Countries.

Comparative study of the Amendment Procedures in the Constitutions of USA, UK, Canada, Australia, Switzerland, India, Pakistan and Bangladesh.

Books Recommended:

M. Islam : Constitutional Law of Bangladesh.

A.K.M. Shamsul Huda : The Constitution of Bangladesh.

Mafizul Islam Patwari : Fundamental Rights and Personal in India, Pakistan and

Bangladesh.

Peasle : Constitutions of Nations.

A.C. Kapur : Select Constitutions.

V.D. Mahajan : Select Modern Government.

: Constitutional Law of India.

Shawkat Mahmood : Constitution of Pakistan.

O. Hood and Philips : Constitutional Law and Administration.

K.C. Wheare : Federal Government : Modern Constitution.

Calin Turpin : British Government and the Constitution.

J.W. Garner : Government of the United States.

LL.M. 902 International Human Rights Law

Development of Concept, Contribution of the Concept by Greece, Rome and Islam, Contribution of U.K., France and U.S.A.

Internationalization of Human Right, United Nations Charter, Different Organs of United Nations, Specialized Agencies for the United Nations.

International Bill of Human Rights: Universal Declaration of Human Rights and Importance, International Covenant on Economical, Social and Culture Rights. International Covenant on Political and Civil Rights and Optional Protocols.

International Instruments on Human Rights other than International Bill of Rights, Different Committees under the instruments and their role, Protection of Human Rights, Human Rights under Regional Instrument. European System, African System and Inter-American System, Position of Asia and the Pacific.

Emerging New Rights, Right to Development, Right to Protection, Environment, Right to Self Determination, Right of the Women.

Vienna Conference and Human Rights and Program of Action: UN High Commission for Human Rights, Role of International Institution and Non Governmental Organization for the Protection and Promotion of Human Rights.

Books Recommended:

H. Lauterpacht : International Law and Human Rights.

Ian Brownlie : Basic Documents on Human Rights

Principles of Public International Law.

Andrew Z. Zemczewski : European Human Rights Convention in Domestic Law

Paul Sieghart : The International Law of Human Right

Hurst Hammum : Guide to International Human Rights Practice

Louis Henkin : The International Bill of Rights

U.N.O. Publication : United Action in the Field of Human Rights 1988

: Human Rights - A Compilation of International Instrument

Thomas Buergenthal et al : Protecting Human Rights in the Americas: Selected Problems

Strasbourg: International Institute of Human Rights, 1986

Thomas Buergenthal : International Human Rights

Karel Vasaked : International Dimensions of Human Rights

A.B.M. Mafizul Islam Patwari: Human Rights in Contemporary International Law (ed)

: Liberty of the People: Britain and Bangladesh Dhaka: Institute

of Human Rights and Legal Affairs, 1987

: Fundamental Rights and Personal Liberty in India, Pakistan and

Bangladesh, New Delhi; Deep and Deep Publications, 1988

: Protection of the Constitution and Fundamental Rights under

the Martial Law in Pakistan, 1962

: Dhaka: University of Dhaka: 1988

: European Convention on Human Rights and the United

Kingdom, Dhaka University, Dhaka 1992.

: Effectiveness of the International Committee of the Red Cross

for the Protection of International Humanitarian Law. Social

Science Review (Dhaka University Studies Part - B), 1988

M. Zamir : Human Rights Issues and International Law

Alston : The United Nations and Human Rights

Maron : Human Rights Law Making in the United Nations

Steiner and Abston : International Human Rights in Context

O'Boyle Harris and Wanbrick: The European Convention on Human Rights in Europe.

LL.M. 903 Private International Law

Definition, Nature and Scope of Private International Law; International Variety of Private International Law Rules; Utility and Name of the Subject, Historical Development and Modern Theories of Private International Law; Classification, Incidental question; Renvoi, Meaning of Foreign Law, Proof of Foreign Law, Application and Exclusion of Foreign Law; Domicile, Meaning and Acquisition of Domicile, Nationality and Residence, Domicile of Corporations; Jurisdiction and Competence of Courts, Jurisdiction under International Conventions, Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign judgements under Traditional Rules and under International Convention, Foreign Arbitral Awards; Family Law, Marriage, Concept of Muslim, Hindu and English Marriage, Forms; Capacity and Validity of Marriage, Matrimonial Causes; Dissolution, Divorce, Nullity and Judicial Separation; Matrimonial Relief, Jurisdiction of Courts in Matrimonial Proceedings, Recognition of Foreign Divorces; Reforms in Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, England and other Common Law and Civil Law Countries, Maintenance orders and their Enforcement; Custody and Guardianship of Minor Children, Wardship of Orphans under Muslim, Hindu, English and Other Statutory Laws; Legitimacy, Legitimization and Adoption; Law of Obligations; Contracts, Negotiable Instruments and Torts; Law of Property, Distinction between Movables and Immovable, Transfer of Immovable, Validity and Jurisdiction, Transfer of Movables, Laws of Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, England and other European Countries; Succession and Administration of Estates, Matrimonial Property, Assignment and Antenuptial Contracts; Trusts, National and International Law Rules, International Convention; Corporations and Insolvency, Jurisdiction of Courts in Bangladesh, India, Pakistan and England, Reforms.

Books Recommended:

Cheshire and North : Private International Law Paras Diwan : Private International Law

Graveson, R.H. : Conflict of Laws

Dicey and Morris : A Digest of the Laws of England with reference to the Conflict of Laws

Morris, J.H.C : The Conflict of Laws

Morris, J.H.C and North, P.M.: Cases and Materials on Private International Law

North, P.M. : The Private International Law of Matrimonial Causes in the British

Isles and the Republic of Ireland

Wolff, M : Private International Law

Skyes, E.I. and Pryles, M.C. : Australian Private International Law

Fletcher, I.F. : Conflict of Laws and European Community Law

Beale, J.H. : The Conflict of Laws

Castel, J-G : Canadian Conflict of Laws

Cook, W.W. : Logical and Legal Bases of the Conflict of Laws

LL.M. 904 Refugee Law Environmental Law

Historical Development of International Environmental Law; Sources of International Environmental Laws; Soft Law sources like Declaration and Non-Legal Binding Principles; Nature of International Environmental Problems. International Environmental Laws, Usefulness of Soft Law and development of new International Environmental Laws; Environmental Principles, Pollution and Conservation strategies. Climate Change, Global Warming, Its Consequences; The Future of South Asia, The Responsibility of Government and Non Governmental Organizations, Farakka, Its effect on Bangladesh; Stockholm and Rio Declaration, Kyoto Protocol, Rio Forest Principles, Concept of Sustainable Developments, The Missing Link in Rio, Declaration of Environmental and Poverty (GFEP), Declaration of the Hague - United Nations Conference of Environment and Development (UNCED).

Agenda 21, Conservation and Sustainable Development of all types of Forests, The United Nations Frame Work, Convention on Climate Change and Convention in Biological Diversity, Importance of these instruments in the development of International Environmental Laws.

Pollution: Definition and effects; General principles of Responsibility/Liability, Atmospheric Pollution (a) General Principles (b) Radioactive Contamination (c) Acid precipitation, Green House Effect and (d) Ozone Layer Depletion.

Pollution of Transboundary Water Course; Marine Pollution, Global and Regional Approach, Dumping at Sea, Transbounday Movement of Hazardous Waste, Regional and International Approach.

Status of Wild Life and Biodersity Concept, Protection of (i) Species (ii) Endangered Spices (iii) Migaratory Species; Ecosystem Protection, Wetland, Deserts, Topical Forest, Antarctica, World Heritage Sites.

Protection of Regional Environment: Role of different Regional Organization such as the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe, The Council of Europe, Organization of Economic Co-operation and Development of European Communities, Organization of American States, Organization of African Unity, South Specific Regional Organization.

The Role of International Environmental Institutions: The United Nations General Assembly, The United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP), FAO, ILO, UNESCO, WHO, WMO and other U N Specialized Agencies in the Development of International Environmental Law.

The Bangladesh Environmental Conservation Act 1995

The Bangladesh Environmental Conservation Rules 1997

Paribesh Adalat Ain, 2000.

Forest Act 1927

Environmental Policy, 92

Environmental Action Plan 92

Books Recommended

Alexander Kiss and Dinah Shelton : International Environmental Law

Patricia Bernie and Alan E. Boyle : International Law and the Environment

Thomas J. Sehoenbaum

and Ronald H. Rosenberg : Environmental Policy Law Problems Cases and

Reading

Harold Hohmman (ed) : Basic Documents of International Environmental

Law Vol. 1, 2 and 3

W. Long, H. Neuhold and K Zemanek (ed): Environmental Protection and International Law

David Freestone : The Road from Rio : International Environmental

Law after the Earth Summit

Boyle : International Law and Environment

Philips Sands : Principles of International Environment Law

Magraw (ed) : International Law and Pollution

Bowman and Redgwell : International Law and the Conservation of

Biological Diversity

Rogers : Environmental Law

Malone : Environmental Law

Sprankting and Webber : Hazardous Wastes and Toxic Substances

Mohiuddin Farooque : Law Relating Environment in Bangladesh

Law and Custom on Forests in Bangladesh.

A. Atiq Rahman : Environment and Poverty

LL.M. 905 The Law of International Institutions

International Institutions: Nature, Types, Scope and Functions. Various approaches to the study of International Institutions - the legal status of International Institutions.

Growth of International Institutions : the Congress of Vienna - the Public International Unions - the Hague Conferences - the Permanent Court of Arbitration.

The League experiment and the birth of the United Nations - the Covenant and the Charter.

Conflict of interests: National Sovereignty and International Institutions - International Politics and the development of the Law of International Institutions.

The Structure and Functions of the UN with reference to the principal Organs of the UN - major committees, commissions and bodies of the UN.

Analysis of the Charter provisions - interpretation and the development of the rules - the amendment procedure and the problems of reform.

Legal disputes concerning selected problems under the Charter - the problem of membership - the question of domestic jurisdiction - the voting procedure.

Legality of UN decisions and actions in dealing with some specific political problems: Korea, the Palestine issue and Congo - Regional Institutions and the UN.

Peace making, peace keeping and peace-building under the UN - the role of the Secretary-General.

The Specialized Agencies - their relations with the UN - constitutions of major Specialized Agencies.

The United Nations and Human Rights - the UN Declaration and Conventions and their impact - the European Convention and the Court on Human Rights.

The International Court of Justice - its composition, competence, jurisdiction and functions with specific case references. International Tribunals - the emerging International Criminal Court.

Books Recommended:

D.W. Bowett : The Law of International Institutions

Welfred Jeas : The Proper Law of International Organization

H. Briggs : Power Politics and International Organization

C.W. Jenks : The Impact of International Organizations on General

International Law

G. Weissberg : The International Status of the United Nations

L.M. Goodrich and Edward Humbroo: Charter of the United Nations; Commentary and

Documents

M.S. Rajan : The United Nations and Domestic Jurisdiction

Michael Virally : Legislative Powers in the United Nations and

Specialized Agencies

H. Lauterpacht : International Law and Human Rights

A.H. Roberston : European Institutions: Co-operation, Integration,

Unification

LL.M. 1001 Principles of Civil Litigation

Introduction: Nature of procedure, adversary and investigatory systems, system of civil trial in Bangladesh, minimum requirements for procedural rules, definition of litigation, contrast between civil and criminal litigation and procedures, effect of differences between civil and criminal procedures, integrating civil and criminal procedures.

Nature of civil litigation: Legal disputes, non-justifiable disputes, character of litigable disputes, summary disposal of non-litigable disputes, preventive justice, social aspects and settlements of disputes, social pressures against litigation, negotiation, mediation and conciliation of civil disputes, legal encouragement of settlements of disputes, civil disputes not-capable of settlements, social interest in litigation, litigation as a healing process.

Structure and organization of civil courts: Need for different courts, principles for organization of civil courts, superior and interior courts, specialist courts, jurisdiction of courts, doctrine of precedent, decentralization of constitutional courts, appeal courts.

Pre-trial procedure: Importance of pre-trial procedure, role of court officers, government pleaders, lawyers and presiding judges, civil rules and orders, negotiation, mediation and conciliation.

Place of trial: preparation of case for trial, presentation of case, different aspects of trial, appearance of parties and consequence of non appearance, examination of parties by courts, settlement of issues and determination of suits on issues of law or on issues agreed upon, disposal of suits at first hearing.

Trial procedure: Commencement of proceedings, Time for beginning proceedings, choice of forum, control of proceedings, essential requirements of beginning proceedings, parties and causes of action, joinder and mis-joinder of parties and causes of action, service of summons, pleadings, basic rules of pleadings, importance of pleadings, particulars of pleadings, plaint and written statement and their amendments; Discovery and inspection of documents and interrogatories, attendance of writness, hearing of suits and examination of witnesses, judgements and decree, withdrawal and compromise suits, commissions.

Civil remedies: Nature of remedies, summary disposal of actions, interlocutory relief, injunction, specific performance, rectification and cancellation of documents, remedies in special proceedings.

Post trial procedure: Execution and enforcement of judgements; Judgement, decree and order, application for execution, executing court, procedure in execution, arrest and detention, attachment, sale and distribution of assets.

Suits in particular cases: Nature of such suits, suits by or against the government, aliens, foreign rulers, ambassadors and envoys, minors and paupers, corporation, military or naval or airmen, firms, trustees, executors and administrators.

Appeals: Need for appeal, jurisdiction and powers of appellate courts, principles on which appellate courts act, stay of proceedings and of execution, procedure on admission of appeal, procedure on hearing, judgement in appeal, decree in appeal, appeals from appellate decrees, appeals from orders, pauper appeals, appeals to the appellate division, reference, review and revision.

Costs: Nature of costs, costs follow the event, discretion of courts in awarding costs, costs in interlocutory proceedings, legal aid system.

Civil litigation before tribunals (other than courts of law): Nature of statutory tribunals, procedure before tribunals, constitution and subject matter of tribunals, arbitration tribunals and domestic tribunals, supervisory jurisdiction of courts over tribunals.

Legal profession: Role of lawyers in litigation, legal education, legal literature and application of computer technology.

Books Recommended:

R.M. Jackson : Machinery of Justice in England

Michael Zander : Cases and Materials on the English Legal System.

Herbert Jacob : Justice in America

Delmar Karter : Judicial Administration

S.I. Kutler : Judicial Power and Reconstruction Politics

Frank Milton : The English Magistracy

Ganguly (ed. by S.N. Sen) : Civil Court Practice and Procedure

R.G. Chaturvedi : Natural and Social Justice

S.C. Sarkar : Law of Civil Procedure in India & Pakistan

D.F. MullaM.H. NizamiCode of Civil Procedure

LL.M. 1002 International Trade Law

Definition of International Trade Law. Historical Development of International Trade Law.

International Sale of Goods: Introduction, Formation of the contract, Different forms of international trade contracts codified by the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC) and their legal effect. Passing of property and Risk in different forms of international trade contracts.

UN Convention on contracts for the International Sale of Goods 1980 and its legal effects.

Method of Financing: (Documentary Credits) Introduction, The Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits (UCP), Types of Credit.

Carriage of Goods by Sea: Rules relating to the International Carriage of Goods by Sea: Brussels Convention 1924, (Hague Rules), Brussels Protocol 1968 (Visby Rules), UN Convention 1978 (Hamburg Rules).

- Bill of Lading, types of Bill of Lading and its function
- Charterparty and its types, Essential terms and conditions of a Charterparty
- Difference between general carriage and Charterparty.

Marine Insurance: Formation of Marine Insurance contracts, nature of Marine Insurance, Marine Policy an its kinds, Insurable Interest in Marine Insurance, Marine Losses and kinds of Marine Losses.

International Commercial Arbitration: Theory and Institutional Structure of Arbitration, Arbitration as a Mechanism for Settling Disputes in Intentional Trade, Arbitral Proceeding and Award, Enforcement of Awards, Problems of Sovereign Immunity and Enforcement of Awards, US-Iran Claims Tribunal. Oil Arbitration (Abu-Dhabi) 1951, Aramco Case 1961, Libyan Arbitration (1976-78). The Law which governs in Arbitration, UNCITAL Arbitration Rules 1976, UN Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards 1958, Comparative study with Arbitration Act 1940.

The World Trading System: History and Development, The General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) and The World Trade Organization (WTO) and International Trade, Basic Concepts on Regionalism and Globalization of International Trade, Dispute Settlement Mechanism of WTO and its Legal Effect in International Trade. The Position of the Developing Countries in the WTO.

Books Recommended:

Pamela Sellman : Law of International Trade

M. Rafiqul Islam : International Trade Law

John H. Jackson : Restructuring the GATT System

John H. Jackson : The World Trading System: Law and Policy of International

Economic Relations.

Dijck P. and Faber G. : Challenges to the WTO

Mo J. : International Commercial Law

Schmitthoff C. : Export Trade: The Law and Practice of International Trade

Simmonds and Hill : The WTO : GATT to WTO

Wilson : Carriage of Goods by Sea

Avtar Singh : Law of Carriage

Bennett : The Law of Marine Insurance

Chorley and Giles : Shipping Law

LL.M. 1003 International Humanitarian Law

Concept of humanitarian law; Relationship between humanitarian law and human rights.

Development of concept of humanitarian law; Ancient period with reference to contribution of Hinduism, mediaeval period with reference to contribution of Islam.

Modern period with reference to contribution of Henry Dunant.

Geneva Convention:

- (a) First Geneva Convention and protection of army in the field.
- (b) Second Geneva Convention and armed force in the sea.
- (c) Third Geneva Convention and protection of prisoners of the wars.
- (d) Fourth Geneva Convention and protection of the civilian population.
- (e) Common Article III and protocol II and Non International armed conflict.

Hague Convention and Law of Armed Conflict. Modification of Hague Convention by First Protocol to the Geneva Convention.

Convention relating to protection of Cultural Property, Weapons Convention, International Humanitarian Institution, Composition of I.C.R.C. and its role and effectiveness in the protection and promotion of International Humanitarian Law.

Books Recommended:

Jean S Pictet : Development and Principles of International Humanitarian Law

Theoder Meron : Human Rights in Internal Strife; Their International Protection

Frits Kalshoven : Constraints on the Waging of War I.C.R.C

: Effectiveness of the International Committee of the Red Cross

for the Protection of International Humanitarian Law. Social Science Review (Dhaka University Studies Part - B), 1988

Guy S. Goodwin-Gill : The Refugee in International Law

Hathaway: : The Law of Refugee Status

Thornburry : International Law and the Rights of Minorities

A.B.M. Mafizul Islam Patwari: Effectiveness of the International Committee of the Red Cross

for the Protection of International Humanitarian Law. Social

Science Review (Dhaka University Studies Part - B), 1988.

LL.M. 1004 Law of Intellectual Property

The system of Intellectual Property, The concept of Intellectual Property, Definition, nature, classification.

The subject-matter of intellectual property; patents, industrial design. Trademarks, names, copyright, appellation of origin and indications of source etc. The evolution of intellectual property; Role and contribution of intellectual property to Development.

International co-operation in Intellectual property; World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), Paris Convention for the protection of industrial property and its revision, Berne convention for the protection of literary and Artistic works.

Patent: Introduction, Definition, nature, rationale behind the patent system, Patent and industrial design, conditions of patentability, Novelty and Disclosure, Patentable Subject-matter, procedure for Grant of Patents, Requirements of patent application, The Doctrine of exclusive rights, Scope, exceptions and compulsory licenses; Duration of protection, Infringement of patent rights, Defenses to infringement and Revocation. Patent and Technological Development, Licensing and the Transfer of Technology.

Industrial Design: Introduction, Policy objective of Design protection, Registration, Model Law drafted by the United International Bureau for the Protection of Intellectual Property (BIRPI), Conditions of protection, Scope of Exclusive Rights, Duration of protection, Rights conferred by Registration, Assignment, licensing, Relation to Copyright International Protection.

Industrial Property: Trademarks and Trade names, Definition of Trademarks and names, Service marks, Distinctions, Functions of Trademarks and Trade names, Economic Importance of Trademarks, Reasons for protecting, Trademarks and Names, Object and Policy considerations in Trademark Law, Signs which may serve as Trade-marks, Collective marks and certification marks, Criteria of protectability, The Doctrine of Distinctiveness, secondary meaning of marks, Special types of marks, Acquisition of Trademarks rights, Registration procedure, Conflict with prior marks; Duration of Protection and Renewal; Termination of Trademarks rights; Scope of protection, Exclusive rights; Exception to the scope of protection, Assignment and Transfer of Trademarks rights, Licensing of Trade marks rights, Product Piracy and Counterfeiting, unfair competition, violation of Trademarks rights, Infringement and passing off actions; remedies against violation.

Copyright: Definition, Reasons for copyright protection, Dual concepts of copyright protections, subject-matter of copyright protection, How is copyright protected? Rights comprised in Copyright, exceptions to the copyright protection, Duration of protection, Piracy, infringement and plagiarism, effects of piracy, remedies against piracy.

Intellectual property litigation, Infringement actions, passing-off actions, Remedies - Anton Pillar order.

New Development in Intellectual Property, Computer programs and Networks. Integrated circuits.

Reprography, Broadcasting innovations, Biotechnology.

- i) The Convention of the World Intellectual Property Organization, 1967;
- ii) Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, 1883;
- iii) Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works, 1886;
- iv) The Madrid Agreement Concerning The International Registration of Marks of 1891;
- v) The Lisbon Agreement for the Protection of Appellations of Origin, 1966;
- vi) The Nice Agreement Concerning The International Classification of Goods and Services for the Purpose of the Registration of Marks;
- vii) The Patent and Design Act, 1911, 1957;
- viii)The Hague Agreement concerning the Deposit of Industrial Design (1960)
- ix) The Locarno Agreement Establishing an International Classification for Industrial Design, 1971.
- x) The British Trade Marks Act, 1938;
- xi) The Trade Marks Act, 1940; (Bangladesh)
- xii) The Universal Copyright Ordinance;
- xiii) The Copyright Ordinance, 2001. (Bangladesh)

Books Recommended:

W.R. Carnish : Intellectual Property : Patents Copyright, Trade Marks and

Allied Rights

P. Narayan : Intellectual Property

A.W. Farani: Manual of Trade Marks, Merchandise Marks and Paten and DesignA.W. Choudhury: Manual of Trade Marks, Merchandise Marks and Patents Design

Blanco White and Thomas Anthony : Industrial Property and Copyright

Patents for Inventions and Registration of Industrial Designs

Blanco White : Law of Trademarks and Trade Names

Trade Marks and the Law of Unfair Competition

Arpad Bogsch : Universal Copyright Convention, An Analysis and

Commentary

John Parcy Eddy : The Law of Copyright

Carter-Ruck and James : Copyright, Modern Law and Practice
Karley : Law of Trade Marks and Trade Name

World Intellectual Property : Background Reading Materials on Intellectual Property

Organization (WIPO)

: Tunish Model Law for Developing Countries on Patents, Trade,

Marks, Names, Copyrights, etc.

: Model Law for Developing Countries on Marks, Trade Names

and Acts of Unfair Competition.

: WIPO Model Law for Developing Counties on Invention.

LL.M. 1005 Law of the Sea

The Law of the Sea, Background of its development; Freedom of the Seas through Mare Librium (1609), Territorial Sea through Mare Clausum (1635), Practice of Territorial Sea with different breadths; First United National Conference on the Law the Sea 1958 (UNCLOS I), Convention on the Territorial Sea and Contiguous Zone, Convention on the High Seas, Convention on Fishing and Conservation of the Living Resources of the High Seas, Convention on the Continental Shelf; Second United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea, 1960 (UNCLOS II); The United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea, 1973-82 (UNCLOS III); The United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea, 1982 (LOS Convention), Legal Regime of the Seas (i) within National Jurisdiction, Delineation of Baselines, Territorial Sea, Contiguous Zone, Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ), Continental Shelf, (ii) beyond National Jurisdiction, High Seas (1958) Geneva Convention four freedoms and LOS Convention six freedoms analysis); Regime, Deep Seabed e.g. The Area, Exploration and Exploitation of its Resources; The Authority, Assembly, Council, Secretariat, Enterprise, Deep Seabed Mining; Registration of Pioneer investors e.g. India, France, Japan, Russia and Others; High Seas Freedoms and Common Heritage, Regime Comparison; Settlement of Disputes, International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, International Court of Justice, Arbitral Tribunal, Special Arbitral Tribunal; Bangladesh and The Law of the Sea.

Books Recommended:

R.D. Lumb : The Law of the Sea and Australian Offshore Area

(1978), University of Queens Land Press.

Ross D. Eckert : The Enclosure of Ocean Resources; Economics and the

Law of the Sea (1979), Hoover Institution Press (Stanford

University)

Barry Hart Dubner : The Law of Territorial Waters of Mid Ocean Archipelagos

and Archipelagos States (1969), Martinus Nijthoff.

Charles Fincham and

William Van Rensbury : Bread upon the Waters (1961), Turtledor Publishing,

Jerusalem.

Bouchez and Kaijen (eds) : The Future of the Law of the Sea (1973), Nijthoff.

Habibur Rahman : Delimitation of Maritime Boundaries (1991), Rajshahi.

Said Mahmoudi : The Law of the Deep sea-Bed Mining (1987), Almsquist

and Weksell International.

Jon M. Dyke (ed) : Consensus and Confrontation; The United States and the

Law of the Sea (1985), The Law of the Sea Institute

(University of Hawaii).

Kent and Fleming : Minerals from the Marine Environment (1986), Edward

Arnold Publishers, London.

Kronmiller : The Lawfulness of Deep Seabed Mining (1980), Vols. I

and II, Oceana Pubs.

Tadao Kuribayash and

Edward L. Miles (eds) : The Law of the Sea in the 1990s : A Framework for

Future International Cooperation (1992), The Law of the

Sea Institute (University of Hawaii).

Alexander Merle Post : Deep Sea Mining and the Law of the Sea (1983), Nijthoff.

McDougal and Burke : The Public Order of the Ocean (1975), Third edn, Yale

University Press.

Henkin, Pugh, Schachter and Smit : International Law; Cases and Materials (2nd edn) 1967.