

Rješenja ponovljenog prvog međuispita iz Matematike 3E i 3R
02.02.2009.

1. (2 boda)

a) (1b)

$$\int_a^b f(x)g(x) dx = 0$$

b) (1b)

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(2x) \cos(5x) dx = \dots = 0$$

2. (2 boda)

a) (1b) Fourierov red i integral, Laplaceova transformacija, str.32, Parsevalova jednakost.

b) (1b) Fourierov red i integral, Laplaceova transformacija, str.28, definicija.

3. (4 boda)

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} - \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(2nx)}{4n^2 - 1}$$
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{4n^2 - 1} = \frac{1}{2}$$

4. (3 boda)

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{\pi} \int \frac{\sin^2\left(\frac{\lambda}{2}\right)}{\lambda} \cdot \sin(\lambda x) d\lambda$$

Za $x = \frac{1}{2}$ slijedi

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^3 x}{x} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

5. (3 boda)

a) (1b)

$$\frac{1}{s^2 + 4s + 13}, \quad \text{u gornjem području:} \quad \frac{1}{3}e^{-2t} \sin 3t$$

b) (2b)

$$\frac{1}{(s-2)^2(s+3)}, \quad \text{u gornjem području:} \quad \frac{1}{25}(-e^{2t} + 5te^{2t} + e^{-3t})$$

6. (4 boda)

a) (2b) Fourierov red i integral, Laplaceova transformacija, str.72, teorem.

b) (2b)

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-t} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

7. (3 boda)

$$y(t) = u(t) \cdot (t - 1) \sin t$$

8. (4 boda)

$$i(t) = \delta(t) - \delta(t - 2) + u(t) - u(t - 2)$$