

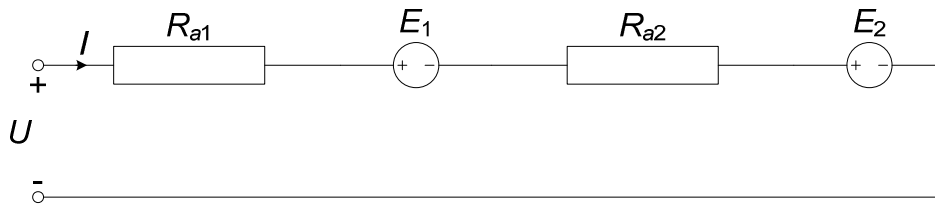
UPRAVLJANJE ELEKTROMOTORNIM POGONIMA
1. međuispit 2008.

1. Zadani podaci su:

M1: 18,4 kW; 220 V; 92,5 A; 1220 r/min; 0,25 Ω

M2: 21,3 kW; 220 V; 107,4 A; 1280 r/min; 0,2 Ω

(a) Nadomjesna shema je:



$$U - I(R_{a1} + R_{a2}) - E_1 - E_2 = 0$$

$$U = I(R_{a1} + R_{a2}) + n(c_{e1} + c_{e2})$$

[vrte se istom brzinom pa je zajednički n]

$$I = \frac{M_1}{c_{m1}} = \frac{M_2}{c_{m2}}$$

[ista je struja armature]

$$M_1 + M_2 = M \rightarrow M_1 = M - M_2$$

[ukupni moment je zbroj pojedinih momenata motora]

$$\frac{M_1}{c_{m1}} = \frac{M_2}{c_{m2}} \rightarrow M_1 c_{m2} = M_2 c_{m1}$$

$$(M - M_2) c_{m2} = M_2 c_{m1} \rightarrow M_2 = M \frac{c_{m2}}{c_{m1} + c_{m2}}$$

$$I = \frac{M_2}{c_{m2}} = \frac{M \frac{c_{m2}}{c_{m1} + c_{m2}}}{c_{m2}} = \frac{M}{c_{m1} + c_{m2}}$$

$$U = I(R_{a1} + R_{a2}) + n(c_{e1} + c_{e2}) = \frac{M(R_{a1} + R_{a2})}{c_{m1} + c_{m2}} + n(c_{e1} + c_{e2})$$

$$n = \frac{U - \frac{M(R_{a1} + R_{a2})}{c_{m1} + c_{m2}}}{c_{e1} + c_{e2}}$$

Konstante c_{e1} , c_{e2} , c_{m1} i c_{m2} se dobiju kao:

$$c_{e1} = \frac{U_{an1} - I_{an1}R_{a1}}{n_{n1}} = \frac{220 - 92,5 \cdot 0,25}{1220} = 0,1614 \text{ Vmin/r}$$

$$c_{e2} = \frac{U_{an2} - I_{an2}R_{a2}}{n_{n2}} = \frac{220 - 107,4 \cdot 0,2}{1280} = 0,1551 \text{ Vmin/r}$$

$$c_{m1} = \frac{30c_{e1}}{\pi} = 1,541 \text{ Nm/A}$$

$$c_{m2} = \frac{30c_{e2}}{\pi} = 1,481 \text{ Nm/A}$$

Sada slijedi da je brzina vrtnje jednaka:

$$n = \frac{440 - \frac{240 \cdot (0,25 + 0,2)}{1,541 + 1,481}}{0,1614 + 0,1551} = 1227,3 \text{ r/min}$$

(b) Iz jednadžbe

$$U = \frac{M(R_{a1} + R_{a2})}{c_{m1} + c_{m2}} + n(c_{e1} + c_{e2})$$

slijedi:

$$U = \frac{240 \cdot (0,25 + 0,2)}{1,541 + 1,481} + 700 \cdot (0,1614 + 0,1551) = 257,29 \text{ V}$$

(c) Sada je $U = 440 \text{ V}$ i $n = -700 \text{ r/min}$:

$$U = \frac{M(R_{a1} + R_{a2} + R_p)}{c_{m1} + c_{m2}} + n(c_{e1} + c_{e2}) \rightarrow R_p = \frac{U - n(c_{e1} + c_{e2})}{M} (c_{m1} + c_{m2}) - (R_{a1} + R_{a2})$$

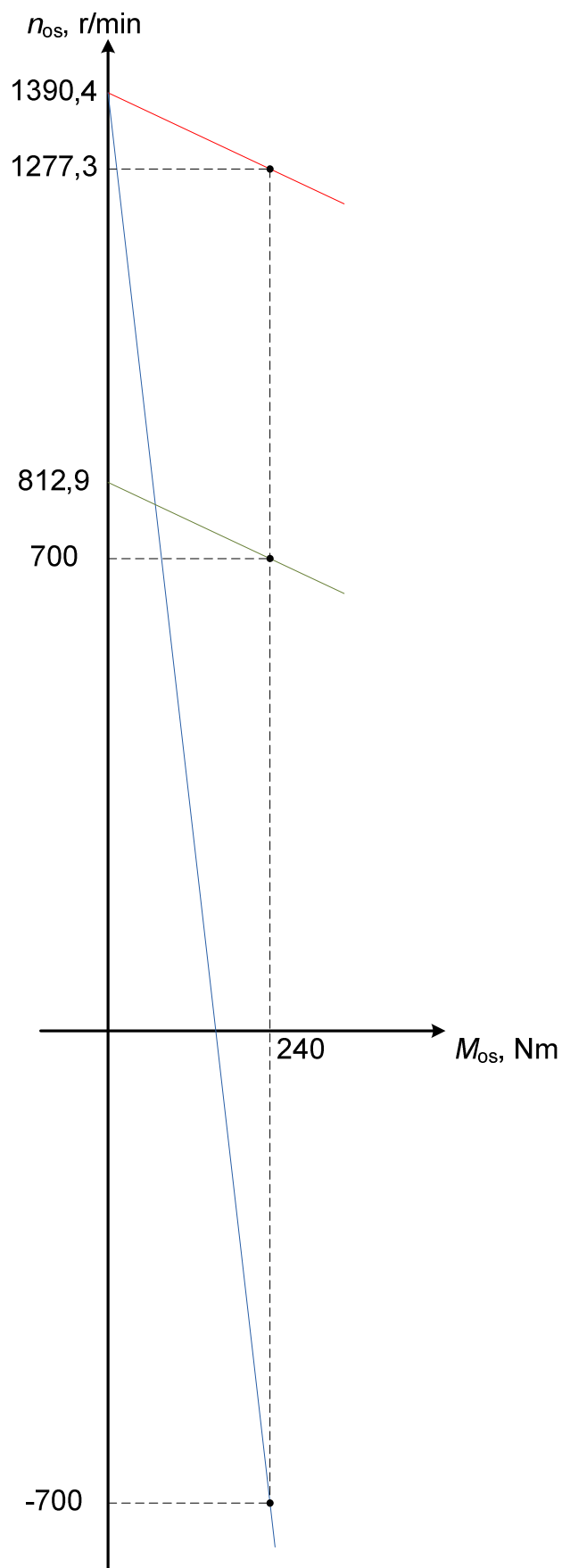
$$R_p = \frac{440 + 700(0,1614 + 0,1551)}{240} (1,541 + 1,481) - (0,25 + 0,2) = 7,88 \Omega$$

(d) Brzina praznog hoda za **(a)** i **(c)** dio zadatka je:

$$n = \frac{U}{c_{e1} + c_{e2}} = \frac{440}{0,1614 + 0,1551} = 1390,4 \text{ r/min}$$

Brzina praznog hoda za **(b)** dio zadatka je:

$$n = \frac{U}{c_{e1} + c_{e2}} = \frac{257,29}{0,1614 + 0,1551} = 812,9 \text{ r/min}$$



(a), (b), (c)

2. Zadani podaci su:

$$P_n = 2500 \text{ W}$$

$$U_{an} = 220 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{an} = 15,6 \text{ A}$$

$$n_n = 1000 \text{ r/min}$$

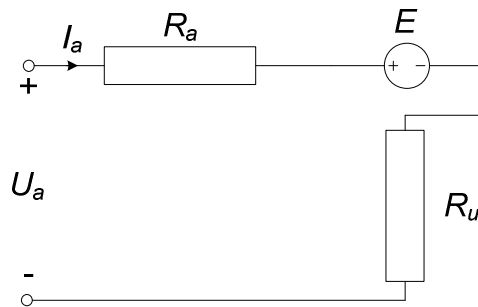
$$R_a = 1,3 \, \Omega$$

$$R_u = 0,9 \, \Omega$$

$$M_m = k I_a^2$$

$$M_t = 25 \text{ Nm}$$

Nadomjesna shema je:



(a) Iz nadomjesne sheme vrijedi:

$$U_a - I_a(R_a + R_u) - E = 0$$

$$U_a - I_a(R_a + R_u) - k_E \Phi n = 0$$

$$U_a - I_a(R_a + R_u) - k_E k_\Phi I_a n = 0 \rightarrow k_E k_\Phi = \frac{U_a - I_a(R_a + R_u)}{I_a n}$$

Uzimamo nazivnu radnu točku:

$$k_E k_\Phi = \frac{U_{an} - I_{an}(R_a + R_u)}{I_{an} n_n} = \frac{220 - 15,6 \cdot 2,2}{15,6 \cdot 1000} = 0,011903 \text{ Amin/r}$$

$$k_M k_\Phi = \frac{30 k_E k_\Phi}{\pi} = 0,11366 \text{ Nm/A}^2$$

Moment je jednak:

$$M = k_M \Phi I_a = k_M k_\Phi I_a^2$$

Slijedi da za zadani teret struja iznosi:

$$I_{at} = \sqrt{\frac{M_t}{k_M k_\Phi}} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{0,11366}} = 14,83 \text{ A}$$

Sada je:

$$U_{an} - I_{at}(R_a + R_u) - k_E k_\Phi I_{at} n_t = 0 \rightarrow n_t = \frac{U_{an} - I_{at}(R_a + R_u)}{k_E k_\Phi I_{at}}$$

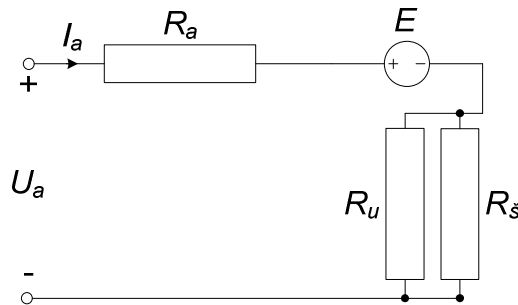
$$n_t = \frac{220 - 14,83 \cdot 2,2}{0,011903 \cdot 14,83} = 1061,5 \text{ r/min}$$

(b)

$$U_{an} - I_{at}(R_a + R_u + R_p) - k_E k_\Phi I_{at} n'_t = 0$$

$$R_p = \frac{U_{an} - k_E k_\Phi I_{at} n'_t}{I_{at}} - R_a - R_u = \frac{220 - 0,011903 \cdot 14,83 \cdot 500}{14,83} - 2,2 = 6,68 \Omega$$

(c) Ako se šantira uzбудni namot to znači da se uzbudnom namotu u paralelu dodaje otpor. Nadomjesna shema je:



Za nadomjesnu shemu slijedi:

$$U_{an} - I_a \left(R_a + \frac{R_u R_\text{š}}{R_u + R_\text{š}} \right) - k_E \Phi n''_t = 0$$

$$\Phi = k_\Phi I_u$$

$$M = k_M \Phi I_a = k_M k_\Phi I_u I_a$$

I_u teče kroz uzbudni namot pa slijedi:

$$I_u = I_a \frac{R_\text{š}}{R_u + R_\text{š}} = \frac{2}{3} I_a$$

$$M = k_M k_\Phi I_u I_a = \frac{2}{3} k_M k_\Phi I_a^2 \rightarrow I_a = \sqrt{\frac{M}{\frac{2}{3} k_M k_\Phi}} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{\frac{2}{3} \cdot 0,11366}} = 18,164 \text{ A}$$

$$I_u = 12,109 \text{ A}$$

$$n''_t = \frac{U_{an} - I_a \left(R_a + \frac{R_u R_\text{š}}{R_u + R_\text{š}} \right)}{k_E k_\Phi I_u} = \frac{220 - 18,164 \cdot \left(1,3 + \frac{0,9 \cdot 1,8}{0,9 + 1,8} \right)}{0,011903 \cdot 12,109} = 1286,9 \text{ r/min}$$

3. Zadani podaci su:

$$P_n = 2200 \text{ W}$$

$$U_{an} = 110 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{an} = 22,5 \text{ A}$$

$$n_n = 390 \text{ r/min}$$

$$R_a = 0,7 \Omega$$

$$J_M = 0,055 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$J_{mz} = 0,015 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$J_{b+vz} = J_b + J_{vz} = 1,245 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$m_t = 500 \text{ kg}$$

$$i = 30$$

$$\eta_{zp} = 0,79$$

$$\eta_b = 0,94$$

$$r_b = 0,5 \text{ m}$$

$$U_{DC} = 120 \text{ V}$$

(a)

$$J_{UK} = J_M + J_{mz} + J_{b+vz} \frac{1}{\eta_{zp}} \frac{1}{i^2} + m_t r_b^2 \frac{1}{\eta_{zp}} \frac{1}{\eta_b} \frac{1}{i^2}$$

$$J_{UK} = 0,055 + 0,015 + 1,245 \cdot \frac{1}{0,79} \cdot \frac{1}{30^2} + 500 \cdot 0,5^2 \cdot \frac{1}{0,79} \cdot \frac{1}{0,94} \cdot \frac{1}{30^2} = 0,25878 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$P_t = \eta_{zp} \eta_b P_m = \eta_{zp} \eta_b M_m \omega_m$$

$$P_t = m_t g v_t = m_t g \omega_t r_b$$

$$\eta_{zp} \eta_b M_m \omega_m = m_t g \omega_t r_b \rightarrow M_m = \frac{m_t g \omega_t r_b}{\eta_{zp} \eta_b \omega_m} = \frac{m_t g r_b}{\eta_{zp} \eta_b} \frac{\omega_t}{\omega_m} = \frac{m_t g r_b}{\eta_{zp} \eta_b i}$$

$$M_m = \frac{m_t g r_b}{\eta_{zp} \eta_b i} = \frac{500 \cdot 0,5 \cdot 9,81}{0,79 \cdot 0,94 \cdot 30} = 110,09 \text{ Nm}$$

(b) Radi se o bipolarnoj modulaciji pa je:

$$U_a = (2D - 1)U_{DC} \rightarrow D = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{U_a}{U_{DC}} \right)$$

Konstante motora su:

$$c_e = \frac{U_{an} - I_{an} R_a}{n_n} = \frac{110 - 22,5 \cdot 0,7}{390} = 0,24167 \text{ Vmin/r}$$

$$c_m = \frac{30 c_e}{\pi} = 2,30775 \text{ Nm/A}$$

$$M_m = c_m I_a \rightarrow I_a = \frac{M_m}{c_m} = \frac{110,09}{2,30775} = 47,7 \text{ A}$$

$$n_m = \frac{30\omega_m}{\pi} = \frac{30i\omega_b}{\pi} = \frac{30iv_t}{r_b\pi}$$

$$n_m = \frac{U_a - I_a R_a}{c_e} \rightarrow U_a = n_m c_e + I_a R_a = \frac{30iv_t}{r_b\pi} c_e + I_a R_a$$

$$U_a = \frac{30 \cdot 30 \cdot 0,5}{0,5 \cdot \pi} \cdot 0,24167 + 47,7 \cdot 0,7 = 102,62 \text{ V}$$

$$D = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{102,62}{120} \right) = 0,928$$

(c) Radi se o elektrodinamičkom koćenju pa je $U_a = 0$, dok je smjer struje suprotan (predznak minus):

$$n_m = \frac{U_a - I_a(R_a + R_p)}{c_e} \rightarrow R_p = -\frac{n_m c_e}{I_a} - R_a = -\frac{\frac{30iv_t}{r_b\pi} c_e}{I_a} - R_a$$

$$R_p = -\frac{\frac{30 \cdot 30 \cdot 0,5}{0,5 \cdot \pi} \cdot 0,24167}{-47,7} - 0,7 = 0,75 \text{ } \Omega$$