1 General remarks

All answers can be put into a simple text file. Questions are enumerated Q1, Q2, and so on.

2 First recurrence

Consider the function T(n) defined for $n \ge 1$ by the recurrence

$$T(1) = 1$$

$$T(n) = T(\lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil) + 2 \cdot T(\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor) + 2 + n.$$

- **Q1** Compute by hand the values $T(1), T(2), \ldots, T(6)$ (showing the computations).
- **Q2** What is the asymptotic growth rate of T(n)?
- Q3 What happens to T(n) if we go from n to 2n? (Recall the final part of the lectures/script for Week 04.)
- **Q4** And what happens if we go from n to 4n?
- Q5 Consider the code in Recurrence1. java, implementing the above T(n). Make sure you understand the code. The value for the "default n" is $4.1 \cdot 10^{11}$ what happens if that value is increased to $4.2 \cdot 10^{11}$?
- **Q6** Compile and run this program and check the predictions from Q3 and Q4. Especially consider small, medium and large n, and check whether with growing n the predictions become more precise (as to be expected for asymptotic analysis).

3 Second recurrence

Consider the function T(n) defined for $n \ge 1$ by the recurrence

$$T(1) = 1$$

$$T(n) = T(\lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil) + T(\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor) + n.$$

- **Q7** Compute by hand the values $T(1), T(2), \ldots, T(6)$ (showing the computations).
- **Q8** What is the asymptotic growth rate of T(n)?
- **Q9** Consider the code in Recurrence2.java, implementing the above T(n). Make sure you understand the code. Show now experimentally, that T(n) is NOT O(n), that is, show experimentally that T(n) grows MORE than linearly. If possible, try to refine that analysis.