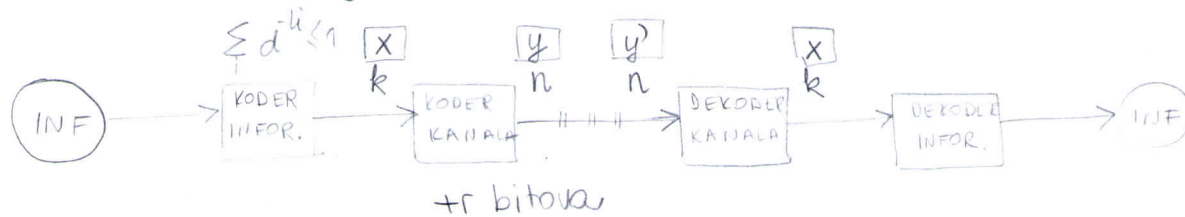


MASS

TINF-ZI

zaštita kodiranja



$$n = k + r$$

blok kod — K

$$M = 2^k$$

n - broj bitova kodne riječi

k - broj informacijskih bitova

r - broj dodatnih bitova (redundancija)

t - broj pogrešaka koje kod može ispraviti, $r \nearrow t \nearrow R \searrow$ kodna brzina

s - broj pogrešaka koje kod može otkriti

d - min. Hamm. udaljenost

$$K[n, M, d]$$

$$K[n, k, d]$$

$$K[n, k]$$

Hamm. mesta

$$M \leq \frac{2^n}{\sum_{i=0}^t \binom{n}{i}}$$

uvjet postojanja blok koda

linearni blok kod K — sadrži kodnu riječ $\vec{0}$

$$K = \begin{Bmatrix} \infty \dots \dots \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}_{n \times 2^k}$$

$$t = \left\lfloor \frac{d-1}{2} \right\rfloor$$

$$s = d - 1$$

$$R(K) = \frac{k}{n}$$

3.1.

$$t=1$$

$$M=52$$

$$n=9$$

$$52 \leq \frac{2^9}{\binom{9}{0} + \binom{9}{1}}$$

ϕ ne postoji

3.2

$$K[n, 2]$$

$$k=2 \rightarrow M=2^k=4$$

$$d=5 \rightarrow t = \frac{d-1}{2} = 2$$

min n ?

Krećemo od $n=d=5$ i provjeravamo
ujednačenost.

$$M \leq \frac{2^n}{\sum_{i=0}^t \binom{n}{i}}$$

3.4

$$K = \begin{cases} 00000 \\ 10011 \\ 11101 \\ 01110 \end{cases}$$

$$M=4 \rightarrow k = \log_2 M = 2$$

$$n=5$$

$$r = n - k = 3$$

i) $d = \text{najmanja težina kodnih riječi} \rightarrow d=3 \rightarrow s=2$
 $\rightarrow t=1$

ii) linearna? da jer sadrži kodnu riječ 0.

II uvjet: $G = k \times n$

generirajuća matrica \rightarrow

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 10011 \\ 11101 \end{bmatrix} \left. \vphantom{\begin{bmatrix} 10011 \\ 11101 \end{bmatrix}} \right\} k=2$$

$n=5$

linearnom kombinacijom vektora a i b je
možda dobiti sve kodne riječi

$$0 \cdot a \oplus 0 \cdot b = 00000$$

$$0 \cdot a \oplus 1 \cdot b = 11101$$

$$1 \cdot a \oplus 0 \cdot b = 10011$$

$$1 \cdot a \oplus 1 \cdot b = 01110$$

3.28. $M=16$ S.F. — kod je blok kod
 $k=4$
 $t=4 \longrightarrow d=2t+1=9$
 $R(k) = \frac{k}{n} = \frac{4}{n}$

max. n $n=\infty$ $R_1(k) = \frac{4}{\infty} = 0$
 $r=\infty$

min. n. krećemo od $n=d=9$ i provjeravamo ujednačenost...

$n=15 \checkmark$

$R_2(k) = \frac{4}{15}$

3.6. $K = \begin{bmatrix} 00000 \\ 10010 \\ 10100 \\ 00110 \end{bmatrix}$

$G = [I_k \ A]$ standardni oblik
generirajuće matrice

$n=5$

$k=2, M=4$

$d=2$ (može se
vidjeti u G)

$G_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 10010 \\ 10100 \end{bmatrix}$

$G_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 10100 \\ 00110 \end{bmatrix}$

$G_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 10010 \\ 00110 \end{bmatrix}$

$00110 \checkmark$

—matrica G se može napisati u stand.
obliku za kod K

ekvivalentni kodovi

$K_1 \equiv K_2$

$t_1 = t_2$

gener. mat. ekvival. kodova:

1. Zamjena stupaca

2. Zbrajanje redova

3. Zamjena redova

$K' \rightarrow G'_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 10100 \\ 01100 \end{bmatrix}$

$K' = \begin{bmatrix} 00000 \\ 10100 \\ 01100 \\ 11000 \end{bmatrix}$

3.8.

$$H = (n-k) \times n$$

$$r \times n$$

matrica provjere pariteta

$$H^T = \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}_n$$

Redci H^T su sindromi.

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{H'} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{H''} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} A^T & I_r \end{matrix}$$

$$n=6$$

$$r=3$$

$$k=3 \rightarrow M=2^k=8$$

$$H = [A^T | I_r]$$

$$G'' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Vraćamo se od G'' do G zamjenom stupaca
(ne vraćamo promijene nad redcima)

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow d=3$$

$$t = \frac{d-1}{2} = 1$$

$$G \cdot H^T = 0$$

y = kodna riječ koju šaljem

y' = primljena kodna riječ

x = informacija

$$y \cdot H^T = 0$$

$$y' \cdot H^T = s(y') \text{ sindrom}$$

$$y' = 110110$$

$s(y')$ dimeuzije r

$$y' \cdot H^T = [110110] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 111 \\ 110 \\ 001 \\ 101 \\ 010 \\ 100 \end{bmatrix} = [110] \text{ - tražimo sindrom u } H^T$$

pogreška se dogodila na 2. bitu

$$y = 100110$$

dualni kod K^\perp : $X_K \cdot X_{K^\perp}^T = 0$

$$K \rightarrow (G, H)$$

$$K^\perp \rightarrow (H, G)$$

↳ generirajuća matrica koda K^\perp

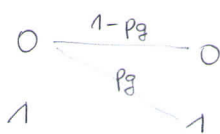
3.12. $K = \begin{bmatrix} 0101 \\ 1010 \\ 1100 \end{bmatrix}$

$$K^\perp = \begin{bmatrix} 0000 \\ 1111 \end{bmatrix}$$

kod nije linearan $M \neq 2^k$

! Svake kodna riječ dualnog koda pomnožena sa svakom koduom Riječi zadatog koda daje nulu.

3.14.



$$\begin{bmatrix} 1-p_B & p_B \\ p_B & 1-p_B \end{bmatrix} \text{ matrica prijelaza simetričnog lanca,}$$

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 00000 \\ 11010 \\ 01111 \\ 10101 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G = 2 \times 5$$

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 10101 \\ 01111 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M=4$$

$$k=2$$

$$n=5$$

$$r=3$$

$$t=1$$

$$d=3$$

$$s=2$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 100 \\ 01 & 010 \\ 11 & 001 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = 3 \times 5$$

Kod može ispraviti sve jednostukne pogreške

Standardni niz

Vektor pogreške \bar{e}

Sindrom

$$S(y) = y \cdot H^T$$

00000	← + 11010	01111	10101	000
00001	→			001
00010				010
00100				100
01000				111
10000	01010	11111	00101	101

$$H^T = \begin{bmatrix} 101 \\ 111 \\ 100 \\ 010 \\ 001 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{pogr. u 1. bitu} \\ \text{2. bitu} \\ \text{3. bitu} \\ \text{4. bitu} \\ \text{5. bitu} \end{array}$$

$$P = \sum_{i=0}^t \binom{n}{i} p_g^i (1-p_g)^{n-i}$$

+ P(2 pogreške sa sindromima koji nisu u H^T)

$$P_{isp} = P(0 \text{ pogrešaka}) + P(1 \text{ pogreška})$$

$$= \binom{5}{0} p_g^0 (1-p_g)^5 + \binom{5}{1} p_g^1 (1-p_g)^4$$

(vj. ispravnog dekodiranja)
(ako koristimo sindromsko
dekodiranje)

$$+ 2 \cdot p_g^2 (1-p_g)^2$$

011
110

— ne ulaze se u H^T

— mogu ispraviti dvije dvostukne pogreške

$$\begin{array}{r} 100 \rightarrow 3. \text{ bit gr.} \\ + 010 \rightarrow 4. \\ \hline 011 \checkmark \end{array}$$

$$\bar{e} = 00110$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 111 \rightarrow 2. \text{ bit} \\ + 001 \rightarrow 5. \text{ bit} \\ \hline 110 \checkmark \end{array}$$

$$\bar{e} = 01001$$

→ Rješenje u moza bitu
jednoznačno

$$\begin{array}{r} 100 \rightarrow 3. \text{ bit} \\ 010 \rightarrow 4. \text{ bit} \\ \hline 110 \end{array}$$

3.21

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \begin{array}{c} 011 \\ 010 \end{array}$$

svi mogući sindromi

$$y' = \overset{\downarrow}{1} \overset{\downarrow}{1} \overset{\downarrow}{0} \overset{\downarrow}{1} \overset{\downarrow}{0}$$

$$y' \cdot H^T = \underline{\underline{011}}$$

$$y = 01100 \quad \text{ili} \quad 10011 \quad (\text{Rj. nije jednoznačno})$$

$$\begin{array}{lcl} (000 & \text{---} & 00000) \\ 100 & \text{---} & 10000 \\ 110 & \text{---} & 01000 \\ 111 & \text{---} & 00100 \\ 011 & \text{---} & 00010 \\ 101 & \text{---} & 00001 \\ 011 & \text{---} & \underline{10100} \quad \text{ili} \quad 01001 \\ 010 & \text{---} & \underline{00101} \quad \text{ili} \quad 00101 \end{array}$$

3.24

Hammingov koder $\rightarrow d=3$
 $t=1$
 $s=2$
 $\text{Ham}(r)$

zaštitni bitovi se ualaze u 2^k pozicijama

$$\underline{r_1} \quad \underline{r_2} \quad \underline{k_1} \quad \underline{r_3} \quad \underline{k_2} \quad \underline{k_3}$$

Ham [7,4]

$$r=3$$

$$M=16$$

$$1010101 \dots$$

1. 2. 4.

$$\text{---} \text{---} 1 \text{---} 010$$

k bitova ulazi u koder!



$$H = r \times n$$

$$3 \times 7$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

↑ * •

$$p_g = 0,004$$

paritetno kodiranje $n = k+1$, $t=0$, $s=1$ $\rightarrow n = 4+1 = 5!$

parno

neparno

Vj. ispravnog dekodiranja?

$$P_{Ham} = \binom{7}{0} p_g^0 (1-p_g)^7 + \binom{7}{1} p_g^1 (1-p_g)^6$$

$n=7$ za Ham

\rightarrow isto bi bilo i za sindromsko dekodiranje jer vemo neiskorištenih sindroma u H^T .

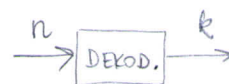
$$P_{par} = \binom{5}{0} p_g^0 (1-p_g)^5$$

$n=5!$ za par

$$\Delta p = ?$$

3.27 $M=128 \rightarrow k=7$

1111011000100... na ulazu dekodera



$$\begin{aligned} 2^r - 1 &= \\ 2^r - 1 - r &= n \end{aligned}$$

$k_1 \ k_2 \ k_3 \ k_4 \ k_5 \ k_6 \ k_7$

$$n = 11$$

$$r = 4$$

$y \cdot H^T = s(y) \rightarrow$ kažimo ga u $H^T \rightarrow$ ispravimo grešku \rightarrow nađemo poslani riječ $k_1 k_2 \dots k_7$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & & & & & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & & & & & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & & & & & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & & & & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3.29 $M=123 \rightarrow k=7$

$$\begin{aligned} r &= 4 \\ n &= 11 \end{aligned}$$

poruka = 11 bita

$$\frac{C}{r} = 3624 \frac{\text{poruka}}{s}$$

$$B = 4 \text{ kHz}$$

$$\left(\frac{S}{N}\right)_{dB} = 30 \text{ dB}$$

$$10 \log(x) = 30$$

$$x = 1000$$

uvijek aps. vrijednost

$$C = B \cdot \log_2 \left(1 + \frac{S}{N}\right)$$

8. $C = \dots = 39860 \frac{\text{bit}}{s} = \text{max. brzina u kanalu}$

CIKLIČNI KOD.

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} g_r & g_{r-1} & g_{r-2} & \dots & g_0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & \dots & 0 & g_r & g_{r-1} & \dots & \dots & g_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} h_0 & h_1 & \dots & h_k & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & \dots & 0 & h_0 & h_1 & \dots & \dots & h_k \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\zeta = [d | r]$$

$$\begin{matrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \text{?} & \text{?} & \text{?} & \text{?} \end{matrix} \rightarrow x^3 + x$$

$d(x)$ informacija

$r(x)$ zaštitni bitovi

$c(x)$ kodna riječ

$g(x)$ generirajući polinom

$h(x)$

$$(x^n + 1) = g(x) \cdot h(x)$$

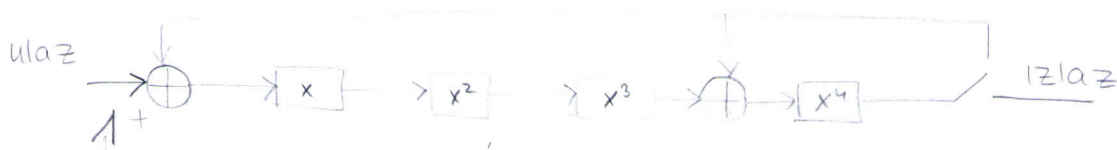
$$r(x) = d(x) \cdot x^r \bmod [g(x)] = \text{CRC}$$

$$s(x) = c(x) \cdot x^r \bmod [g(x)]$$

$$g(x) = x^r + \dots + 1$$

$$h(x) = x^k + \dots + 1$$

3.30



$$g(x) = x^4 + x^3 + 1$$

$$r = 4$$

$$k[15, k]$$

$$k = n - r = 11$$

na ulazu kodera: 10101010101010101...

$$k = 11$$

$$d(x) = x^{10} + x^8 + x^6 + x^4 + x^2 + 1$$

$$r(x) = d(x) \cdot x^r \bmod [g(x)]$$

dieljenje polinoma...

$$\text{ostatak} = r(x) = x^3 + x^2 + 1$$

$$r=4 \quad \underline{1} \quad \underline{1} \quad \underline{0} \quad \underline{1}$$

$$c(x) = d(x) \cdot x^r + r(x)$$

$$c(x) = x^{14} + x^{12} + x^{10} + x^3 + x^6 + x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + 1$$

3.31. $g(x) = x^3 + x^2 + 1$

$$r=3$$

$$K[7, k]$$

$$k = 7 - 3 = 4$$

na ulazu dekodera: $\underbrace{10011100}_{n=7} \dots$

$$c(x) = x^6 + x^3 + x^2 + x$$

$$s(x) = c(x) \cdot x^r \bmod [g(x)]$$

3.32. $g(x) = x^3 + x^7 + x^6 + x^4 + 1$; $K[,]$

$(x^n + 1) : g(x)$ ako nema ostatka, $g(x)$ je generirajući polinom koda K