#### Improper Integrals

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#### Announcements

- Exam corrections, Due next Tuesday
- 2 Office hours, every day, 10am 11am.
- Momework in MyOpenMath.

How would we define something that looks like

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{t^2} dt?$$

#### Improper integrals

This process that we just did should remind you of a limit, because we essentially just took a limit! Sometimes, like in the example above, we are interested in integrating functions not just over a finite interval [a,b], but over an infinite interval, like  $[a,\infty)$ . This gives rise to one type of \_\_\_\_\_. We'll cover the other type of improper integral tomorrow. For now, let's look at some definitions.

### Improper integrals

#### Definition (Improper Integral (infinite bound))

If a is a real number, we define

$$\int_{a}^{\infty} f(x) dx =$$

Similarly, we define

$$\int_{-\infty}^{a} f(x) dx =$$

We define

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx =$$

#### Improper Integrals

If the above limits exist, we say the improper integral \_\_\_\_\_.

Otherwise, the improper integral \_\_\_\_\_.

Determine if the integral

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x} dx$$

converges.

### Example (Gabriel's horn)

Find the volume of revolution of the solid generated by rotating the region whose top boundary is the graph of the function

$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$

and whose lower boundary is the x-axis for  $x \ge 1$ .

Does the integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{0} xe^{-x^2} dx$$

converge or diverge?

Does the integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} \, dx$$

converge or diverge? Find its value if it converges.

# Example (Important!)

Show that

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{p}} dx$$

Converges for p > 1 and diverges for  $p \le 1$ .