

Rješenja 3. domaće zadaće MAT3E/R

v1.0

Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije riješi sljedeće diferencijalne jednačbe

1. $y'' - 2y' - 3y = 3te^{2t}$, $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = 0$

Rješenje:

$$y(t) \circ \bullet Y(S)$$

$$y'(t) \circ \bullet s \cdot Y(s) - y(0) = s \cdot Y(s) - 1$$

$$y''(t) \circ \bullet s(s \cdot Y(s) - 1) - y'(0) = s^2 \cdot Y(s) - s$$

$$te^{2t} \circ \bullet \frac{1}{(s-2)^2}$$

$$s^2 \cdot Y(s) - s - 2s \cdot Y(s) + 2 - 3Y(s) = \frac{3}{(s-2)^2}$$

$$Y(s)(s^2 - 2s - 3) = s - 2 + \frac{3}{(s-2)^2}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{s}{(s-3)(s+1)} - \frac{2}{(s-3)(s+1)} + \frac{3}{(s-2)^2(s-3)(s+1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y(s) &= \frac{s(s-2)^2 - 2(s-2)^2 + 3}{(s-2)^2(s-3)(s+1)} = \frac{s(s^2 - 4s + 4) - 2(s^2 - 4s + 4) + 3}{(s-2)^2(s-3)(s+1)} \\ &= \frac{s^3 - 4s^2 + 4s - 2s^2 + 8s - 8 + 3}{(s-2)^2(s-3)(s+1)} = \frac{s^3 - 6s^2 + 12s - 5}{(s-2)^2(s-3)(s+1)} = \frac{As+B}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{C}{s-3} + \frac{D}{s+1} \\ s^3 - 6s^2 + 12s - 5 &= (As+B)(s-3)(s+1) + C(s-2)^2(s+1) + D(s-3)(s-2)^2 \end{aligned}$$

Uvrštavanje tipičnih vrijednosti s u jednačbe.

$$s = -1 \Rightarrow -1 - 6 - 12 - 5 = 0 + 0 + D(-4) \cdot 9$$

$$-24 = -36D \Rightarrow D = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$s = 3 \Rightarrow 27 - 54 + 36 - 5 = 0 + 4C + 0 \Rightarrow 4 = 4C \Rightarrow C = 1$$

$$s = 2 \Rightarrow 8 - 24 + 24 - 5 = (2A+B) \cdot (-1) \cdot 3 + 0 + 0 \Rightarrow 3 = -3(2A+B) \Rightarrow 2A+B = -1$$

$$s = 1 \Rightarrow 1 - 6 + 12 - 5 = (A+B) \cdot (-2) \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot (-1)^2 \cdot 2 + \frac{2}{3} \cdot (-2)(-1)^2$$

$$2 = -4(A+B) + 2 - \frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow 4(A+B) = -\frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow A+B = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$B = -\frac{1}{3} - A \Rightarrow 2A - \frac{1}{3} - A = -1 \Rightarrow A = -1 + \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow B = -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Uvrštavanje dobivenih vrijednosti nazad u jednačbu.

$$\begin{aligned} Y(s) &= -\frac{2}{3} \frac{s}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{1}{s-3} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{s+1} \\ \frac{s}{(s-2)^2} &= \frac{s+2-2}{(s-2)^2} = \frac{s-2}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{2}{(s-2)^2} = \frac{1}{s-2} + \frac{2}{(s-2)^2} \\ Y(s) &= -\frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{s-2} - \frac{4}{3} \frac{1}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{1}{s-3} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{s+1} \\ Y(s) &= -\frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{s-2} - \frac{1}{(s-2)^2} + \frac{1}{s-3} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{s+1} \end{aligned}$$

I konačno rješenje nakon inverzne transformacije:

$$y(t) = -\frac{2}{3}e^{2t} - te^{2t} + e^{3t} + \frac{2}{3}e^{-t}$$

2. $y'' + 4y = 3 \sin 2t$, $y(0) = 2$, $y'(0) = -1$

Rješenje:

$$y(t) \circ \bullet Y(s)$$

$$y'(t) \circ \bullet s \cdot Y(s) - y(0) = s \cdot Y(s) - 2$$

$$y''(t) \circ \bullet s(s \cdot Y(s) - 2) - y'(0) = s^2 \cdot Y(s) - 2s + 1$$

$$f(t) = 3 \sin 2t \circ \bullet F(s)$$

$$s^2 \cdot Y(s) - 2s + 1 + 4Y(s) = F(s)$$

$$Y(s)(s^2 + 4) = 2s - 1 + F(s)$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{2s}{s^2 + 4} - \frac{1}{s^2 + 4} + \frac{F(s)}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{s^2 + 4} \cdot F(s) \circ \bullet \frac{1}{2} \sin 2t * f(t) &= \int_0^t \sin 2\tau \cdot 3 \sin 2(t - \tau) d\tau = \frac{3}{2} \int_0^t \sin 2\tau \cdot \sin 2(t - \tau) d\tau \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \int_0^t \frac{\cos(2\tau - 2t + 2\tau)}{2} d\tau - \frac{3}{2} \int_0^t \frac{\cos(2\tau + 2t - 2\tau)}{2} d\tau = \frac{3}{4} \int_0^t \cos(4\tau - 2t) d\tau - \frac{3}{4} \int_0^t \cos(2t) d\tau \\ &= \frac{3}{4} \frac{\sin(4\tau - 2t)}{4} \Big|_0^t - \frac{3}{4} \cos(2t) \cdot \tau \Big|_0^t = \frac{3}{16} \sin(4t - 2t) - \frac{3}{16} \sin(-2t) - \frac{3}{4} t \cos(2t) = \frac{3}{8} \sin(2t) - \frac{3}{4} t \cos(2t) \end{aligned}$$

I konačno rješenje nakon inverzne transformacije:

$$y(t) = 2 \cos(2t) - \frac{1}{2} \sin(2t) + \frac{3}{8} \sin(2t) - \frac{3}{4} t \cos(2t) = (2 - \frac{3}{4} t) \cos(2t) - \frac{1}{8} \sin(2t)$$

3. $y'' + 2y' + 2y = e^t$, $y(0) = 0$, $y'(0) = 0$

Rješenje:

$$y(t) \circ \bullet Y(s)$$

$$y'(t) \circ \bullet s \cdot Y(s) - y(0) = s \cdot Y(s)$$

$$y''(t) \circ \bullet = s^2 \cdot Y(s)$$

$$e^t \circ \bullet \frac{1}{s - 1}$$

$$s^2 \cdot Y(s) + 2s \cdot Y(s) + sY(s) = \frac{1}{s - 1}$$

$$Y(s) \cdot (s^2 + 2s + 2) = \frac{1}{s - 1}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{(s - 1)(s^2 + 2s + 2)}$$

$$\frac{1}{(s - 1)(s^2 + 2s + 2)} = \frac{A}{s - 1} + \frac{Bs + C}{s^2 + 2s + 2}$$

$$1 = A(s^2 + 2s + 2) + (Bs + C)(s - 1) \Rightarrow 1 = As^2 + 2As + 2A + Bs^2 - Bs + Cs - C$$

$$1 = s^2(A + B) + s(2A - B + C) + 2A - C \Rightarrow$$

$$A + B = 0 \Rightarrow A = -B$$

$$2A - B + C = 0 \Rightarrow -2B - B + C = 0 \Rightarrow C = 3B$$

$$2A - C = 1$$

$$-2B - 3B = 1 \Rightarrow B = -\frac{1}{5}, A = \frac{1}{5}, C = -\frac{3}{5}$$

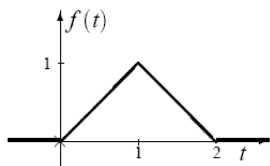
Uvrštavanje dobivenih vrijednosti nazad u jednadžbu.

$$\begin{aligned} Y(s) &= \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{s}{s^2+2s+2} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{1}{s^2+2s+2} = \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{s}{(s-1)^2+1} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{s}{(s+1)^2+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{s+1-1}{(s+1)^2+1} - \frac{3}{5} \frac{1}{(s+1)^2+1} = \frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{5} \frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2+1} - \frac{2}{5} \frac{1}{(s+1)^2+1} \end{aligned}$$

I konačno rješenje nakon inverzne transformacije:

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{5}e^t - \frac{1}{5}e^{-t} \cos t - \frac{2}{5}e^{-t} \sin t$$

4. $y' + y = f(t)$, $y(0) = 1$



Rješenje:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} t & \text{ako } t \in (0, 1) \\ -t + 2 & \text{ako } t \in (1, 2) \\ 0 & \text{inače} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(t) &= t \cdot u(t) - t \cdot u(t-1) + (-t+2) \cdot u(t-1) - (-t+2) \cdot u(t-2) \\ &= t \cdot u(t) - t \cdot u(t-1) - (t-2) \cdot u(t-1) + (t-2) \cdot u(t-2) \\ &= t \cdot u(t) - t \cdot u(t-1) - (t-1-1) \cdot u(t-1) + (t-2) \cdot u(t-2) \\ &= t \cdot u(t) - t \cdot u(t-1) - (t-1) \cdot u(t-1) + u(t-1) + (t-2) \cdot u(t-2) \\ &= t \cdot u(t) - (t-1) \cdot u(t-1) - (t-1) \cdot u(t-1) + (t-2) \cdot u(t-2) \\ &= t \cdot u(t) - 2(t-1) \cdot u(t-1) + (t-2) \cdot u(t-2) \end{aligned}$$

$$y(t) \circ \bullet Y(s)$$

$$y'(t) \circ \bullet s \cdot Y(s) - y(0) = s \cdot Y(s) - 1$$

$$s \cdot Y(s) - 1 + Y(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{2e^{-s}}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2}$$

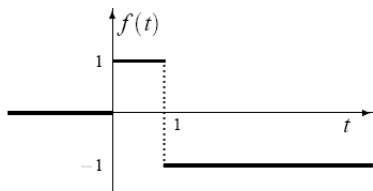
$$(s+1)Y(s) = 1 + \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{2e^{-s}}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} + \frac{1}{s^2(s+1)} - \frac{2e^{-s}}{s^2(s+1)} + \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2(s+1)}$$

$$\frac{1}{s^2(s+1)} \circ \bullet e^{-t} + t - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) &= e^{-t} + e^{-t} + t - 1 - 2(e^{-(t-1)} + t - 1 - 1)u(t-1) + (e^{-(t-2)} + t - 2 - 1)u(t-2) \\ &= 2e^{-t} + t - 1 - 2(e^{1-t} + t - 2)u(t-1) + (e^{2-t} + t - 3)u(t-2) \end{aligned}$$

5. $y'' + y = f(t)$, $y(0) = 0$, $y'(0) = 0$



Rješenje:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{ako } t \in (0, 1) \\ -1 & \text{ako } t \in (1, \infty) \\ 0 & \text{inače} \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = u(t) - u(t-1) - u(t-1) = u(t) - 2u(t-1)$$

$$y(t) \circ \bullet Y(s)$$

$$y'(t) \circ \bullet sY(s) - y(0) = sY(s)$$

$$y''(t) \circ \bullet s^2Y(s) - y'(0) = s^2Y(s)$$

$$s^2Y(s) + Y(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{2e^{-s}}{s}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} - \frac{1}{s} \frac{2e^{-s}}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s^2 + 1)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{Bs + C}{s^2 + 1} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{s} - \frac{s}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$1 = As^2 + A + Bs^2 + Cs = s^2(A + B) + Cs + A$$

$$A + B = 0 \Rightarrow B = -1, C = 0, A = 1$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{s}{s^2 + 1} - \frac{2e^{-s}}{s} + \frac{2se^{-s}}{s^2 + 1}$$

I konačno rješenje nakon inverzne transformacije:

$$y(t) = 1 - \cos t - 2u(t-1) + 2\cos(t-1)u(t-1)$$

6. Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije riješi integralnu jednadžbu: $y(t) = t + 2 \int_0^t \cos(t-u)y(u)du$

Rješenje:

$$y(t) = t + 2 \cos t * y(t)$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} + 2 \frac{s}{s^2 + 1} Y(s)$$

$$Y(s) \left(1 - \frac{2s}{s^2 + 1} \right) = \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{s^2 + 1}{s^2(s^2 - 2s + 1)} = \frac{s^2 + 1}{s^2(s-1)^2} = \frac{s^2}{s^2(s-1)^2} + \frac{1}{s^2(s-1)^2} = \frac{1}{(s-1)^2} + \frac{1}{s^2(s-1)^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{s^2(s^2 - 2s + 1)} = \frac{As + B}{s^2} + \frac{Cs + D}{s^2 - 2s + 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= (As + B)(s^2 - 2s + 1) + (Cs + D)s^2 \\ 1 &= As^3 - 2As^2 + As + Bs^2 - 2Bs + B + Cs^3 + Ds^2 \\ 1 &= s^3(A + C) + s^2(-2A + B + D) + s(A - 2B) + B \\ A + C &= 0 \Rightarrow C = -2 \\ -2A + B + D &= 0 \Rightarrow D = 3 \\ A - 2B &= 0 \Rightarrow A = 2 \\ B &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2s}{(s-1)^2} &= \frac{2(s-1+1)}{(s-1)^2} = \frac{2(s-1)}{(s-1)^2} + \frac{2}{(s-1)^2} \\ Y(s) &= \frac{1}{(s-1)^2} + \frac{2}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{2}{s-1} - \frac{2}{(s-1)^2} + \frac{3}{(s-1)^2} \\ &= \frac{2}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{2}{s-1} + \frac{2}{(s-1)^2} \end{aligned}$$

I konačno rješenje nakon inverzne transformacije:

$$y(t) = 2 + t - 2te^t + 2te^t$$

7. Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije riješi integralnu jednadžbu: $y(t) = t + \frac{1}{6} \int_0^t (t-u)^3 y(u) du$

Rješenje:

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) &= t + \frac{1}{6} t^3 * y(t) \\ Y(s) &= \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{6}{s^4} \cdot Y(s) \\ Y(s) \left(1 - \frac{1}{s^4} \right) &= \frac{1}{s^2} \\ Y(s) \frac{s^4 - 1}{s^4} &= \frac{1}{s^2} \\ Y(s) &= \frac{s^2}{s^4 - 1} = \frac{s^2}{(s^2 - 1)(s^2 + 1)} \\ \frac{s^2}{(s^2 - 1)(s^2 + 1)} &= \frac{As + B}{s^2 - 1} + \frac{Cs + D}{s^2 + 1} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{s^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} \\ s^2 &= (As + B)(s^2 + 1) + (Cs + D)(s^2 - 1) \\ s^2 &= As^3 + As + Bs^2 + B + Cs^3 - Cs + Ds^2 - D \\ s^2 &= s^3(A + C) + s^2(B + D) + s(A - C) + B - D \\ A + C &= 0 \Rightarrow A = -C = 0 \\ B + D &= 1 \Rightarrow 2B = 1 \Rightarrow B = \frac{1}{2}, D = 12, A = C = 0 \\ A - C &= 0 \Rightarrow A = C = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$B - D = 0 \Rightarrow B = D$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{s^2 - 1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{2} \sinh t + \frac{1}{2} \sin t = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{e^t - e^{-t}}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sin t = \frac{1}{4} (e^t - e^{-t} + 2 \sin t)$$

8. Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije riješi integralno-diferencijalnu jednadžbu:

$$y''(t) + 3y(t) + 2 \int_0^t (t-u)y(u)du = 0, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 1$$

Rješenje:

$$y''(t) + 3y(t) + 2t * y(t)$$

$$y(t) \circ \bullet Y(s)$$

$$y'(t) \circ \bullet sY(s) - y(0) = sY(s)$$

$$y''(t) \circ \bullet s^2Y(s) - y'(0) = s^2Y(s) - 1$$

$$s^2Y(s) - 1 + 3Y(s) + 2 \frac{1}{s^2} Y(s) = 0$$

$$Y(s) \left(s^2 + 3 + \frac{3}{s^2} \right) = 1$$

$$Y(s) \left(\frac{s^4 + 3s^2 + 2}{s^2} \right) = 1$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{s^2}{s^4 + 3s^2 + 2} = \frac{s^2}{s^4 + 3s^2 + 3 - 1} = \frac{s^2}{(s^4 - 1) + 3(s^2 + 1)}$$

$$= \frac{s^2}{(s^2 - 1)(s^2 + 1) + 3(s^2 + 1)} = \frac{s^2}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 - 1 + 3)} = \frac{s^2}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 2)}$$

$$\frac{s^2}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 + 2)} = \frac{As + B}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{Cs + D}{s^2 + 2}$$

$$s^2 = (As + B)(s^2 + 2) + (Cs + D)(s^2 + 1)$$

$$s^2 = As^3 + 2As + Bs^2 + 2B + Cs^3 + Cs + Ds^2 + D$$

$$s^2 = s^3(A + C) + s^2(B + D) + s(2A + C) + 2B + D$$

$$A + C = 0 \Rightarrow A = -C = 0$$

$$B + D = 1 \Rightarrow B = 1 - D \Rightarrow B = 1 + 2B \Rightarrow B = -1$$

$$2A + C = 0 \Rightarrow 2A = -C = 0$$

$$2B + D = 0 \Rightarrow D = -2B \Rightarrow D = 2$$

$$Y(s) = -\frac{1}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{2}{s^2 + 2} = -\frac{1}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{s^2 + (\sqrt{2})^2}$$

I konačno rješenje nakon inverzne transformacije:

$$y(t) = -\sin t + \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$y(t) = -\sin t + \sqrt{2} \sin(\sqrt{2}t)$$

9. Riješi sustav diferencijalnih jednadžbi:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} x' + 5x - 2y = e^t \\ y' - x + 6y = e^{-2t} \end{cases} \quad x(0) = y(0) = 0$$

Rješenje:

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) &\circ\!\!\!\circ\!\!\!\bullet Y(s) & x(t) &\circ\!\!\!\circ\!\!\!\bullet X(s) \\ y'(t) &\circ\!\!\!\circ\!\!\!\bullet s \cdot Y(s) - y(0) = s \cdot Y(s) & x'(t) &\circ\!\!\!\circ\!\!\!\bullet s \cdot X(s) - x(0) = s \cdot X(s) \\ e^t &\circ\!\!\!\circ\!\!\!\bullet \frac{1}{s-1} & e^{-2t} &\circ\!\!\!\circ\!\!\!\bullet \frac{1}{s+2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} s \cdot X(s) + 5X(s) - 2Y(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} \\ s \cdot Y(s) - X(s) + 6Y(s) = \frac{1}{s+2} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} X(s) \cdot (s+5) - 2Y(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} \\ -X(s) + Y(s) \cdot (s+6) = \frac{1}{s+2} \end{cases}$$

$$sI - A = \begin{bmatrix} s+5 & -2 \\ -1 & s+6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s-1} \\ \frac{1}{s+2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X(s) \\ Y(s) \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\det A} (sI - A)^{-1} \cdot C$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} X(s) \\ Y(s) \end{bmatrix} &= \frac{1}{(s+5)(s+6) - (-2)(-1)} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} s+5 & -2 \\ -1 & s+6 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s-1} \\ \frac{1}{s+2} \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{s^2 + 6s + 5s + 30 - 2} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s+6}{s-1} + \frac{1}{s+2} \\ \frac{2}{s-1} + \frac{s+5}{s+2} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$X(s) = \frac{\frac{s+6}{s-1} + \frac{1}{s+2}}{s^2 + 11s + 28}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{\frac{2}{s-1} + \frac{s+5}{s+2}}{s^2 + 11s + 28}$$

$$X(s) = \frac{s+6}{(s+7)(s+4)(s-1)} + \frac{1}{(s+7)(s+4)(s-1)}$$

$$\frac{s+6}{(s+7)(s+4)(s-1)} = \frac{A}{s+7} + \frac{B}{s+4} + \frac{C}{s-1}$$

$$s+6 = A(s+4)(s-1) + B(s+7)(s-1) + C(s+7)(s+4)$$

$$\text{za } s = -4 \Rightarrow 2 = 0 + B \cdot 3 \cdot (-5) + \Rightarrow B = -\frac{2}{15}$$

$$\text{za } s = -7 \Rightarrow -1 = A \cdot (-3) \cdot (-8) + 0 + 0 \Rightarrow A = -\frac{1}{24}$$

$$\text{za } s = 1 \Rightarrow 7 = 0 + 0 + C \cdot 8 \cdot 5 \Rightarrow C = \frac{7}{40}$$

$$\frac{1}{(s+7)(s+4)(s+2)} = \frac{A}{s+7} + \frac{B}{s+4} + \frac{C}{s+2}$$

$$1 = A(s+4)(s+2) + B(s+7)(s+2) + C(s+7)(s+4)$$

$$za \ s = -4 \Rightarrow 1 = 0 + B \cdot 3 \cdot (-2) + 0 \Rightarrow B = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$za \ s = -7 \Rightarrow 1 = A \cdot (-3) \cdot (-5) + 0 + 0 \Rightarrow A = -\frac{1}{15}$$

$$za \ s = -2 \Rightarrow 1 = 0 + 0 + C \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$X(s) = -\frac{1}{24} \frac{1}{s+7} - \frac{2}{15} \frac{1}{s+4} + \frac{7}{40} \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{15} \frac{1}{s+7} - \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{s+4} + \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s+7} \left(-\frac{1}{24} - \frac{1}{15} \right) + \frac{1}{s+4} \left(-\frac{2}{15} - \frac{1}{6} \right) + \frac{7}{40} \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$= \frac{-5-8}{120} \frac{1}{s+7} + \frac{-16-20}{120} \frac{1}{s+4} + \frac{21}{120} \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{12}{120} \frac{1}{s+2}$$

Jedno rješenje:

$$x(t) = -\frac{13}{120}e^{-7t} - \frac{36}{120}e^{-4t} + \frac{21}{120}e^t + \frac{12}{120}e^{-2t}$$

$$= \frac{1}{120}e^{-7t}(-13 - 36e^{3t} + 21e^{8t} + 12e^{5t})$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{2}{(s+7)(s+4)(s-1)} + \frac{s+5}{(s+7)(s+4)(s+2)}$$

$$\frac{2}{(s+7)(s+4)(s-1)} = \frac{A}{s+4} + \frac{B}{s+7} + \frac{C}{s-1}$$

$$2 = A(s+7)(s-1) + B(s+4)(s-1) + C(s+4)(s+7)$$

$$za \ s = -7 \Rightarrow 2 = 0 + B \cdot (-3) \cdot (-8) + 0 \Rightarrow B = -\frac{1}{12}$$

$$za \ s = -4 \Rightarrow 2 = A \cdot 3 \cdot (-5) + 0 + 0 \Rightarrow A = -\frac{2}{15}$$

$$za \ s = 1 \Rightarrow 2 = 0 + 0 + C \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$\frac{s+5}{(s+7)(s+4)(s+2)} = \frac{A}{s+4} + \frac{B}{s+7} + \frac{C}{s+2}$$

$$s+5 = A(s+7)(s+2) + B(s+4)(s+2) + C(s+4)(s+7)$$

$$za \ s = -7 \Rightarrow -2 = 0 + B \cdot (-3) \cdot (-5) + 0 \Rightarrow B = \frac{2}{15}$$

$$za \ s = -4 \Rightarrow 1 = A \cdot 3 \cdot (-2) + 0 + 0 \Rightarrow A = -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$za \ s = -5 \Rightarrow 3 = 0 + 0 + C \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \Rightarrow C = \frac{3}{10}$$

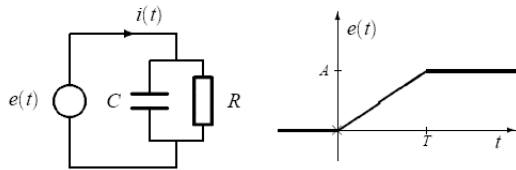
$$Y(s) = -\frac{2}{15} \frac{1}{s+4} - \frac{1}{12} \frac{1}{s+7} + \frac{1}{20} \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{s+4} + \frac{2}{15} \frac{1}{s+7} + \frac{3}{10} \frac{1}{s+2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{s+7} \left(-\frac{1}{12} - \frac{2}{15} \right) + \frac{1}{s+4} \left(-\frac{2}{15} - \frac{1}{6} \right) + \frac{1}{20} \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{3}{10} \frac{1}{s+2} \\
&= \frac{-10+16}{120} \frac{1}{s+7} - \frac{16+20}{120} \frac{1}{s+4} + \frac{1}{20} \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{3}{10} \frac{1}{s+2} = \frac{6}{120} \frac{1}{s+7} - \frac{36}{120} \frac{1}{s+4} + \frac{6}{120} \frac{1}{s-1} + \frac{36}{120} \frac{1}{s+2}
\end{aligned}$$

Drugo rješenje:

$$y(t) = \frac{6}{120}e^{-7t} - \frac{36}{120}e^{-4t} + \frac{6}{120}e^t + \frac{36}{120}e^{-2t} = \frac{1}{120}e^{-7t}(6 - 36e^{3t} + 6e^{8t} + 36e^{5t})$$

10. Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije odredi i skiciraj struju $i(t)$ električnog kruga zadanog prema slici ako je priključen zadani napon $e(t)$.



Rješenje:

$$Z(s) = \frac{\frac{R}{Cs}}{R + \frac{1}{Cs}} = \frac{R}{RCs + 1}$$

$$e(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{A}{T}t & \text{ako } t \in (0, T) \\ A & \text{ako } t \in (T, \infty) \\ 0 & \text{inače} \end{cases}$$

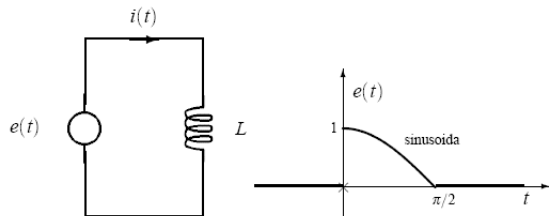
$$\begin{aligned}
e(t) &= \frac{A}{T}t \cdot u(t) - \frac{A}{T} \cdot u(t-T) + A \cdot u(t-T) = \frac{A}{T}t \cdot u(t) - \frac{A}{T}(t-T+T) \cdot u(t-T) + A \cdot u(t-T) \\
&= \frac{A}{T}t \cdot u(t) - \frac{A}{T}(t-T) \cdot u(t-T) - A \cdot u(t-T) + A \cdot u(t-T)
\end{aligned}$$

$$E(s) = \frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-Ts}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
I(s) &= \frac{E(s)}{Z(s)} = \frac{RCs+1}{R} \left(\frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-Ts} \right) = \left(Cs + \frac{1}{R} \right) \left(\frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-Ts} \right) \\
&= \frac{AC}{T} 1s - \frac{AC}{T} \frac{1}{s} e^{-Ts} + \frac{1}{R} \frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{R} \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-Ts}
\end{aligned}$$

$$i(t) = \frac{AC}{T} - \frac{AC}{T} \cdot u(t-T) + \frac{A}{RT}t - \frac{A}{RT}(t-T) \cdot u(t-T) = \frac{1}{T} \left(AC - AC \cdot u(t-T) + \frac{A}{R}t - \frac{A}{R}(t-T) \cdot u(t-T) \right)$$

11. Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije odredi i skiciraj struju $i(t)$ električnog kruga zadanog prema slici ako je priključen zadani napon $e(t)$.



Rješenje:

$$e(t) = \begin{cases} \cos t & \text{ako } t \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2}) \\ 0 & \text{inače} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} e(t) &= \cos t \cdot u(t) - \cos t \cdot u\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \cos t \cdot u(t) - \cos\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cdot u\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \\ &= \cos t \cdot u(t) - \left[\cos\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) u\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \sin\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) u\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right] \\ &= \cos t \cdot u(t) + \sin\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) u\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$E(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I(s) &= \frac{E(s)}{Z(s)} = \frac{1}{Ls} \left(\frac{s}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}s} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{L} \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{L} \frac{1}{s(s^2 + 1)} e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s^2 + 1)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{Bs + C}{s^2 + 1}$$

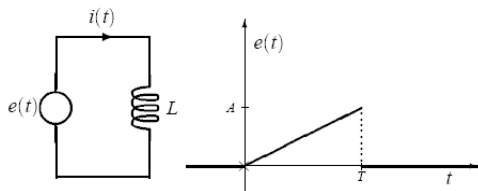
$$1 = As^2 + A + Bs^2 + Cs$$

$$A + B = 0 \Rightarrow B = -1 \Rightarrow C = 0 \Rightarrow A = 1$$

$$I(s) = \frac{1}{L} \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{L} \frac{1}{s} e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}s} - \frac{1}{L} \frac{s}{s^2 + 1} e^{-\frac{\pi}{2}s}$$

$$i(t) = \frac{1}{2} \sin t + \frac{1}{L} \cdot u\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{L} \cos\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cdot u\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \sin t + \frac{1}{L} \cdot u\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{L} \sin t \cdot u\left(t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

12. Primjenom Laplaceove transformacije odredi i skiciraj struju $i(t)$ električnog kruga zadanog prema slici ako je priključen zadani napon $e(t)$.



Rješenje:

$$e(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{A}{T}t & \text{ako } t \in (0, T) \\ 0 & \text{inače} \end{cases}$$

$$e(t) = \frac{A}{T}t \cdot u(t) - \frac{A}{T}t \cdot u(t-T) = \frac{A}{T}t \cdot u(t) - \frac{A}{T}(t-T+T) \cdot u(t-T) = \frac{A}{T}t \cdot u(t) - \frac{A}{T}(t-T) \cdot u(t-T) - A \cdot u(t-T)$$

$$E(s) = \frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-Ts} - \frac{A}{s} e^{-Ts}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I(s) &= \frac{E(s)}{Z(s)} = \frac{1}{LS} \left(\frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} - \frac{A}{T} \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-Ts} - \frac{A}{s} e^{-Ts} \right) \\ &= \frac{A}{LT} \frac{1}{s^3} - \frac{A}{LT} \frac{1}{s^3} e^{-Ts} - \frac{A}{L} \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-Ts} \end{aligned}$$

$$i(t) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{A}{LT} t^2 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{A}{LT} (t-T)^2 u(t-T) - \frac{A}{L} (t-T) u(t-T) = \frac{1}{T} \left(\frac{A}{2L} t^2 - \frac{A}{2L} (t-T)^2 u(t-T) - \frac{AT}{L} (t-T) u(t-T) \right)$$