

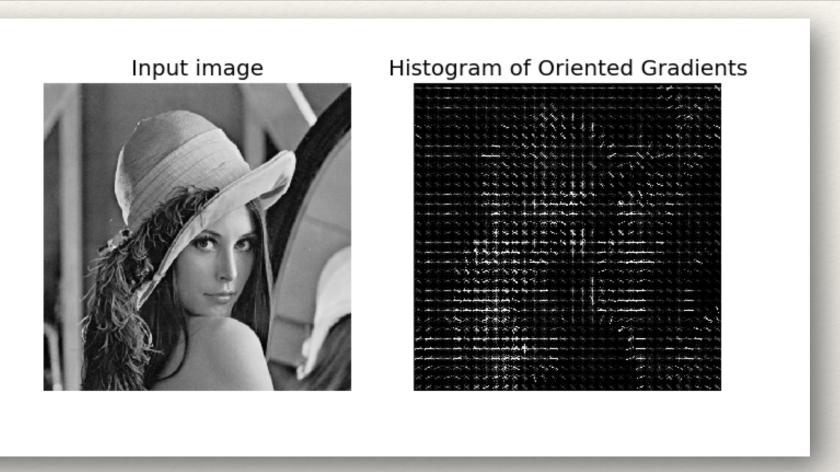
Computer Vision Course

Lab 5: Features detection & Classification

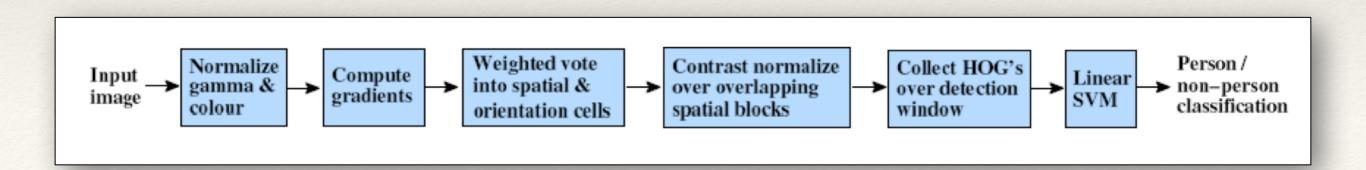
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Histogram of Gradients (HOG)



We want to perform binary classification





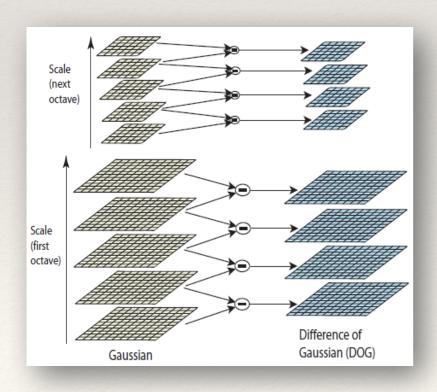
Exercise

- Plot HOG features using skimage library
- * Try google it (solution in the last slide)



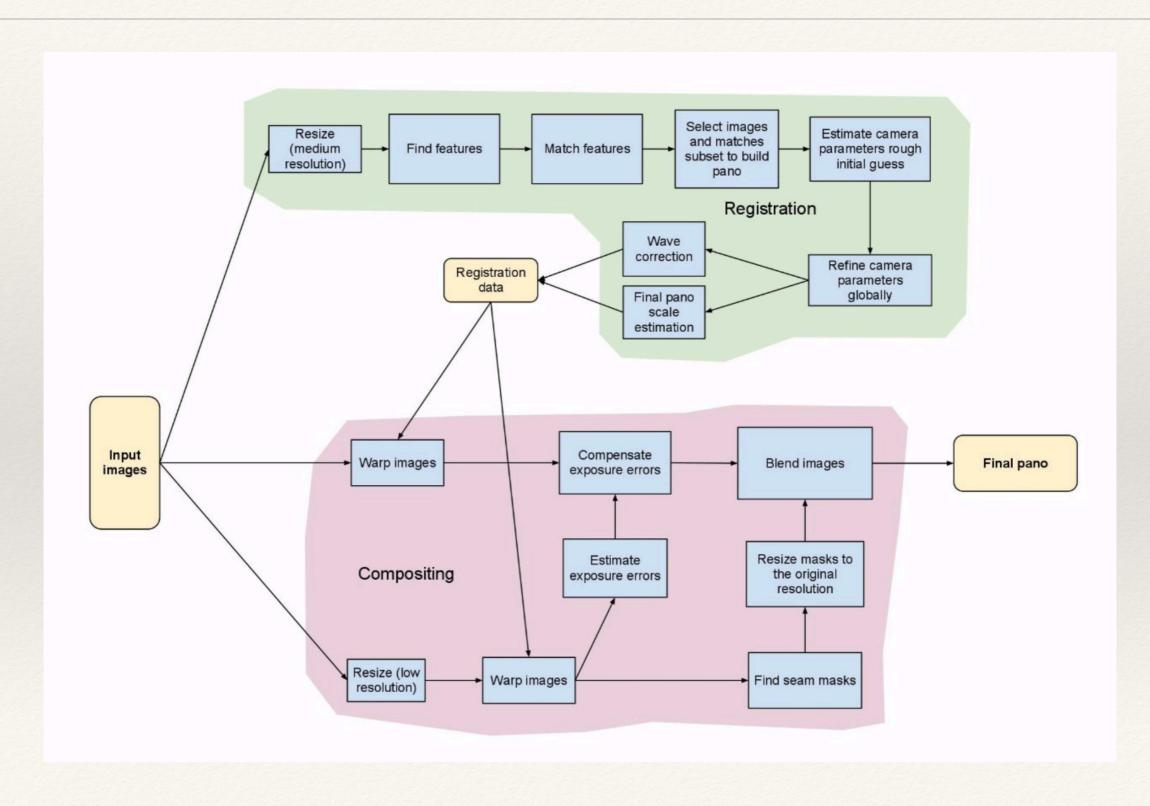
SIFT

- * The idea is to make scale-invariant the image of concern
- 1. Construct a subspace representation of the image and progressively apply a Gaussian smoothing filter
- 2. At every iteration, each image becomes a blurred version of the previous one.













translation



affine



rotation



perspective

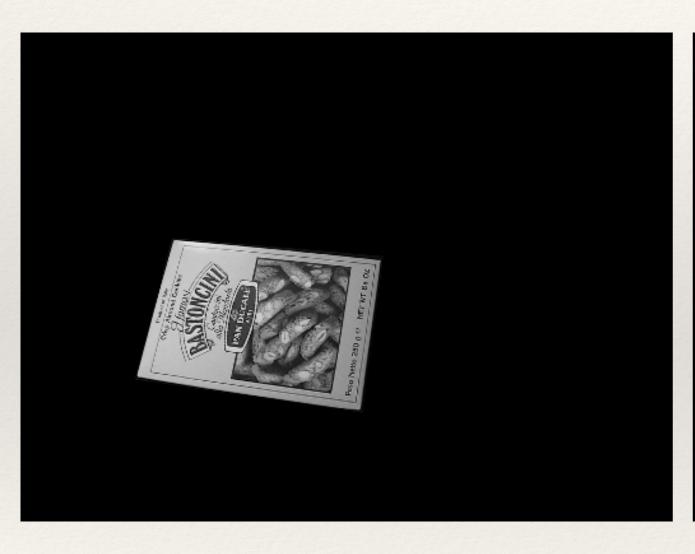


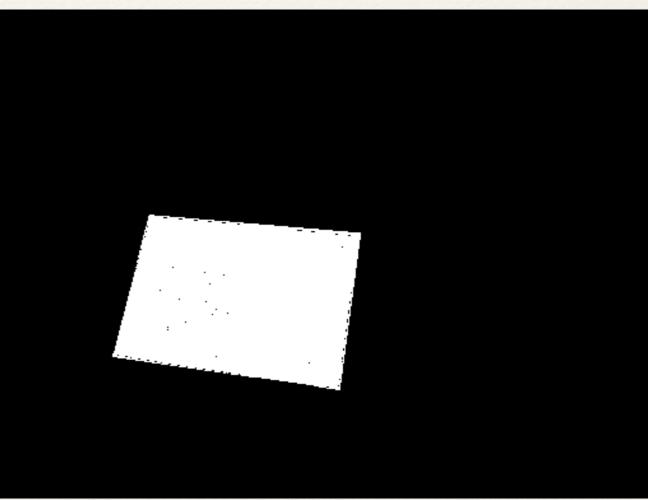
aspect



cylindrical













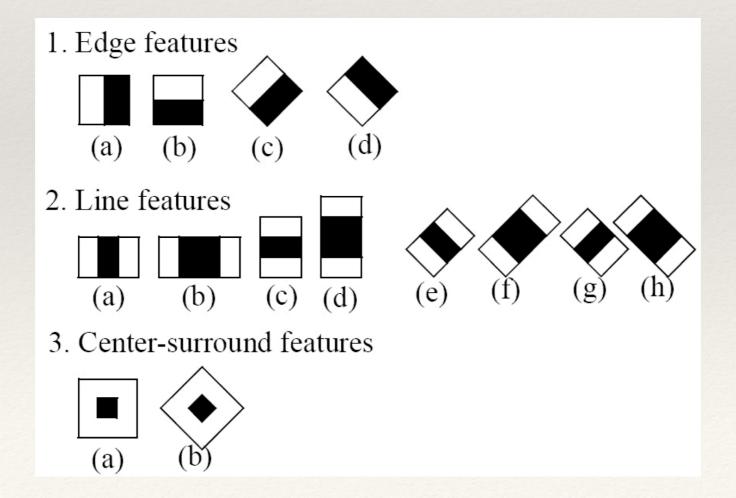
Exercise

- * Test with image 'book.png'
- * What's the difference?



Viola-Jones Algorithm

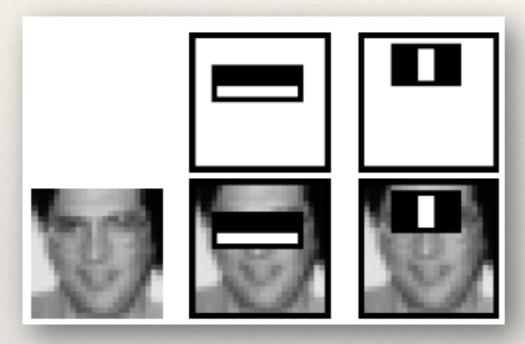
- The Viola-Jones algorithm is presently the most widespread face detector
- Goal: Implement a robust classifier using simple features, based on binary features



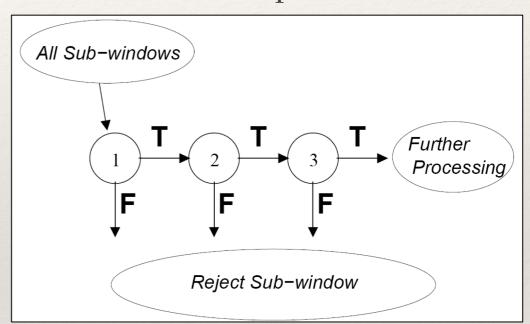


Face Detection

AdaBoost



Cascade of simple Classifiers





Exercise

- Improve the algorithm using the haarcascade_profileface.xml, in parallel to the frontal face detector
- Plot in different colors when a face is detected as frontal or as profile



Practice: face anonymization

- Try to anomymize the detected faces with different techniques
 - * BLUR
 - * SHUFFLING PIXELS
 - * NEGATIVE
 - EMOJI (replace face)
 - Try your own technique!



HOG display-Solution

```
from skimage import exposure from skimage import feature
```