Name check box.

- 1. In the Events Configuration dialog, make the required events for the survey active, by selecting the Event
- 2. For each active event, highlight it and click Configure.
- 3. The tabs available for each event type depend on what has been configured in the project and the event type itself. The most commonly-available tabs are:
 - General If required, change the Next event code and Increment by fields.
 - *Interval* Set when the time/distance logging is to start and what the interval is to be.
 - Log Data Set how often data is to be logged and what offsets to record data for (Trimble recommends that you record the echo sounder offset.)
 - Annot ES Define how often the echo sounder is to be annotated and with what data. Different events can send different annotation strings to the echo sounder.
 - Report Select which real-time reports are generated by this event.

Set up the Survey Text Real-Time Display



- Open a Survey Text real-time display (the first time you open a Survey Text display, the Survey Text Properties dialog appears) and press Alt+Enter.
 - TIP Trimble recommends that you configure the system *before* you open this display.
- 2. For basic surveys, click **Defaults** to add the standard fields to the display.
- 3. For specialized information, select the relevant tabs, expand the tree items, highlight the required item, and click Insert. Repeat for each piece of information, as required.

NOTE - Click Separator to insert vertical gaps into the display. You can edit the labels and separators.

Glossary

AST

Accurate System Time. The Navigation software initially uses the system time of your PC (based on GMT) and then starts a counter to accurately determine time from that point on. Used for all timing operations.

Decoded Data

When data is received from a sensor, the Navigation software verifies that it is correct, calibrates it, and puts the data into a standard format. It is then referred to as decoded data.

Fvents

A unique occurrence at which data (including time, event name, and positions) may be recorded. Actions may result. For example, an annotation could be sent to an echo sounder, decoded data could start being logged, or the echo sounder offset position could be recorded every five seconds.

GOs

Guidance objects. Stationary objects that vessels can obtain guidance to and along. Typically, targets, lines, and routes.

Logging

There are two main types of logging that occur:

- Decoded data logging
- Event logging

Origin

The origin of a vessel is the 0,0 location. The vessel shape and all offsets are defined relative to this point. The relative positions of the offsets *must* match those in the real world. The 0 height value is assumed to be the water level.

RLs

Reduced Levels. A positive elevation above a certain height datum. A negative elevation below the datum.

Steer-by Association

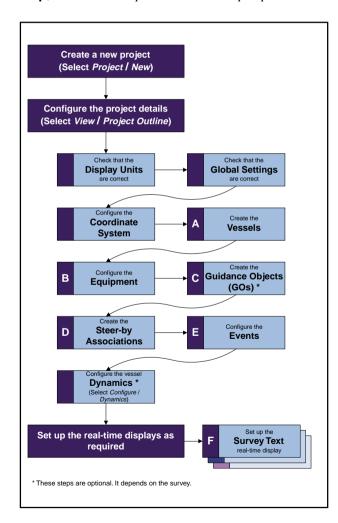
The linkage of a vessel offset to a GO. Once a steer-by association is created, the Navigation software generates guidance information to and along the GO.

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Creating a Navigation project

Follow the steps in the flowchart below and the details overleaf to create a Navigation project. If you need more information on how to use the software, in a dialog click **Help**, or from the *Help* menu choose *Help Topics*.



- 1. In the Vessel Configuration dialog, click Add.
- 2. In the Add Vessel dialog, enter a name for the vessel and click Editor.
- 3. In the Vessel Editor dialog:
 - a. Define the vessel shape.

Click \ (click at line start location and again for end location). Alternatively, manually enter the values.

b. Define the vessel offsets.

Click or manually enter the values:

- Offset heights must be entered *manually*.
- Offset positions must be entered *accurately*.
- Trimble recommends that you enter a sensible name for each offset.

TIP – Click \ to select a line or offset.

c. Edit the properties of the vessel as required (e.g., shape, offset, and fill colors).

NOTE – Default properties are set to 'Metres' and 1.0 m intervals.

TIP - Adding lines and offsets graphically "snaps" them to the nearest 1 m grid values. For more accuracy, change the properties (click **Properties** and set the parameters in the *Design* tab) or manually change the values using the Vessel Shape or Vessel Offset tabs.

Configure the Equipment



The example used is an NMEA GPS service:

Service NMEA strings

GPSTime ZDA or UTC time tags **GPSPosition** GGA or GGK or GLL

GPSVelocity VTG **GSA GPSS**tatus

GPSDiffStatus GGA, GSA

GPSErrorEllipse GST GPSSatelliteInfo **GSV** Tide **GGK**

To add equipment

- 1. In the *Equipment Configuration dialog*, click Add.
- 2. Select the equipment type required, e.g., <GPS>.

obtain tide values from RTK heights.

- 3. Select the equipment name (e.g., NMEA) and click **Next>**.
- 4. From the Services list, select the required services if the defaults are not suitable. For example, you may need to select the Tide service to
- 5. Click Finish.

Depending on the services selected, the Configure Equipment or Configure Advanced Equipment dialog opens.

To configure equipment using the Configure Equipment dialog

- 1. In the *Configure Equipment* dialog, select the correct vessel and offset for the equipment location.
- 2. Click **Ports** to edit the COM port parameters:
 - Click **Test** to view incoming data (if a device is connected).
- 3. Click **Properties** to edit the *Timing* and *Logging* options:
 - Timing If required, change the constant latency and timeout settings.
 - Logging If required, change the logging settings. This determines what decoded data logging is done.
- 4. Click **Custom** to edit the device custom settings (not available for all equipment types).

For NMEA <GPS>:

- GPS Time Select the GPS time source to be entered into the Navigation software, e.g., ZDA time/date string.
- GPS Position Select the type of GPS position string to be decoded, and set the minimum GPS solution type to be decoded, e.g., Differential.
- RTK Tide If a Tide service is included in this configuration, set how the tide data is to be generated from the GPS height data, e.g., average the data over 300 seconds and only use RTK Fixed-Integer GPS quality.
- Heading and Echo Sounder Generally does not apply to <GPS>.

Configure Guidance Objects



- 1. In the Guidance Object (GO) Editor dialog, click **Group / New.** The *New Group* dialog appears.
- 2. Enter a name for the GO group and select whether the coordinates are to be entered as local grid, local datum, or WGS-84 datum.
- 3. In the New Guidance Object dialog, select the GO type to be entered (most commonly lines) and enter a GO name.
 - TIP End the name with a number so that you can easily identify
- 4. In the *New Point* dialog, enter the point coordinates of the GO. Optionally, enter reduced level and overdredge values (required for the *Profile* real-time display).
 - Select how the line is drawn between the current point and the next point. For curved sections, select the Arc ($<180^{\circ}$) or Big arc ($>180^{\circ}$) item and enter a radius.
- 6. Click **Next>** to move to the next point in the GO, or click **Finish** to complete the GO.
- 7. In the Next New GO dialog, select the method to create the next GO, otherwise click **Cancel** to exit.

Create the Steer-by Associations



- 1. In the Steer-by Association Configuration dialog, click Add.
- 2. In the *Add Steer-by Association Configuration* tab select:
 - the required vessel and offset
 - the required GO

D

Guidance information is calculated for this relationship.

- 3. In the *Options* tab set how:
 - the next GO is to be selected
 - the direction of the GO is determined
 - the selected GO is displayed on the *Plan View* Map real-time display