

Transfer Function

OpenRails

Resources

- [https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Signals and Systems/Second Order Transfer Function](https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Signals_and_Systems/Second_Order_Transfer_Function)
- [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bilinear transform](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bilinear_transform)
- Real-world examples:
 - <https://nl.mathworks.com/help/control/ug/analyzing-the-response-of-an-rlc-circuit.html>
 - <https://nl.mathworks.com/help/control/ug/dc-motor-control.html>
 - ...

Code example

- Based on bilinear transformation of a 2nd-order system

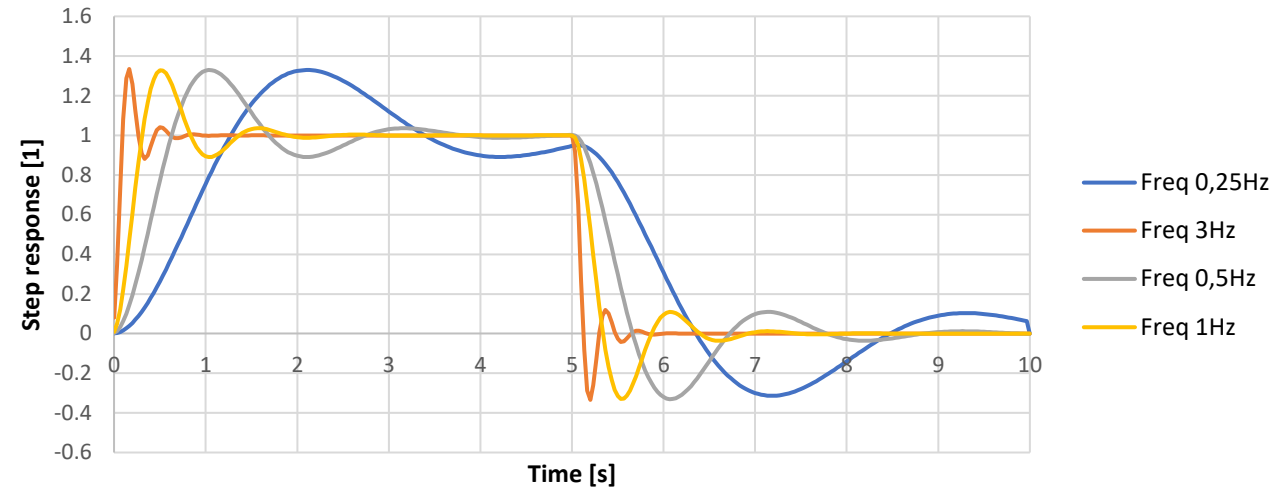
$$H(s) = \frac{\omega_0^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_0 \cdot s + \omega_0^2}$$

- ω_0 ... cut-off angular frequency
- ζ damping factor
- Written in Console C#

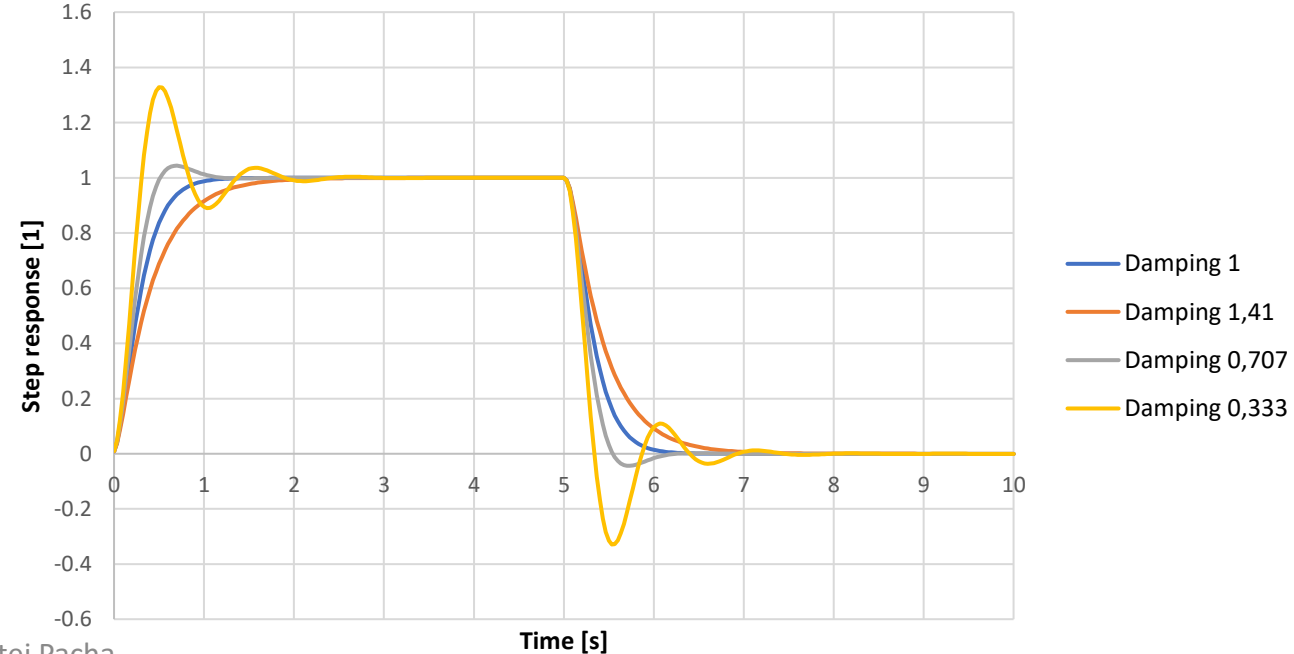
User performance

- Well defined step-response
 - Cut-off frequency defines the „speed“ of response
 - Damping factor defines how much the oscillations are damped

Transfer Function Prove of Concept – different cut-off frequencies

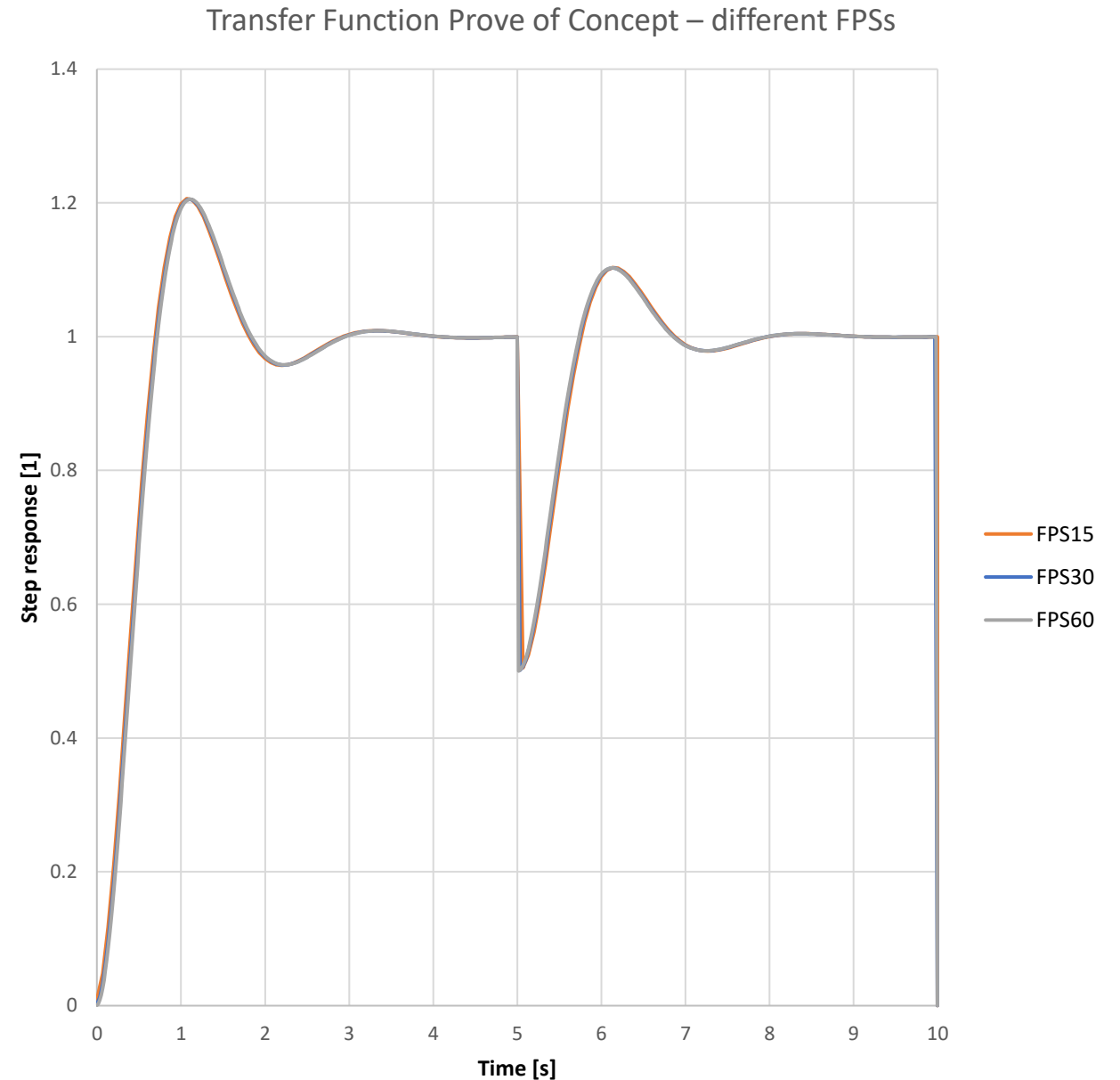


Transfer Function Prove of Concept – different damping factors



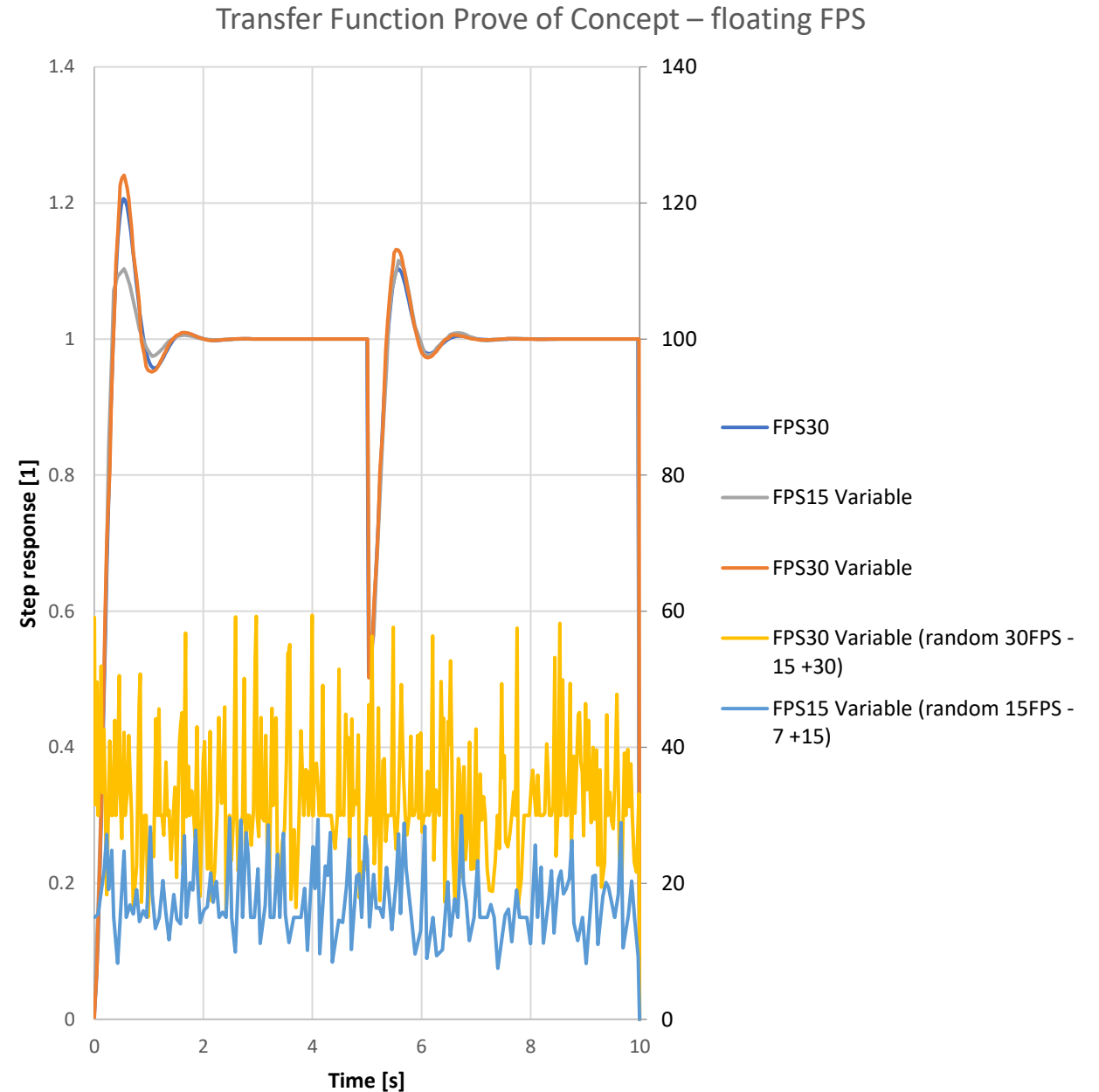
User performance

- Consistent performance at different constant FPS



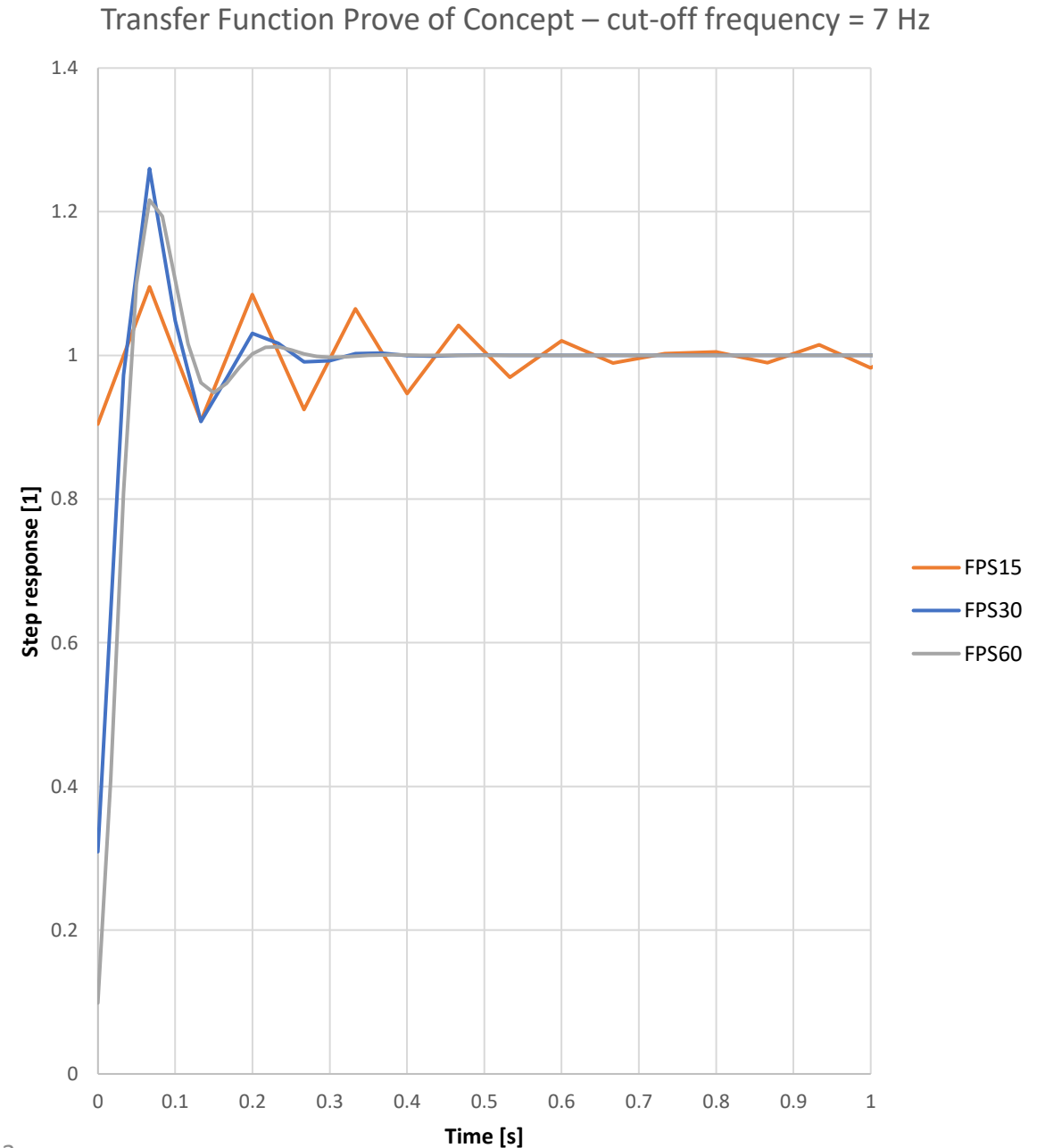
User performance

- Good stability at variable FPS (randomly generated from 0.5x to 2x of base FPS)
- Depends on the settings of the transfer function vs. Base FPS



User performance

- Fast systems at low FPS tend to be unstable
- Common criteria applies
 - $\text{FPS} > 3 \times f_{\text{cut-off}}$
 - Sets the limitation of use to 5Hz and less cut-off frequency systems



Benefits

- Well-defined model of 2nd order systems
- Works with constant FPS and with variable FPS with limited performance
- Parameters (damping factor, cut-off frequency) can be changed dynamically
- Multiple systems can be linked together to create higher-order systems