Last name	
First name	

## LARSON—MATH 550—CLASSROOM WORKSHEET 11 Multiple Sums.

## Concepts & Notation

- Sec. 2.2. Two "tricks".
- Sec. 2.3. Rules for sums. Perturbation method.
- Sec. 2.4. Multiple sums.

## Homework

- 1. What does  $\sum_{1 \leq i,j \leq 3} a_i b_j$  mean.
- 2. Find a nice expression for  $\sum_{1 \leq i,j \leq 3} a_i b_j$  by rewriting as a double-sum.
- 3. Find a nice expression for  $\sum_{1 \le i,j \le n} a_i b_j$ .
- 4. Find a nice expression for  $\sum_{1 \le i,j \le n} a_i a_j$ .
- 5. Find the sum of the elements in the matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_1a_1 & a_1a_2 & \dots & a_1a_{n-1} & a_1a_n \\ a_2a_1 & a_2a_2 & \dots & a_2a_{n-1} & a_2a_n \\ \dots & \dots & & \dots & \\ a_{n-1}a_1 & a_{n-1}a_2 & \dots & a_{n-1}a_{n-1} & a_{n-1}a_n \\ a_na_1 & a_na_2 & \dots & a_na_{n-1} & a_na_n \end{bmatrix}$$

6. Find 
$$T = \sum_{1 \le i \le j \le n} a_i a_j$$

6. Find  $T = \sum_{1 \le i \le j \le n} a_i a_j$  (the sum of the elements of the upper-triangle of an  $n \times n$  matrix with entries  $a_i a_j$ ).

7. Explain why this identity is true:

$$[1 \le j < k \le n] + [1 \le k < j \le n] = [1 \le j, k \le n] - [1 \le j = k \le n].$$

8. Expand and simplify:

$$\sum_{1 \le i, j \le 3} a_i b_i.$$

9. Find 
$$S = \sum_{1 \le j < kj \le n} (a_k - a_j)(b_k - b_j)$$