

### 3. Zadatok Laplaceova rozdioba

$$f_x(x) = \frac{1}{2a} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{a}}$$

$$a) \Phi_x(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_x(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{a}} dx = \frac{1}{2a} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{-\frac{-(x-\mu)}{a}} dx + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\frac{+(x-\mu)}{a}} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{\frac{x-\mu}{a}} dx + \int_0^{\infty} e^{\frac{\mu-x}{a}} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \left[ e^{-\frac{\mu}{a}} \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{\frac{x}{a}} dx + e^{\frac{\mu}{a}} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\frac{x}{a}} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \left[ e^{-\frac{\mu}{a}} \cdot a \cdot e^{\frac{x}{a}} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - e^{\frac{\mu}{a}} \cdot a \cdot e^{-\frac{x}{a}} \Big|_0^{\infty} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \left[ a e^{-\frac{\mu}{a}} (1-0) - a e^{\frac{\mu}{a}} (0-1) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ e^{-\frac{\mu}{a}} + e^{\frac{\mu}{a}} \right]$$

$$b) h(x) = - \int_x^{\infty} f_x(x) \log(f_x(x)) dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2a} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{a}} \ln \left( \frac{1}{2a} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{a}} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{a}} \left[ \ln 1 - \ln 2a - \frac{|x-\mu|}{a} \right] dx$$

$$= -\ln 2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2a} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{a}} dx + \frac{1}{2a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{|x-\mu|}{a} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{a}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{\ln 2}{2} \left[ e^{-\frac{\mu}{a}} + e^{\frac{\mu}{a}} \right] + \frac{1}{2a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{|x-\mu|}{a} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{a}} dx$$



$$I = \frac{1}{2a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{|x-\mu|}{a} e^{-\frac{|x-\mu|}{a}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^0 -\frac{(x-\mu)}{a} e^{-\frac{-(x-\mu)}{a}} dx + \int_0^{\infty} -\frac{+(x-\mu)}{a} e^{-\frac{+(x-\mu)}{a}} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{x-\mu}{a} e^{\frac{x-\mu}{a}} dx + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\mu-x}{a} e^{\frac{\mu-x}{a}} dx \right]$$

SUBSTITUCION:  $u = \frac{x-\mu}{a} \rightarrow au = x-\mu \rightarrow x = au + \mu$

$$du = \frac{dx}{a} \rightarrow dx = a du$$

$$v = \frac{\mu-x}{a} \rightarrow av = \mu-x \rightarrow x = \mu - av$$

$$dv = \frac{-dx}{a} \rightarrow dx = -a dv$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2a} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^0 \mu \cdot e^u \cdot a du - \int_0^{\infty} v e^v \cdot a dv \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^0 u e^u du - \int_0^{\infty} v e^v dv \right] = \left[ \frac{p=u}{dp=du} \frac{dp=du}{q=e^u} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ u e^u \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - \int_{-\infty}^0 e^u du - \int_0^{\infty} v e^v dv \right] = \left[ \frac{p=v}{dp=dv} \frac{dp=dv}{q=e^v} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ u e^u \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - e^u \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - v e^v \Big|_0^{\infty} + \int_0^{\infty} e^v dv \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ u e^u \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - e^u \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - v e^v \Big|_0^{\infty} + e^v \Big|_0^{\infty} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{x-\mu}{a} e^{\frac{x-\mu}{a}} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - e^{\frac{x-\mu}{a}} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - \frac{\mu-x}{a} e^{\frac{\mu-x}{a}} \Big|_0^{\infty} + e^{\frac{\mu-x}{a}} \Big|_0^{\infty} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{\mu}{a} e^{-\frac{\mu}{a}} - e^{-\frac{\mu}{a}} + \frac{\mu}{a} e^{\frac{\mu}{a}} - e^{\frac{\mu}{a}} \right]$$



$$h(x) = \frac{\ln 2}{2} \left[ e^{-\frac{k}{a}} + e^{\frac{k}{a}} \right] + 1$$

$$= \frac{\ln 2}{2} \left[ e^{-\frac{k}{a}} + e^{\frac{k}{a}} \right] + \frac{1}{2} \left[ -\frac{k}{a} e^{-\frac{k}{a}} - e^{-\frac{k}{a}} + \frac{k}{a} e^{\frac{k}{a}} - e^{\frac{k}{a}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{\ln 2}{2} \left[ e^{-\frac{k}{a}} + e^{\frac{k}{a}} \right] + \frac{1}{2} \frac{k}{a} \left[ e^{\frac{k}{a}} - e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right] - \frac{1}{2} \left[ e^{\frac{k}{a}} + e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{\ln 2 - 1}{2} \left[ e^{\frac{k}{a}} + e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right] + \frac{k}{2a} \left[ e^{\frac{k}{a}} - e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right]$$

$$= (\ln 2 - 1) \operatorname{ch}\left(\frac{k}{a}\right) + \frac{k}{a} \operatorname{sh}\left(\frac{k}{a}\right) \quad \cdot \left/ \frac{1}{2} = \frac{k}{a} \right/$$

$$= (\ln 2 - 1) \operatorname{ch} z + z \operatorname{sh} z$$

... DIFERENCIJALNA ENTROPIJA IZNOVA

$$\sigma_x^2 = E[(x - E(x))^2] = E[x^2 - 2xE(x) + (E(x))^2]$$

$$E(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f_x(x) dx = \frac{1}{2a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x e^{-\frac{|x-k|}{a}} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^0 x e^{\frac{x-k}{a}} dx + \int_0^{\infty} x e^{\frac{k-x}{a}} dx \right] = \frac{1}{2a} \left[ e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \int_{-\infty}^0 x e^{\frac{x}{a}} dx + e^{\frac{k}{a}} \int_0^{\infty} x e^{-\frac{x}{a}} dx \right]$$

$$= \left/ \frac{u=x}{dv=e^{\frac{x}{a}} dx} \frac{du=dx}{v=ae^{\frac{x}{a}}} \right/ - \frac{1}{2a} \left[ e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \left( a x e^{\frac{x}{a}} \right) \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - \int_{-\infty}^0 a e^{\frac{x}{a}} dx \right] +$$

$$e^{\frac{k}{a}} \left( -a x e^{-\frac{x}{a}} \Big|_0^{\infty} + \int_0^{\infty} a e^{-\frac{x}{a}} dx \right) = \dots = \frac{a}{2} \left[ e^{\frac{k}{a}} - e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right]$$

$$\sigma_x^2 = E \left[ x^2 - 2x \frac{a}{2} \left( e^{\frac{k}{a}} - e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right) + \frac{a^2}{4} \left( e^{\frac{k}{a}} - e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$= E \left[ x^2 - 2x \frac{a}{2} \left( e^{\frac{k}{a}} - e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right) + \frac{a^2}{4} \left( e^{\frac{2k}{a}} - 2 + e^{-\frac{2k}{a}} \right) \right]$$

→ linearnost oščekivanja:  $E(ax+b) = aE(x) + b$



$$\sigma_x^2 = E(x^2) + a(e^{\frac{k}{a}} - e^{-\frac{k}{a}})E(x) + \frac{a^2}{4}(e^{\frac{2k}{a}} - 2 + e^{-\frac{2k}{a}})$$

$$E(x^2) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f_x(x) dx = \frac{1}{2a} \left[ \int_{-\infty}^0 x^2 e^{\frac{x-k}{a}} dx + \int_0^{\infty} x^2 e^{\frac{k-x}{a}} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \left[ e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \int_{-\infty}^0 x^2 e^{\frac{x}{a}} dx + e^{\frac{k}{a}} \int_0^{\infty} x^2 e^{-\frac{x}{a}} dx \right] = \left/ \begin{array}{l} u = x^2 \quad du = 2x dx \\ dv = e^{\frac{x}{a}} dx \quad v = ae^{\frac{x}{a}} \end{array} \right/$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \left[ e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \left( ax^2 e^{\frac{x}{a}} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 - 2a \int_{-\infty}^0 x e^{\frac{x}{a}} dx \right) + e^{\frac{k}{a}} \left( -ax^2 e^{-\frac{x}{a}} \Big|_0^{\infty} + 2a \int_0^{\infty} x e^{-\frac{x}{a}} dx \right) \right]$$

$$= \dots = \frac{1}{2a} \left[ 2a^3 e^{-\frac{k}{a}} + 2a^3 e^{\frac{k}{a}} \right] = a^2 \left[ e^{\frac{k}{a}} + e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right]$$

$$\sigma_x^2 = a^2 \left[ e^{\frac{k}{a}} + e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right] + \left( \frac{a^2}{2} + \frac{a^2}{4} \right) \left[ e^{\frac{2k}{a}} - 2 + e^{-\frac{2k}{a}} \right]$$

$$= a^2 \left[ e^{\frac{k}{a}} + e^{-\frac{k}{a}} \right] + \frac{3a^2}{4} \left[ e^{\frac{2k}{a}} - 2 + e^{-\frac{2k}{a}} \right] = \left/ 2 = \frac{k}{a} \right/$$

$$= 2a^2 \operatorname{ch} z + \frac{3a^2}{2} \operatorname{sh}(2z) - \frac{3a^2}{2}$$

... VARIJANCA LAPLACEOVOG IZVORA