1. CJELINA tymi rakaka - Iskori da su skupori ikongotinbri - nati bizikciju 7. PMI 2006. 2.1 Dethatis de un 2 denne Amyritantes Drac alwings - Mollongian - Myndergen of as lin internol [a,a) i ic,d) 9. str. prum 2 trebo nosi del proma a) 9. str , prin 2 2) Oshin da (-7, 1) i R elimpotentin. Irela promi funlingin. the Ne trebo dokovinoti podravnomijeno se da je lijekcijo 4 [4.02] 280,4 nepreknojini Robini da je skup provinodnih knojera. Ne morimo konisti gatore kunh

D: 2, 5, 8, 11 ... prin dydynin 2 3 K 100, 100, 102 ... predikano 2 u 100, 3 u 707 provi Element ve provog mon a pori element Ingog man, f: Dmx  $f(n) = 100 + \frac{n-2}{3}$ 

2. RELACIJE
- Solavi da je nesto reloigo lkmi ralenege PM1 2006  $X = A \times A = \{(0,0), (0,1), \dots (7,0), \dots\}$ A = {0,7,2,3} (a, b) } (c,d) a+6= C+d (2,2) 9 (1,3) 2+2= 7+3 EKVIVALENCIJA - JOKANA: (x, y) 3 (x, y) ×+4 = ×+4 2. SIMETRIENOST (×1, 41) & (×2, 1/2) => (×2, 1/2) S(x3, 1/2) x, +1, = x 2 +1/2 => x2+1/2 = x1+1/1 W 3. TRANZITIVNUST

 $(x_1, y_1)$   $\S$   $(x_2, y_2)$   $\Rightarrow$   $(x_4, y_4)$   $\S$   $(x_3, y_4)$   $\Rightarrow$   $(x_3, y_4)$   $\S$   $(x_1, y_4)$   $x_3 + y_3 = x_3 + y_2$   $\Rightarrow$   $x_4 + y_3 = x_3 + y_3$  $\Rightarrow$   $x_1 + y_2 = x_3 + y_3$   $\Rightarrow$  "PROVJERI je li relsigs chrisvolenige"=> ne mna lin religio der "DOKAZI je li relativo ehr..."
=> uglarro jest relacio

e) [(2,2)]= {(2,2), (2,3), (3,7)}

m element a normeda, ne valiorante

c) Koliko elemenato imo KNOCHENTNI GKUPE

[(1,2)] [2,3]

1 × /5) = 97

[(0.1]]

0500

#### 3. KOMBINATORIKA

5.DZ 2AD. 12

No lift with a lynd 5 bebone.
Na holist noun myn von beha inside.

" BAREM 7 0508A"

0

Rowers synoths

A: = { no i-bm both mith night irrison? u i-th y so mith night probables

15,0 5,0 5,0 Fo DA, 1=? FUI

, 0,

= X - Z [4: ] + Z [A: ] - Z [A: DA; DA4] + Z [A: DA; DAN] + Z [ A: DA; DAN DANDAN]

=

5555555555 = 5 VARUACUE SA PONANUAMIDA

na habba-nation more para orden inche
OPREZ! - Robje ne gledati per
pabrism , mye 85 !

MANJI BRO)

unijek ze fihunoju clementi iz poloznog skupo



5.DZ ZAD. 6 70 valuks 20 kmisks na 6 docue the do make digite doligie braven skrinish

KRVŠKE ne iste , LIVOI, **D**ECA mon isti!
(re northbyggens)
(k

makem dysteller dame fruiter admish order of delim

kombuninge son soverlyandem

(74 +6-7) . (20+6-7)

74 pater morone addrest restor

FUNE CISE 12VODNICE

5.02 240.20

$$a_{n-2} = \frac{2n+3}{n^{2}+3n+2}$$
 $f(x) > \frac{2}{n} = \frac{2n+3}{n^{2}+3n+2}$ 
 $f(x) > \frac{2}{n} = \frac{2n+3}{n^{2}} = \frac{4}{n+2} + \frac{8}{n+2} = \frac{7}{n+2} = \frac{3}{n+2}$ 
 $(n+1)(n+2) = \frac{4}{n+2} + \frac{8}{n+2} = \frac{7}{n+2} = \frac{3}{n+2}$ 
 $2n+3 = \frac{4}{n+2} + \frac{8}{n+2} = \frac{7}{n+2} = \frac{3}{n+2}$ 
 $2n+3 = \frac{4}{n+2} + \frac{8}{n+2} = \frac{7}{n+2} = \frac{3}{n+2}$ 
 $4(x) = \frac{3}{n} = \frac{4}{n+2} + \frac{3}{n+2} = \frac{7}{n+2} = \frac{3}{n+2}$ 
 $4(x) = \frac{3}{n} = \frac{4}{n+2} + \frac{3}{n+2} = \frac{7}{n+2} = \frac$ 

$$-\int \frac{-x-1+\eta}{2-x} dx = \int \frac{2-x}{2-x} dx + \int \frac{2}{2-x} dx$$

$$= -x + \ln \left(2-x\right)$$

Sx dx

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N}{2}} \frac{x^{n+2}}{n+2} = -x + \ln|\gamma-x| / |x|^{\frac{N}{2}}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\frac{N}{2}} \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} = \frac{-x + \ln|\gamma-x|}{x^{\frac{N}{2}}}$$

NA KOMBINATORIKU PRIMIENA EUNKCIJA IZVODNICE 2006, (malo promijensin) PMI

7. Airek (irrigh)

7. Airek (irrigh)

9. ne melytere inste, neglenshed, moramor mynomik (irright)

 $\times_1 \times_2 + \times_3 + \times_4 + \times_5 = 67$ had bi pisals  $\times \in \mathbb{N}_0$  with mile orde in the size = 60

2. NAOIN

2. kurok - namsetim da me nanigable krein

×1= 11+1 ×1 =×1-1

> x== Y2+1 42= x, -1 ×3- 73+74

> 73 = ×3 - 14 ×4 = ×4 - 0

( yy +1) + ( y2 +1) + ( y3 +74) + ( y4 +7) + ( y5 +7) - 67 y1 + y2 + y3 + y4 + y5 = 43

3. honok (43 +5-1) Y & No.
43 2ni y kreen gd
homburacije en junartjanjen

(x 7 + x 2 + x 3 + ...) 4 (x 74 + x 75 + x 76 + ...) x 3 krece ed 74 = x4 (x°+x7+x3+...) x74(1+x7+x2+...) ne tollow lite ognoming so.
Stone show as 69
oden show restallow size do golden some solide sugarie on golden. = x18 (1-x)5 = x18 (1-x1-5 (7+x) = = (2) x l  $(7-x)^{d} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-7)^{k} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ k \end{pmatrix} \times k$ 

2. NAČIN / ×1,×2, ×4,×9 imin istu

 $= \mathbf{X}^{\frac{1}{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 7 - \binom{-5}{1} \times^7 + \binom{-5}{2} \times^2 - \binom{-5}{3} \times^3 + \dots \end{bmatrix}$ 

x 78. x 43 = x 67

linoj uz x 43;

 $-\binom{-5}{43} \approx -1 \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5+43 & -1 \\ 43 & 43 \end{pmatrix}$ 



2. 8 referred.
10 restricted.
12 constricted.
13 testing dayon confusion normalision.

dwine

bilješke

Prebrojivost i surpovi -nadi bijekciju -doleafi da su elevipotentri slurpovi (also postoji bijelecija "Ismetu njih stanpori su ili prelimijiri ili ne) PMI 2006. 1) b) [a,b] -ovi su neprobrojivi ii) 9. str. pr. 2 funkcija: jedraděba pravca kroz duje točke i) dohazi da su slupovi (-1,1) i R ekvipotentni funkcija leoja povezuje dva gornja sleupa f(x) = thx 4.DZ) 4. D:2, 5,8,111 ... ekvipotent no slupu n≥100  $f(n) = 100 + \frac{m-2}{2}$   $f: D \to K$ PMI 2006) 2. (a) X=A×A= {(0.0) (0,1) (0,2)(0,3) (1,0)(1,1)...} 16 elementa A=  $\{0,1,2,3\}$   $(a_1b)f(c_1d)$  a+b=c+d  $(2_12)f(1_13)$ dobor da je relacija elunivalencije: a) reflebrimost:  $(x_1y)f(x_1y) => x_1y = x_1y$ b) simetričnost:  $(x_1y_1)f(x_1y_2) => (x_2,y_1)f(x_1,y_1)$ X1+41 = X2+42 X1+41 = X2+42 => X1+41 = X2+42 b) radi sue elemente razreda [(2,2)] = {(2,2) (1,3) (3,1)} c) kolito el ima knocijentni sturp [0, 2] = (1, 2)(2, 1)(3, 0)(93)(0,0) (0,0) (0,0) [(2,2)] = (2,2)(3,1)(1,3)[(0,1)] = (1/1)(2,0)(0,2)[2,3] = (2,3)(3,2) $[(\Lambda, \Lambda)] = (\Lambda, \Lambda)$ [(3,3)] = (3,3)X/0 = 7

bilješke

5.D2)2.) U lift je uslo 8 ljudi. Imamo 5 Na boliko načina mogu ljudi itaći, a bar jedan čovjeli?	katova do na svakom katu izađe
0000	
$A_i - na$ itom later rije nitho izajao $i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$	
$A_{1} \cap \overline{A}_{2} \cap \overline{A}_{3} \cap \overline{A}_{4} \cap \overline{A}_{5} = ?$ $ X  - \sum  A_{i}  + \sum  A_{i} \cap A_{j}  - \sum  A_{i} \cap A_{j}  = ?$ $+ \sum  A_{i} \cap A_{j} \cap A_{k} \cap A_{k} $	=  A; NA; NA; NA; NA; NA; NA; NA; NA; NA; N
X: 5.5.5.5.	- może se dogodili da svi izadu na istom katu = 58
	- na i-tom leatu rije rito tragas
	- na prva dva nitko nije itašao = 38
	- na prva tri nitlo nije izašao - 28 - na prva četiri nije nitlo izašao = 18 - 0

svako dijete barem jednu luruštu -> ostyr 14 brušalea  $\begin{pmatrix} 14+6-1 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$  $\begin{pmatrix} 10+6-1 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$  $R_{j}: \begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ 

5.DZ)6.) 10 jaloulia, 20 lerusalia, 6 dyoce

bilješke

FUNKCIJE IZVODNICE  -nadi funkciju izvodnicu } dva tipa zadalka koji bi mogli doći -pringena	
5. D2) 20.) $a_n = \frac{2n+3}{m^2+3m+2} = \frac{2n+3}{(n+1)(m+2)} = \frac{A}{(n+1)} + \frac{B}{n+2}$	
$J(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n \qquad An + 2A + Bn + B = 2n + 3$ $n = -1 = > A = 1$ $-A + 2A - B + B = -2 + 3$ $n = -2 = > -B = -1$	
$ \int (x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+1} x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n+2} x^n \qquad \qquad \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x^n = \frac{1}{1-1} $	en 14-x1 /:>
$prva suma: \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n+1} = -$	lu Mx1
$\sum x^{n-1} = \frac{x}{1-x} \cdot x$ $\sum x^{n+2} = -x - \ln A-x  \cdot x^{2}$ $= -x - \ln A-x  \cdot x^{2}$	
$\frac{N+2}{\text{druga Suma:}} \sum \frac{x^n}{N+2} = \frac{-x - \ln \Lambda-x }{x^2}$	
$R_{j}: f(x) = \frac{\ln  I-x }{x} \frac{x + \ln  I-x }{x^2}$	
<u>.                                    </u>	

PMI 2006.)

Kolibo rickenja ima nejednadiba?

$$X_1+X_2+X_3+X_4 \le 60$$
 $X_3 \ge 14$ 

Korale 1)  $Y_1+X_2+X_3+X_4+X_5=61$ 
 $X_1+X_2+X_3+X_4+X_5=61$ 
 $X_2=X_1-1 \Rightarrow X_1=y_1+1$  (svalue vorijable namiestihi da kreiz ad 0)

 $Y_2=X_2-1 \Rightarrow X_2=Y_2+1$ 
 $Y_3=X_3-14=> X_2=Y_2+1$ 
 $Y_3=X_3-14=> X_2=Y_3+14$ 

:

 $Y_1+Y_2+Y_3+Y_4+Y_4+Y_4+Y_5+1=61$ 
 $Y_1+Y_2+Y_3+Y_4+Y_5=43$ 
 $Y_1\in \mathbb{N}$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 
 $(43+5+1)$ 

2 NAČIN

$$X_{1} + X_{2} + X_{3} + X_{4} + \cdots$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{12} + \frac{2}{15} X_{12} + X_{16} + \cdots \right)$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \frac{2}{15} X_{16} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{2}{13} \right) X_{13} + \cdots \right]$$

$$= X_{18} \left[ 1$$

bilješke

PMI	2006.) 3.)	projera r	nagih od	1000 000	sa svim	atlicitim	znamenliam
	Rj:	9.9.8.3	+.6.5 + 0	3.9.8.7.6+	9.9.8.7+	9.9.8+	9-9+9
	4.)	Vrhovi:	8 Zelenik na holibo 2.10+	, 10 Žutil nacina sp 8·12 +10·	12 Cri ojidi vrhove 12	raelicidih	boja +
***************************************							