#### DC-LC

$$\omega = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot f = \frac{2 \cdot \pi}{T}$$

$$t_V = T/2 = \pi \sqrt{LC}$$

$$i_{M} = \frac{E_{B}}{\sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}}$$

## D-R

$$U_{d} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} U_{s} \sin(\omega t) d(\omega t) = \frac{U_{s}}{\pi}$$

$$I_{\rm d} = \frac{U_{\rm d}}{R_{\rm d}} = \frac{U_{\rm s}}{\pi \cdot R_{\rm d}}$$

$$P = I_{\rm d,rms}^2 R_{\rm d} = \frac{U_{\rm d,rms}^2}{R_{\rm d}}$$

$$U_{\rm d,rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} U_{s}^{2} \sin^{2}(\omega t) d(\omega t)} = \frac{U_{s}}{2}$$

$$I_{\rm d,rms} = \frac{U_{\rm d,rms}}{R_d} = \frac{U_{\rm s}}{2R_{\rm d}}$$

$$I_{DM} = \frac{1}{L} \int_{0}^{T/2} u(t)dt = \frac{1}{\omega L} \int_{0}^{\pi} U_{M} \sin \omega t \, d(\omega t)$$

$$I_{DM} = \frac{2U_{M}}{\omega L}$$

# D-RE

$$\alpha = \arcsin \frac{E_B}{u}$$

$$\gamma = 180 - 2\alpha$$

$$I_{D(AV)} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{0}^{T} \frac{u_{R}(t)}{R} dt = \frac{1}{2\pi R} \int_{\alpha}^{\pi-\alpha} \left[ u(\omega t) - E_{B} \right] d(\omega t)$$

$$I_{D(EF)} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T}} \int_{0}^{T} \left(\frac{u_{R}(t)}{R}\right)^{2} dt$$

$$P = P_R + R$$

$$P = I_{D(EF)}^2 \cdot R + E_B \cdot I_{D(AV)}$$

#### D-RL

$$i(t) = \frac{U_{s}}{Z} \left[ \sin(\omega t - \varphi) + \sin(\varphi) e^{-\frac{\omega t}{\omega \tau}} \right]$$

# D-R||C

$$I_{D,\text{max}} = \omega \cdot C \cdot U_s \cos(\alpha) + \frac{U_s \sin(\alpha)}{R_d} =$$

$$=U_{s}\left[\omega\cdot C\cdot\cos(\alpha)+\frac{\sin(\alpha)}{R_{d}}\right]$$

$$\Delta U_d \approx U_s \frac{2\pi}{\omega \cdot R_d \cdot C} = \frac{U_s}{f \cdot R_d \cdot C}$$

# D-RLE-PD

$$U_d = \frac{U_s}{\pi}$$

$$I_d = \frac{U_d}{R_d} = \frac{U_s}{\pi \cdot R_d}$$

$$P_d = I_s^2 R_d$$

$$I_{s,rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} I_{s}^{2} d(\omega t)}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{P}{S} = \frac{P}{U_{\text{s.min}} I_{\text{s.min}}}$$

$$I_{\rm D} = \frac{I_{\rm d}}{2}$$

# T-R

$$U_d = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\pi} U_s \sin(\omega t) d(\omega t) = \frac{U_s}{2\pi} [1 + \cos(\alpha)]$$

$$A = \left[ -\frac{U_s}{2} \sin(\omega t - \alpha) - \frac{E_d}{R_d} \right] e^{\frac{\alpha}{\omega t}}$$

# 1DFM-R

$$U_{d,rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\alpha}^{\pi} [U_{s} \sin(\omega t)]^{2} d(\omega t)} =$$

$$=\frac{U_s}{2}\sqrt{1-\frac{\alpha}{\pi}+\frac{\sin(2\alpha)}{2\pi}}$$

$$U_d = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} U_s \sin(\omega t) d(\omega t) = \frac{2U_s}{\pi}$$

$$I_d = \frac{U_d}{R_d} = \frac{2U_s}{\pi \cdot R_d}$$

 $I_{d,rms} = I_{s,rms} = \frac{I_s}{\sqrt{2}}$ 

$$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1}(\frac{\omega L}{R})$$

$$u_d(\omega t) = U_d + \sum_{n=2,4...}^{\infty} U_n \cos(n\omega t + \pi)$$

$$\omega \tau = \omega L/R$$

$$\omega \tau = \omega L / R$$

$$i_d = \frac{\sqrt{2}V_s}{Z} \sin(\omega t - \phi) + \frac{\sqrt{2}V_s}{Z} \sin(\phi) e^{-\frac{\omega t}{\omega \tau}}, \alpha = 0$$

$$U_n = \left(\frac{2U_s}{\pi}\right) \left(\frac{1}{n-1} - \frac{1}{n+1}\right)$$

$$i_{d} = \frac{Z}{Z}\sin(\omega t - \phi) - \frac{Z}{Z}e^{\frac{\alpha}{\omega \tau}}\sin(\alpha - \phi)e^{-\frac{\omega t}{\omega \tau}}, \alpha \neq 0$$

$$i_{d} = \frac{\sqrt{2}V_{s}}{Z}\sin(\omega t - \phi) - \frac{\sqrt{2}V_{s}}{Z}e^{\frac{\alpha}{\omega \tau}}\sin(\alpha - \phi)e^{-\frac{\omega t}{\omega \tau}}, \alpha \neq 0$$

$$I_{AV} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} i_d(\omega t) d(\omega t)$$
 
$$I_d = \frac{U_d}{R_d}$$

$$I_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi}} \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} \left[ i_d(\omega t) \right]^2 d(\omega t)$$

$$I_n = \frac{U_n}{Z_n} = \frac{U_n}{\left| R_d + jn\omega L_d \right|}$$

# $P = I_{rms}R$

$$PF = \frac{P}{S} = \frac{P}{U_{rms}I_{rms}}$$

$$I_d = \frac{U_d - E_d}{R} = \frac{\frac{2U_s}{\pi} - E_d}{R}$$

1DFM-RLE

# T-RLE

$$\alpha_{\min} = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{E_d}{U_s} \right)$$

$$i(\omega t) = \frac{U_s}{2} \sin(\omega t - \theta) - \frac{E_d}{R_d} + Ae^{-\frac{\omega t}{\omega \tau}}$$

# 1DFM-komutacija

$$U_d = \frac{2U_s}{\pi} - 2f \frac{2X_k I_d}{\omega}$$

$$U_{d} = \frac{2U_{s}}{\pi} \left( 1 - \frac{\pi}{2U_{s}} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{\omega}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{2X_{k}I_{d}}{\omega} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{2U_{s}}{\pi} \left( 1 - \frac{X_{k}I_{d}}{U_{s}} \right)$$

$$U_{d0} = \frac{2U_s}{\pi}$$

$$R_e = \frac{\frac{2U_s}{\pi}}{\frac{U_s}{X_k}} = \frac{2X_k}{\pi}$$

$$u = \arccos\left(1 - \frac{2X_k I_d}{U_s}\right)$$

$$U_{d} = U_{d0} \left( 1 - \frac{X_{k} I_{d}}{U_{s}} \right) = \frac{2U_{s}}{\pi} \left( 1 - \frac{X_{k} I_{d}}{U_{s}} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{U_{s}}{\pi} \left( 1 + \cos u \right)$$

# 1DFM-PD-kom

$$2X_k = X'_k$$

$$u = \arccos\left(1 - \frac{\omega L_k I_d}{U_s}\right) = \arccos\left(1 - \frac{X_k I_d}{U_s}\right)$$

$$U_d = \frac{U_s}{2\pi} \int_u^{\pi} \sin(\omega t) d(\omega t) = \frac{U_s}{\pi} \left( 1 - \frac{X_k I_d}{2U_s} \right) = \frac{U_s}{2\pi} \left( 1 + \cos u \right)$$

#### 3DFM-kom

$$\begin{split} &U_{d} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}U_{s}}{2\pi} \left( 1 - \frac{2\pi}{3\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{U_{s}} \cdot 3 \cdot \frac{\omega}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{\omega} \cdot X_{k} I_{d} \right) = \\ &= \frac{3\sqrt{3}U_{s}}{2\pi} \left( 1 - \frac{X_{k}I_{d}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot U_{s}} \right) \end{split}$$

#### 1FM-R

$$U_{d\ avg} = U_d = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{\alpha}^{\pi} U_S \sin(\omega t) d(\omega t)$$
$$= \frac{U_{d0}}{2} (1 + \cos(\alpha))$$

$$I_d = \frac{U_d}{R_d} = \frac{U_s}{\pi \cdot R_d} (1 + \cos \alpha)$$

$$I_{T1 \, avg} = \frac{I_d}{2}$$

$$I_{T1 \ rms} = \frac{I_d}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$I_{S\,rms} = \frac{U_{S\,rms}}{R_d} \sqrt{1 - \frac{\alpha}{\pi} + \frac{\sin(2\alpha)}{2\pi}}$$

## 1FM-L

$$U_{d\alpha} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{\alpha}^{\pi+\alpha} U_{s} \sin(\omega t) d(\omega t) = \frac{2U_{s}}{\pi} \cos \alpha = U_{d0} \cos \alpha$$

$$I_d = \frac{U_d}{R_d} = \frac{2U_s}{\pi \cdot R_d} \cos \alpha$$

# 1FM-RE

$$\beta = \arcsin \frac{E}{U}$$

$$U_{dAV} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{\alpha}^{\pi - \beta} (U_S \sin(\omega t) - E) d(\omega t)$$

$$I_d = \frac{U_{dAV}}{R_d}$$

## 1FM-RLE

alfa<90 ispr

$$U_{d\ avg} = U_d = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha+\pi} U_S \sin(\omega t) d(\omega t)$$
$$= \frac{2U_S}{\pi} \cos(\alpha) = U_{d0} \cos(\alpha)$$

$$I_d = \frac{U_{d\alpha} - E_1}{R_d}$$

$$I_{T1 \ avg} = \frac{I_d}{2}$$

$$I_{T1\,rms} = \frac{I_d}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$I_{S\,rms} = I_d$$

### 1FM-RL-PD

$$U_{d avg} = U_d = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{\alpha}^{\pi} U_S \sin(\omega t) d(\omega t)$$
$$= \frac{U_S}{\pi} (1 + \cos(\alpha))$$
$$= \frac{U_{d0}}{2} (1 + \cos(\alpha))$$

$$I_d = \frac{U_d}{R_d}$$

$$I_{T1\,avg} = I_d \cdot \frac{\pi - \alpha}{2\pi}$$

$$I_{T1\,rms} = I_d \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\pi - \alpha}{2\pi}}$$

$$I_{S\,rms} = I_d \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\pi - \alpha}{\pi}}$$

#### 1FM-kom

$$u = \arccos\left(\cos\alpha - \frac{2X_k I_d}{U_s}\right) - \alpha$$

$$U_{d\alpha} = \frac{2U_s}{\pi} \left( \cos \alpha - \frac{X_k I_d}{U_s} \right)$$

$$\frac{U_{d\alpha}}{U_{di0}} = \frac{X_k I_d}{U_s} - 1$$

$$\gamma = 180^{\circ} - (\alpha + u)$$

$$\gamma = \pi - \arccos\left(\frac{2X_k I_d}{U_s} - 1\right)$$

#### PF

$$\lambda = \frac{P}{S} = \sqrt{\left(1 - \frac{\alpha}{\pi}\right) + \frac{1}{2\pi}\sin 2\alpha}$$

$$k_{\scriptscriptstyle d} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(THD\right)^2}}$$

$$THD = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{n \neq 1} I_n^2}{I_1^2}}$$