

$$H_p(z) = \begin{bmatrix} H_{00} & H_{01} \\ H_{10} & H_{11} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_0(z) = H_{00}(z^2) + z^{-1} H_{01}(z^2)$$

$$H_1(z) = H_{10}(z^2) + z^{-1} H_{11}(z^2)$$

$$F_p(z) = H_p(z)^{-1}$$

PARAUNITARNOST

$$H_p(z^{-1})^T \cdot H_p(z) = c I$$

$$F_0(z) = \frac{1}{16} (1+z^{-1})^4 (c-z^{-1})(-c^{-1}+z^{-1})$$

OVJETI KONVERGENCIJE

$$H_0(z) \Big|_{z=-1} = 0 \quad |H_0(z)| \Big|_{z=1} = \sqrt{2} \quad \text{Maksimal}$$

$$F_A(z) = -H_0(-z) \rightarrow f_1[n] = h_0[n](-1)^{n+1}$$

$$H_1(z) = F_0(-z) \rightarrow h_1[n] = f_0[n](-1)^n$$

Dovoljan  
-filter nema  
multotakan u rasponu  
 $[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$

$$P_0(z) = (1+z^{-1})^{2p} Q_{2p-2}(z)$$

OVJET POTPUNE REKONSTRUKCIJE

$$P_0(z) - P_0(-z) = 2z^{-L}$$

ako je  $p > 1$  upr 2

$$P_0(z) = (1+z^{-1})^4 (g_0 + g_1 z^{-1} + g_2 z^{-2})$$

izmnožimo, centriramo tako da sve

članovi uz  $p=0$  i  $N/2$

konstantni član  $\neq 1$

broj redova (za  $p=2$  unosi se  $z^3$ )

$$H_p(z) = \prod_{i=0}^{k-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ z^{-i} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -S_{k-i} \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

FUNKCIJA  
SICACE

$$F_p(z) = \prod_{i=1}^k \begin{bmatrix} 1 & S_i \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ z^{-i} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

WAVELET  
FUNKCIJE

$$\begin{cases} H_0^{(N)}(z) = \prod_{i=0}^{N-1} H_0(z^{2^i}) \\ \phi_N(t) = 2^{N/2} h_{0N}[n], \quad \frac{n}{2^N} \leq t \leq \frac{n+1}{2^N} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} H_1^{(N)}(z) = H_1(z^{2^{N-1}}) \prod_{i=0}^{N-2} H_0(z^{2^i}) \\ \psi_N(t) = 2^{N/2} h_{1N}[n], \quad \frac{n}{2^N} \leq t \leq \frac{n+1}{2^N} \end{cases}$$

$$\sigma_x^2 = \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} (x[n] - \bar{x})^2$$

$$G_{SBC} = \frac{2^{-2r} \sum_{k=1}^M \sigma_k^2}{\sum_{k=1}^m \sigma_k^2 2^{-2r_k}}$$