

$$41. \quad x(t) = 1 + \cos(2\pi 1000t + \pi/8)$$

$$R = 10\Omega \quad P = ? \quad A = 1$$

$$\text{za } 1\Omega \text{ je istosmjerna } + \frac{A^2}{2} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} = 1,5 \text{ W}$$

$$\text{za } 10\Omega \text{ je } 10\times \text{ manja } \Rightarrow \frac{1,5}{10} = \boxed{0,15 \text{ W}}$$

$$42. \quad x(t) = \begin{cases} e^{-\alpha t}, t \geq 0 \\ 0, t < 0 \end{cases} \quad t \in \mathbb{R}, \alpha > 0$$

$$\alpha = 30, f = 10 \text{ Hz}, |X(f)| = ?$$

$$X(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j2\pi f t} dt = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-30t} e^{-j2\pi \cdot 10 t} dt = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(30 + j2\pi \cdot 10)t} dt =$$

$$= \frac{1}{30 + j2\pi \cdot 10} e^{-(30 + j2\pi \cdot 10)t} \Big|_0^{\infty} = \frac{-1}{30 + j2\pi \cdot 10}$$

$$|X(f)| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{30^2 + (2\pi \cdot 10)^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{900 + 4\pi^2 \cdot 100}} = \boxed{0,01437}$$

$$43. \quad \frac{\tau}{T_0 \cdot \tau} = \frac{1}{4} \quad \boxed{5\tau = T_0}$$

$$P_{\text{PK}} = \frac{A^2 \tau}{T_0}$$

$$P_{\text{ISTOSM}} = P_{\text{PK}} \cdot \frac{\tau}{T_0}$$

$$\frac{P_{\text{I}}}{P_{\text{PK}}} = \frac{\tau}{T_0} = \frac{\tau}{5\tau} = 0,2 \cdot 100\% = \boxed{20\%}$$

Datum

$$44. f_g = 10 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Hz} = B$$

$$S_N = 10^{-10} \text{ W/Hz} \Rightarrow S_N = \frac{N_0}{2} \quad N_0 = 2 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ W/Hz}$$

$$|H(f)| = 0,2 \quad S_{X_S} = N = N_0 B = 2 \cdot 10^{-10} \cdot 10^7 = 2 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$S_{Y_S} = ?$$

$$S_{Y_S} = S_{X_S} \cdot |H(f)|^2 = 2 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 0,04 = \boxed{0,08 \text{ mW}}$$

$$S_Y = S_X |H(f)|^2$$

$$45. v_m(t) = 0,8 (2\pi 4000t + \frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$A_1 = 0,8$$

$$P_1 = \frac{A_1^2}{2} = 0,32 \text{ W} \quad \frac{P_1}{P_2} = 50 \text{ dB} = 10 \log_{10} X$$

$$P_2 = \frac{A_2^2}{2} \quad \frac{P_1}{P_2} = \sqrt{10} \Rightarrow P_2 = \frac{0,32}{\sqrt{10}} = 0,1012 \text{ W}$$

$$A_2 = \sqrt{2P_2} = 0,45$$

$$v_{m2}(t) = A_2 \cdot (2\pi 4000t + \frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$v_m(t) = 0,45 \cdot (0 + \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{0,45}{\sqrt{2}} = 0,318 \quad (\text{iz grafa očitamo da je to 101})$$

Bilješke

Datum

Bilješke

$$46. v_m(t) = \sin(2\pi 1000t + \frac{\pi}{4}) \Rightarrow A = 1$$

$$f_m = 4000 \text{ Hz}$$

$$L = 32$$

$$W_{\max} = 3 \text{ V}$$

$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right) = \left(\frac{3S}{W_{\max}^2}\right) \cdot L$$

$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right) = ?$$

$$S = \frac{A^2}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right) = \frac{3 \cdot \frac{1}{2}}{9} \cdot 1024 = 170,67$$

$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right) = 10 \log_{10} 170,67 = \boxed{22,32 \text{ dB}}$$

$$47. ??$$

$$48. B = 10000 \text{ Hz} \Rightarrow f_m = 2B = 20000 \text{ Hz}$$

$$L = 256 \Rightarrow r = 8 \quad (L = 2^r)$$

$$T = ? \quad R = \frac{H(x)}{T} \quad H(x) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{vrijeme se traži za 1 bit}$$

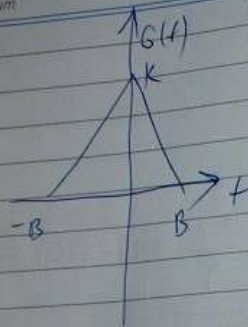
$$R = \frac{1}{T} \Rightarrow T = \frac{1 \text{ bit}}{R} \quad R = f_m \cdot r = 20000 \cdot 8 = 160000 \text{ bit/s}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{160000 \text{ s}^{-1}} = \boxed{6,25 \mu\text{s}}$$

$$49. ??$$



50.



$$G_1(f) = +\frac{K}{B}f + K \quad (-B, 0)$$

$$G_2(f) = -\frac{K}{B}f + K \quad (0, B)$$

formula za pravac kroz  
dve tocke:

1. slucaj  $A(-B, 0), C(0, K)$

$$y - y_1 = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} (x - x_1)$$

isto za drugi slucaj i dobije se  
ono gore

$$P = \int_{-B}^0 G_1(f) df + \int_0^B G_2(f) df = \int_{-B}^0 \left(\frac{K}{B}f + K\right) df + \int_0^B \left(-\frac{K}{B}f + K\right) df$$

$$P = \left[\frac{K}{2B}f^2 + Kf\right]_{-B}^0 + \left[-\frac{K}{2B}f^2 + Kf\right]_0^B = \frac{-K}{2B} \cdot B^2 + KB - \frac{KB^2}{2B} + KB$$

$$= -\frac{KB}{2} + 2KB = \boxed{KB}$$

51. ??

Datum

52.

$$H(x) = 0,75 \cdot 10^6$$

$$W_H = W_H$$

$$S_N = 4 \cdot 10^{-18} \text{ W/Hz} = \frac{N_0}{2} \quad N_0 = 8 \cdot 10^{-18} \text{ W/Hz} \cdot 10^3 = \boxed{8 \cdot 10^{-15} \text{ W/Hz}}$$

$$T = 375 \text{ s}$$

$$R = \frac{H(x)}{T} = 2000$$

$$B = 1000 \text{ Hz}$$

$$N = N_0 B = 8 \cdot 10^{-18}$$

$$R = C = B \log_2 \left(1 + \frac{S}{N}\right)$$

$$S = 3N = \boxed{24 \cdot 10^{-18}}$$

$$\cancel{2000} = \cancel{1000} \log_2 \left(1 + \frac{S}{N}\right)$$

$$\frac{S}{N} = 4 - 1 = 3$$

Wolfman

53.

$$S_2 = x \cdot S_1 \quad N_1 = N_2 = N \quad \frac{S}{N} \gg \gg 1$$

$$B_1 = B_2 = B$$

$$C_2 - C_1 = ?$$

$$C = B \log_2 \left(1 + \frac{S}{N}\right)$$

$$C_2 - C_1 = B_2 \log_2 \left(1 + \frac{S_2}{N_2}\right) - B_1 \log_2 \left(1 + \frac{S_1}{N_1}\right) \quad \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{mozemo zanemariti} \\ 1 \text{ u logaritmu jer} \\ \text{je } \frac{S}{N} \gg \gg 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} N_1 = N_2 = N \\ B_1 = B_2 = B \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow B \left( \log_2 \left( \frac{S_2}{S_1} \right) \right) = \boxed{S_2 = x S_1} = B \log_2 \left( \frac{x S_1}{S_1} \right)$$

$$= \boxed{B \log_2(x)}$$

POVECANJE ZBOG + PREDZNAKA

54.  $S = 1,9 \text{ W}$

$$S_N = 7,5 \cdot 10^{-9} \text{ W/Hz} \Rightarrow N_0 = 2S_N = 15 \cdot 10^{-9}$$

Max kapacitet?

$$C = B \log_2 \left( 1 + \frac{S}{N} \right) = B \log_2 \left( 1 + \frac{1,9}{15 \cdot 10^{-9} B} \right)$$

$$C' = 0 \quad \left( B \log_2 \left( 1 + \frac{1,9}{15 \cdot 10^{-9} B} \right) \right)' = 0 \quad \left( \begin{array}{l} \text{nastavimo} \\ B \text{ i uradimo} \\ \text{poslije u C da} \\ \text{dobijemo MAX} \end{array} \right)$$

- uisam dalje radio!!!

55. ??

56.  $S_S(f) = \begin{cases} \frac{a|f|}{B} & |f| \leq B \\ 0 & |f| > B \end{cases} \quad S_N = a \cdot 10^{-10} \Rightarrow N_0 = 2a \cdot 10^{-10}$

$$|H(f)| = 0,8$$

$$N = N_0 B$$

$$S_y = S_S \cdot |H(f)|^2$$

$$|H(f)|^2 = 0,64$$

$$S = 0,64 \cdot 2 \int_0^B \frac{a f}{B} df = a B \cdot 0,64$$

$$C = B \log_2 \left( 1 + \frac{S}{N} \right) = B \cdot \log_2 \left( 1 + \frac{a B \cdot 0,64}{2a \cdot 10^{-10} B} \right) = \boxed{31,57 B}$$

Metoda

57.  $R_x(\tau) = e^{-0,5|\tau|}$

$$S_N = \frac{N_0}{2} = S_{X_N} \quad |H(f)|^2 = ?$$

$$S_{y_N}(f) = S_{X_N}(f) \quad \left( \begin{array}{l} \text{obični ulaz jednaki} \\ \text{je Gaussovim ulazni} \end{array} \right)$$

$$S_{y_N} = S_{X_N} \cdot |H(f)|^2$$

$$S_{X_N}(f) = \int_{-\infty}^0 e^{0,5\tau} e^{j2\pi f\tau} d\tau + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-0,5\tau} e^{j2\pi f\tau} d\tau$$

$$= \frac{1}{0,5 + j2\pi f} + \frac{1}{0,5 - j2\pi f} = \frac{0,5 + j2\pi f + 0,5 - j2\pi f}{0,25 + 4\pi^2 f^2} = \frac{1}{0,25 + 4\pi^2 f^2}$$

$$|H(f)|^2 = \frac{S_{y_N}}{S_{X_N}} = \frac{4 \cdot \frac{1}{0,25 + 4\pi^2 f^2}}{\frac{1}{0,25 + 4\pi^2 f^2}} = \frac{4}{1 + 16\pi^2 f^2}$$

$$|H(f)|^2 = \frac{8}{N_0(1 + 16\pi^2 f^2)}$$



Datum

58.  $w_{\max} = 8$   $r = ?$   
 $\frac{\Delta}{2} = 20 \cdot 10^{-6}$

$\Delta = \frac{2w_{\max}}{L}$   $L = 2^r$

$2^r = \frac{2w_{\max}}{\Delta} \Rightarrow r = \log_2 \left( \frac{2w_{\max}}{\Delta} \right) = \log_2 \left( \frac{16}{40 \cdot 10^{-6}} \right)$

$r = 18,61 \text{ bit}$  (ZAKRUGIMO NA PRVU VEĆU)

$r = 19$

59.  $B = 4000$

$f_s = w_{\max} = 2B = 8000$

$L = 8$

2 razine  $p = 0,25$   $R = ?$

2 razine  $p = 0,125$

4 razine  $p = 1/16$

$R = f_s \cdot r = f_s \cdot H(x)$

$H(x) = -2 \cdot 0,25 \log_2(0,25) - 2 \cdot 0,125 \log_2(0,125)$

$+ 4 \cdot \frac{1}{16} \log_2 \left( \frac{1}{16} \right) = 2,75 \text{ bit/symb}$

$R = 8000 \cdot 2,75$

$R = 22000 \text{ bit/s}$

Datum

Bilješke

60.  $s(t) = 4 \sin(2\pi 35000t)$

$s = \frac{4^2}{2} = 8$

$R_{\max} = ?$   $\left( \frac{s}{N} \right) = 65 \text{ dB} = 10 \log_{10} \lambda$

$\left( \frac{s}{N} \right) = 10^{6,5}$

$w_{\max} = 4$

$B = 35000$

$\left( \frac{s}{N} \right) = \left( \frac{3s}{w_{\max}^2} \right) \cdot 2^{2r} = \frac{3}{2} 2^{2r}$

$R = f_s \cdot r = 2B \cdot r$

$r = \log_2 \left( \frac{2 \cdot 10^{6,5}}{3} \right) = 10,5$

$r = 70000 \cdot 11$

$r = 11$

$R = 770 \text{ kbit/s}$

61.

$\frac{E_{b1}}{N_0} = 100$

$\frac{\alpha_1^2 P_1}{C_1 N_0} = 100$

ima sad formula:  $\frac{E_b}{N_0} = \frac{2^{\frac{C}{B}} - 1}{\frac{C}{B}}$

$\alpha_2 = \frac{\alpha_1}{2}$

$B_1 \neq B_2$

$P_1 = P_2$

$\frac{E_{b2}}{N_0} = 25$

primjenimo:  $\frac{C}{B_1} = \log_2(100 \frac{C}{B_1} + 1)$

$\frac{C}{B_1} = 9,9617$

$C_1 = C_2$

$\frac{C}{B_2} = \log_2(25 \frac{C}{B_2} + 1)$

$\frac{C}{B_2} = 7,57216$

$\frac{B_2}{B_1} = ?$

$\frac{B_2}{B_1} = \frac{9,9617}{7,57216} = 1,316$

Shetino

Datum

$$(62.) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-10) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{20}t\right) dt = ?$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-t_0) \cdot x(t) dt = x(t_0)$$

$$= \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{20}t_0\right) = \left| t_0=10 \right| = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\boxed{= 1}$$

$$(63.) \quad ??$$

$$(64.) \quad ??$$