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ECE 408/ CSCI 403

Project 1 Report

Purpose:

The purpose of this project is to familiarize ourselves with a Linux system and learn how to use it to execute multiple commands and files. We will be implementing a command line interpreter to make use of both interactive and batch modes, and further understand the specific difference between both modes. Our method of choice for this project is Raspbian on Raspberry Pi hardware.

Work Division:

- Baudouin M Ramazani implemented the batch mode, concurrent command running in the program.
- Deandra Rodricks researched background and contributed with code implementation ideas for the program and report writing.
- Gabriela Acevedo researched about the inbuilt function which made this program easier to design and implement and report writing.
- Zubair Matani coded the interactive mode of the shell along with building functions such as execute and makeToken to allow the program to run as per requirements.

Implementation Method:

The code had three main parts to work through to make it work efficiently and fulfill all requirements:

- Create a basic C code that would implement the working of a simple linux terminal and execute commands. This would help us achieve the interactive mode of the program.
 - The first function we created was a print prompt function which basically prints a
 text string, just like a terminal system prints. In our case, the prompt prints
 strawberry which is our group's name.

- For interactive mode to work, the function in the code is void () execute, this
 function uses the fork function, which creates new context based on the context of
 the calling system.
- If the fork command is successful, it returns a number of pid which is greater than
 1, indicating that a new process has been created. In case the fork system fails,
 then it returns a number less than 0.
- This is completely what this function does, and responds back with the proper output each time.
- Once that was properly implemented, then we had to edit the code and make sure the
 program can take in more than one argument from the console, mainly file and shell
 scripts so that it would work in batch mode.
 - o In order to implement the batch mode, we worked on our main function and allowed it to take in more than one argument when running on the console. We used the in built file functions which are used to open and read a file. Once opened, the program scans the commands and then starts to run them one by one.
 - This part of the code also helps to run shell scripts in the program which run as expected.
- Once both environments were implemented and responded properly, then the rest of the requirements were implemented as asked in the project guidelines.
 - In order for the program to run multiple commands each time which are supposed to be separated by a semicolon, we used the inbuilt function of strtok() in the function makeTokens. This allows the program to make small snippets of strings from a given command each separated by the semi colon.
 - Once the commands are separated by the program using this function, we call the
 execute function to run the commands and output the results.
 - In order to make the program to ignore the commands which were given after a # sign, we simply set a few if statements in the main function which allowed the program to simply ignore and move to the next command.
 - o Inorder for the program to detect that the user wants to exit the program, we simply set a if statement that compares strings for "exit" and closes the program

- once detected. If the user tries to forcefully exit the program using Control D, that is also detected and the program exits.
- For each wrong command typed, the program gracefully gives a warning message letting the user know that the command is wrong, and continues to take in commands.

Conclusion:

- The assignment asked us to implement a command line interpreter that would work interactively as well as process commands in a batch.
- This program taught us numerous new concepts and helped to gain a more in depth understanding of using C as a programming language.
- Some inbuilt C functions were very helpful to execute this program, which includes fork(), strtok() which we have not used before.
- The appendix on the next page shows the program, the compilation result and the output when we tested the required steps as guided in the assignment.

Appendix:

C Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
                    // Definition for fork() and execve()
#include <errno.h> // Definition for "error handling"
#include <sys/wait.h> // Definition for wait()
   /* Declarations for getline() */
   char *input = NULL;
   size t capline = 0; // Capacity
  /* Declaration for strtok() */
   int i;
   char *token;
   char *array[512];
   /* Print out "prompt" */
   void displayPrompt() {
      printf("Strawberry: ");
   /* Divide input line into tokens */
   void makeTokens(char *input) {
       i = 0;
       token = strtok(input, "\n");
           while (token != NULL) {
               array[i++] = token; // Add tokens into the array
               token = strtok(NULL,";");
               token = strtok(NULL, "\n ");
       array[i] = NULL;
   /* Execute a command */
 void execute(){
      int pid = fork(); // Create a new process
               if (pid != 0) { // If not successfully completed
                   waitpid(-1, &s, 0); // Wait for process termination
           } else {
                   if(execvp(array[0], array) == -1){ // If returned -1 =>
something went wrong! If not then command successfully completed */
```

```
perror("Wrong command"); // Display error message
                  exit(errno);
             }
         }
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
     if(argc == 1){
         displayPrompt();
        int i = 0, j=1;
        char temp [512] = \{0\};
        char line[512] = \{0\};
        char str [20];
        const char semicolon[2] = ";";
        const char *command;
        while (fgets(temp, sizeof(temp), stdin)) {
            displayPrompt();
            while (temp[i] != ' \setminus 0') \{
                 if(temp[i] == '#')
                     break;
                 else{
                     line[i] = temp[i];
                     i++;
                     }
            }
            i=0;
            command = strtok(line, semicolon);
            while(command != NULL) {
                 execute();
                 system(command);
                 command = strtok(NULL, semicolon);
            }
            j++;
            memset(&line[0],0,sizeof(line));
         }
    } else if(argc == 2){
     int i = 0, j=1;
     char temp [512] = \{0\};
     char line[512] =\{0\};
     char str [20];
     const char semicolon[2] = ";";
```

```
const char *command;
       char * file = argv[1];
       FILE* user file = fopen(file,"r");
       while(!user file){
           printf("File not found! Try again...\nFile name: ");
           scanf("%s",str);
           user file = fopen(str,"r");
       while (fgets(temp, sizeof(temp), user file)) {
           while (temp[i] != '\0') {
               if(temp[i] == '#')
                   break;
               else{
                   line[i] = temp[i];
                   i++;
                   }
           }
           i=0;
           command = strtok(line, semicolon);
           while(command != NULL) {
               execute();
               system(command);
               command = strtok(NULL, semicolon);
           }
           j++;
           printf("\n[Line %d]: %s ---- End of execution ----\n\n",j,
temp);
           memset(&line[0],0,sizeof(line));
       }
       printf("End of file");
       printf("\n\n\n== Done! ==");
       fclose(user file);
   }
```

Bash Script to Test:

```
#!/usr/bin/sh
```

pwd

```
clear
date
df
du
less
find okc.txt; #pwd; less
pw#d
who
touch okc.txt; ls;# who; du; less
# Ignore this line
# THis one too!
#pwd
dff
dda; dhd; sj; pwd
exit
```

Results:

Comments are mentioned in front of a few commands to explain.

Batch Mode: (uses script shell file to run a set of commands)

```
zubairmatani@Zubairs-MacBook-Air project1 % clear
zubairmatani@Zubairs-MacBook-Air project1 % ./Shell script_1.sh
[Line 2]: #!/usr/bin/sh
---- End of execution ----

[Line 3]:
---- End of execution ----
/Users/zubairmatani/Desktop/project1
[Line 4]: pwd
---- End of execution ----
```

```
[Line 5]: clear
---- End of execution ----
Mon Feb 15 22:18:28 EST 2021
[Line 6]: date
---- End of execution ----
Filesystem
           512-blocks Used Available Capacity iused
%iused Mounted on
/dev/disk1s5 236306352 21650448 38693096 36% 488248 1181043512
0% /
devfs
                   373
                            373
                                     0 100%
                                                    646
                                                                0
100% /dev
/dev/disk1s1 236306352 170322336 38693096 82% 1016115 1180515645
   /System/Volumes/Data
/dev/disk1s4
             236306352 4196392 38693096 10%
                                                      3 1181531757
0 응
    /private/var/vm
                             0
                                       0
                                          100%
map auto home
                     0
                                                                0
100% /System/Volumes/Data/home
/dev/disk1s3 236306352 1033112 38693096 3% 50 1181531710
0% /Volumes/Recovery
[Line 7]: df
---- End of execution ----
248
[Line 8]: du
---- End of execution ----
Missing filename ("less --help" for help)
[Line 9]: less
---- End of execution ----
okc.txt
[Line 10]: find okc.txt; #pwd; less [Concurrent commands running]
 ---- End of execution ----
```

```
sh: pw: command not found
[Line 11]: pw#d
---- End of execution ----
zubairmatani console Feb 14 00:45
mbsetupuser console Feb 10 18:45
zubairmatani ttys000 Feb 15 22:17
[Line 12]: who
---- End of execution ----
Shell
           abc.txt
                     okc.txt
                                           script 1.sh
           backup.rtf os1.c
a.out
[Line 13]: touch okc.txt; ls;# who; du; less
---- End of execution ----
[Line 14]: # Ignore this line
---- End of execution ----
[Line 15]: # THis one too!
---- End of execution ----
[Line 16]: #pwd
                           [running commands with # sign]
---- End of execution ----
sh: dff: command not found
[Line 17]: dff
---- End of execution ----
[Line 18]:
---- End of execution ----
sh: dda: command not found
sh: dhd: command not found
sh: sj: command not found
/Users/zubairmatani/Desktop/project1
                             [wrong and right commands together]
[Line 19]: dda; dhd; sj; pwd
---- End of execution ----
```

Interactive Mode:

zubairmatani@Zubairs-MacBook-Air project1 % gcc os1.c -o Shell [Compiles] zubairmatani@Zubairs-MacBook-Air project1 % ./Shell Strawberry: ls Shell abc.txt okc.txt script 1.sh backup.rtf os1.c Strawberry: ls; pwd [Concurrent commands] Shell abc.txt okc.txt script 1.sh a.out backup.rtf osl.c /Users/zubairmatani/Desktop/project1 Strawberry: #pwd [Ignores command] Strawberry: echo "Zubair" Zubair Strawberry: df 512-blocks Used Available Capacity iused ifree Filesystem %iused Mounted on /dev/disk1s5 236306352 21650448 38713080 36% 488248 1181043512 0% / devfs 373 373 0 100% 646 100% /dev /dev/disk1s1 236306352 170302352 38713080 82% 1016213 1180515547 /System/Volumes/Data /dev/disk1s4 236306352 4196392 38713080 10% 3 1181531757 /private/var/vm map auto home 0 0 0 100% 0 100% /System/Volumes/Data/home /dev/disk1s3 236306352 1033112 38713080 3% 50 1181531710 0% /Volumes/Recovery Strawberry: date Mon Feb 15 22:24:30 EST 2021 Strawberry: date; whoami; ls

Mon Feb 15 22:24:38 EST 2021

zubairmatani

Shell abc.txt okc.txt script_1.sh

a.out backup.rtf osl.c

Strawberry: ldd [Wrong command generates warning]

sh: ldd: command not found

Strawberry: Zubair

sh: Zubair: command not found

Strawberry: 8 [Exit using control d]