

**Topics to Review:** The following topics are fair game on the first exam. Remember, you are allowed to bring a review sheet to the exam that fills one side of an 8.5x11" piece of paper. Also remember to bring a calculator.

- Transducers
  - Resistive Transducers (e.g., strain gages, thermistors)
  - Differential Capacitors
  - LVDTs
  - Thermocouples
  - Piezoelectrics
- Detection Circuits
  - Wheatstone Bridge
  - Reactance Bridge
  - RLC Divider
- Amplifiers
  - Buffers
  - Inverting, Non-inverting
  - Summing
  - Differential, Instrumentation
  - CMRR
  - Non-ideal op amp characteristics (e.g., bias current, slew rate, resistor selection)
- Passive and Active Filters
  - LPF, HPF, Bandpass, Bandstop
  - Identify and derive transfer functions and cutoff/resonant frequencies for first- and second-order filters
  - Bode plots (sketch and interpret)
  - Design “simple” filters
  - Integrators and differentiators
- Comparators (with hysteresis)
- Relays and Transistors (to the level covered in lab and problem sets; used for isolation, switching and one-bit ADC)
- Binary Numbers
  - You do not need to know offset binary, 2's complement, octal, hexadecimal, BCD.
  - You do need to know how to convert between base10  $\leftrightarrow$  base2.
- Logic Gates & Truth Tables
- D & JK Flip Flops
- Shift Registers & Counters

There is more on the next page...

- Analog-to-Digital Conversion
  - Saturation and quantization
  - Sampling frequency and aliasing
  - One-bit ADC
  - Flash ADC
  - Successive approximation (general approach, not details of schematic)
- Digital-to-Analog Conversion
  - Summer with scaled resistors
  - R-2R Ladder
  - Need for LPF
- Miscellaneous
  - Know the difference between zero-order, first-order and second-order systems
  - Input/output impedance
  - Noise (different types, ways to actively and passively reduce noise at different stages in circuits)
  - Resolution, sensitivity, accuracy, precision

### **Types of Questions to Expect**

- Evaluate a circuit
  - Solve for voltages and currents
  - Sketch waveforms of outputs or mid-circuit nodes
  - Modify a circuit to change its behavior
  - Early errors will not hose you, but you must show all of your work!
- Design a circuit
  - Block diagrams are your best friend!
  - Always state your assumptions
  - More than one way to do it
- Explain / define something
- There will be no “plug-and-chug” problems; think homework problems with the ante upped a bit.
- There will be no LabVIEW questions.