COSC 385.001 – Automata Spring 20105 Project # 1

Due: Monday, March 07, 2016, 03:00 PM

Problem - 11

Student: Mateus Meruvia Instructor: Vojislav Stojkovic

Points:

Problem - 11 - Description

Write a program in your favorite programming language to implement a finite automaton that accepts only identifiers.

Algorithm

```
// main.cpp
// is_identifier
//
// Created by Mateus Mesturini Meruvia on 2/19/16.
// Copyright © 2016 Mateus Mesturini Meruvia. All rights reserved.
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
bool is identifier(std::string str) {
    int n,i, current=0;
    n = str.length();
    for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
        if( (str[i]>= 65 && str[i]<= 90)
        || (str[i]>= 97 && str[i]<= 122)
         || str[i] == 95 ){ // check if is a letter a-z or A-Z or underscore using
                                                                     ASCII table
            current++; // if char = use this variable to skip the next if
        if (i != 0) { // numbers are not allowed in the first position
            if( str[i] \ge 48 \&\& str[i] \le 57 ){ // check if is a number
                if (current == i) { // check if the current position is equal to the
                                                       'i' position, if not skips
                    current++;
                }
            }
        if(current == i) { // if 'current' and 'i' have the same value at this point
                                                                           it means that
            return false; \ //\ none of the previous conditions were fulfilled, so its
                                                       not a integer, returns FALSE
    return true; // after executing all the loop returns true #final state
int main(int argc, const char * argv[]) {
    std::string identifier;
    while (1) {
        std::cout << "Enter identifier ";</pre>
        std::getline (std::cin,identifier); // reads a string from the standard input
        if(is identifier(identifier) == true) {
            printf("ACCEPTED\n\n");
        }else{
            printf("NOT ACCEPTED\n\n");}
    return 0;
```

Explanations

My approach to solve this problem was dividing it in parts. This way I could have a better look at each part individually.

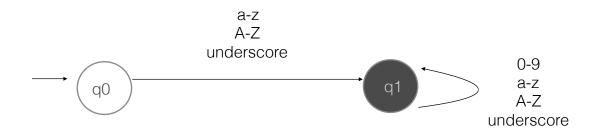
#1 Part - Definition of the Language

Identifiers in C++ are simple to define:

- 1. Digit at first location is not allowed
- 2. Special characters other than underscore is not allowed
- 3. Space not allowed

#2 Part - Finite Automata

I first drew the finite automata for the proposed problem in a sheet of paper. The automata has only two states, one of which is a finite state (represented as a black circle). To go from the first state to the second, only letters from a to z are accepted (capitalized or not) or underscore. Once in the state q1, letters (capitalized or not), numbers, and underscores are accepted in any order.



Finite automata for C++ identifiers

#3 Part - From automata to C++ coding

In this second part I started coding in C++. My most important insight was that every state becomes an if statement in C++. The full code can be seen in the page 3.

Test Examples

Input: id

Output: ACCEPTED

Input: id

Output: ACCEPTED

Input: id

Output: ACCEPTED

Input: i d

Output: ACCEPTED

Input: 2id

Output: NOT ACCEPTED

Input: id2

Output: ACCEPTED

Input: id 2

Output: ACCEPTED

Input: 10

Output: NOT ACCEPTED

Input: id10

Output: ACCEPTED

Input: id-10

Output: NOT ACCEPTED

Input: id_id_id
Output: ACCEPTED

Input: id_10___
Output: ACCEPTED