

# Highlight Detection from Video, Audio, and Text Prompts

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# Motivation

- Video highlights are used by coaches and media
- Soccer matches are long and full of repetitive events

## Existing Approaches

- Existing methods are unimodal or weakly multimodal
- No personalization

**Research Gap:** No prior work of query-based highlights using video, audio and transcript together

# Problem Statement

Goal: Retrieve soccer highlights *conditioned on natural-language queries*

→ Modified endpoint (due to time constraints):  
**Event classification** as proxy

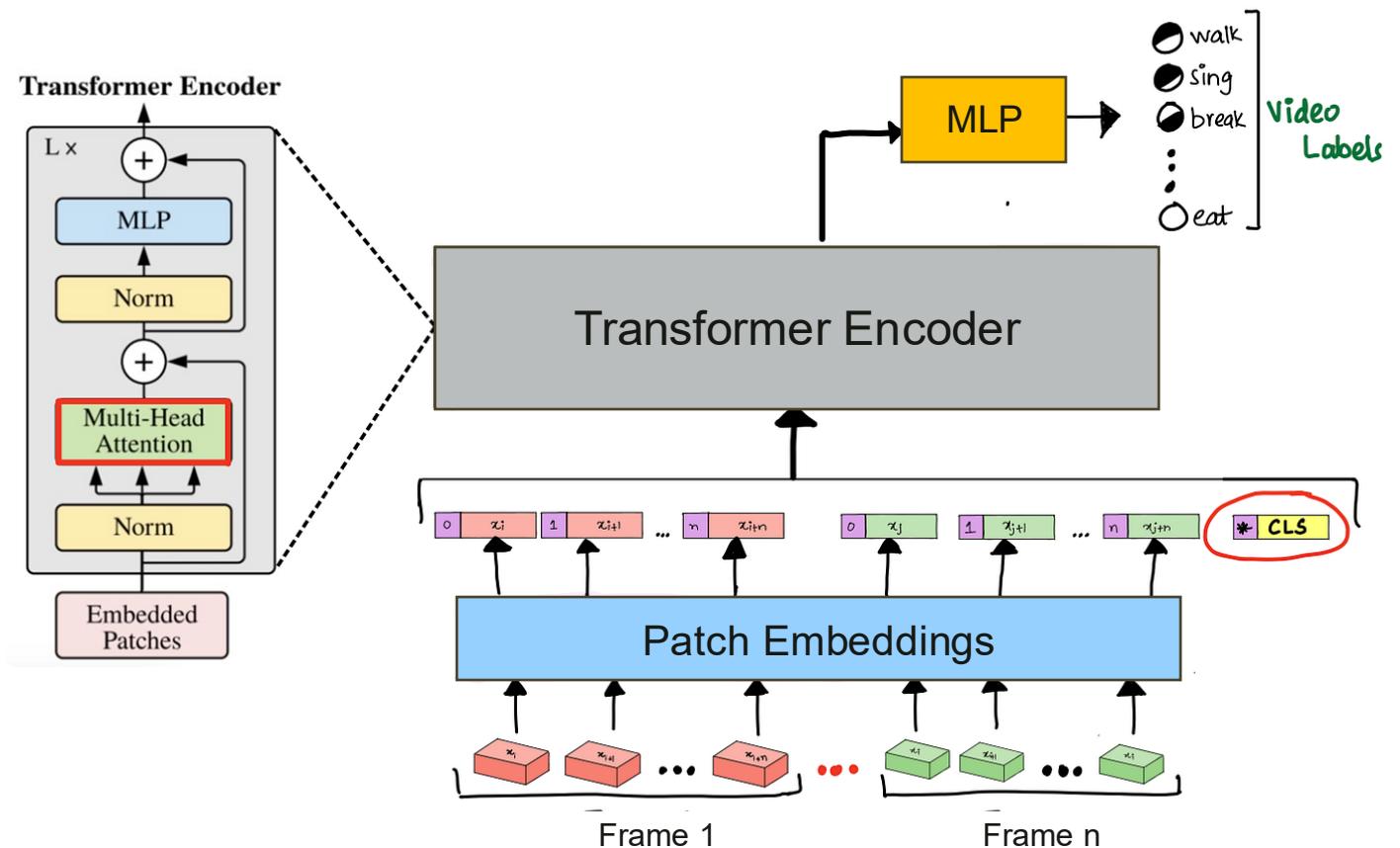
- Dataset: SoccerNet (700h of matches)
- Challenge: Sparse events & multimodal misalignment (video, audio, and transcript)



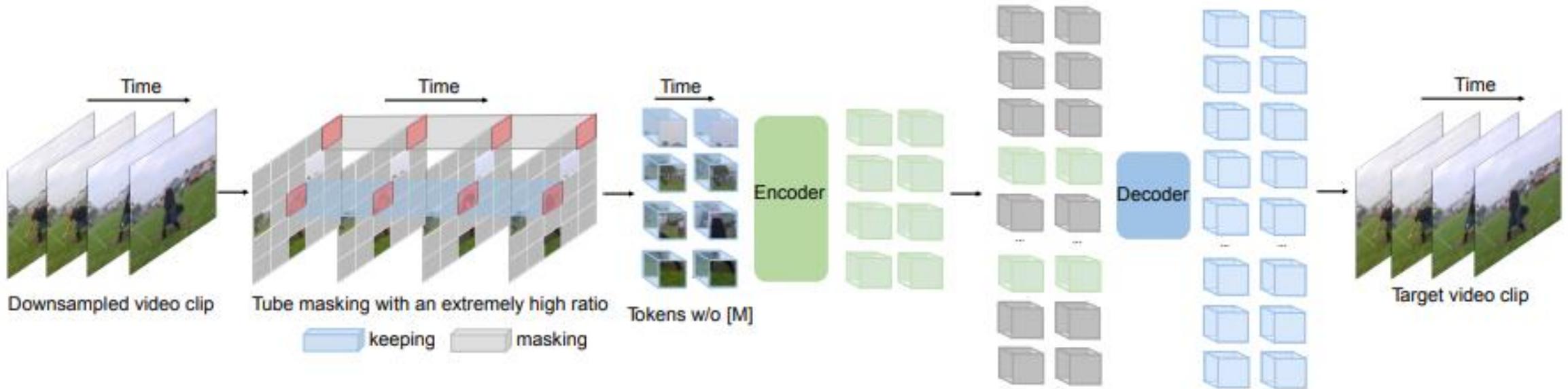
# Implementation

# Video Encoder

- Input: short video clip → output: latent embedding
- **Video Transformer** → Vision Transformer (ViT) extended to time domain
- Uses spatio-temporal attention to model motion and appearance

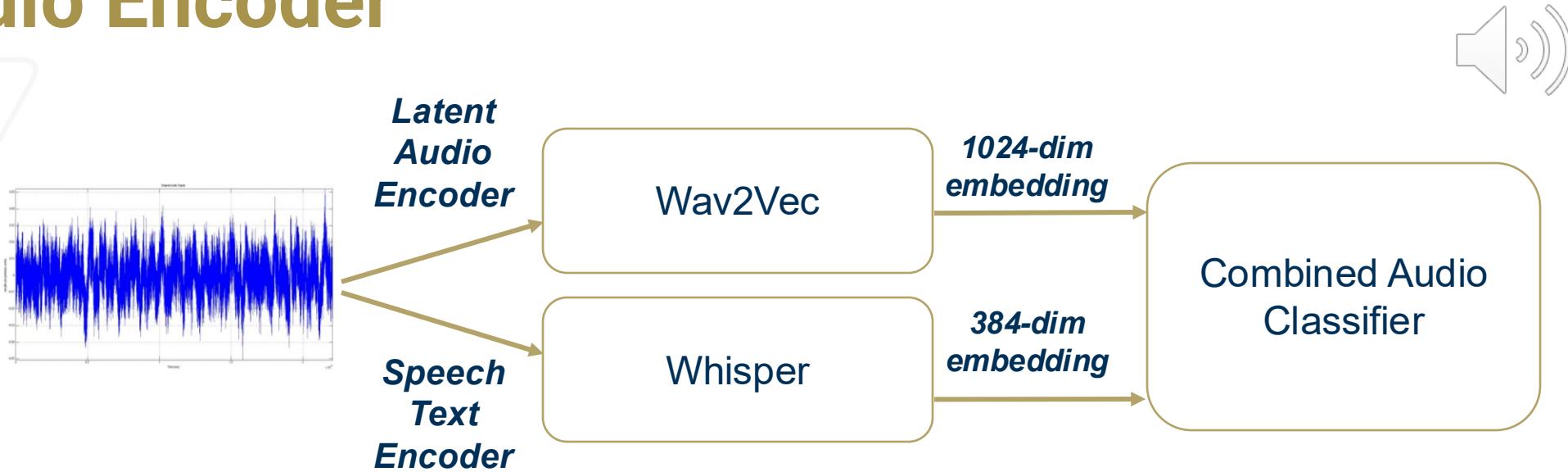


# Pretraining: VideoMAE



- Self-supervised pretraining (Video MAE) – learns from full video without labels.
- Uses masked autoencoding → model reconstructs missing patches
- Domain adaptation: Pretrain directly on SoccerNet data
- Clustering metrics improved after pretraining:  
Silhouette score 0.42 → 0.58, DB index 2.31 → 1.39

# Audio Encoder



- **Wav2Vec2** audio encoder --> 1024-dim embeddings, Whisper transcription --> 382-dim embedding
- Passed these into a combined audio encoder, then trained for classification, 29.6% classification accuracy
- Audio contains meaningful class information, however noisier than video

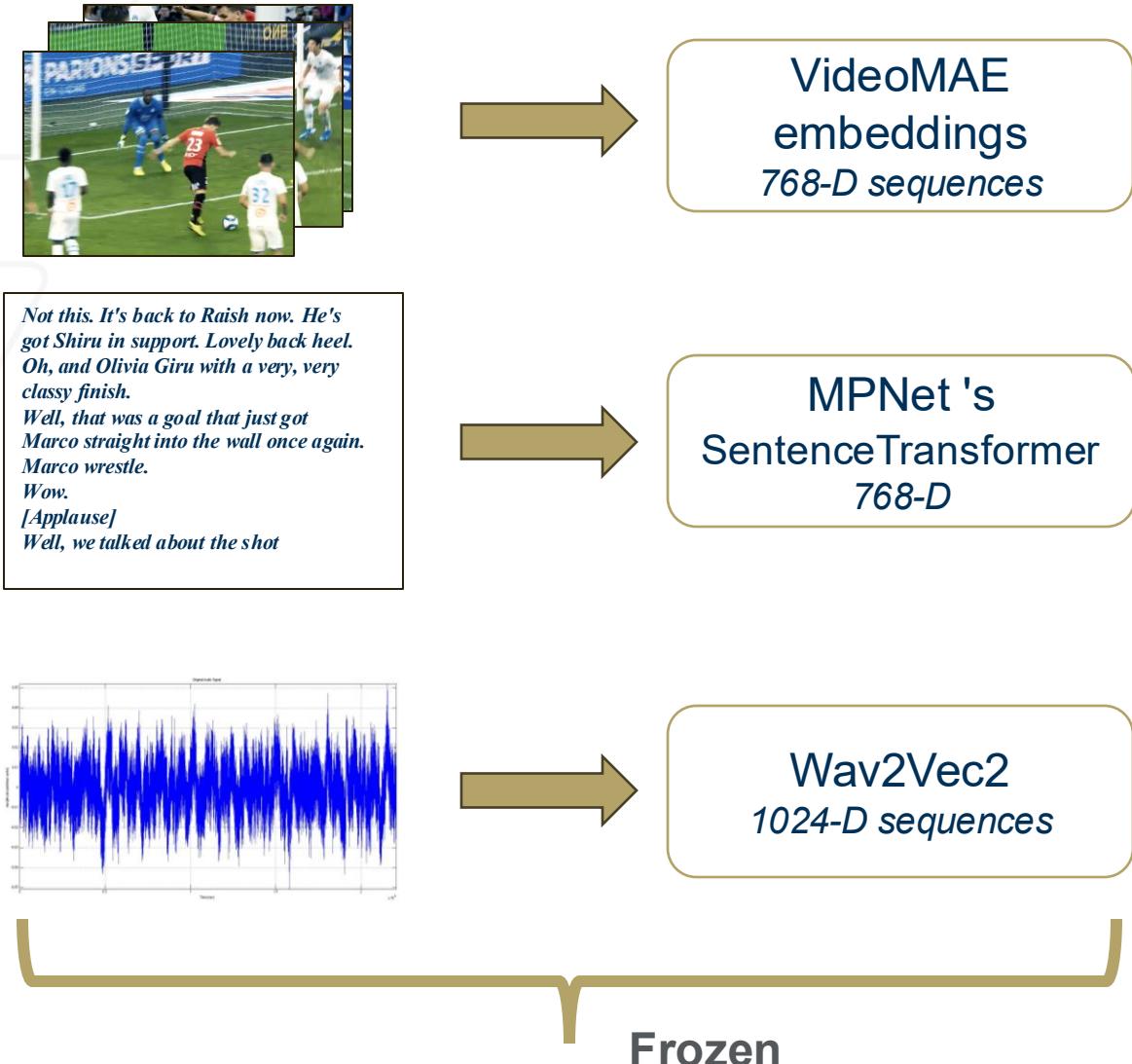
# Query Encoder



- **CLIP-ViT-B/32** text encoder --> 512-dim embeddings
- Few shot fine-tuning via a MLP layer on synthetic prompts for each SoccerNet class
- Top-1 accuracy improved: **68%** with raw CLIP --> **77%** after fine-tuning

# Fusion Transformer Architecture

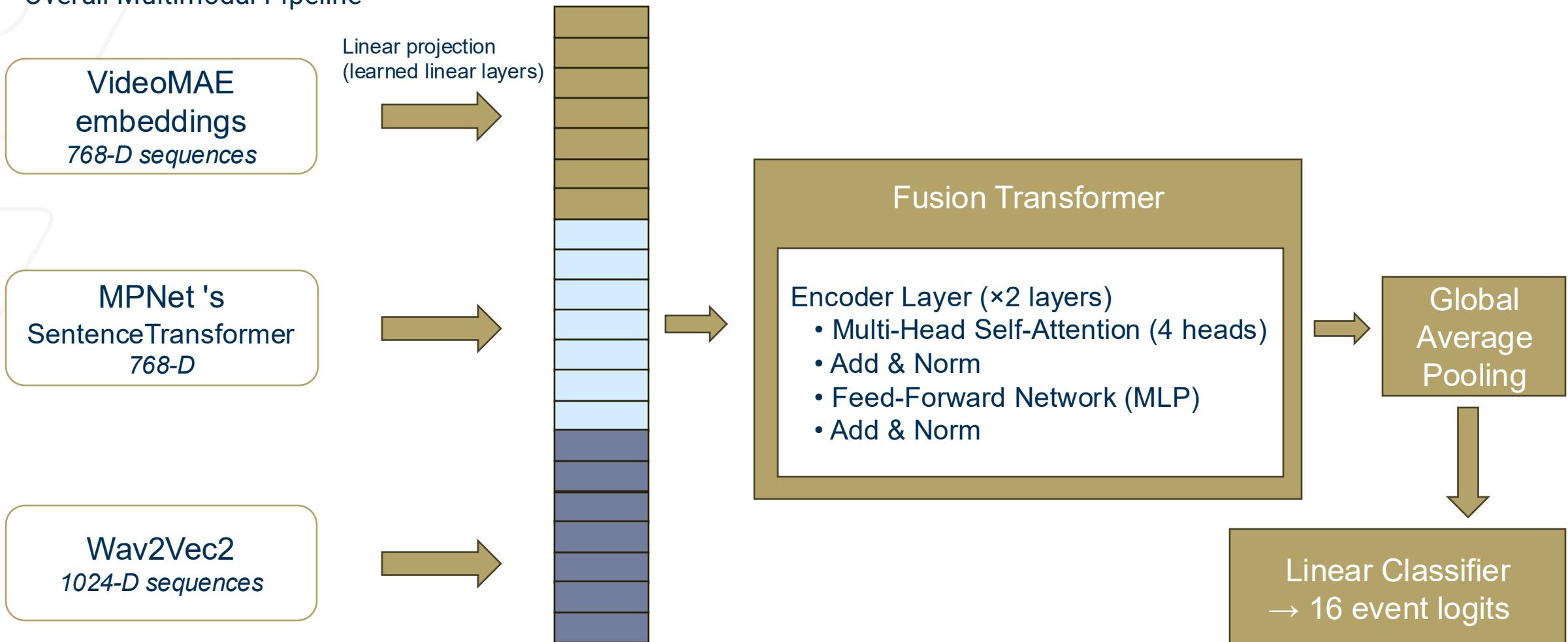
- Overall Multimodal Pipeline



Encoders are frozen → only projection layers + fusion transformer are trained

# Fusion Transformer Architecture

- Overall Multimodal Pipeline



Projected tokens (256-D): Video + Text + Audio  
Positional + Modality embeddings added

# Fusion Transformer : Experiments and Results

- We compare all modality combinations:
  - 3 modalities available : T = Transcript (MPNet), V = Video (VideoMAE), A = Audio (Wav2Vec2)
  - We test all combinations to understand **which modalities actually contribute** to event classification.
  - We evaluate :
    - Unimodal: T, V, A
    - Bimodal: VT, VA, TA
    - Trimodal: VTA
  - The goal is to detect whether adding modalities improves or hurts accuracy

- **Results :**

Model	T	V	A	VT	VA	TA	VTA
Accuracy	0.527	0.658	0.293	<b>0.747</b>	0.662	0.516	0.740

- V > T > A as unimodal baselines
- VT is the best overall (0.747) -- Adding Audio hurts performance (VT > VTA)
- Audio (A) is weaker than the transcript (T) ( $0.293 < 0.658$ )
  - Wav2Vec2 only captures noisy acoustics (crowd noise, commentary variation)
  - Whisper transcripts encode clear semantic cues, aligned with event labels (more discriminative)

# Fusion Transformer : Experiments and Results

- Transcript + Video is the best multimodal pair → We therefore drop A and focus on VT only
  - Strong class imbalance (e.g., 1676 BOO vs 118 Goals)
  - Video resolves visually distinct events: corners, throw-ins
  - Transcript provides explicit semantics: foul, ball out of play, goals

- Counts show strong class imbalance (e.g., 1676 BOO vs 118 Goals), which impacts precision.

→ Classes with weak transcript alignment (Goal, Kick-off) degrade under fusion.

- → confirm complementary roles of semantics & vision

Class	# of events	Text	Video	Fusion
Ball out of play	1676	0.809	0.834	<b>0.868</b>
Throw-in	1017	0.512	0.808	<b>0.837</b>
Foul	611	0.504	0.568	<b>0.799</b>
Indirect free-kick	487	0.260	0.375	<b>0.583</b>
Clearance	433	0.247	0.588	<b>0.600</b>
Shots on target	299	0.311	<b>0.426</b>	0.279
Shots off target	265	0.471	0.412	<b>0.686</b>
Corner	249	0.312	0.729	<b>0.833</b>
Goal	118	0.333	<b>0.500</b>	0.292
Kick-off	126	0.125	<b>0.469</b>	0.344
Total / Avg accuracy	5816	0.527	0.658	<b>0.747</b>
Δ to Fusion		-0.220	-0.089	-

Per-class results

# Discussion & Conclusion



- Video + Audio transcripts provided best results
- CLIP had good accuracy, not integrated into Fusion model
- Fusion improved most event classes compared to unimodal baselines
- Limitations
  - o CLIP embeddings not used, no full query-conditioned retrieval
  - o Slow embedding extraction, class imbalance limited experiment scope
- Future Work
  - o Integrate CLIP to Fusion Transformer
  - o Improve speed of audio + video embedding extraction
  - o Extend from event classification to full highlight retrieval