

Review - Second Order Systems

$$a_2 \frac{d^2 v(t)}{dt^2} + a_1 \frac{dv(t)}{dt} + a_0 v(t) = b_0 f(t) \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{1}{\omega_n^2} \frac{d^2 v(t)}{dt^2} + \frac{2\zeta}{\omega_n} \frac{dv(t)}{dt} + v(t) = K_s f(t) \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega_n &= \sqrt{\frac{a_0}{a_2}} && \rightarrow \text{natural frequency} \\ \zeta &= \left(\frac{a_1}{2}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1}{a_0 a_2}} && \rightarrow \text{damping coefficient} \\ K_s &= \frac{b_0}{a_0} && \rightarrow \text{DC gain (steady-state response; not "t"-damped)} \end{aligned}$$

Assume solution of the form:

$$v(t) = Ae^{st} \quad (3)$$

Plug into Equation 2:

$$\frac{1}{\omega_n^2} s^2 \cancel{Ae^{st}} + \frac{2\zeta}{\omega_n} s \cancel{Ae^{st}} + \cancel{Ae^{st}} \quad (4)$$

Characteristic equation:

$$\frac{s^2}{\omega_n^2} + \frac{2\zeta}{\omega_n} s + 1 = 0 \quad (5)$$

Solve:

$$s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2 = 0 \rightarrow 2 \text{ roots } (s_1 + s_2) \quad (6)$$

$$s_{1,2} = -\zeta\omega_n \pm \omega_n \sqrt{\zeta^2 - 1} \quad (7)$$

$\zeta > 1$	2 real + distinct roots	overdamped
$\zeta = 1$	real, repeated root $s_{1,2} = -\zeta\omega_n$	critically-damped
$\zeta < 1$	2 complex conjugate roots $s_{1,2} = -\zeta\omega_n \pm j\omega_n\sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$	under-damped

Underdamped System Response - pressure response of 'step excitation' of a balloon popping

Sum of 2 sinusoids at ω_d with exponential decay:

$$v(t) = e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \left[A \cos(\omega_n t \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}) + B \sin(\omega_n t \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}) \right] \quad (8)$$

$$\omega_d = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2} \quad (9)$$

Envelope at:

$$e^{-t/\tau} \quad (10)$$

$$\tau = \frac{1}{\zeta\omega_n} \quad (11)$$

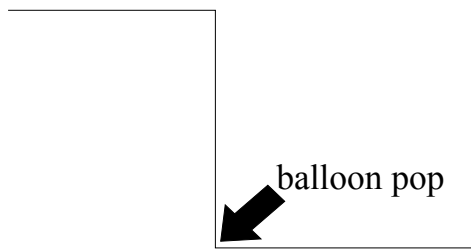


Figure 1: Balloon Pop - step excitation

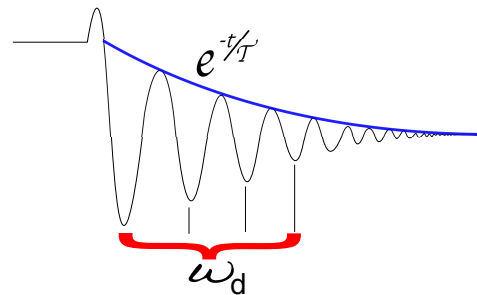


Figure 2: Time Domain - underdamped response

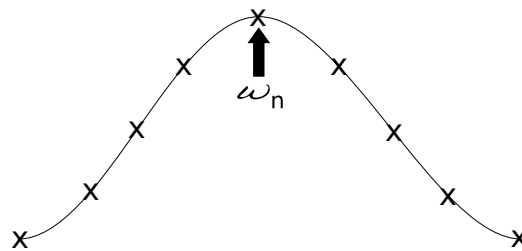


Figure 3: Frequency Domain - underdamped response

From the frequency domain, the half-power bandwidth can be calculated from the -3 dB points ($\omega_2 - \omega_1$).

$$\frac{\omega_2 - \omega_1}{\omega_n} = 2\zeta = \frac{1}{Q} \quad (12)$$

Consider: Step is broadband. What about steady-state sinusoidal inputs?