

SMPH

150 kW

400 V

50 Hz

4 poles

$R_s = 0.03$

$X_{s0} = 0.05$

$X_{md} = 0.2$

$X_{mg} = 0.5$

$U_s = 1$

a) alor $\gamma = 0$

$I_s = 1, t = 1$

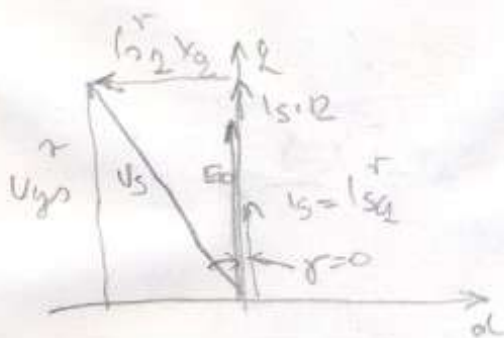
$M, \cos \phi, E_0$

b) alor γ $I_s = 1$

$E_0 = E_0(a)$

γ i U_s za max M

$M = ?$



$$a) X_d = X_{md} + X_{s0} = 0.25$$

$$X_q = X_{mg} + X_{s0} = 0.55$$

$$E_0 = \sqrt{U_s^2 - (I_{s0} X_q)^2} - I_{s0} R_s$$

$$= 0.805$$

$$M_{em} = \frac{1}{\omega_r} E_0 I_{s0} = \frac{1}{1} 0.805 \cdot 1$$

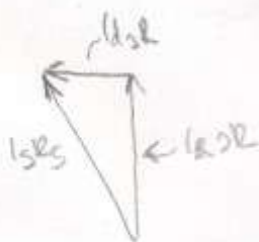
$$= 0.805$$

$$\cos \phi = \frac{E_0 + I_s R_s}{U_s} = 0.835$$

$$b) M_{em} = \frac{1}{\omega} \left[E_d \cos \gamma + \frac{1}{2} (X_d - X_q) I_s^2 \sin 2\gamma \right] \bigg| \frac{dM}{d\gamma}$$

$$0.6 \sin^2 \gamma - 0.805 \sin \gamma - 0.3 = 0$$

$$\sin \gamma = -0.30309 \rightarrow \gamma = 17.65^\circ$$



$$V_s = \sqrt{(E_o + I_{a0} R_s + I_{a0} X_d)^2 + (-I_{a0} R_s + I_{a0} X_q)^2}$$

$$\underline{V_s = 0.5284 \text{ p.u.}}$$

27. AM

500W

400V

50Hz

2 poles

$$R_s = 0.018 \Omega$$

$$X_{os} = 0.09$$

$$R_a = 0.022$$

$$X_{os} = 0.05$$

$$\underline{X_m = 2.5}$$

$$S_m = 0.02575$$

a) i_{2p} i i_{2m} ?

za hčej puzora na $M = 0.5 M_n$

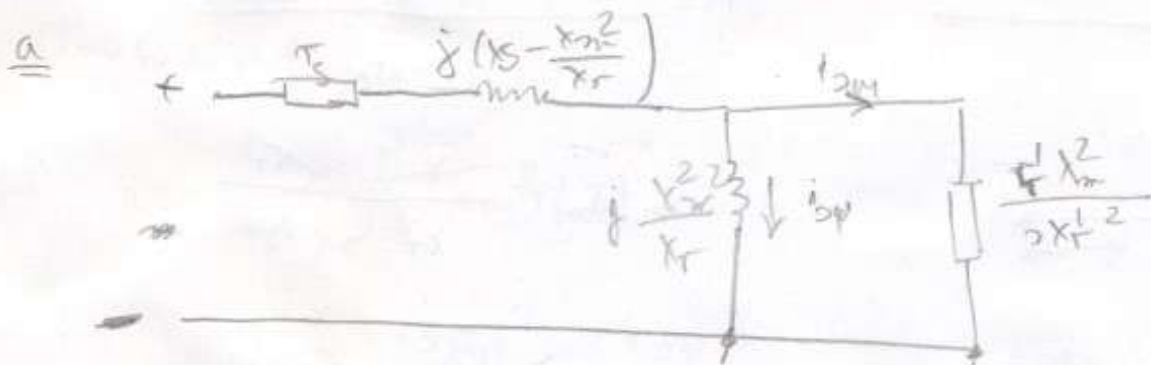
uz ψ_n

za, medno opt. faktor drolit, i_s , i_r i U_s . Izračunajte napon
statora der $f = 15 \text{ Hz}$

bi i_{2p} i i_{2m}

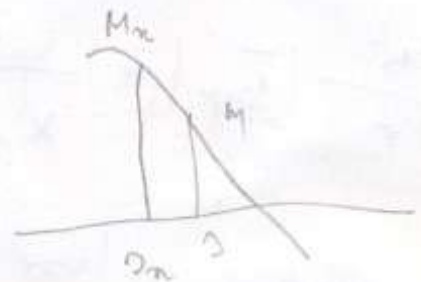
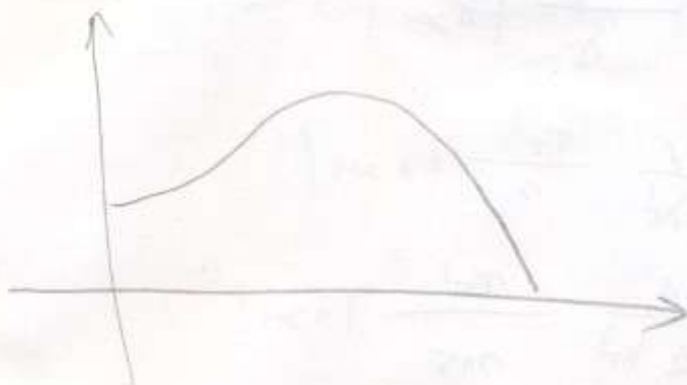
M_{max}

$(\alpha \leq \alpha_{cr})$



$$M_m = \frac{1}{1 - 2\alpha} = 1.0264$$

$$M = 0.5 M_n = 0.5132$$



$$\Delta = 0.012875$$

$$k = \frac{f}{f_m} = \frac{15}{50} = 0.3$$

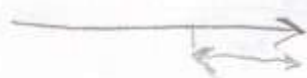
$$\Delta \omega = 0.15 \text{ Hz} \cdot B$$

$$56 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\Delta = 0.15 \text{ Hz} \cdot B$$



m)



$$x_r' = x_{or} + x_m = 3.53$$

$$x_g = x_{or} + x_m = 3.59$$

$$M = \frac{|\overline{a_{gm}}|^2 \frac{x_m^2}{x_r'^2} \frac{B}{H} \cdot \frac{\tau_r'}{0.15 \text{ Hz}}}{12 \cdot 10^3}$$

$$= |\overline{a_{gm}}|^2 \frac{x_m^2}{x_r'^2} \frac{\tau_r'}{\Delta}$$

$$\Rightarrow |\overline{a_{gm}}| = 0.5261$$

$$\frac{x_m^2}{x_r'^2} |\overline{a_{\psi}}| = \frac{x_m^2}{x_r'^2} \frac{\tau_r'}{\Delta} |\overline{a_{gm}}|$$

$$|\overline{a_{\psi}}| = \frac{1}{x_r'} \frac{\tau_r'}{\Delta} |\overline{a_{gm}}|$$

$$|\overline{a_{\psi}}| = \frac{1}{B x_r'} \frac{\tau_r'}{0.15} |\overline{a_{gm}}|$$

$$|i_{\phi}| = \frac{1}{x_L'} \frac{x_2'}{2} |\bar{i}_{sm}|$$

$$= 0.2675$$

$$i_1 = \sqrt{|i_{sm}|^2 + |i_{\phi}|^2} = 0.6225$$

$$Z = 0.4808 \angle 30.27^\circ$$

$$u_s = |i_1| |Z| = 0.293$$

$$U = 4.44 N \phi f$$

$$M = \frac{x_m^2}{x_r'} |\bar{i}_{sm}| |\bar{i}_{\phi}|$$

$$|i_s|^2 = |i_{sm}|^2 + |i_{\phi}|^2$$

$$M = \frac{x_m^2}{x_r'} |\bar{i}_{sm}| \sqrt{|i_s|^2 - |\bar{i}_{sm}|^2}$$

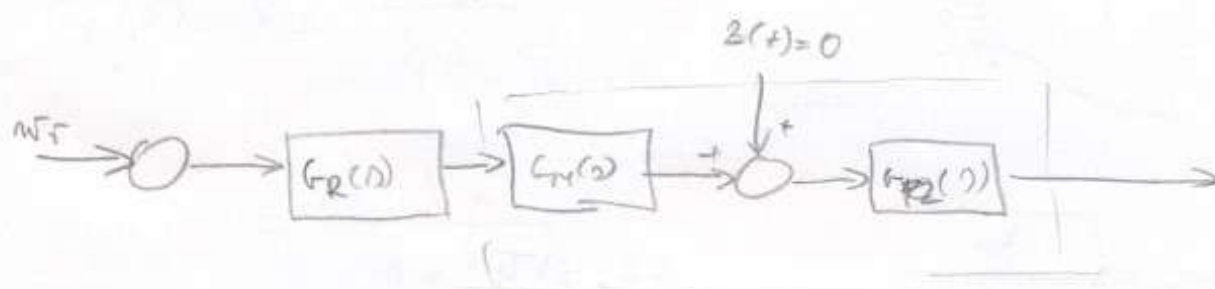
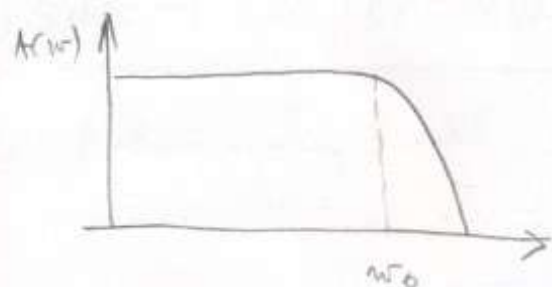
$$0.625$$

$$\frac{dM}{d|\bar{i}_{sm}|} \Rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow |\bar{i}_{sm}| = \frac{|\bar{i}_s|}{\sqrt{2}} = 0.4402$$

① TEHNIČKI OPTIMUM

- proširení optimumu na dolozci

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$$G_{p1}(s) = \frac{k_p}{1+T_1 s}$$

$$k_p = 2$$

$$T_1 = 0.05 \text{ s}$$

$$T_\Sigma = 0.01 \text{ s}$$

$$G_{p2}(s) = \frac{1}{1+T_2 s}$$

$$G_{PT2}(s) = \frac{k}{\frac{1}{\omega_n^2} s^2 + \frac{2\xi}{\omega_n} s + 1}$$

$$G_R(s) = k_R \frac{1+T_1 s}{T_1 s}, \quad T_1 = T_2 = 0.05 \text{ s}$$

$$G_0(s) = G_R(s) G_{p1}(s) = k_R \frac{1+T_1 s}{T_1 s} \frac{k_p}{(1+T_1 s)(1+T_\Sigma s)} =$$

$$k_0 \frac{1}{T_1 s (1+T_\Sigma s)}$$

$$G_d(s) = \frac{G_d(s)}{1 + G_d(s)}$$

$$= \frac{k_0}{T_1 T_\Sigma s^2 + T_1 s + k_0}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\frac{T_1 T_\Sigma}{k_0} s^2 + \frac{T_1}{k_0} s + 1}$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{\frac{k_0}{T_1 T_\Sigma}}$$

$$\frac{2\xi}{\omega_n} = \frac{T_1}{k_0}$$

$$\xi = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{k_0}{T_1 T_\Sigma}} \frac{T_1}{k_0}$$

$$\xi = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{T_1}{k_0 T_\Sigma}}$$

$$\rightarrow 4\xi^2 = \frac{1}{K_R K_P} \frac{T_1}{T_\Sigma}$$

$$K_R = \frac{1}{4\xi^2} \frac{1}{K_P} \frac{T_1}{T_\Sigma} = 1.25$$

Mogel so tehniški optimizacije: nima stabilizma \rightarrow regulacija

② SIMETRIČNI OPTIMUM

- frekvenca korekt. vrstičem v odzivu na nihanje

$$G_K(s) = K_R \frac{1+T_I s}{T_I s}$$



$$G_{P1}(s) = \frac{K_P}{1+T_E s}$$

$$G_{P2}(s) = \frac{1}{T_I s}$$

$$G_0(s) = G_K(s) G_{P1}(s) = K_0 \frac{1}{T_I T_I s^2} \frac{1+T_I s}{1+T_E s}$$

$$\varphi_0(\omega) =$$

HURWITZ

$$\Delta(s) = \underbrace{T_I T_I T_E s^3}_{a_3} + \underbrace{T_I T_I s^2}_{a_2} + \underbrace{K_0 T_I s}_{a_1} + \underbrace{K_0}_{a_0}$$

$$K_0 > 0 \rightarrow K_R > 0, T_I > 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccc}
 a_1 & a_0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 a_3 & a_2 & a_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
 \hline
 a_5 & a_4 & a_3 & a_2 & \dots & \\
 \hline
 a_7 & & & & &
 \end{array}$$

$$p_2 = a_1 a_2 - a_0 a_3 = k_R T_1 T_i T_l - k_0 T_2 T_l T_\Sigma > 0$$

$$T_1 - T_\Sigma > 0 \rightarrow T_1 > T_\Sigma$$

$$\varphi_0(\omega) = -180^\circ + \arctan(T_1 \omega) - \arctan(T_\Sigma \omega)$$

$$\frac{d\varphi_0}{d\omega} = \frac{T_1}{1+(T_1 \omega)^2} - \frac{T_\Sigma}{1+(T_\Sigma \omega)^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \arctan x = \frac{1}{x^2+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_1 + T_1 T_\Sigma^2 \omega^2 - T_\Sigma - T_1^2 T_\Sigma \omega^2 = 0$$

$$T_1 T_\Sigma \omega^2 (T_\Sigma - T_1) - (T_\Sigma - T_1) = 0$$

$$\omega_m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{T_1 T_\Sigma}}$$

$$\omega_c = \omega_m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{T_i T_\Sigma}}$$

$$|G_o(j\omega_c)| = 1$$

$$\boxed{T_i = a^2 T_\Sigma} \quad a \text{ hiperaso yam}$$

$$\rightarrow a > 1$$

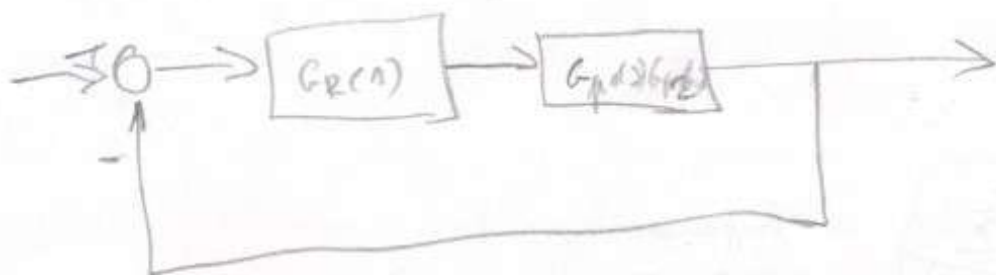
$$\omega_c = \frac{1}{a T_\Sigma}$$

$$\frac{k_o}{T_i a^2 T_\Sigma \frac{1}{a^2 T_\Sigma}} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \left(T_\Sigma \frac{1}{a T_\Sigma} \right)^2}}{\sqrt{1 + \left(T_\Sigma \frac{1}{a T_\Sigma} \right)^2}} = 1$$

$$k_R \frac{T_\Sigma}{T_i} k_R \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{\frac{a^2 + 1}{a^2}}} = 1$$

$$\boxed{k_R = \frac{1}{a} \frac{1}{k_R} \frac{T_i}{T_\Sigma}}$$

3. OPTIMUM DVOSTRUKOG ODNOSA



$$G_R(s) = K_R \frac{1 + T_1 s}{T_1 s}$$

$$G_P(s) = \frac{1}{(1 + 0.5s)(1 + 0.08s + 0.002s^2)}$$

$$G_O(s) = \frac{2K_R(1 + T_1 s)}{(1 + 0.5s)(1 + 0.08s + 0.002s^2)T_1 s}$$

$$G_d(s) = \frac{2K_R(1 + T_1 s)}{(1 + 0.5s)(1 + 0.08s + 0.002s^2)T_1 s + 2K_R(1 + T_1 s)}$$

$$G_d(s) = \frac{2K_R(1 + T_1 s)}{(1 + 0.08s + 0.002s^2 + 0.5s + 0.04s^2 + 0.001s^3)T_1 s + 2K_R(1 + T_1 s)}$$

$$G_d(s) = \frac{2K_R(1 + T_1 s)}{0.001T_1 s^4 + 0.042T_1 s^3 + 0.58T_1 s^2 + T_1(1 + 2K_R)s + 2K_R}$$

$$G_{opt2} = \frac{1}{D_4 D_3 D_2 T_e^3 + D_3 D_2 T_e^3 + D_2 T_e^2 + T_e + 1}$$

~~Let~~ $D_2 = D_3 = D_4 = 0.5$

$$T_e \rightarrow G_d(s) \approx \frac{1}{1 + T_e s}$$

$$G_d = \frac{1 + T_1 s}{0.0005 \frac{T_1}{K_R} s^4 + 0.021 \frac{T_1}{K_R} s^3 + 0.29 \frac{T_1}{K_R} s^2 + \frac{T_1}{K_R} (0.5 + T_e) s + 1}$$

$$(1) \quad \frac{T_1}{K_R} (K_R + 0.5) = T_e$$

$$(2) \quad 0.29 \frac{T_1}{K_R} = D_2 T_e^2$$

$$(3) \quad 0.021 \frac{T_1}{K_R} = D_3 D_2^2 T_e^3$$

$$\frac{(3)}{(2)} \rightarrow \frac{0.021 \frac{T_1}{K_R}}{0.29 \frac{T_1}{K_R}} = \frac{D_3 D_2^2 T_e^3}{D_2 T_e^2}$$

$$\rightarrow T_e = \frac{1}{D_2 D_3} \frac{0.021}{0.29}$$

$$T_e = 0.2897$$

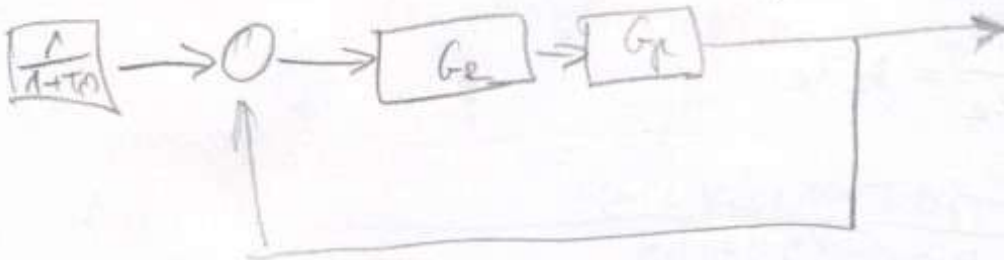
$$\frac{(1)}{(2)} \Rightarrow \frac{(K_R + 0.5) \frac{T_L}{K_R}}{0.29 \frac{T_L}{K_R}}$$

$$= \frac{T_e}{D_2 T_e^2}$$

$$K_R = \frac{0.29}{D_2 T_e} = 0.5 \Rightarrow K_R = 1.5$$

↓

$$T_R = 0.2173$$



(4) MODULNI OPTIMUM

$$G_p(s) = \frac{1}{(1+0.5s)(1+0.08s+0.002s^2)}$$

$$G_d = \frac{1+T_1 D}{0.0005 \frac{T_1}{K_R} s^4 + 0.021 \frac{T_1}{K_R} s^3 + 0.29 \frac{T_1}{K_R} s^2 + \frac{T_1}{K_R} (K_R + 0.5) s + 1}$$

$$G_{mod}(s) = \frac{1}{a_n s^n + a_{n-1} s^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 s + a_0}$$

$$G_{mod}(s) = \frac{1}{a_n s^n + a_{n-1} s^{n-1} + \dots + a_1 s + a_0}$$

$$(1) a_1^2 - 2a_0 a_2 = 0$$

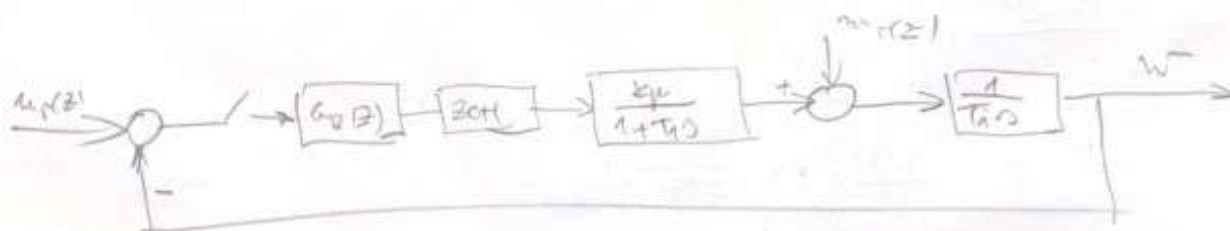
$$(2) a_2^2 - 2a_1 a_3 + 2a_0 a_4 = 0$$

$$(3) a_3^2 - 2a_2 a_4 = 0$$

$$K_R = 1701$$

$$T_1 = 0.20369$$

1. SIMETRIČNI OPTIMUM (DIE, DOMENI)



$$k_v = 2 \quad T = 10 \text{ ms}$$

$$T_E = 0.1 \text{ s} \quad G_P - \text{PI regulátor}$$

$$T_i = 0.5 \text{ s}$$

REGULATOR (DISKRETNÝ)

$$G_P(s) = k_v \frac{1 + T_1 s}{T_1 s}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} y(t) \approx \frac{y(k) - y(k-1)}{T}$$

$$sY(s) \approx \frac{Y(z)(1 - z^{-1})}{T} \Rightarrow s = \frac{z-1}{zT}$$

$$G_K(z) = k_v \left(1 + \frac{T}{T_i} \frac{z}{z-1} \right) = k_v \left(\frac{T_i - T_1 + T_2}{T_i(z-1)} \right) = k_v \frac{z(T_i + T) - T_i}{T_i(z-1)}$$

$$k_v \frac{T_i + T}{T_i} \frac{z - \frac{T_i}{T_i + T}}{z-1}$$

$$a^* = \frac{T_i}{T_i + T}$$

$$G_K(z) = \frac{k_v}{a^*} \frac{z - a^*}{z-1}$$

• PROCES (DISCRETIZATION)

$$G_p(z) = \mathcal{Z} \left\{ \frac{1 - e^{-sT}}{s} G_p(s) \right\} =$$

$$(1 - z^{-1}) \mathcal{Z} \left\{ \frac{G_p(s)}{s} \right\} \quad \text{ZOH DISCT.}$$

$$G_p(z) = 0.001034 \frac{z + 0.9672}{(z - 1)(z - 0.9042)}$$

BILINEAR TRANS.: $z = \frac{1 + \Omega \frac{T}{2}}{1 - \Omega \frac{T}{2}}$

• REGULATOR (BT)

$$G_R(\Omega) = \frac{K_R}{a^*} \frac{\frac{1 + \Omega \frac{T}{2}}{1 - \Omega \frac{T}{2}} - a^*}{\frac{1 + \Omega \frac{T}{2} - 1}{1 - \Omega \frac{T}{2}}} = \frac{K_R}{a^*} \frac{1 + \Omega \frac{T}{2} - a^* + a^* \frac{T}{2}}{1 + \Omega \frac{T}{2} - 1 + \Omega \frac{T}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{K_R}{a^*} \frac{(1 - a^*) + (1 + a^*) \Omega \frac{T}{2}}{\Omega T}$$

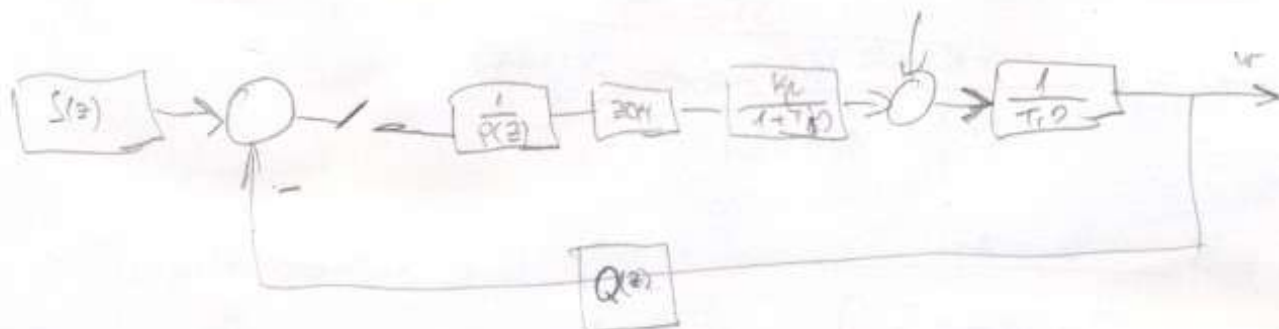
$$\frac{K_R}{a^*} (1 - a^*) \frac{1 + \frac{1 + a^*}{1 - a^*} \frac{T}{2} \Omega}{\Omega T \frac{T}{2} \frac{1 + a^*}{1 - a^*} \frac{1 - a^*}{1 + a^*}}$$

$$= \frac{K_R}{2a^*} (1 + a^*) \frac{1 + \frac{T}{t_i} \Omega}{\frac{T}{t_i} \Omega}$$

$$G_p(s) = K_p \frac{1}{T_i s (1 + T_\Sigma^* s)}$$

$$T_\Sigma^* = 0.1043 \approx 0.105$$

z_2^* i T_1^*



• PRICES

$$G_p(z) = \frac{0.001542 + 0.001872z}{z^2 - 1.905z + 0.9048} = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)}$$

• MODELSKA FJA

$$G_M(s) = \frac{1}{D_2 T_e^2 s^2 + T_e s + 1}$$

$$T_e = 0.5 D$$

$$G_M(z) = \frac{0.000342 + 0.000389z}{z^2 - 1.46z + 0.9048}$$

• OBSERVER

$$A_0(z)$$

→ observer je program A-ga 2. reda → observer je mag

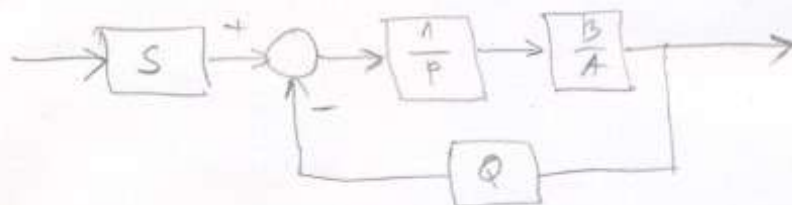
• PFE INTEGRATOR

$$\deg A_0 = n-1 = 1$$

$$A_0(z) = z$$

$$\deg P = \deg S = \deg Q = n-1$$

$$S(z) = \frac{A_M(z)}{B(z)} \quad A_0(z) = 0.20986z$$



$$G_d = \frac{BS}{AP+BQ} = \frac{B_M}{A_M} \frac{A_0}{A_0}$$

$$A(z)P(z) + B(z)Q(z) = A_M(z)A_0(z)$$

$$P(z) = z + p_0$$

$$Q(z) = z + q_0$$