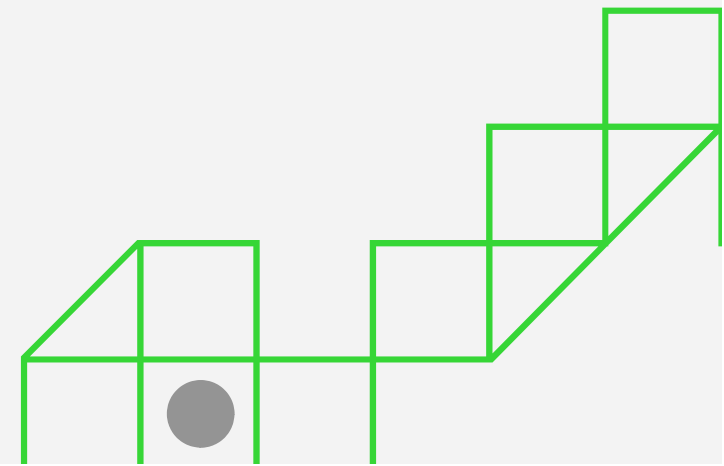




# **Safeguarding Against Phishing: Essential Strategies for Recognizing and Avoiding Cyber Threats**



# INTRODUCTION TO PHISHING

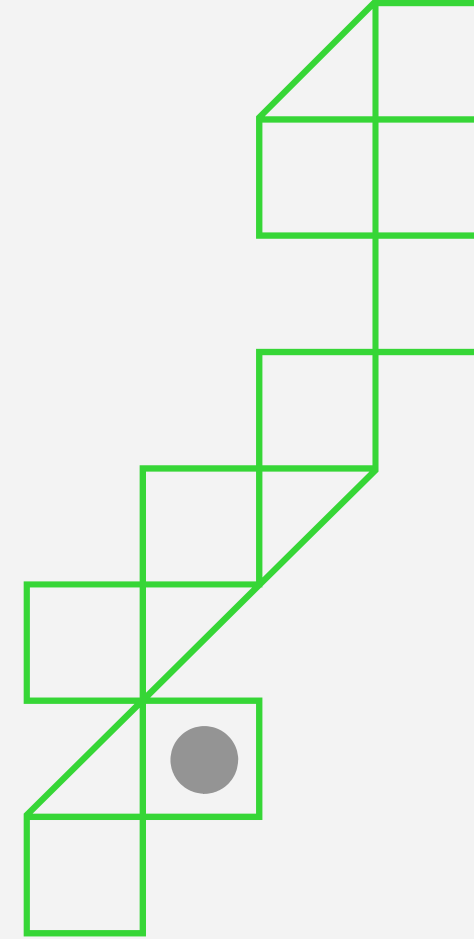
In today's digital world, **phishing** attacks have become increasingly sophisticated. Understanding the **tactics** used by cybercriminals is crucial for protecting yourself and your organization. This presentation will cover essential strategies for recognizing and avoiding these **cyber threats**.





# What is Phishing?

**Phishing** is a fraudulent attempt to obtain sensitive information by disguising as a trustworthy entity. These attacks often occur through email, social media, or other online communication channels, aiming to steal **personal data** or install malware.

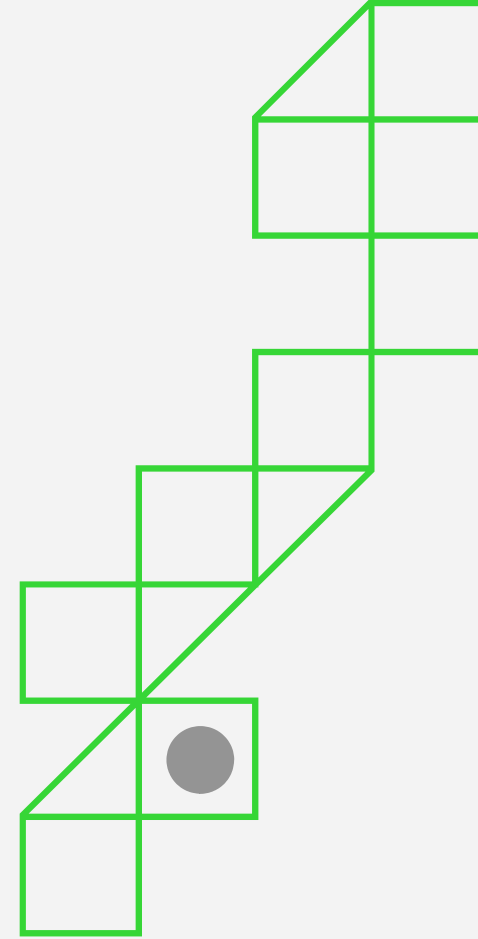






# Recognizing Phishing Emails

To identify **phishing emails**, look for suspicious signs such as poor **grammar**, generic greetings, and unexpected attachments. Always verify the sender's email address and be cautious of urgent requests for sensitive information.







# Common Phishing Techniques

Cybercriminals use various techniques to deceive users, including **spoofing** legitimate websites, using fake login pages, and creating urgency. Being aware of these tactics can help you avoid falling victim to their schemes.

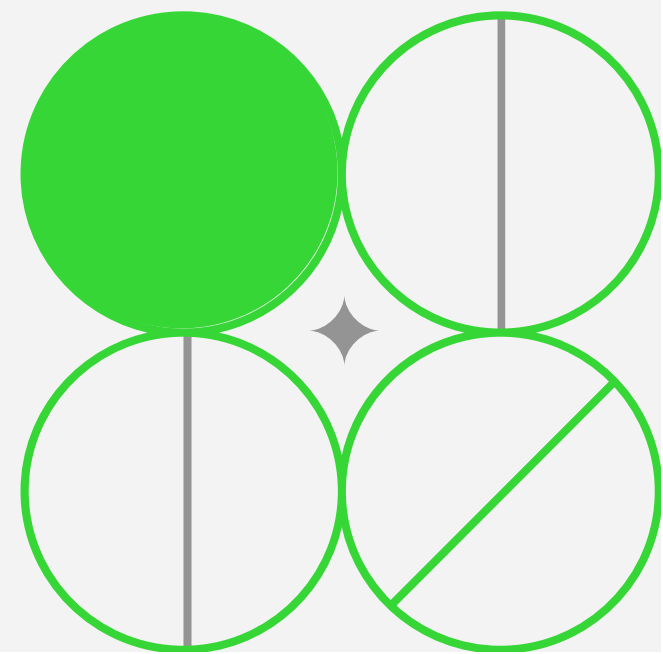
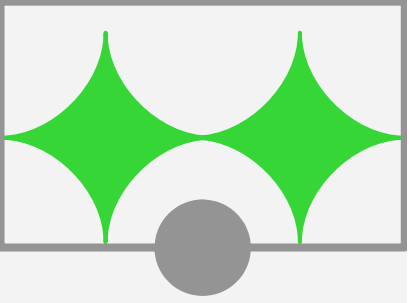






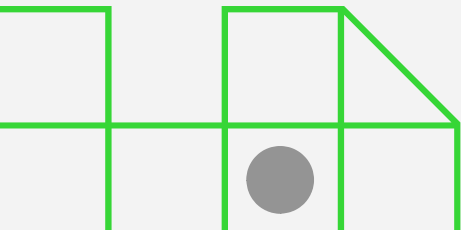
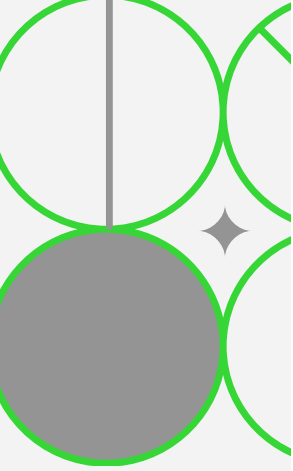
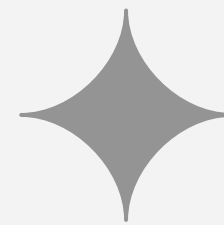
# Importance of Security Awareness

Creating a culture of **security awareness** within your organization is vital. Regular training sessions and updates on the latest phishing trends can empower employees to recognize and report potential threats effectively.



# Using Multi-Factor Authentication

Implementing **multi-factor authentication (MFA)** adds an extra layer of security. Even if attackers obtain your password, they would still need a second form of verification, significantly reducing the risk of unauthorized access.

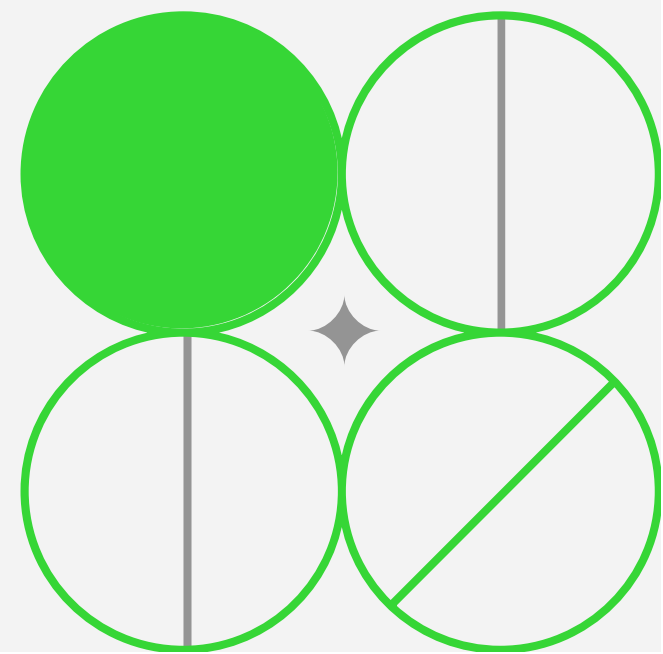
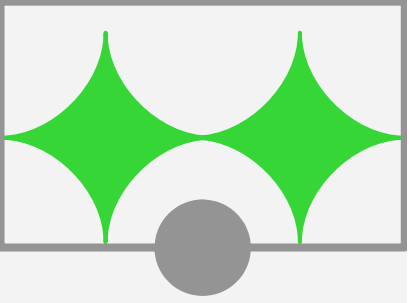




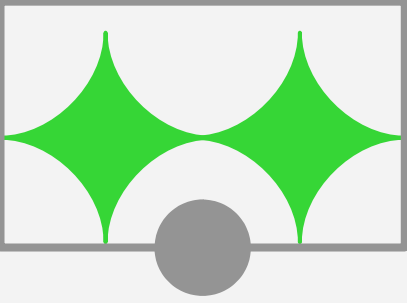


# Regular Software Updates

Keeping your software and operating systems up to date is crucial for **cybersecurity**. Regular updates patch vulnerabilities that attackers may exploit, ensuring that your systems remain secure against the latest threats.

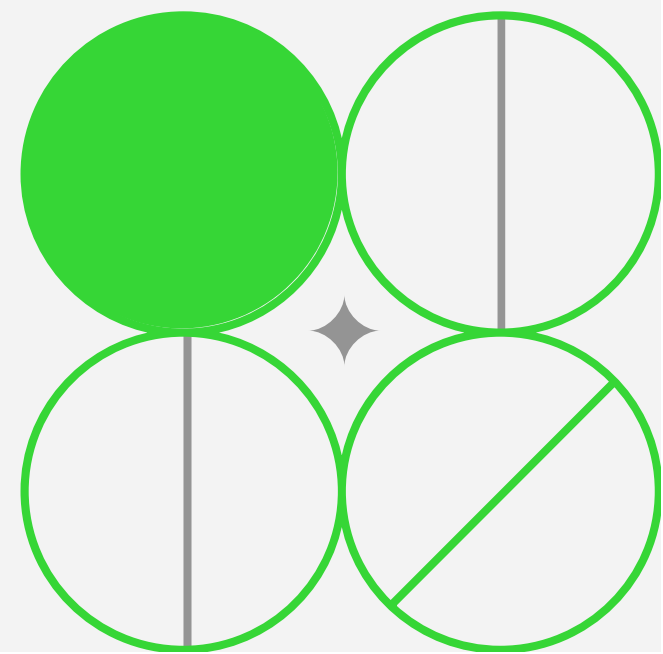
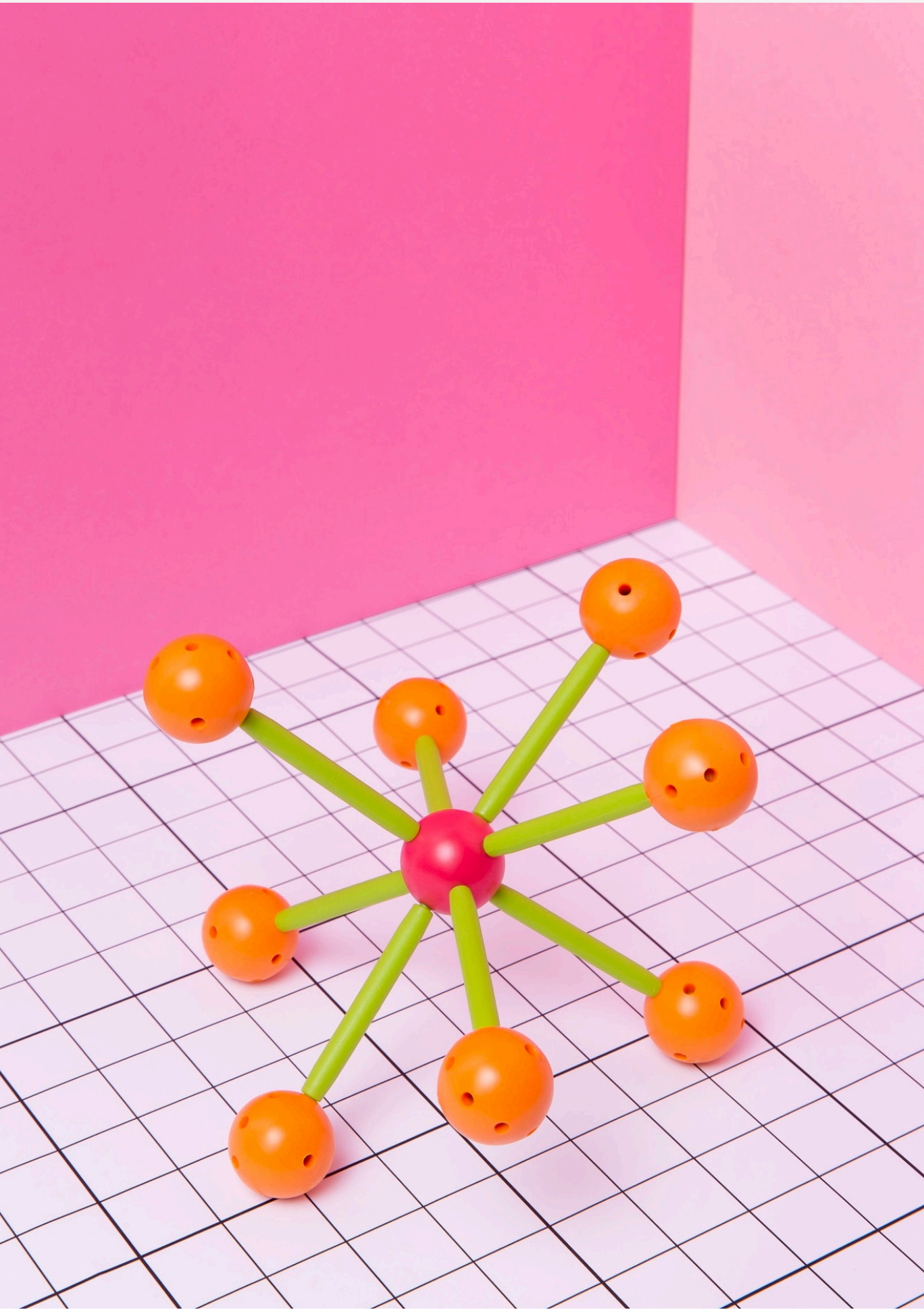


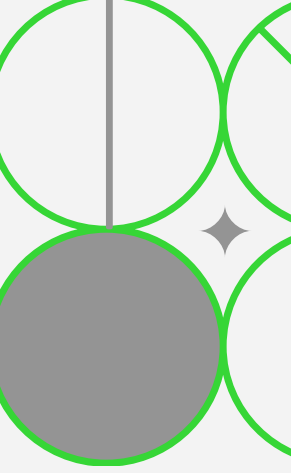




# Educating About Social Engineering

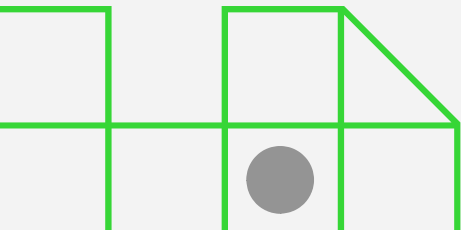
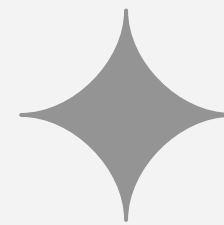
Phishing often employs **social engineering** tactics to manipulate individuals. Educating employees about these tactics can help them recognize when they are being targeted and respond appropriately to suspicious requests.



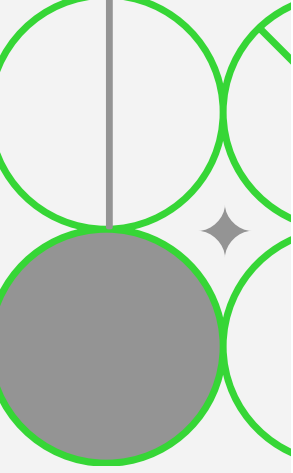


# Verifying Links and Attachments

Always verify links and attachments before clicking. Hover over links to check their **URL** and ensure they lead to legitimate websites. Be especially cautious with unexpected attachments from unknown senders.

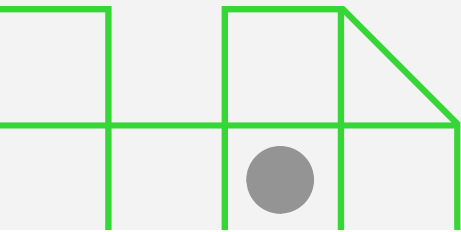
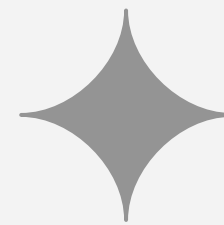






# Reporting Phishing Attempts

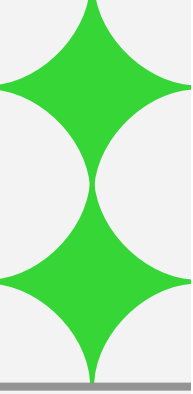
Encourage a culture of **reporting** phishing attempts.  
Employees should feel empowered to report suspicious emails or messages to their IT department, helping to protect the organization as a whole.





# Best Practices for Passwords

Using **strong passwords** and changing them regularly is essential for safeguarding your accounts. Avoid using the same password across multiple sites, and consider using a password manager to keep track of them securely.

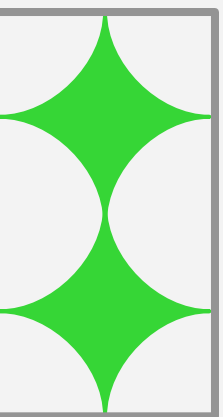
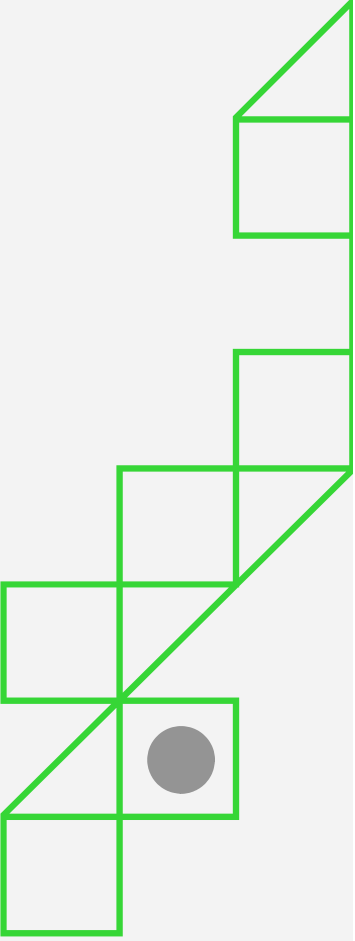


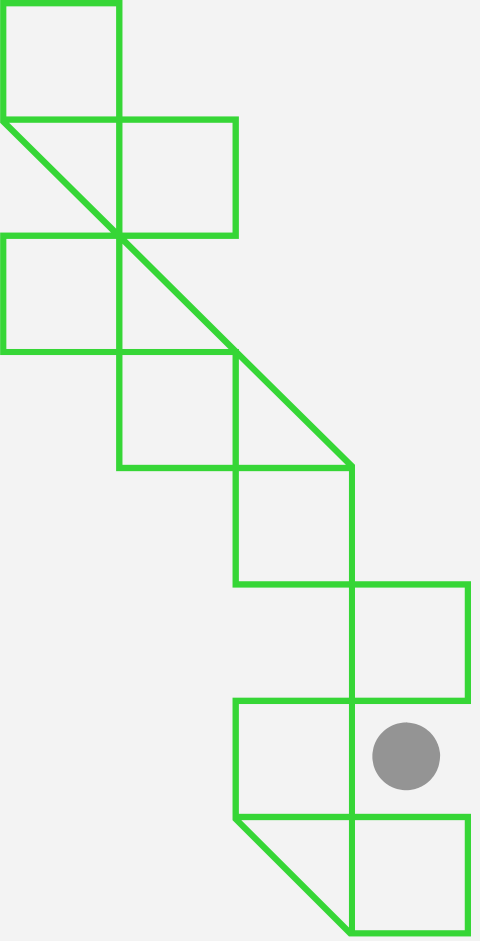




## CONCLUSION AND KEY TAKEAWAYS

In conclusion, safeguarding against **phishing** requires vigilance and education. By recognizing the signs, implementing security measures, and fostering a culture of awareness, individuals and organizations can significantly reduce their risk of falling victim to cyber threats.





# Thanks!

**ANY QUESTIONS?**  
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