POPOKATEPETZ

- Zamijenino podriječ PETAR DA X

PPOOETLX

- Man 8! permutacija

- sli Pi O se rojenljije 2 puto pa morano dijeliti na 2!2!

- honaiso: 8! 2!?! 2!?!

- podskygana skuju {1,2,3, ... 2n} ino

- podrkeyora skryu {1,2,3, ... 2n } keji ne partejo samo od parnih brajen ina 2<sup>m</sup> (istación we regare)

- kenains: 22 - 22

- 2a mote viso bisano 2 čovjete od 4, 10 mans (4). (4) - (4)

- por rapunino po 2 iose makin viron, ortaje ran 30-7.2 : 16 iais

- rad to moreno promotedi kao: Na + Na + N3 + V4 + V5 + V6 + V4 : 16

- 12 je to: (16+7-1)

- 2 razina:

X1+X2 + X3+X4 +X5 = 2005

- budući da xa-xa moraju bit najnanje 1 (rbog skupe IN) jedn. postaje:

X1 + X1 + X3 + X4 + X5 = 2001

- i to je (2001+5-1) (2005) (2005) (2005)

2)

- vjeravans jednodriba :

X1 + X2 + X3 + X6 = A

2a a od 4 do 2005 (4 je najmanje moguće nješenje)

- budués de Xa-X4 morajn bet basen 1, orde man orden jedn.:

X4+ X2+ X3+ X4 = k , k= a-4

 $-2 \text{ to } \hat{g} \left(\frac{4+k-1}{k}\right) = \left(\frac{4+2-4-1}{2-4}\right) = \left(\frac{2-7}{2-4}\right)$ 

- karain (2-1)

X, X2 X3 X4 = 210

X: = 2 %1.

- pe delivano!

y + y + y + y + 2 to , y i > 0 je isoce Xi soli bio ijeli broj

- 20 to imano (10+4-1) soinse

- in to, trebe non paran brig "-" predends and xi da bi nješenje bib počitivno - min it reducti na (4) + (4) + (4) 28 mins

- koraino: 8. (13) = 8. (13)

- pous motion djelete dens 1 krister pe varams:

10 jobnika i 14 konsaka

- to sam daje: (1016-1) (14.6-1) : (15) (19) soins

- ukujan brej podjeb: (10+6-1) (20+6-1) 2 (15) (25)

- re (6) rouins mozeno isabroti koje sijete rece soluti vočku, us viano (14)(24) podjelo

- re (2) rouse bisano 2 ojece bes voike, pe mon (13) (23) podjeb

- wayso: \( \frac{5}{(1)^{2}} \big( \frac{6}{i} \big) \big( \frac{45-i}{10} \big) \big( \frac{25-i}{20} \big) \)

- now dijelino kruske:

moto dijeto moro debuti has jednu, pa wow (8+5-1)

- 2a jeluke :

ovon jednom dass 1 jaluku, osteje sam 24

Lih 24 podjetim n parovino, moi dijelino 12 parova jatruka

toto to mi unti paran hroj, anim oraz jednog kaji je sa poietku obbio jednu

- whyro: (12+5-1) (8+5-1)

- djeljivil na 7 ima: [850] - [100] = 121-14=107 -> 121

- djeljivil na 11 ino: [ 850] - [ 100] = 77 - 9: 68 -> 1/21

- djelgivil na 13 ins: [ 350] - [ 100] - 65 - 7, 2 58 - 3/A3/

- objetjivih sa 7 i 11 sino : [ 850 ] - [ 100 ] = 11 - 1 = 10 -> /A, 1 Az/.

- sjegind se 7: 13 in : [ 550 ] - [ 30] = 9-1 = 8 -> |A, nA, |

- djeljivit no M: 13 mo: [ 500] - [ 100] = 5-025 -3 /A2 n A3 /

- djeljivil na 7: M: 13 ins: [ 850 ] - [ 100 ] 2 0 -> |A1 A1 AA3 |

- wayno: |A, 1+ |A2 | + (A3 ) - ( |A1 nA2 | + |A1 nA3 | + |A2 nA3 | ) + |A1 nA2 nA3 | = 210

- ukupos ima 3º padjela (2 1. kuglin birano 1 al 3 kutig, pa telo 2 2., itd.).

- eto je 1 kutija prana, inom 2º padjelo, a kutigo koje ie bit prano birano ma (3) socialis.

- eto no 2 kutigo prano, inomo 1º padjelo, a kutigo birano na (3) socialis.

- ukupos: 3º - (3) 2º + (3)

- ukujas brij radjelo je . 5 n

- hvaj podjelo u kajin mema preznih kutija je  $|Sur(n,5)| = \frac{5}{2} (-1)^i {5 \choose i} (5-i)^n$ - vješenje:  $5^n - \frac{5}{2} (-1)^i {5 \choose i} (5-i)^n$ 

- Imshici de m me jehnke jedrske, ukupan ling poljele je i (27+10-1)

- avdje, m uključena i rješenja bod ma djeće dobiraju jebrske

- hed make dijele more deluti har jehun jehuku imano jeda : X1+ - + X10 = 27-10

- soie spienje: (36) - (26) neine

- and je into has de 8 red. predocle dijelino se 5 red. kretijo, the de n. Notej brede  $\left| Sur\left( 8,5 \right) \right| = \frac{5}{k_{10}} \left( -1 \right)^k \left( \frac{5}{k} \right) \left( 5-k \right)^8$  bar 1 predoct

$$\sum_{k=0}^{m} {m \choose k} {m-1}^{m-k} = (mnin mn + 1^k) = \sum_{k=0}^{m} {m \choose k} 1^k {m-1}^{m-k} (x_1 : 1, x_2 : m-1)$$

$$\frac{2}{n_{1}n_{2}n_{1}} \frac{M!}{n_{1}! n_{2}!} \times_{1}^{m_{1}} \times_{1}^{m_{2}} = \left( \times_{1} + \times_{2} \right)^{m} = m^{n}$$

$$\sum_{m\geq 0} \frac{n!}{m_1! m_2! m_3!} = \sum_{m=1}^{m} \frac{n!}{m_2! m_2! m_3! m_4!} = \sum_{m=1}^{m} \frac{n!}{m_2! m_4!} = \sum_{m=1}^{m} \frac{n!}{m_4!} = \sum_{m=1}^{m$$

datast - land & A

(14.

15.

$$a_n = \frac{(-1)^{a_1}}{n!} + \frac{(-1)^{a_1}}{n}, n \ge 1$$

$$h(x) = \underbrace{\frac{2}{5} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!} x^n}_{n!} = \underbrace{\frac{2}{5} \frac{(-1)^n}{n!} x^n}_{n!} - 1 = \underbrace{\frac{2}{5} \frac{(-x)^n}{n!}}_{n!} - 1 = e^{-x} - 1$$

X1+X1+X3+X4 = 24

$$x_1 \dots (x^{-4} + x^3 \dots + x^4) = x^{-4} (1 + x + \dots + x^4)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \chi^{-13} & (1+\chi+\ldots+\chi\delta)^2 & (1+\chi+\ldots+\chi^{10}) & (1+\chi+\ldots) & = \chi^{-13} & (1-\chi^5)^2 & (1-\chi^{11}) & (1-\chi)^{-4} & = \\ & = \chi^{-13} & (1-2\chi^5+\chi^{18}) & (1-\chi^{11}) & (1-\chi)^{-4} & \chi^{-13} & (1-2\chi^5+\chi^{18}-\chi^{11}+2\chi^{20}-\chi^{25}) & (1-\chi)^{-4} & \\ & - \text{tobe son both. no.} & \chi^{21-(-13)} & = \chi^{34} & \text{, a. to son section:} & \begin{pmatrix} -4\\34 \end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} -4\\25 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -4\\16 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -4\\23 \end{pmatrix} + 2\begin{pmatrix} -4\\16 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -4\\34 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -4\\5 \end{pmatrix} \\ & = \text{wheres:} & 851 & \text{b. bissoin.} \end{array}$$

$$-\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)+\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)-\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)=651$$

## 19.

$$\alpha_n = \frac{2n+3}{n^2+3n+2} = \frac{2n+3}{(n+2)(n+4)} = \frac{A}{n+2} + \frac{B}{n+4} = \frac{1}{n+2} + \frac{1}{n+4}$$