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# OpenShift 用户和组

## 用户

- **简单说**：用户就是能和 OpenShift 里的 API 服务器打交道的家伙。
- **权限咋整**：想给用户权限，就直接把角色加到用户或者用户所在的组里。

## 身份

- **啥玩意儿**：身份资源就是记录用户从身份提供程序那儿成功登录的信息。
- **存啥数据**：身份验证来源的所有数据都存在身份里。

## 服务帐户

- **有啥用**：当应用没法拿到用户凭据，但又得和 API 通信时，服务帐户就派上用场了。
- **好处**：用服务帐户能控制 API 访问，不用借普通用户的证。

## 组

- **定义**：组就是把一些用户凑一块儿。
- **为啥用**：授权策略用组来一次性给多个用户分配权限，方便得很。
- **系统组**：OpenShift 还有系统自动弄好的系统组或者虚拟组。

## 角色

- **定义**：角色就是定义用户在特定资源上能干啥。
- **权限分配**：把角色分配给用户、组或者服务帐户，就能给权限。

# 资源创建

- **自动搞定：**一般情况下，用户和身份资源不会提前准备好，OpenShift 会在用户通过 OAuth 成功登录后自动创建。

## 对 API 请求进行身份验证

### 身份验证和授权

- **身份验证层：**就是验证用户是不是真的。
- **授权层：**用基于角色的访问控制（RBAC）策略来决定用户能不能干啥，接受或者拒绝请求。

### 身份验证方法

- **OAuth 访问令牌：**一种验证方法。
- **X.509 客户端证书：**另一种验证方法。
- **匿名用户：**要是请求啥令牌或者证书都没有，身份验证层就会把它当成匿名用户，分配到未认证的虚拟组里，也就是会为其分配 `system:anonymous` 虚拟用户，以及 `system:unauthenticated` 虚拟组。

## 身份验证 Operator

### 作用

- **OAuth 服务器：**由身份验证 Operator 运行，给用户提供 OAuth 访问令牌。
- **身份提供程序：**必须配置好身份提供程序，交给 OAuth 服务器，用来验证请求者的身份。

### 身份提供程序类型

- **HTPasswd：**通过机密文件验证用户名和密码。
- **Keystone：**用 OpenStack Keystone v3 服务器进行身份验证。
- **LDAP：**配置 LDAP 身份提供程序，用简单的绑定身份验证对 LDAPv3 服务器验证用户名和密码。
- **GitHub 或 GitHub Enterprise：**根据 GitHub 或 GitHub Enterprise 的 OAuth 身份验证服务器来验证用户名和密码。
- **OpenID Connect：**用授权代码流和 OpenID Connect 身份提供程序集成。

# 集群管理员

新安装的 OpenShift 集群提供了两种方法通过集群管理员特权来验证 API 请求。一种方法是使用 `kubeconfig` 文件，其中嵌入了永不过期的 X.509 客户端证书。另一种方法是作为 `kubeadmin` 虚拟用户进行身份验证。成功的身份验证会授予 OAuth 访问令牌。

1. 在课堂环境中，`utility` 计算机将 `kubeconfig` 文件存储在 `/home/lab/ocp4/auth/kubeconfig` 中。
2. 在课堂环境中，`utility` 计算机将 `kubeadmin` 用户的密码存储在 `/home/lab/ocp4/auth/kubeadmin-password` 文件中。

```
[root@utility ~]# export KUBECONFIG=/home/lab/ocp4/auth/kubeconfig
[root@utility ~]# oc get nodes
```

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION
master01	Ready	control-plane,master,worker	447d	v1.25.4+77bec7a

```
[root@utility ~]# oc login -u kubeadmin -p 8UgkW-u7pMu-223kK-PmNZH https://api.ocp4.example.com
The server uses a certificate signed by an unknown authority.
You can bypass the certificate check, but any data you send to the server could be intercepted.
Use insecure connections? (y/n): y
```

WARNING: Using insecure TLS client config. Setting this option is not supported!

Login successful.

You have access to 72 projects, the list has been suppressed. You can list all projects with `oc get projects`.

Using project "default".

Welcome! See `'oc help'` to get started.

```
[root@utility ~]# oc get nodes
```

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION
master01	Ready	control-plane,master,worker	447d	v1.25.4+77bec7a

这里要注意 `kubeadmin` 这个用户，这个是临时的超级管理员，在我们至少提供了一种身份认证提供程序后，这个用户最好删除，避免风险，不过在课程中，切勿删除 `kubeadmin` 用户。`kubeadmin` 用户对于课程实验架构至关重要。删除 `kubeadmin` 用户会损坏实验环境。

## 配置 HTPasswd 身份提供程序

在我们的课程中，我们用的是 HTPasswd 类型，HTPasswd 身份提供程序依照机密对用户进行验证，该机密中包含通过 Apache HTTP Server 项目中的 `htpasswd` 命令生成的用户名和密码。只有集群管理员可以更改 HTPasswd 机密内的数据。普通用户不能更改自己的密码。

我们需要创建一些HTPasswd用户，然后给用户授予权限，并更新oauth服务器以便于使用HTPasswd类型

## 新建htpasswd用户

```
[student@workstation ~]$ htpasswd --help
-c Create a new file.
-b Use the password from the command line rather than prompting for it.
-B Force bcrypt encryption of the password (very secure).
```

这里创建了一个new-htpasswd.txt的文件，里面包含两个用户

```
[student@workstation ~]$ htpasswd -c -B -b new-htpasswd.txt lxh-admin lxhpass
Adding password for user lxh-admin
[student@workstation ~]$ htpasswd -B -b new-htpasswd.txt zhangsan zhangsanpass
Adding password for user zhangsan
[student@workstation ~]$ cat new-htpasswd.txt
lxh-admin:$2y$05$hGcuccbY8BGrmq5G58f3z0P2hz2w1/WqNPepJZ1oXsL9pUHoP0KzK
zhangsan:$2y$05$JFwYSQdeZmU1p1vv8vKwe09g2pApGcH8E7UHC7PwH5eZ6joLG4aua
```

## 分配集群超级管理员

分配权限之前，我们用创建机密的方式，先把这两个用户建出来

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc login -u admin -p redhatocp https://api.ocp4.example.com:6443
[student@workstation ~]$ oc create secret generic my-htpass --from-file htpasswd=new-htpasswd
secret/my-htpass created
```

### 分配超级管理员

由于我们还没有将身份提供程序改为htpasswd，所以提示没有用户很正常，忽略即可

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc adm policy add-cluster-role-to-user cluster-admin lxh-admin
Warning: User 'lxh-admin' not found
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/cluster-admin added: "lxh-admin"
```

## 添加HTPasswd认证方式

我们先导出服务器上正在生效的配置，稍微改改就行

```

[student@workstation ~]$ oc get oauth cluster -o yaml > my-oauth.yml
[student@workstation ~]$ cat my-oauth.yml
apiVersion: config.openshift.io/v1
kind: OAuth
metadata:
  annotations:
    include.release.openshift.io/ibm-cloud-managed: "true"
    include.release.openshift.io/self-managed-high-availability: "true"
    include.release.openshift.io/single-node-developer: "true"
    kubernetes.kubernetes.io/last-applied-configuration: |
      {"apiVersion":"config.openshift.io/v1","kind":"OAuth","metadata":{"annotations":{},"r
    release.openshift.io/create-only: "true"
  creationTimestamp: "2023-09-28T14:08:46Z"
  generation: 3
  name: cluster
  ownerReferences:
  - apiVersion: config.openshift.io/v1
    kind: ClusterVersion
    name: version
    uid: 72d0e456-95f1-4410-926d-04980c8ba544
  resourceVersion: "332963"
  uid: c8ba3aad-8360-4c1b-9049-00410bc5d2eb
spec:
  identityProviders:
  - ldap:
      attributes:
        email:
          - mail
        id:
          - dn
        name:
          - cn
        preferredUsername:
          - uid
      bindDN: uid=admin,cn=users,cn=accounts,dc=ocp4,dc=example,dc=com
      bindPassword:
        name: ldap-secret
      ca:
        name: ca-config-map
      insecure: false
      url: ldap://idm.ocp4.example.com/cn=users,cn=accounts,dc=ocp4,dc=example,dc=com?uid
      mappingMethod: claim
      name: Red Hat Identity Management
      type: LDAP

```

在spec下的identityProviders中，添加新的类型

```
[student@workstation ~]$ cat my-oauth.yml
apiVersion: config.openshift.io/v1
kind: OAuth
metadata:
  annotations:
    include.release.openshift.io/ibm-cloud-managed: "true"
    include.release.openshift.io/self-managed-high-availability: "true"
    include.release.openshift.io/single-node-developer: "true"
    kubectl.kubernetes.io/last-applied-configuration: |
      {"apiVersion":"config.openshift.io/v1","kind":"OAuth","metadata":{"annotations":{},"r
    release.openshift.io/create-only: "true"
  creationTimestamp: "2023-09-28T14:08:46Z"
  generation: 3
  name: cluster
  ownerReferences:
  - apiVersion: config.openshift.io/v1
    kind: ClusterVersion
    name: version
    uid: 72d0e456-95f1-4410-926d-04980c8ba544
  resourceVersion: "332963"
  uid: c8ba3aad-8360-4c1b-9049-00410bc5d2eb
spec:
  identityProviders: # 下面的htpasswd是新加的，一直到ldap
  - htpasswd:
      fileName:
        name: my-htpass
      mappingMethod: claim
      name: Lxh-Users
      type: HTPasswd
  - ldap:
      attributes:
        email:
          - mail
        id:
          - dn
        name:
          - cn
        preferredUsername:
          - uid
      bindDN: uid=admin,cn=users,cn=accounts,dc=ocp4,dc=example,dc=com
      bindPassword:
        name: ldap-secret
      ca:
        name: ca-config-map
      insecure: false
      url: ldap://idm.ocp4.example.com/cn=users,cn=accounts,dc=ocp4,dc=example,dc=com?uid
      mappingMethod: claim
```

name: Red Hat Identity Management  
type: LDAP

这个会触发operator的更新，不会那么快，观察一下内容，确认更新过程已经完成

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc get co
```

NAME	VERSION	AVAILABLE	PROGRESSING	DEGRADED	S
authentication	4.12.0	True	True	False	2

## 验证权限分配

经过验证，发现lxh-admin有权限获取节点，而zhangsan没有权限

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc login -u lxh-admin -p lxhpass https://api.ocp4.example.com:6443
Login successful.
```

You have access to 72 projects, the list has been suppressed. You can list all projects with

Using project "default".

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc get nodes
```

NAME	STATUS	ROLES	AGE	VERSION
master01	Ready	control-plane,master,worker	447d	v1.25.4+77bec7a

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc get users
```

NAME	UID	FULL NAME	IDENTITIES
admin	bc98d46a-dd9f-4917-8246-089f10f95e75	Administrator	Red Hat Identity Manager
developer	12724778-65ba-411a-aa80-a9634228e116	. developer	Red Hat Identity Manager
lxh-admin	693dfbd1-5721-4ffe-b569-fa346675cf61		Lxh-Users:lxh-admin
zhangsan	6563b503-367e-47fe-8a40-62dcb37e344a		Lxh-Users:zhangsan

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc get identities.user.openshift.io
```

```
NAME
Lxh-Users:lxh-admin
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc login -u zhangsan -p zhangsanpass https://api.ocp4.example.com:
Login successful.
```

You don't have any projects. You can try to create a new project, by running

```
oc new-project <projectname>
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc get nodes
```

```
Error from server (Forbidden): nodes is forbidden: User "zhangsan" cannot list resource "nodes"
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc get nodes
```

```
Error from server (Forbidden): nodes is forbidden: User "zhangsan" cannot list resource "nodes"
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc get users
```

```
Error from server (Forbidden): users.user.openshift.io is forbidden: User "zhangsan" cannot
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc get identities.user.openshift.io
```

```
Error from server (Forbidden): identities.user.openshift.io is forbidden: User "zhangsan" c
```

## 添加新用户到HTPasswd用户列表

添加用户，需要先把线上现有的用户导出来，然后新增，我们是模拟本地没有txt文件的情况下如何新增  
这个--to可以不用加，默认是当前路径，--confirm如果不加，而当前路径存在有htpasswd文件时，会失败



```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc extract secret/my-htpasswd -n openshift-config --to=/home/student/home/student/htpasswd
[student@workstation ~]$ cat /home/student/htpasswd
lxh-admin:$2y$05$hGcuccbY8BGrmq5G58f3z0P2hz2w1/WqNPepJZ1oXsL9pUHoP0KzK
zhangsan:$2y$05$JFwYSQdeZmU1p1vv8vKwe09g2pApGcH8E7UHC7PwH5eZ6joLG4aua
```

添加一个wangwu用户

```
[student@workstation ~]$ htpasswd -b -B htpasswd wangwu wangwupass
Adding password for user wangwu
[student@workstation ~]$ cat htpasswd
lxh-admin:$2y$05$hGcuccbY8BGrmq5G58f3z0P2hz2w1/WqNPepJZ1oXsL9pUHoP0KzK
zhangsan:$2y$05$JFwYSQdeZmU1p1vv8vKwe09g2pApGcH8E7UHC7PwH5eZ6joLG4aua
wangwu:$2y$05$AJorPPbJ1Z3cVci8IAV5zuQln4XBrwPrS5qQqfXpk3IGmd3w1Cx0m
```

触发一次secret数据更新

供 HTPasswd 身份提供程序使用的机密需要在指定文件的路径之前添加 htpasswd= 前缀

--from-file后面的htpasswd是secret的key，后面的一个是文件名

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc set data secret/my-htpasswd --from-file htpasswd=htpasswd -n openshift-config
```

确认wangwu用户登录成功

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc login -u wangwu -p wangwupass https://api.ocp4.example.com:6443
Login successful.
```

## 更新用户密码

更新wangwu用户的密码

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc extract secret/my-htpasswd -n openshift-config --to=/home/student/home/student/htpasswd
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ cat httpasswd
lxh-admin:$2y$05$hGcuccbY8BGrmq5G58f3z0P2hz2w1/WqNPepJZ1oXsL9pUHoP0KzK
zhangsan:$2y$05$JFwYSQdeZmU1p1vv8vKwe09g2pApGcH8E7UHC7PwH5eZ6joLG4aua
wangwu:$2y$05$AJorPPbJ1Z3cVci8IAV5zuQln4XBrwPrS5qQqfXpk3IGmd3w1Cx0m
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ httpasswd -b -B httpasswd wangwu lixiaohuipass
Updating password for user wangwu
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ cat httpasswd
lxh-admin:$2y$05$hGcuccbY8BGrmq5G58f3z0P2hz2w1/WqNPepJZ1oXsL9pUHoP0KzK
zhangsan:$2y$05$JFwYSQdeZmU1p1vv8vKwe09g2pApGcH8E7UHC7PwH5eZ6joLG4aua
wangwu:$2y$05$HoT.vyizHJotzDCQ1qjDLuJc7K3noHVyEej9UgFADcRrBc4VP00f.
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc set data secret/my-httpass --from-file httpasswd=httpasswd -n oper
```

别忘了观察oc get co

## 删除用户

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc extract secret/my-httpass -n openshift-config --to=/home/student
/home/student/httpasswd
```

删除用户可以手工vim删除这一条，或者用

```
[student@workstation ~]$ cat httpasswd
lxh-admin:$2y$05$hGcuccbY8BGrmq5G58f3z0P2hz2w1/WqNPepJZ1oXsL9pUHoP0KzK
zhangsan:$2y$05$JFwYSQdeZmU1p1vv8vKwe09g2pApGcH8E7UHC7PwH5eZ6joLG4aua
wangwu:$2y$05$HoT.vyizHJotzDCQ1qjDLuJc7K3noHVyEej9UgFADcRrBc4VP00f.
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ httpasswd -D httpasswd wangwu
Deleting password for user wangwu
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ cat httpasswd
lxh-admin:$2y$05$hGcuccbY8BGrmq5G58f3z0P2hz2w1/WqNPepJZ1oXsL9pUHoP0KzK
zhangsan:$2y$05$JFwYSQdeZmU1p1vv8vKwe09g2pApGcH8E7UHC7PwH5eZ6joLG4aua
```

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc set data secret/my-httpass --from-file httpasswd=httpasswd -n oper
```

当出现需要删除用户的情形时，仅从身份提供程序中删除该用户是不够的。还必须删除用户和身份资源

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc delete identities.user.openshift.io Lxh-Users:
lxh-admin wangwu zhangsan
[student@workstation ~]$ oc delete identities.user.openshift.io Lxh-Users:wangwu
identity.user.openshift.io "Lxh-Users:wangwu" deleted
[student@workstation ~]$ oc delete user wangwu
user.user.openshift.io "wangwu" deleted
```

别忘了观察oc get co

## 新建组

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc adm groups new lxh-group
group.user.openshift.io/lxh-group created
```

## 添加用户到组

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc adm groups add-users lxh-group lxh-admin
group.user.openshift.io/lxh-group added: "lxh-admin"
```

查一下大家在哪个组

```
[student@workstation ~]$ oc get group
```

NAME	USERS
Default SMB Group	
admins	Administrator
developer	
editors	
lxh-group	lxh-admin
ocpadmins	Administrator
ocpdevs	. developer

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