Integration by Parts, Part II

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Announcements

- Homework in MyOpenMath
- 2 Exam corrections due next week Tuesday (turn in on Canvas).

Integration by parts for definite integrals

By the fundamental theorem of calculus, we know that we can find

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) g'(x) dx = f(x) g(x) \Big|_{x=a}^{x=b} - \int_{a}^{b} g(x) f'(x) dx$$

or, using u and v,

$$\int_{a}^{b} u \, dv = uv \mid_{a}^{b} - \int_{a}^{b} v \, du$$

$$\int_{0}^{1} \tan^{-1} (2x) dx$$

Find the volume of the solid generated by rotating the region bounded by the curves $y=e^x$, x=0, y=0, and x=1 about the y-axis.

$$\int x^3 e^{4x} dx$$

$$\int e^x \sin(x) \, dx$$

$$\int x^2 e^{x^2} dx$$



Calculate

$$\int x e^{x^2} dx$$