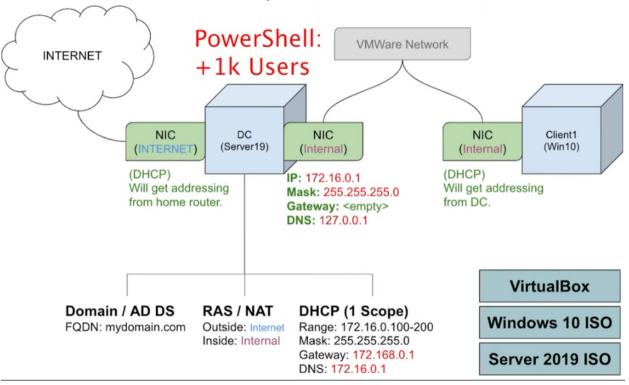
Active Directory Home Lab Setup

By: Robert Russ



The image above was created by Josh Madakor. The topology above shows the setup for the Active Directory Lab.

Purpose:

To learn and simulate Active Directory small enterprise environment. Documentation is important in IT support, so I wanted to improve my documentation skills. I used Josh Madakor's Active Directory Lab video on YouTube (https://youtu.be/MHsl8hJmggl) to create a tutorial for others that want to learn Active Directory.

Technologies needed for MS Active Directory lab on a Windows 11 Pro Host

VirtualBox

Server 2019 ISO

Windows 10 ISO

Download Oracle VirtualBox

- > Go to https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads
- > Click on Windows hosts link
- > Go to Downloads and click on the VirtualBox to execute it
- > Follow the VirtualBox Setup Wizard: > Click Next > Click Next > Click Yes > Click Install
- > Click Finish
- > Upgraded VirtualBox Extension Pack

Download Server 2019 ISO

- > Go to https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/evalcenter/download-windows-server-2019
- > Click ISO downloads 64-bit edition for English (United States) link
- > Create an ISO folder that is easy to locate and to put your ISO files
- > Go to Downloads and cut the Server 2019 file to move it to the ISO folder

Download Windows 10 ISO

- > Go tohttps://www.microsoft.com/en-us/evalcenter/evaluate-windows-10-enterprise
- > Click Download the ISO Enterprise under Get started for free
- > Complete the free trial information. Note: You can use made up information
- > Click ISO downloads 64-bit edition for English (United States) link
- > Go to Downloads and cut the Server 2019 file to move it to the ISO folder
- > Go to Downloads and click on the Windows 10 file to execute it

Create Virtual Machines (VMs)

Create Server 2019 VM

- > Go to VirtualBox
- > Click New at the to top
- > Type in Name: DC-1
- > Click Version drop down box to select Other Windows (64-bit)
- > Click Next
- > Change Memory to 2048MB or 2GB
- > Leave Processors as 1
- > Click Next
- > Click Finish

Configure Windows Server 2019 (DC-1) VM

- > Select DC
- > Click on Settings at the top
- > Click Advanced tab
- > Change the Shared Clipboard and Drag'n'Drop to Bidirectional
- > Click on Systems > Processor to increase processing speed change the number of processors
- > Go to Network
- > Go to Adapter 1 and set it to NAT (Network Address Translation) to connect to home internet
- > Keep Enable Network Adaper checked
- > Add another adapter by clicking on the tab labeled Adapter 2
- > Click the check box for Enable Network Adapter
- > Click drop down menu Attached to: to select Internal Network
- > Click OK
- > Finished configuring it

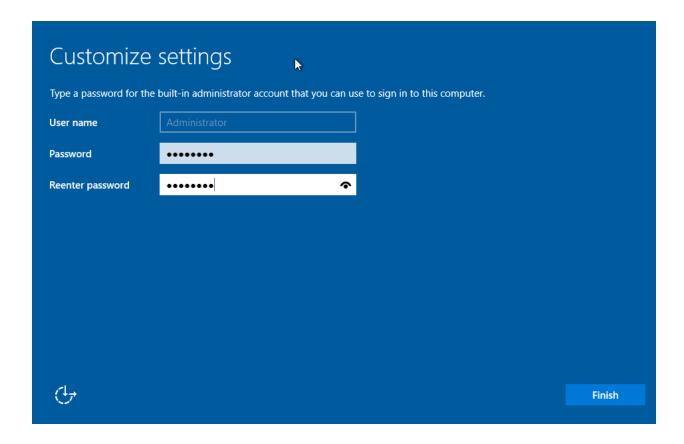
Install Windows Server 2019

- > Select DC-1 in VirtualBox
- > Click Settings at the top

- > Select Storage
- > Click on the Disc image to the right of Optical Drive:
- > Click Choose a Disk File
- > Find the Windows Server 2019 ISO file and select it (virtual CD/DVD drive)
- > Click OK
- > Click Start (start the VM)
- > This is what your VM screen should look like after Windows Server 2019 booted up



- > Click Next > Install Now
- > Select the Standard Evaluation (Desktop Experience)
- > Click Next
- > Check Box to accept > Next
- > Select Custom: Install Windows only (advanced) > Next
- > Wait until the screen below pops up



- > Create a password (Homelab123!) > click Finish
- > Go to Input at the top > Keyboard
- > Insert Ctrl+Alt+Delete
- > Enter password to login
- > Click Yes for Networks screen
- > To improve VM experience
- > Go to Devices at the top
- > Insert Guest Additions CD image
- > Close out the Windows to get back to the desktop
- > Click on File Explorer at the bottom
- > Go to This PC
- > Double Click on CD Drive (D:) Virtual Guest Additions
- > Select by double clicking VBoxWindowsAdditions-amd64
- > Click Next > Next > Install
- > Select I want to reboot later > Ok
- > Start the DC-1 VM
- > Repeat the process to login

Set up IP addressing

- > At the bottom right corner, click on the Network ICON
- > Network Connected
- > Click on Change adapter options

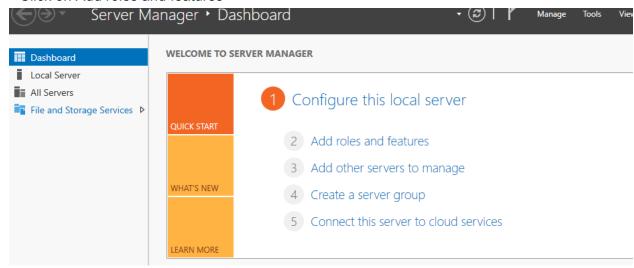
- > Find the Ethernet adapter that connects to home internet and rename it _Internet_ by right clicking and selecting rename
- > The other Ethernet adapter will be connect to Internal Network and rename it _Internal_
- > Right Click on Internal > Properties
- > Double Clicking On Internal Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)
- > Select Use the following IP address and enter the following information
- > IP address: 172.16.0.1
- > Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
- > Default gateway: Leave blank because the DC will serve as the gateway
- > Preferred DNS server: 127.0.0.1 Loopback address
- > Click OK > OK

Rename PC

- > Click start menu
- > Settings > Systems > About
- > Rename PC > DC-1 (Domain Controller 1)
- > Restart > Continue
- > Repeat login process

Add Domain Controller

> Click on Add roles and features



- > Click Next > Next
- > Select the server
- > Select the checkbox Active Directory Domain Services
- > Click Add Features
- > Make sure there is a check in the checkbox for Active Directory Domain Services
- > Click Next > Next > Install
- > Once the installed, click Close
- > Click on the flag with! at the top right
- > Click link Promote this server to a domain controller

- > Select Add a new forest
- > Enter mydomain.com for Root domain name
- > Enter a password > click Next > Next > Next > Next > Next > Install
- > Repeat login procedure

Create Domain Adminstrator Account

- > Click Start
- > Windows Administrative Tools
- > Active Directory Users and Computers
- > Right Click mydomain.com on the left > New
- > Organizational Unit
- > Enter ADMINS
- > Uncheck the checkbox
- > Right click _ADMIN > New > User
- > Enter first and last name
- > Enter username a-rruss
- > Naming convention (a = admin > first letter of first name > last name)
- > Click Next
- > Enter password
- > For this lab, uncheck User must change password at next logon (in corporate environmen leave it checked)
- > For this lab, check Password never password (in corporate environment do not check this box) > Next > Finish
- > Make user Domain Admin by right click name > Properties
- > Member Of tab > Add
- > Enter domain admins
- > Check Names > OK > Apply > Ok

Use Domain Admin Account

- > Click on Start Menu to sign out
- > Repeat login procedures except go to Other User at the bottom left corner of the screen

Install Remote Access Server (RAS) / Network Access Translation (NAT)

This will allow clients to access the internet through DC-1.

- > Enter credentials from the new Domain Admin Account created
- > Click on Add Roles and Features > Next > Next
- > Select Server > Next
- > Select Remote Access > Next > Next > Routing > Add Features > Next > Next > Next > Next
- > Install > Close
- > Click on Tools top right corner
- > Routing and Remote Access
- > Right Click DC-1
- > Configure and Enable Routing and Remote Access > Next
- > Network Acces Translation (NAT) > Next

> Choose First Option > Select _Internet_ > Next > Finish

Set up DHCP Server on Domain Controller

- > Click Add roles and features > Next > Next
- > Select Server > Next
- > DHCP Server
- > Add Features > Next > Next > Next > Install > Close
- > Click on Tools > DHCP
- > Right Click on IPv4 > New Scope > Next
- > Enter under Name 172.16.0.100-200 > Next
- > Enter in Start IP address: 172.16.0.100
- > Enter in End IP address: 172.16.0.200
- > Enter in Length: 24 > Next
- > No Exclusions > Next
- > Lease Duration will depend on use case for the lab leave it 8 days > Next
- > Select yes, I want to configure the DHCP options for the scope now? > Next
- > Use DC-1 IP address 172.16.0.1 > Next > Next > Next
- > Yes, I want to activate the scope now? > Next > Finish
- > Right Click dc-1 > authorize
- > Right Click dc-1
- > Refresh (IPv4 and IPv6 should have green check marks)

Configure Domain Controller to browse the internet.

Note: Don't do this in a corporate environment only in a lab environment.

- > Click Configure this local server
- > Click IE Enhanced Security Configuration On > Off > Off (Avoids spam messages) > OK
- > Click Internet Explorer
- > Go to https://github.com/joshmadakor1/AD PS
- > Click Green Code
- > Download Zip File to the Desktop
- > Extract Zip File to the Desktop
- > Open Unzipped File
- > Click Names txt file
- > Add Your Name at the Top of the File (1000 names from random name generator)
- > Save > Close
- > Go to Start Menu
- > Windows Powershell
- > Right Click Windows PowerShell ISE > More
- > Run As Administrator
- > Open Icon
- > Desktop
- > Unzipped Folder
- > Select 1 CREATE USERS
- > Enter Set-ExecutionPolicy Unrestricted on the command line > Enter

- > Click Yes to All
- > Enter cd C:\Users\a-rruss\Desktop\AD_PS-master
- > Enter cd AD PS-master
- > Press Play button at the top to run the script > OK or Run once

PowerShell Script (written by Josh Madakor) to Create 1000 Users

```
# ----- Edit these Variables for your own Use Case ----- # $PASSWORD_FOR_USERS = "Homelab123!" $USER_FIRST_LAST_LIST = Get-Content .\names.txt # ------ #
```

\$password = ConvertTo-SecureString \$PASSWORD_FOR_USERS -AsPlainText -Force New-ADOrganizationalUnit -Name _USERS -ProtectedFromAccidentalDeletion \$false

```
foreach ($n in $USER_FIRST_LAST_LIST) {
$first = $n.Split(" ")[0].ToLower()
$last = $n.Split(" ")[1].ToLower()
$username = "$($first.Substring(0,1))$($last)".ToLower()
Write-Host "Creating user: $($username)" -BackgroundColor Black -ForegroundColor Cyan
```

New-AdUser -AccountPassword \$password `

- -GivenName \$first `
- -Surname \$last `
- -DisplayName \$username `
- -Name \$username `
- -EmployeeID \$username `
- -PasswordNeverExpires \$true `
- -Path "ou= USERS,\$(([ADSI]`"").distinguishedName)" `
- -Enabled \$true

Create Virtual Machine in VirtualBox for Windows 10 Client

- > Open VirtualBox
- > Click New

}

- > Enter the Name: CLIENT1 (Win 10)
- > Select Version: Windows 10 (64 bit) > Next
- > Select for Memory Size 4GB (4096 MB)
- > Choose the number of processors that works for your system (I chose 2 CPUs) > Next
- > Choose Disk Space (50 GB) > Next > Click Finish
- > Select CLIENT1 (WIN 10) VM in VirtualBox
- > Settings > Advanced > Change Shared Clipboard and Drag'n Drop setting to Bidirectional
- > Click Network on the left
- > Change Attached to: Internal Network > OK

Add ISO to the VM

- > Click Storage on the left > Select Empty
- > Select the CD Icon on the right
- > Select Choose Disk File
- > Find ISO in the folder with your ISOs > OK

Installing Windows 10 Enterprise to the Client1 (Win 10) VM on VirtualBox

- > Select CLIENT1 (Win 10) > Click Start > Choose Language > Next > Install now
- > Select I accept the license terms > Next > Select Custom > Next
- > Select Region > Yes
- > Select Keyboard Layout > Yes > Skip
- > Click Domain Join Instead at the bottom left
- > Enter Name user > Next
- > Enter Password > Next > Confirm Password > Next
- > Enter Security Questions > Next
- > Turn off the privacy settings > Accept > Not Now
- > Check IP address by Selecting Opening the Command Line (CMD) through the start menu
- > Enter ipconfig in the CMD prompt

Change Configurations in DHCP through DC-1

Start DC-1 VM in VirtualBox

- > Open Server Manager
- > Select Tools
- > Select DHCP
- > Select IPv4 down arrow
- > Select Server Options
- > Right click Server Options
- > Select Configure Options
- > Check 003 Router
- > Enter in IP address the DC-1 IP address 172.16.0.1 > Click Add > OK

Join CLIENT1 to Domain mydomain.com

- > Select Client1 (Win 10) VM
- > Select Settings
- > Select Network to check the Network settings is set for internal network (if not, set it as internal network) > OK
- > Start the VM > Log on
- > Select Start Menu
- > Settings > System > About
- > Rename this PC (Advanced)
- > Click Change
- > Enter PC name as CLIENT1
- > Select Member Of Domain
- > Enter mydomain.com > OK

- > Enter username and password of your admin account for DC-1
- > Restart VM

Now, CLIENT1 has joined the mydomain.com on DC-1.

Things to Investigate Further

- Sync Microsoft Azure Active Directory to this on-premise set-up.
- To learn how to secure Active Directory, attack Active Directory with a hacking tool such as Bloodhound.