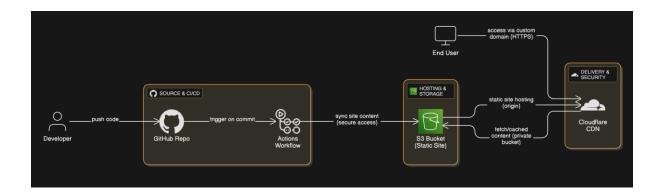
#### Scalable Static Website with S3 + CloudFront + GitHub Actions

#### Workflow:



# 1. Objective

• The primary goal of this project is to host a static website with scalability, global distribution, and HTTPS support using free-tier services. The website will automatically deploy whenever changes are pushed to GitHub.

#### Key objectives:

- Host a static HTML/CSS website on AWS S3.
- Enable a global CDN and HTTPS via CloudFront.
- Automate deployments using GitHub Actions CI/CD workflow.
- Optimize caching, versioning, and scalability.

# 2. Tools and Technologies

- AWS S3 (Free Tier) Hosting static website files (HTML, CSS, JS, images).
- CloudFront (Free) Global CDN, SSL certificate, and DNS management.

- GitHub Actions Automate CI/CD deployment pipeline.
- HTML/CSS Website front-end content.

### 3. System Architecture

GitHub Repository => GitHub Actions (CI/CD) => AWS S3 Bucket => CloudFront CDN & DNS => End Users (HTTPS)

#### Explanation:

- 1. Developers push code to GitHub.
- 2. GitHub Actions workflow triggers on 'main' branch push.
- 3. Workflow syncs website files to S3
- 4. CloudFront serves the website globally via CDN and HTTPS.

## 4. Implementation Steps

Step 1: Create Static Website

Developed HTML, CSS, JAVASCRIPT and image assets.

Tested locally to verify responsiveness and styling.

### Step 2: Set up AWS S3 Bucket and IAM Policies

Created a public S3 bucket with static website hosting enabled.

Configured bucket policy for public read access.

Enabled Bucket Versioning to manage updates.

Create a IAM Policies for Github Access to S3 Bucket

## Step 3: Configure CloudFront

Added custom domain to CloudFront.

Configured DNS CNAME to point to S3 bucket.

Enabled SSL/TLS (Full/Strict) and caching rules.

#### Step 4: Create GitHub Actions Workflow

Workflow triggers on push to 'main'.

Uses aws-actions/configure-aws-credentials for authentication.

Syncs only the website folder to S3.

Step 5: Test Deployment Committed changes to GitHub. GitHub Actions automatically deployed files to S3. Accessed website via CloudFront domain (HTTPS).

## 5. Challenges and Solutions

AccessDenied errors: Corrected bucket policy. Bucket ACL issues: Removed --acl public-read.

CloudFront caching delays: Enabled cache-busting with versioning.

HTTPS not working: Enabled SSL/TLS Full mode and updated DNS settings.

### Requirements:

- Github Repo
- Github Workflows
- Website Files
- S3 Bucket with Policies
- IAM User and Policies
- CloudFront