

QFT Lecture 19

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Renormalization group (Srednicki 28); Wilsonian effective field theory (Srednicki 29, PS 12.1, Zee VI.8)

Renormalization group

bare quantities:

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_0 &= Z_\phi^{-1/2} \phi \\ m_0 &= Z_\phi^{-1/2} Z_m^{1/2} m \\ g_0 &= Z_\phi^{-3/2} Z_g g \mu^{\epsilon/2} \\ \alpha_0 &= Z_\phi^{-3} Z_g^2 \mu^\epsilon \alpha\end{aligned}$$

Taking the log of the last eq.:

$$\ln \alpha_0 = -3[\alpha(-1/6\epsilon + \text{finite}) + O(\alpha^3)] + 2[\alpha(-1/\epsilon + \text{finite}) + O(\alpha^3)] + \epsilon \ln \mu + \ln \alpha$$

LHS should be independent of μ :

$$\frac{d \ln \alpha_0}{d \ln \mu} = 0 = \frac{d \alpha}{d \mu} (-3/2\epsilon + \text{finite}) + \epsilon + \frac{d \ln \alpha}{d \ln \mu}$$

$$\frac{d \alpha}{d \ln \mu} = a\alpha + b\alpha^2 + \dots$$

$$0 = (a\alpha + b\alpha^2 + \dots)(-3/2\epsilon + \text{finite}) + O(\alpha^2) + \epsilon + 1/\alpha(a\alpha + b\alpha^2 + \dots)$$

To order α_0 :

$$a = -\epsilon$$

$$b = -3/2$$

$$\frac{d \alpha}{d \ln \mu} = -\epsilon \alpha - 3/2 \alpha^2$$

Important that this is < 0 , so the theory is asymptotically free.

Wilsonian EFT

UV cutoff:

$$Z = \int_{|k| < \Lambda_0} D\phi e^{-S_0}$$
$$S_0 = \int d^d x \left(\frac{1}{2} (\partial \phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2} m^2(\Lambda_0) \phi^2 + \frac{1}{4!} \lambda(\Lambda_0) \phi^4 \right)$$

Goal: integrate out $\Lambda < |k| < \Lambda_0$. We first split the field into low momentum and high momentum modes:

$$\phi(x) \rightarrow \phi(x) + \hat{\phi}(x)$$

Now:

$$Z = \int D\phi_{|k| < \Lambda} \exp \left[\int d^d x \left(\frac{1}{2} (\partial \phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2} m^2(\Lambda_0) \phi^2 + \frac{1}{4!} \lambda(\Lambda_0) \phi^4 \right) \right] \cdot$$
$$\cdot \int D\phi_{\Lambda < |k| < \Lambda_0} \exp \left[\int d^d x \left(\frac{1}{2} (\partial \phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2} m^2(\Lambda_0) \phi^2 + \frac{1}{4!} \lambda(\Lambda_0) \phi^4 \right) \right]$$