Last name	
First name	
LARSON—OPER 731—CLASSROOM WORKSHEET 27 Matchings, Matching Matroid & Matching Polytope	
1. What is a matching? in a graph? What is a maximum matching?	
2. What is $\delta(v)$? If M is a matching, what vertices are <i>covered</i> by M ? What vertices are <i>exposed</i> by M ?	3
3. If M is a matching in a graph, what is an alternating path? What is an augmenting path?	J
4. What is Berge's Theorem? Why is it true?	
(Matching Matroid Theorem) Let G be a graph and $W \subseteq V(G)$. $M = (E(M), \mathcal{I}(M))$ with $E(M) = W$ and	M))
$\mathcal{I}(M) = \{X \subseteq W : G \text{ has a matching that covers } X\}.$	
is a matroid.	
5. Find the Matching Matroid M for the path on 3 vertices P_3 and $E(M) = V(P_3)$.	

6. Why is the Matching Matroid Theorem true?

The matching polytope of G, $\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{M}(G)}$, is the convex hull of the characteristic vectors of the sets of edges which are matchings.

7. Find $\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{M}(P_3)}$.

8. Find the polyhedron \mathcal{P} defined by the following constraints: one non-negative variable x_i for each edge e_i of P_3 and one "vertex" constraint for each vertex of P_3 which models the requirement that the sum of the variables corresponding to the edges incident to any vertex is no more than 1.

9. Does $\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{M}(P_3)}$?

10. Find $\mathcal{P}_{\mathcal{M}(K_3)}$.

11. Find the polyhedron \mathcal{P} defined by the following constraints: one non-negative variable x_i for each edge e_i of K_3 and one "vertex" constraint for each vertex of K_3 which models the requirement that the sum of the variables corresponding to the edges incident to any vertex is no more than 1.