# Task 1

### **Objective:**

Writing codes in Java or in C/C++ to simulate various Process Scheduling Algorithms

### IDE:

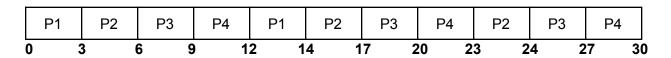
C/C++, Java

### **Round Robin Scheduling Algorithm:**

A queue of processes are maintained for all the available processes in the system according to their arrival time. A process P in the system is selected as per the FCFS rule and given an opportunity in the CPU for a predefined time quantum Q. If the remaining CPU time r of the process is less than the time quantum Q, a context switch takes place after r amount of time and the process P leaves the queue. Otherwise, the process P runs for Q time quantum and a context switch takes place after Q amount of time. The process P goes to the end of the queue for more time until it finishes its required amount of time.

Process	CPU Time
P1	5
P2	7
P3	9
P4	9

### Time Quantum Q = 3



Process	Turnaround Time	Waiting Time
P1	14	14 - 5 = 9
P2	24	24 - 7 = 17
P3	27	27 - 9 = 18
P4	30	30 - 9 = 21
Average	23.75	16.25

### Sample input:

Enter the number of process:

4

Enter the CPU times:

5799

### Sample output:

Process 1: Waiting Time: 9 Turnaround Time: 14
Process 2: Waiting Time: 17 Turnaround Time: 26
Process 3: Waiting Time: 18 Turnaround Time: 27
Process 4: Waiting Time: 21 Turnaround Time: 30

Average Waiting time: 16.25 Average Turnaround time: 23.75

## Task 2

### **Objective:**

Writing codes in Java or in C/C++ to simulate various Process Scheduling Algorithms

#### IDE:

C/C++, Java

### **Priority Scheduling Algorithm:**

Priority scheduling is one of the most common scheduling algorithms in batch systems. Each of the processes is assigned a priority. Process with the highest priority is to be executed first and so on. Processes with the same priority are executed on a first come first served basis. If used as a pre-emptive version, a running process having lower priority will be sent back to the ready queue if a process with higher priority arrives in the queue.

Process	CPU Time	Priority
P1	5	3
P2	7	1
P3	9	0
P4	9	2

	P3	P2	P4	P1
0	9		16	25 30

Process	Turnaround Time	Waiting Time
P1	30	30 - 5 = 25
P2	16	16 - 7 = 9
P3	9	9 - 9 = 0
P4	25	25 - 9 = 16
Average	20	12.50

## Sample input:

Enter the number of process:

Enter the CPU times:

5799

Enter the priority:

3102

## Sample output:

Process 1 : Waiting Time : 25 Turnaround Time : 30 Process 2 : Waiting Time : 9 Turnaround Time : 16 Process 3: Waiting Time: 0 Turnaround Time: 9 Process 4 : Waiting Time : 19 Turnaround Time : 25 Average Waiting time : 12.50

Average Turnaround time: 20