

Zadaci za vježbu

Fourierov integral

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53. str.

2. Prikaži Fourierovim integralom funkciju

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{x}{2}, & 0 \leq x \leq 2, \\ 0, & x > 2, \end{cases}$$

produživši je do parne funkcije na \mathbf{R} .

Ako funkciju produžujemo do parne, onda vrijedi:

$$f(x) = f(-x) = 1 + \frac{x}{2}, \text{ na intervalu } -2 \leq x \leq 0$$

Pošto smo funkciju produžili do parne, vrijedi da nam je $B(\lambda) = 0$. Izračunajmo $A(\lambda)$.

$$\begin{aligned} A(\lambda) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\varphi) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^2 \left(1 - \frac{\varphi}{2}\right) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\int_0^2 \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi - \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 \varphi \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \right) = \\ &= \left| \begin{array}{ll} u = \varphi & dv = \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \\ du = d\varphi & v = \frac{\sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \end{array} \right| = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \Big|_0^2 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\varphi \sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \Big|_0^2 - \int_0^2 \frac{\sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} d\varphi \right) \right) = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin 2\lambda}{\lambda} - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2 \sin 2\lambda}{\lambda} + \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \cos \lambda \varphi \Big|_0^2 \right) \right) = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin 2\lambda}{\lambda} - \frac{\sin 2\lambda}{\lambda} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\lambda^2} (\cos 2\lambda - 1) \right) = \\ &= \frac{1 - \cos 2\lambda}{\pi \lambda^2} = \frac{2 \sin^2 \lambda}{\pi \lambda^2} \end{aligned}$$

Pa nam je Fourierov integral:

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2 \sin^2 \lambda}{\pi \lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2 \lambda}{\lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda$$

3. Prikaži u obliku Fourierovog integrala:

A. $f(x) = e^{-\alpha|x|} \sin \beta x, \alpha > 0$

$$f(-x) = e^{-\alpha|-x|} \sin(-\beta x) = -e^{-\alpha|x|} \sin \beta x = -f(x)$$

Funkcija je neparna pa imamo $A(\lambda) = 0$. Izračunajmo $B(\lambda)$.

$$\begin{aligned} B(\lambda) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\varphi) \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \sin \beta \varphi \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \frac{\cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi - \cos(\beta + \lambda)\varphi}{2} d\varphi = \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi d\varphi - \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta + \lambda)\varphi d\varphi \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi d\varphi &= \left| \begin{array}{ll} u = e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} & dv = \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi d\varphi \\ du = -\alpha e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} d\varphi & v = \frac{\sin(\beta - \lambda)\varphi}{\beta - \lambda} \end{array} \right| = \\ &= \frac{e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \sin(\beta - \lambda)\varphi}{\beta - \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{\beta - \lambda} \int e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \sin(\beta - \lambda)\varphi d\varphi = \left| \begin{array}{ll} u = e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} & dv = \sin(\beta - \lambda)\varphi d\varphi \\ du = -\alpha e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} d\varphi & v = -\frac{\cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi}{\beta - \lambda} \end{array} \right| = \\ &= \frac{e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \sin(\beta - \lambda)\varphi}{\beta - \lambda} + \frac{\alpha}{\beta - \lambda} \left(-\frac{e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi}{\beta - \lambda} - \frac{\alpha}{\beta - \lambda} \int e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi d\varphi \right) = \\ &= \frac{e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \sin(\beta - \lambda)\varphi}{\beta - \lambda} - \frac{\alpha e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi}{(\beta - \lambda)^2} - \frac{\alpha^2}{(\beta - \lambda)^2} \int e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi d\varphi \\ &\left(1 + \frac{\alpha^2}{(\beta - \lambda)^2} \right) \int e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi d\varphi = \frac{e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \sin(\beta - \lambda)\varphi}{\beta - \lambda} - \frac{\alpha e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi}{(\beta - \lambda)^2} \\ &\int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi d\varphi = \frac{(\beta - \lambda)e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \sin(\beta - \lambda)\varphi \Big|_0^{\infty} - \alpha e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta - \lambda)\varphi \Big|_0^{\infty}}{\alpha^2 + (\beta - \lambda)^2} = \\ &= \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2 + (\beta - \lambda)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Analogno tome, izračunamo da je $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta + \lambda)\varphi d\varphi$ jednak:

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta+\lambda)\varphi d\varphi = \frac{(\beta+\lambda)e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \sin(\beta+\lambda)\varphi \Big|_0^{\infty} - \alpha e^{-\alpha|\varphi|} \cos(\beta+\lambda)\varphi \Big|_0^{\infty}}{\alpha^2 + (\beta+\lambda)^2} =$$

$$= \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2 + (\beta+\lambda)^2}$$

Pa imamo:

$$B(\lambda) = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2 + (\beta-\lambda)^2} - \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2 + (\beta+\lambda)^2} \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\alpha^3 + \alpha\beta^2 + 2\alpha\beta\lambda + \alpha\lambda^2 - \alpha^3 - \alpha\beta^2 + 2\alpha\beta\lambda - \alpha\lambda^2}{(\alpha^2 + (\beta-\lambda)^2)(\alpha^2 + (\beta+\lambda)^2)} =$$

$$= \frac{4\alpha\beta}{\pi} \frac{\lambda}{(\alpha^2 + (\beta-\lambda)^2)(\alpha^2 + (\beta+\lambda)^2)}$$

I zapišemo kao Fourierov integral:

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{4\alpha\beta}{\pi} \frac{\lambda}{(\alpha^2 + (\beta-\lambda)^2)(\alpha^2 + (\beta+\lambda)^2)} \sin \lambda x d\lambda = \frac{4\alpha\beta}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\lambda \sin \lambda x d\lambda}{(\alpha^2 + (\beta-\lambda)^2)(\alpha^2 + (\beta+\lambda)^2)}$$

B. $f(x) = \cos x, 0 \leq x \leq \pi$

Funkcija je parna.

$$B(\lambda) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} A(\lambda) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi f(\varphi) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \cos \varphi \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi (\cos(1+\lambda)\varphi + \cos(1-\lambda)\varphi) d\varphi = \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_0^\pi \cos(1+\lambda)\varphi d\varphi + \int_0^\pi \cos(1-\lambda)\varphi d\varphi \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{1+\lambda} \sin(1+\lambda)\varphi \Big|_0^\pi + \frac{1}{1-\lambda} \sin(1-\lambda)\varphi \Big|_0^\pi \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{(1-\lambda)\sin(\pi+\lambda\pi) + (1+\lambda)\sin(\pi-\lambda\pi)}{1-\lambda^2} = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{(1-\lambda)(-\sin(\lambda\pi)) + (1+\lambda)\sin(\lambda\pi)}{1-\lambda^2} = \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{-\sin(\lambda\pi) + \lambda\sin(\lambda\pi) + \sin(\lambda\pi) + \lambda\sin(\lambda\pi)}{1-\lambda^2} = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{2\lambda\sin(\lambda\pi)}{1-\lambda^2} \end{aligned}$$

Pa je Fourierov integral jednak:

$$f(x) = \int_0^\infty \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{2\lambda\sin(\lambda\pi)}{1-\lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\infty \frac{\lambda\sin(\lambda\pi)}{1-\lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda$$

4. Funkciju

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & x \in [-1, 1], \\ 0, & x \notin [-1, 1] \end{cases}$$

Razvij u Fourierov integral.

Funkcija je neparna, jer je simetrična s obzirom na ishodište.

$$A(\lambda) = 0$$

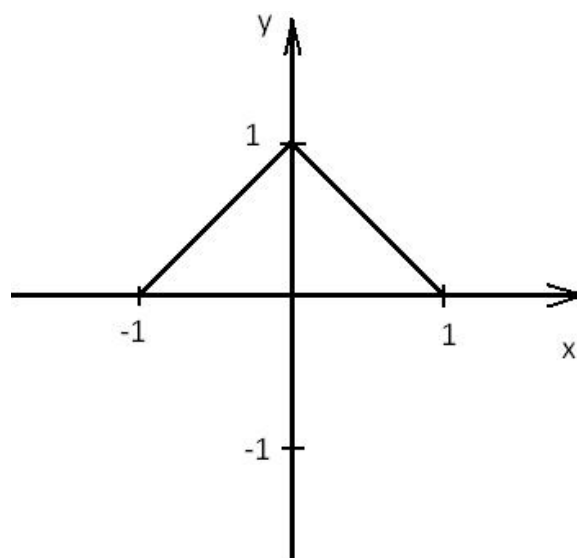
$$\begin{aligned} B(\lambda) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\varphi) \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^1 \varphi \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \left| \begin{array}{ll} u = \varphi & dv = \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi \\ du = d\varphi & v = -\frac{\cos \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \end{array} \right| = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(-\frac{\varphi \cos \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \Big|_0^1 + \frac{1}{\lambda} \int_0^1 \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \right) = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(-\frac{\cos \lambda}{\lambda} + \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \sin \lambda \varphi \Big|_0^1 \right) = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(-\frac{\cos \lambda}{\lambda} + \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \sin \lambda \right) = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\sin \lambda - \lambda \cos \lambda}{\lambda^2} \end{aligned}$$

Pa je Fourierov integral jednak:

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\sin \lambda - \lambda \cos \lambda}{\lambda^2} \sin \lambda x d\lambda = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin \lambda - \lambda \cos \lambda}{\lambda^2} \sin \lambda x d\lambda$$

5. Funkciju

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x, & x \in (0,1), \\ 1+x, & x \in (-1,0), \\ 0, & \text{inace} \end{cases}$$



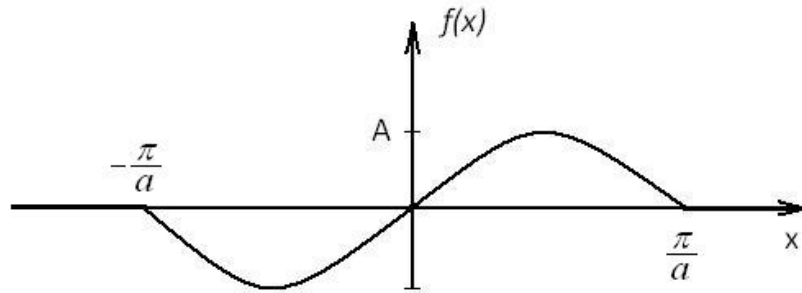
Iz slike vidimo da je funkcija parna, pa računamo samo $A(\lambda)$.

$$\begin{aligned} A(\lambda) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\varphi) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^1 (1-\varphi) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\int_0^1 \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi - \int_0^1 \varphi \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \right) = \\ &= \left| \begin{array}{ll} u = \varphi & dv = \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \\ du = d\varphi & v = \frac{\sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \end{array} \right| = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \Big|_0^1 - \left(\frac{\varphi \sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \Big|_0^1 - \frac{1}{\lambda} \int_0^1 \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi \right) \right) = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda} - \frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda} - \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \cos \lambda \varphi \Big|_0^1 \right) = \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{1 - \cos \lambda}{\lambda^2} \end{aligned}$$

Pa je Fourierov integral jednak:

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{1 - \cos \lambda}{\lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1 - \cos \lambda}{\lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda$$

7. Funkciju $f(x)$ zadanu slikom prikaži u obliku Fourierovog integrala.



Imamo da je $f(x) = A \sin ax$ (jer je $\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = \frac{2\pi}{\frac{2\pi}{a}} = a$).

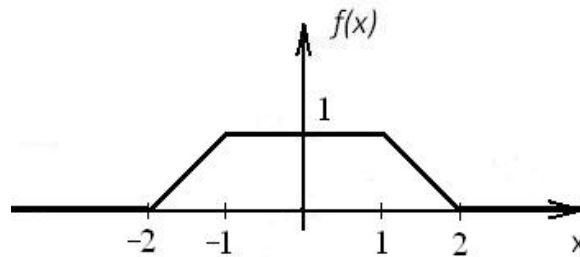
Iz slike vidimo da je neparna, pa računamo samo $A(\lambda)$.

$$\begin{aligned} A(\lambda) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\varphi) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{a}} A \sin ax \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2A}{\pi} \left(\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{a}} \frac{\cos(a-\lambda)\varphi - \cos(a+\lambda)\varphi}{2} d\varphi \right) = \\ &= \frac{A}{\pi} \left(\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{a}} \cos(a-\lambda)\varphi d\varphi - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{a}} \cos(a+\lambda)\varphi d\varphi \right) = \frac{A}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin(a-\lambda)\varphi}{a-\lambda} \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{a}} - \frac{\sin(a+\lambda)\varphi}{a+\lambda} \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{a}} \right) = \\ &= \frac{A}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin(a-\lambda)\frac{\pi}{a}}{a-\lambda} - \frac{\sin(a+\lambda)\frac{\pi}{a}}{a+\lambda} \right) = \frac{A}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin\left(\pi - \lambda\frac{\pi}{a}\right)}{a-\lambda} - \frac{\sin\left(\pi + \lambda\frac{\pi}{a}\right)}{a+\lambda} \right) = \frac{A}{\pi} \frac{2a \sin \frac{\lambda\pi}{a}}{a^2 - \lambda^2} \end{aligned}$$

Pa je Fourierov integral jednak:

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{A}{\pi} \frac{2a \sin \frac{\lambda\pi}{a}}{a^2 - \lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda = \frac{2Aa}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin \frac{\lambda\pi}{a}}{a^2 - \lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda$$

8. Funkciju $f(x)$ zadanu slikom prikaži u obliku Fourierovog integrala.



Iz slike vidimo da je funkcija parna. Ona je oblika

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x+2, & x \in (1,2), \\ 1, & x \in (0,1) \end{cases}$$

Računamo samo $A(\lambda)$.

$$\begin{aligned} A(\lambda) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\varphi) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\int_0^1 \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi + \int_1^2 (-\varphi + 2) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \right) = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\left. \frac{\sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \right|_0^1 - \int_1^2 \varphi \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi + 2 \int_1^2 \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \right) = \left. \begin{array}{l} u = \varphi \quad dv = \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \\ du = d\varphi \quad v = \frac{\sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \end{array} \right|_1^2 = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda} - \left(\frac{\varphi \sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \right) \Big|_1^2 - \frac{1}{\lambda} \int_1^2 \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi \right) + \frac{2 \sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \Big|_1^2 = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda} - \left(\frac{2 \sin 2\lambda - \sin \lambda}{\lambda} + \frac{\cos \lambda \varphi}{\lambda^2} \right) \Big|_1^2 + \frac{2 \sin 2\lambda - 2 \sin \lambda}{\lambda} \right) = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda} - \left(\frac{2 \sin 2\lambda - \sin \lambda}{\lambda} + \frac{\cos 2\lambda - \cos \lambda}{\lambda^2} \right) + \frac{2 \sin 2\lambda - 2 \sin \lambda}{\lambda} \right) = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \lambda}{\lambda} - \frac{2 \sin 2\lambda - \sin \lambda}{\lambda} - \frac{\cos 2\lambda - \cos \lambda}{\lambda^2} + \frac{2 \sin 2\lambda - 2 \sin \lambda}{\lambda} \right) = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\cos \lambda - \cos 2\lambda}{\lambda^2} \end{aligned}$$

Pa je Fourierov integral jednak:

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{\cos \lambda - \cos 2\lambda}{\lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \lambda - \cos 2\lambda}{\lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda$$

9. Odredi sinusni i kosinusni spektar funkcije

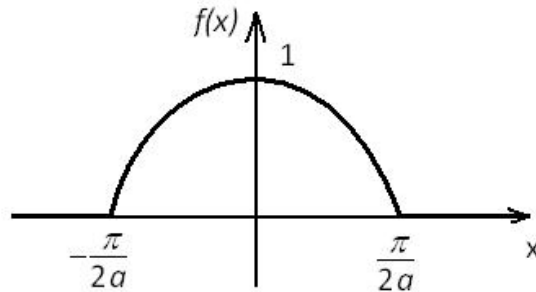
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{A}{T}x, & 0 \leq x \leq T, \\ 0 & x < 0 \text{ ili } x > T \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A(\lambda) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\varphi) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{A}{T\pi} \int_0^T \varphi \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \left| \begin{array}{ll} u = \varphi & dv = \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \\ du = d\varphi & v = \frac{\sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \end{array} \right| = \\ &= \frac{A}{T\pi} \left(\frac{\varphi \sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \Big|_0^T - \frac{1}{\lambda} \int_0^T \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi \right) = \frac{A}{T\pi} \left(\frac{T \sin \lambda T}{\lambda} + \frac{\cos \lambda \varphi}{\lambda^2} \Big|_0^T \right) = \\ &= \frac{A}{T\pi} \left(\frac{T \sin \lambda T}{\lambda} + \frac{\cos \lambda T}{\lambda^2} - \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} B(\lambda) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(\varphi) \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{A}{T\pi} \int_0^T \varphi \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \left| \begin{array}{ll} u = \varphi & dv = \sin \lambda \varphi d\varphi \\ du = d\varphi & v = -\frac{\cos \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \end{array} \right| = \\ &= \frac{A}{T\pi} \left(-\frac{\varphi \cos \lambda \varphi}{\lambda} \Big|_0^T + \frac{1}{\lambda} \int_0^T \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi \right) = \frac{A}{T\pi} \left(-\frac{T \cos \lambda T}{\lambda} + \frac{\sin \lambda \varphi}{\lambda^2} \Big|_0^T \right) = \\ &= \frac{A}{T\pi} \left(\frac{\sin \lambda T}{\lambda^2} - \frac{T \cos \lambda T}{\lambda} \right) \end{aligned}$$

10. Funkciju zadanu slikom razviju u Fourierov integral, a zatim pomoću tog prikaza

odredi vrijednost integrala $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \frac{t\pi}{2a}}{a^2 - t^2} dt$.



Funkcija je parna, i vrijedi da je $f(x) = \cos ax$.

$$\begin{aligned} A(\lambda) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2a}} f(\varphi) \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2a}} \cos a\varphi \cos \lambda \varphi d\varphi = \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2a}} \frac{\cos(a+\lambda)\varphi + \cos(a-\lambda)\varphi}{2} d\varphi = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2a}} \cos(a+\lambda)\varphi d\varphi + \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2a}} \cos(a-\lambda)\varphi d\varphi \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin(a+\lambda)\varphi}{a+\lambda} \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2a}} + \frac{\sin(a-\lambda)\varphi}{a-\lambda} \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2a}} \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\lambda\pi}{2a}\right)}{a+\lambda} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\lambda\pi}{2a}\right)}{a-\lambda} \right) = \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\cos \frac{\lambda\pi}{2a}}{a+\lambda} + \frac{\cos \frac{\lambda\pi}{2a}}{a-\lambda} \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{(a-\lambda)\cos \frac{\lambda\pi}{2a} + (a+\lambda)\cos \frac{\lambda\pi}{2a}}{a^2 - \lambda^2} = \frac{2a \cos \frac{\lambda\pi}{2a}}{\pi(a^2 - \lambda^2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{2a \cos \frac{\lambda\pi}{2a}}{\pi(a^2 - \lambda^2)} \cos \lambda x d\lambda = \frac{2a}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \frac{\lambda\pi}{2a}}{a^2 - \lambda^2} \cos \lambda x d\lambda$$

Uzmemo da je $\lambda = t$ i da je $x = 0$. Tada nam je $f(0) = 1$ i $\cos 0 = 1$ pa imamo sljedeće:

$$1 = \frac{2a}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \frac{t\pi}{2a}}{a^2 - t^2} dt, \text{ odnosno: } \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos \frac{t\pi}{2a}}{a^2 - t^2} dt = \frac{\pi}{2a}.$$