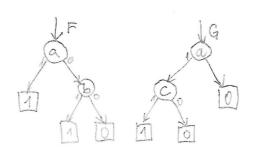
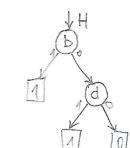
AUDITORNE

- a) ite, BDD za svaku fju
- b) ite(F,G,H), BDD bez homplementarnih luhova vz poredok la,b,c,d)

a)
$$F = a+b$$
, ite(a,1,b)
 $G = ac$, ite(a,c,0)
 $H = b+d$, ite(b,1,d)





b) ite(F,G,H) = ite(a+b,ac,b+d) = /ite(f,g,h) = fg+f'h/

=
$$(a+b)(ac) + (a+b)(b+d) = /a+b \stackrel{\text{deff}}{=} a \cdot b$$
/

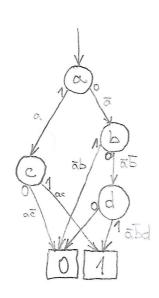
= $aac+abc+abb+abd = /aac=ac, bb=0$ /

= $ac+abc+abd$

= $ac(1+b) + abd = /1+b=1$ /

= $ac+abd$

$$fa = c$$
 $fa = bd$



$$ite(f,g,h) = fg + fh$$

$$= v(fg + fh)_v + \overline{v}(fg + fh)_{\overline{v}}$$

$$= v(fvgv + fvh_v) + \overline{v}(fvgv + fvh_{\overline{v}})$$

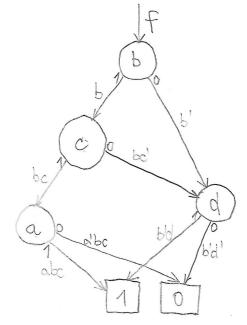
$$= ite(v, ite(fv,gv,h_v), ite(fv,g\overline{v},h_{\overline{v}}))$$

(Az) Nacrtaj ROBDD za funkciju f=abc+b'd+c'd uz vređenost varijabli

$$f_b = ac + c'd$$

$$f_b' = d + c'd$$

$$fbc = a$$
 $fb'c = d$
 $fbc' = d$ $fb'c' = d$



Nacrtaj ROBDD za funkciju: f=abd + ab'd+a'c+a'c'd uz vređenost ranjabli (akbeckd) a) bez komplementarnih lukova b) s komplementarnim lukovima

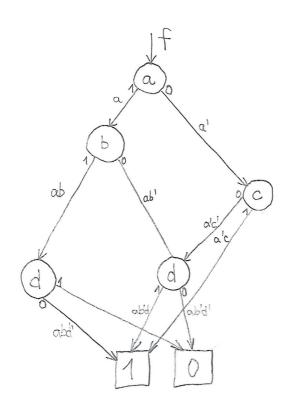
$$fa = bd' + b'd$$

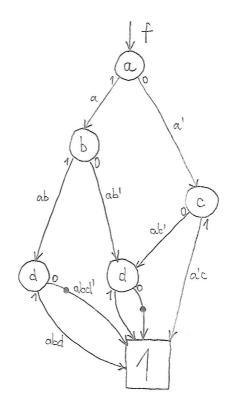
 $fa' = c + c'd$

$$fab = d'$$
 $fa'b = c+c'd$
 $fab' = d$ $fa'b' = c+c'd$

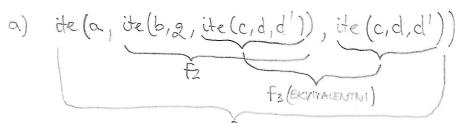
$$fabc = c$$

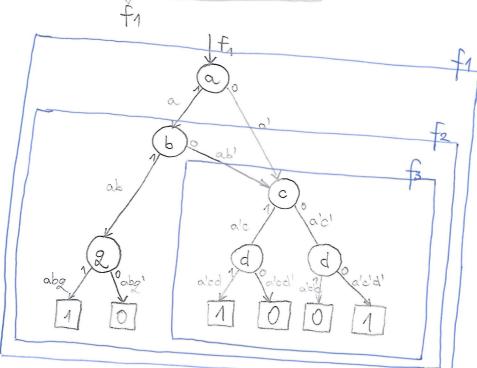
 $fabc = d$



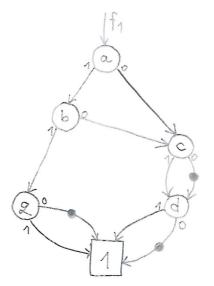


- 14.) Neka je rezultat izračunavanja ite (F,G,H) = (a,(b,2,(c,d,d')),(c,d,d'))
 - al Nacrtaj odgovarajući BDD.
 - 6) Pojednostavi BDD uz pretpostavku da se lukovima mogu dodati obiljerja komplementa.





b) f3 = ite(c,d,d') EKVIVALENCIJA (ite(f,g,g') = f \rightarrowg)



Nocrtaj ROBBD za funkciju: $f = (a \Leftrightarrow c) \land (b \Leftrightarrow d) \Rightarrow and(ite(a,c,\overline{c}),ite(b,d,\overline{d}))$ $vz vredaje u_1(a < b < c < d) i v_2(a < c < b < c < d) <math>\Rightarrow ite(ite(a,c,\overline{c}),ite(b,d,\overline{d}),0)$

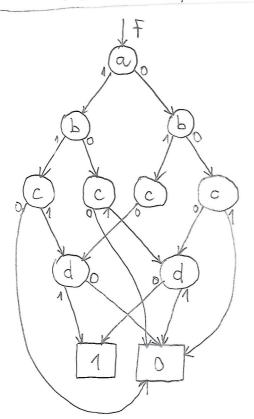
Koji je vređaj bolji?

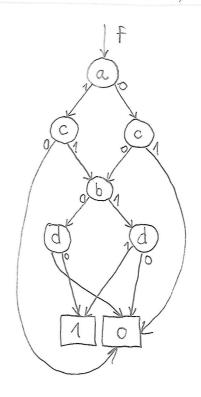
EKVIVALENCIJA: ite(f,g,0) AND: ite(f,g,0)

Funkcija f je zadovoljeva kada su (a<>e) i (b<>d):

un (acbecced)

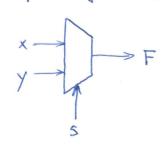
 $v_2(a < c < b < d)$





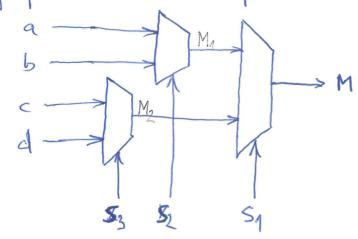
Vredaj uz je bolji jer ROBDD sadrži manje čvorova (6 nasprann 9) – zerto sto poredak Varijabli kojnojdira s izrazima ekvivalend

Napisi logichen fin za digitalni multipleksor na slici:



$$F = \overline{s}x + sy$$

b) Napiši logičku fju izloza M i nacrtaj ROBDD za sklop 3 muxa na slici uz redoslijed varijabli: \$1, \$2, a, b, c, \$3, d Nije potrebro konstiti komplementarne luhove.



$$M_{1} = \overline{S_{2}} \alpha + S_{2} b$$

$$M_{2} = \overline{S_{3}} c + S_{3} d$$

$$M = \overline{S_{1}} M_{1} + S_{1} M_{2} = \overline{S_{1}} (\overline{S_{2}} a + S_{2} b) + S_{1} (\overline{S_{3}} c + S_{3} d)$$

$$M = \overline{S_{1}} \overline{S_{2}} a + \overline{S_{1}} S_{2} b + S_{1} \overline{S_{3}} c + S_{1} S_{3} d$$

Slijed: S1, S2, a, 5,0, Ss, d

$$M_{S_1} = \overline{S_3}C + S_3d$$
 $M_{\overline{S_1}} = \overline{S_2}a + S_2b$
 $M_{S_1} = \overline{S_2}a + S_2b$
 $M_{S_1} = \overline{S_2}a + S_3d = M_{S_1}\overline{S_2}$
 $M_{\overline{S_1}} = \overline{S_2}a + S_3d = M_{S_1}\overline{S_2} = a$
 $M_{S_1} = \overline{S_2}a + S_3d = M_{S_1}\overline{S_2} = a$
 $M_{S_1} = \overline{S_2}a + S_3d = M_{S_1}\overline{S_2} = a$

