

hw-2_notebook.qmd

Matin Borhani

```
#Q1.  
lord_data<-readr::read_csv("lord-of-the-rings-trilogy.csv")
```

```
Rows: 3 Columns: 7  
-- Column specification -----  
Delimiter: ","  
chr (1): movie  
dbl (6): elf_female, elf_male, Hobbit_female, hobbit_Male, man_Female, Man_male  
  
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.  
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
#Q2. The occasional and inconsistent use of capital letters. Also in tidy data we  
#usually have species, sex, and the number of observation (count),  
#in separate columns instead of giving them their own columns and  
#having them as separate variables.  
#This also leads to a single column to have more than one type of data.  
#for example "elf-female" tells us about both elf and female and this is not tidy.  
#Each Column should contain only one variable.
```

```
#Q3.I would have 3 columns (race, sex, count) and 18 rows  
#(6 rows for each movie because we have 3 species/races that each consist of  
#male and female)
```

```
#Q1A. Column names: "race", "sex", "count"
```

```
lord_data_tidy_s2 <- lord_data |>  
  tidyr::pivot_longer(c('elf_female', 'elf_male', 'Hobbit_female', 'hobbit_Male',  
                        'man_Female',  
                        'Man_male'),
```

```

names_to = "race_sex",
values_to = "count",
values_drop_na = TRUE)

print(lord_data_tidy_s2)

```

```
# A tibble: 18 x 3
```

	movie	race_sex	count
	<chr>	<chr>	<dbl>
1	The Fellowship of the Ring	elf_female	1229
2	The Fellowship of the Ring	elf_male	971
3	The Fellowship of the Ring	Hobbit_female	14
4	The Fellowship of the Ring	hobbit_Male	3644
5	The Fellowship of the Ring	man_Female	0
6	The Fellowship of the Ring	Man_male	1995
7	The Two Towers	elf_female	183
8	The Two Towers	elf_male	510
9	The Two Towers	Hobbit_female	2
10	The Two Towers	hobbit_Male	2673
11	The Two Towers	man_Female	268
12	The Two Towers	Man_male	2459
13	The Return of the King	elf_female	331
14	The Return of the King	elf_male	513
15	The Return of the King	Hobbit_female	0
16	The Return of the King	hobbit_Male	2463
17	The Return of the King	man_Female	401
18	The Return of the King	Man_male	3589

```

lord_data_tidy_s2 |>
  dplyr::count(race_sex)

```

```
# A tibble: 6 x 2
```

	race_sex	n
	<chr>	<int>
1	Hobbit_female	3
2	Man_male	3
3	elf_female	3
4	elf_male	3
5	hobbit_Male	3
6	man_Female	3

```
#Here I can see that each race_sex data point repeats 3 times in each of the 3 movies
#so in total I should have 18 rows total.
```

```
lord_data_tidy_s4 <- lord_data_tidy_s2 |>
  tidyr::separate(race_sex, c("race", "sex"), sep = "_")
```

```
lord_data_tidy_s4
```

```
# A tibble: 18 x 4
```

	movie <chr>	race <chr>	sex <chr>	count <dbl>
1	The Fellowship of the Ring	elf	female	1229
2	The Fellowship of the Ring	elf	male	971
3	The Fellowship of the Ring	Hobbit	female	14
4	The Fellowship of the Ring	hobbit	Male	3644
5	The Fellowship of the Ring	man	Female	0
6	The Fellowship of the Ring	Man	male	1995
7	The Two Towers	elf	female	183
8	The Two Towers	elf	male	510
9	The Two Towers	Hobbit	female	2
10	The Two Towers	hobbit	Male	2673
11	The Two Towers	man	Female	268
12	The Two Towers	Man	male	2459
13	The Return of the King	elf	female	331
14	The Return of the King	elf	male	513
15	The Return of the King	Hobbit	female	0
16	The Return of the King	hobbit	Male	2463
17	The Return of the King	man	Female	401
18	The Return of the King	Man	male	3589

```
#Q2B
```

```
male_hobbits_words_spoken <-dplyr::filter(lord_data_tidy_s4, race == "hobbit"
                                           & sex == "male")
male_hobbits_words_spoken
```

```
# A tibble: 0 x 4
```

```
# i 4 variables: movie <chr>, race <chr>, sex <chr>, count <dbl>
```

```
dplyr::summarise(male_hobbits_words_spoken, sum_words = sum(count))
```

```
# A tibble: 1 x 1
  sum_words
  <dbl>
1         0
```

```
#Q2BCONTINUED
```

```
female_elf_words_spoken <-dplyr::filter(lord_data_tidy_s4, race == "elf" & sex
                                         == "female")
```

```
female_elf_words_spoken
```

```
# A tibble: 3 x 4
  movie                race sex    count
  <chr>                <chr> <chr>  <dbl>
1 The Fellowship of the Ring elf  female 1229
2 The Two Towers        elf  female  183
3 The Return of the King elf  female  331
```

```
dplyr::summarise(female_elf_words_spoken, sum_words = sum(count))
```

```
# A tibble: 1 x 1
  sum_words
  <dbl>
1      1743
```

```
male_elf_words_spoken <-dplyr::filter(lord_data_tidy_s4, race == "elf"
                                       & sex == "male")
```

```
male_elf_words_spoken
```

```
# A tibble: 3 x 4
  movie                race sex    count
  <chr>                <chr> <chr>  <dbl>
1 The Fellowship of the Ring elf  male   971
2 The Two Towers        elf  male   510
3 The Return of the King elf  male   513
```

```
dplyr::summarise(male_elf_words_spoken, sum_words = sum(count))

# A tibble: 1 x 1
  sum_words
  <dbl>
1      1994

library(stringr)

lord_data_tidy_s4 <- dplyr::mutate(lord_data_tidy_s4,
  race = str_to_lower(race), # making race column to lowercase
  sex = str_to_lower(sex)    # making sex column to lowercase
)

#Q3B and Q4B

lord_data_nosex <- lord_data_tidy_s4
lord_data_nosex <- dplyr::select(lord_data_tidy_s4, movie, race, count)

lord_data_nosex
```

```
# A tibble: 18 x 3
```

	movie	race	count
	<chr>	<chr>	<dbl>
1	The Fellowship of the Ring	elf	1229
2	The Fellowship of the Ring	elf	971
3	The Fellowship of the Ring	hobbit	14
4	The Fellowship of the Ring	hobbit	3644
5	The Fellowship of the Ring	man	0
6	The Fellowship of the Ring	man	1995
7	The Two Towers	elf	183
8	The Two Towers	elf	510
9	The Two Towers	hobbit	2
10	The Two Towers	hobbit	2673
11	The Two Towers	man	268
12	The Two Towers	man	2459
13	The Return of the King	elf	331
14	The Return of the King	elf	513
15	The Return of the King	hobbit	0
16	The Return of the King	hobbit	2463
17	The Return of the King	man	401
18	The Return of the King	man	3589

#"Hobbit" in the movie "fellow ship of the king" and "man" in "return of the king"
#seem to be dominant race speaking words in those movies.

#Therefore the number of words spoken by the dominant race does depend on the race