

SSRoboime

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Namespace Index

1.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all namespaces with brief descriptions:

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Chapter 2

Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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Chapter 3

Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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RobotVision.Ball	16
BaseAgent.BaseAgent	
Classe que agrupará todas as funcionalidades comuns a qualquer agente	20
Booting.Booting	
Responsável por inicializar todas as necessidades de execução do time	23
RobotVision.Elemento	26
Environment::Enabler_Stringview_Hash	29
Environment	
Responsável por representar o ambiente externo ao robô	31
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4.1 File List

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Chapter 5

Namespace Documentation

5.1 Agent Namespace Reference

Classes

- class [Agent](#)

Classe que representará os agentes de campo, possuindo métodos correspondentes.

5.2 AgentPenalty Namespace Reference

5.3 BaseAgent Namespace Reference

Classes

- class [BaseAgent](#)

Classe que agrupará todas as funcionalidades comuns a qualquer agente.

5.4 Booting Namespace Reference

Classes

- class [Booting](#)

Responsável por inicializar todas as necessidades de execução do time.

5.5 exec_booting Namespace Reference

5.6 Printing Namespace Reference

Classes

- class [Printing](#)

Responsável pela comunicação usuário - terminal.

5.7 RobotPositionManager Namespace Reference

Classes

- class [RobotPositionManager](#)

Responsável por permitir ao usuário a criação de diversas formações táticas.

Variables

- `root = RobotPositionManager()`

5.7.1 Variable Documentation

5.7.1.1 root

```
RobotPositionManager.root = RobotPositionManager()
```

Definition at line 397 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

5.8 RobotVision Namespace Reference

Implementação de Classe que nos permitirá ter a visão do robô

Classes

- class [Ball](#)
- class [Elemento](#)
- class [Goal](#)
- class [Line](#)
- class [Marker](#)
- class [RobotVision](#)

Classe responsável por gerir a aplicação principal.

Variables

- [WIDTH](#)
- [HEIGHT](#)

5.8.1 Detailed Description

Implementação de Classe que nos permitirá ter a visão do robô

5.8.2 Variable Documentation

5.8.2.1 HEIGHT

`RobotVision.HEIGHT`

Definition at line 8 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

5.8.2.2 WIDTH

`RobotVision.WIDTH`

Definition at line 8 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

5.9 run_full_team Namespace Reference

Variables

- `boot` = `Booting()`
- list `players` = `[]`
- Agent `p`

5.9.1 Variable Documentation

5.9.1.1 boot

`run_full_team.boot = Booting()`

Definition at line 5 of file [run_full_team.py](#).

5.9.1.2 p

`Agent run_full_team.p`

Definition at line 13 of file [run_full_team.py](#).

5.9.1.3 players

`list run_full_team.players = []`

Definition at line 7 of file [run_full_team.py](#).

5.10 run_player Namespace Reference

Variables

- `boot` = `Booting()`
- `p` = `Agent(boot.options)`

5.10.1 Variable Documentation

5.10.1.1 boot

```
run_player.boot = Booting()
```

Definition at line 4 of file [run_player.py](#).

5.10.1.2 p

```
run_player.p = Agent(boot.options)
```

Definition at line 6 of file [run_player.py](#).

5.11 ServerComm Namespace Reference

Classes

- class [ServerComm](#)
Responsável pela comunicação com servidor.

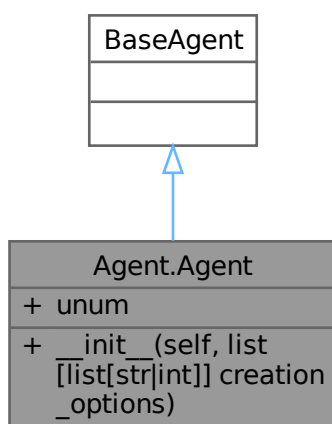
Chapter 6

Class Documentation

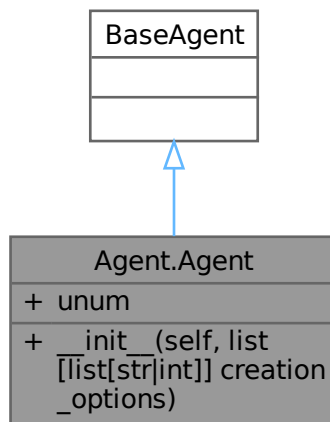
6.1 Agent.Agent Class Reference

Classe que representará os agentes de campo, possuindo métodos correspondentes.

Inheritance diagram for Agent.Agent:



Collaboration diagram for Agent.Agent:



Public Member Functions

- `__init__` (self, list[list[str|int]] creation_options)
Construtor da classe agente de campo, inicializando informações gerais.

Public Attributes

- `unum`

6.1.1 Detailed Description

Classe que representará os agentes de campo, possuindo métodos correspondentes.

Definition at line 7 of file [Agent.py](#).

6.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.1.2.1 `__init__()`

```
Agent.Agent.__init__ (
    self,
    list[list[str | int]] creation_options )
```

Construtor da classe agente de campo, inicializando informações gerais.

Parameters

<code>creation_options</code>	Lista de Parâmetros de Criação de Agente
-------------------------------	--

Parâmetros presentes em `creation_options`:

- IP Server
- Porta de Agente
- Porta de Monitor
- Nome do time
- Número de Uniforme
- Tipo de Robô
- Tiro livre Penâlti
- Proxy
- Modo de Debug

Definition at line 12 of file [Agent.py](#).

6.1.3 Member Data Documentation

6.1.3.1 unum

`Agent.Agent.unum`

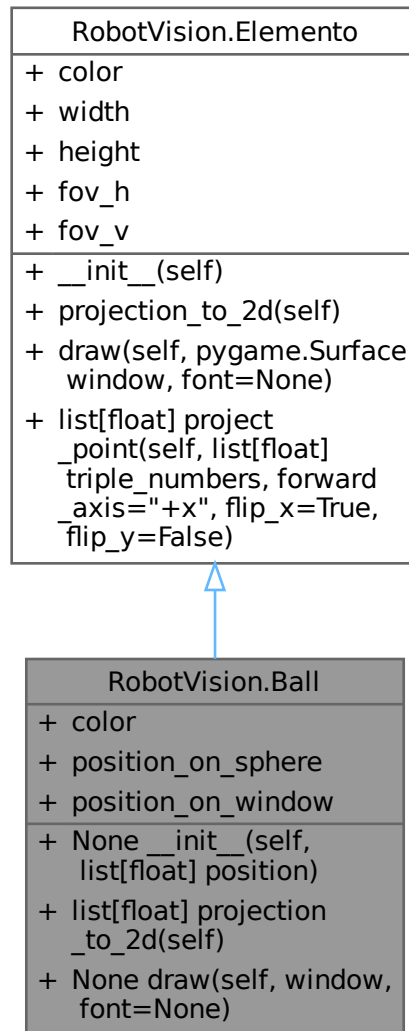
Definition at line 29 of file [Agent.py](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

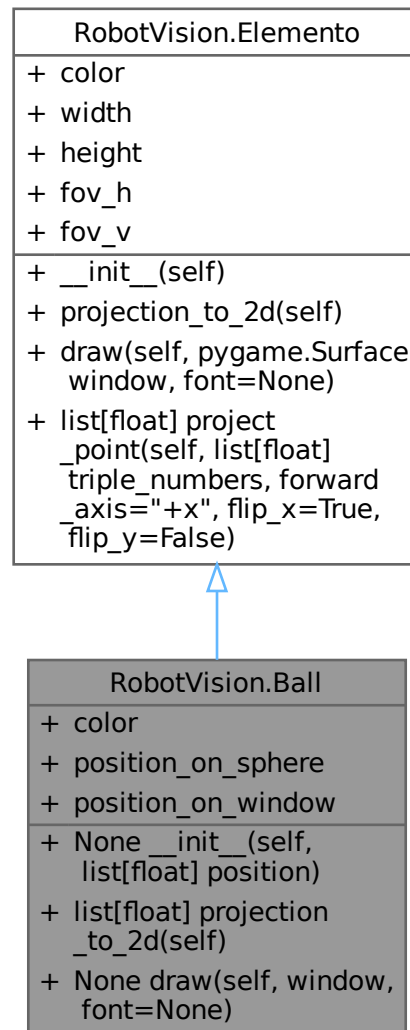
- `src/agent/Agent.py`

6.2 RobotVision.Ball Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for RobotVision.Ball:



Collaboration diagram for RobotVision.Ball:



Public Member Functions

- `None __init__ (self, list[float] position)`
Construtor responsável por inicializar a bola no e prover.
- `list[float] projection_to_2d (self)`
- `None draw (self, window, font=None)`

Public Member Functions inherited from `RobotVision.Elemento`

- `list[float] project_point (self, list[float] triple_numbers, forward_axis="+x", flip_x=True, flip_y=False)`

Public Attributes

- [color](#)
- [position_on_sphere](#)
- [position_on_window](#)

Public Attributes inherited from [RobotVision.Elemento](#)

- [color](#)
- [width](#)
- [height](#)
- [fov_h](#)
- [fov_v](#)

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 68 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.2.2.1 `__init__()`

```
None RobotVision.Ball.__init__ (
    self,
    list[float] position )
```

Construtor responsável por inicializar a bola no e prover.

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 70 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.2.3 Member Function Documentation

6.2.3.1 `draw()`

```
None RobotVision.Ball.draw (
    self,
    window,
    font = None )
```

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 86 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.2.3.2 projection_to_2d()

```
list[float] RobotVision.Ball.projection_to_2d (  
    self )
```

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 81 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.2.4 Member Data Documentation

6.2.4.1 color

```
RobotVision.Ball.color
```

Definition at line 77 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.2.4.2 position_on_sphere

```
RobotVision.Ball.position_on_sphere
```

Definition at line 78 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.2.4.3 position_on_window

```
RobotVision.Ball.position_on_window
```

Definition at line 79 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

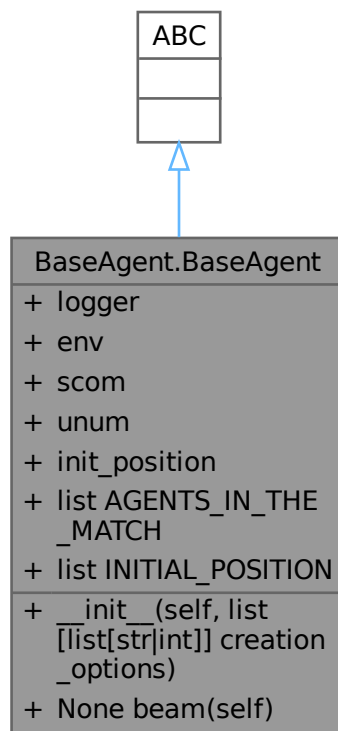
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [src/utils/RobotVision.py](#)

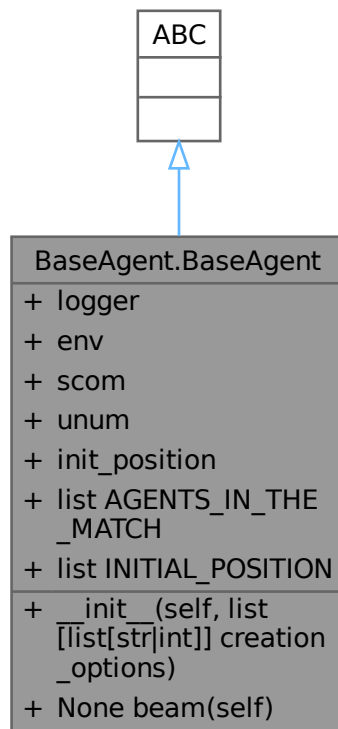
6.3 BaseAgent.BaseAgent Class Reference

Classe que agrupará todas as funcionalidades comuns a qualquer agente.

Inheritance diagram for BaseAgent.BaseAgent:



Collaboration diagram for BaseAgent.BaseAgent:



Public Member Functions

- `__init__` (self, list[list[str|int]] creation_options)
Construtor da classe base de agente, chamando todos os construtores de outras classes mínimas para cada agente.
- None beam (self)
Responsável por gerenciar o teletransporte dos jogadores.

Public Attributes

- logger
- env
- scom
- unum
- init_position

Static Public Attributes

- list AGENTS_IN_THE_MATCH = []
- list INITIAL_POSITION = []

6.3.1 Detailed Description

Classe que agrupará todas as funcionalidades comuns a qualquer agente.

Definition at line 10 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

6.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.3.2.1 `__init__()`

```
BaseAgent.BaseAgent.__init__ (
    self,
    list[list[str | int]] creation_options )
```

Construtor da classe base de agente, chamando todos os construtores de outras classes mínimas para cada agente.

Parameters

<code>creation_options</code>	Lista de Parâmetros de Criação de Agente
-------------------------------	--

Definition at line 18 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

6.3.3 Member Function Documentation

6.3.3.1 `beam()`

```
None BaseAgent.BaseAgent.beam (
    self )
```

Responsável por gerenciar o teletransporte dos jogadores.

Definition at line 55 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

6.3.4 Member Data Documentation

6.3.4.1 `AGENTS_IN_THE_MATCH`

```
list BaseAgent.BaseAgent.AGENTS_IN_THE_MATCH = [] [static]
```

Definition at line 15 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

6.3.4.2 `env`

```
BaseAgent.BaseAgent.env
```

Definition at line 30 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

6.3.4.3 init_position

`BaseAgent.BaseAgent.init_position`

Definition at line 53 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

6.3.4.4 INITIAL_POSITION

`list BaseAgent.BaseAgent.INITIAL_POSITION = [] [static]`

Definition at line 16 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

6.3.4.5 logger

`BaseAgent.BaseAgent.logger`

Definition at line 29 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

6.3.4.6 scom

`BaseAgent.BaseAgent.scom`

Definition at line 31 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

6.3.4.7 unum

`BaseAgent.BaseAgent.unum`

Definition at line 40 of file [BaseAgent.py](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [src/agent/BaseAgent.py](#)

6.4 Booting.Booting Class Reference

Responsável por inicializar todas as necessidades de execução do time.

Collaboration diagram for Booting.Booting:

Booting.Booting
+ options
+ str CONFIG_PATH
+ __init__(self)
+ list[list[str int]] get_team_params()
+ None show_spinner(list [bool] running_flag)
+ None cpp_builder()

Public Member Functions

- [__init__](#) (self)

Responsável por chamar as inicializações mínimas.

Static Public Member Functions

- list[list[str|int]] [get_team_params](#) ()

Verifica existência de arquivo de parâmetros de time, caso não exista, usará o default.

- None [show_spinner](#) (list[bool] running_flag)

Por motivos estéticos, mostrará um spinner enquanto há o carregamento de módulos C++.

- None [cpp_builder](#) ()

Responsável por buildar os arquivos .cpp presentes na pasta cpp.

Public Attributes

- [options](#)

Static Public Attributes

- str [CONFIG_PATH](#) = Path(__file__).resolve().parent / "config_team_params.txt"

6.4.1 Detailed Description

Responsável por inicializar todas as necessidades de execução do time.

Assume as seguintes responsabilidades:

- Estabelece um arquivo de configurações default caso já não exista um.

Definition at line 16 of file [Booting.py](#).

6.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.4.2.1 __init__()

```
Booting.Booting.__init__ (
    self )
```

Responsável por chamar as inicializações mínimas.

Definition at line 26 of file [Booting.py](#).

6.4.3 Member Function Documentation

6.4.3.1 `cpp_builder()`

```
None Booting.Bootng.cpp_builder ( ) [static]
```

Responsável por buildar os arquivos .cpp presentes na pasta cpp.

Returns

Funcionalidades C++ em condições de interoperabilidade.

Definition at line 110 of file [Bootng.py](#).

6.4.3.2 `get_team_params()`

```
list[list[str | int]] Booting.Bootng.get_team_params ( ) [static]
```

Verifica existência de arquivo de parâmetros de time, caso não exista, usará o default.

Faremos em tupla para permitir uso mínimo de memória.

Returns

Definition at line 44 of file [Bootng.py](#).

6.4.3.3 `show_spinner()`

```
None Booting.Bootng.show_spinner (
    list[bool] running_flag ) [static]
```

Por motivos estéticos, mostrará um spinner enquanto há o carregamento de módulos C++.

Definition at line 93 of file [Bootng.py](#).

6.4.4 Member Data Documentation

6.4.4.1 `CONFIG_PATH`

```
str Booting.Bootng.CONFIG_PATH = Path(__file__).resolve().parent / "config_team_params.txt"
[static]
```

Definition at line 24 of file [Bootng.py](#).

6.4.4.2 options

`Booting.Booting.options`

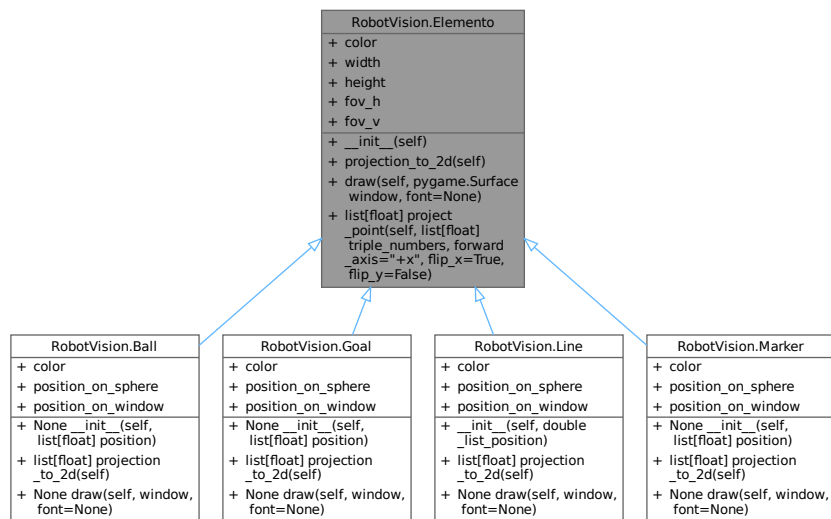
Definition at line 31 of file [Booting.py](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

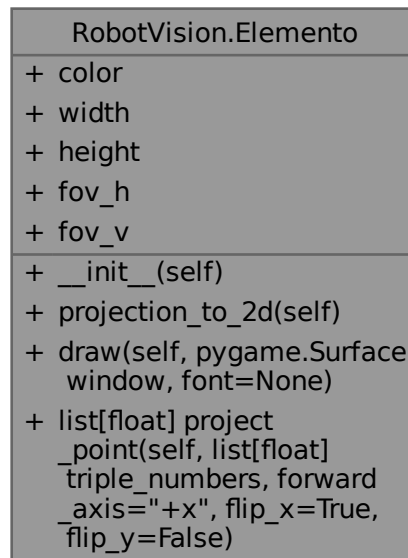
- `src/term/Booting.py`

6.5 RobotVision.Elemento Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for `RobotVision.Elemento`:



Collaboration diagram for RobotVision.Elemento:



Public Member Functions

- [__init__](#) (self)
- [projection_to_2d](#) (self)
- [draw](#) (self, pygame.Surface window, font=None)
- list[float] [project_point](#) (self, list[float] triple_numbers, forward_axis="+x", flip_x=[True](#), flip_y=[False](#))

Public Attributes

- [color](#)
- [width](#)
- [height](#)
- [fov_h](#)
- [fov_v](#)

6.5.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 10 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.5.2.1 __init__()

```
RobotVision.Elemento.__init__ (
    self )
```

Reimplemented in [RobotVision.Line](#), [RobotVision.Ball](#), [RobotVision.Marker](#), and [RobotVision.Goal](#).

Definition at line 12 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.5.3 Member Function Documentation

6.5.3.1 draw()

```
RobotVision.Elemento.draw (
    self,
    pygame.Surface window,
    font = None )
```

Reimplemented in [RobotVision.Ball](#), [RobotVision.Marker](#), [RobotVision.Goal](#), and [RobotVision.Line](#).

Definition at line 20 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.5.3.2 project_point()

```
list[float] RobotVision.Elemento.project_point (
    self,
    list[float] triple_numbers,
    forward_axis = "+x",
    flip_x = True,
    flip_y = False )
```

Definition at line 23 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.5.3.3 projection_to_2d()

```
RobotVision.Elemento.projection_to_2d (
    self )
```

Reimplemented in [RobotVision.Ball](#), [RobotVision.Marker](#), [RobotVision.Goal](#), and [RobotVision.Line](#).

Definition at line 17 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.5.4 Member Data Documentation

6.5.4.1 color

```
RobotVision.Elemento.color
```

Definition at line 13 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.5.4.2 fov_h

```
RobotVision.Elemento.fov_h
```

Definition at line 15 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.5.4.3 fov_v

RobotVision.Elemento.fov_v

Definition at line 15 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.5.4.4 height

RobotVision.Elemento.height

Definition at line 14 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.5.4.5 width

RobotVision.Elemento.width

Definition at line 14 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

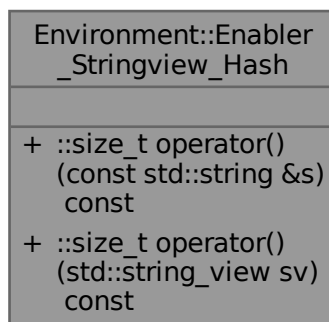
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [src/utils/RobotVision.py](#)

6.6 Environment::Enabler_Stringview_Hash Struct Reference

```
#include <Environment.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for Environment::Enabler_Stringview_Hash:



Public Types

- using [is_transparent](#) = void

Sinaliza ao unordered_map que essa struct suporta tipos heterogêneos para pesquisa.

Public Member Functions

- `::size_t operator()` (const std::string &s) const
- `::size_t operator()` (std::string_view sv) const

6.6.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 66 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.6.2 Member Typedef Documentation

6.6.2.1 is_transparent

```
using Environment::Enabler_Stringview_Hash::is_transparent = void
```

Sinaliza ao unordered_map que essa struct suporta tipos heterogêneos para pesquisa.

Definition at line 67 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.6.3 Member Function Documentation

6.6.3.1 operator() [1/2]

```
::size_t Environment::Enabler_Stringview_Hash::operator() (
    const std::string & s ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 69 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.6.3.2 operator() [2/2]

```
::size_t Environment::Enabler_Stringview_Hash::operator() (
    std::string_view sv ) const [inline]
```

Definition at line 71 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

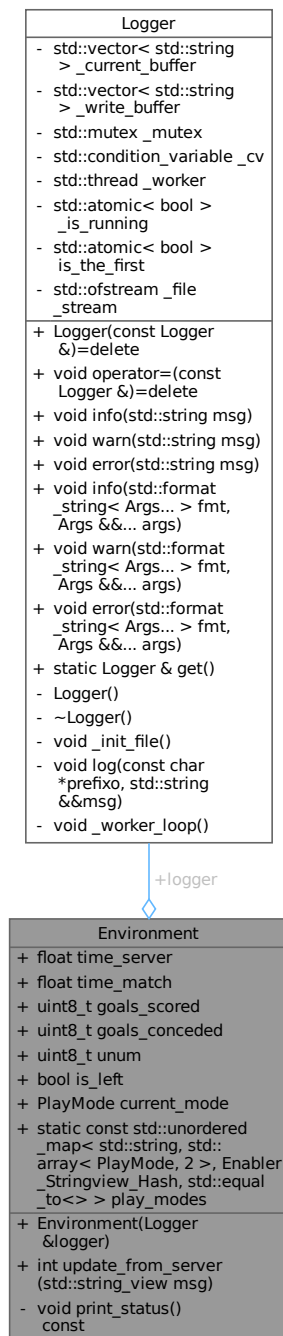
- [src/cpp/environment/Environment.hpp](#)

6.7 Environment Class Reference

Responsável por representar o ambiente externo ao robô

```
#include <Environment.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for Environment:



Classes

- struct [Enabler_Stringview_Hash](#)
- class [Parsing](#)

Responsável por prover ferramentas de auxílio de parsing.

Public Types

- enum class [PlayMode](#) : uint8_t {
[OUR_KICKOFF](#) = 0 , [OUR_KICK_IN](#) = 1 , [OUR_CORNER_KICK](#) = 2 , [OUR_GOAL_KICK](#) = 3 ,
[OUR_FREE_KICK](#) = 4 , [OUR_PASS](#) = 5 , [OUR_DIR_FREE_KICK](#) = 6 , [OUR_GOAL](#) = 7 ,
[OUR_OFFSIDE](#) = 8 , [THEIR_KICKOFF](#) = 9 , [THEIR_KICK_IN](#) = 10 , [THEIR_CORNER_KICK](#) = 11 ,
[THEIR_GOAL_KICK](#) = 12 , [THEIR_FREE_KICK](#) = 13 , [THEIR_PASS](#) = 14 , [THEIR_DIR_FREE_KICK](#) = 15 ,
[THEIR_GOAL](#) = 16 , [THEIR_OFFSIDE](#) = 17 , [BEFORE_KICKOFF](#) = 18 , [GAME_OVER](#) = 19 ,
[PLAY_ON](#) = 20 }
< Tentaremos utilizar o mínimo possível de memória
- enum class [PlayModeGroup](#) : uint8_t {
[OUR_KICK](#) = 0 , [THEIR_KICK](#) = 1 , [ACTIVE_BEAM](#) = 2 , [PASSIVE_BEAM](#) = 3 ,
[OTHER](#) = 4 }

Public Member Functions

- [Environment](#) (Logger &logger)
Construtor da Classe.
- int [update_from_server](#) (std::string_view msg)
Interpretará as mensagens do servidor.

Public Attributes

- [Logger](#) & [logger](#)
- float [time_server](#)
Instante de Tempo do Servidor, útil apenas para sincronização entre agentes.
- float [time_match](#)
Instante de Tempo de Partida.
- uint8_t [goals_scored](#)
Nossos Gols, pode ser útil para mudarmos de tática conforme o jogo avança.
- uint8_t [goals_conceded](#)
Gols adversários, pode ser útil para mudarmos de tática conforme o jogo avança.
- uint8_t [unum](#)
Número do Jogador.
- bool [is_left](#)
De qual lado estamos.
- [PlayMode](#) [current_mode](#)

Static Public Attributes

- static const std::unordered_map< std::string, std::array< [PlayMode](#), 2 >, [Enabler_Stringview_Hash](#), std::equal_to<> > [play_modes](#)
Vamos precisar definir essa princesinha em outro lugar.

Private Member Functions

- void `print_status` () const
Apresentará os dados lidos do servidor.

6.7.1 Detailed Description

Responsável por representar o ambiente externo ao robô

Agrupará todos os métodos de interpretação do mundo. Focaremos em performance e eficiência no uso da memória.

Definition at line 18 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

6.7.2.1 PlayMode

```
enum class Environment::PlayMode : uint8_t [strong]
```

< Tentaremos utilizar o mínimo possível de memória

Enumerator

OUR_KICKOFF	
OUR_KICK_IN	
OUR_CORNER_KICK	
OUR_GOAL_KICK	
OUR_FREE_KICK	
OUR_PASS	
OUR_DIR_FREE_KICK	
OUR_GOAL	
OUR_OFFSIDE	
THEIR_KICKOFF	
THEIR_KICK_IN	
THEIR_CORNER_KICK	
THEIR_GOAL_KICK	
THEIR_FREE_KICK	
THEIR_PASS	
THEIR_DIR_FREE_KICK	
THEIR_GOAL	
THEIR_OFFSIDE	
BEFORE_KICKOFF	
GAME_OVER	
PLAY_ON	

Definition at line 31 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.2.2 PlayModeGroup

```
enum class Environment::PlayModeGroup : uint8_t [strong]
```

Enumerator

OUR_KICK	
THEIR_KICK	
ACTIVE_BEAM	
PASSIVE_BEAM	
OTHER	

Definition at line 59 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.3 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.7.3.1 Environment()

```
Environment::Environment (
    Logger & logger ) [inline]
```

Construtor da Classe.

Definition at line 25 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.4 Member Function Documentation

6.7.4.1 print_status()

```
void Environment::print_status ( ) const [inline], [private]
```

Apresentará os dados lidos do servidor.

Definition at line 499 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.4.2 update_from_server()

```
int Environment::update_from_server (
    std::string_view msg ) [inline]
```

Interpretará as mensagens do servidor.

Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Mensagem bruta enviada pelo servidor.
------------	---------------------------------------

Returns

Atualização de todas as variáveis de ambiente.

< Vamos extrair uma tag

< Há apenas 'time'

< Pode ser 'GS' ou 'GYR'

< Tag Desconhecida

< Tag Superior Desconhecida

Definition at line 429 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.5 Member Data Documentation

6.7.5.1 current_mode

[PlayMode](#) Environment::current_mode

Definition at line 88 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.5.2 goals_conceded

uint8_t Environment::goals_conceded

Gols adversários, pode ser útil para mudarmos de tática conforme o jogo avança.

Definition at line 85 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.5.3 goals_scored

uint8_t Environment::goals_scored

Nossos Gols, pode ser útil para mudarmos de tática conforme o jogo avança.

Definition at line 84 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.5.4 is_left

bool Environment::is_left

De qual lado estamos.

Definition at line 87 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.5.5 logger

`Logger& Environment::logger`

Definition at line 21 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.5.6 play_modes

```
const std::unordered_map<std::string, std::array<PlayMode, 2>, Enabler_Stringview_Hash, std::equal_to<>> > Environment::play_modes [static]
```

Vamos precisar definir essa princesinha em outro lugar.

Definition at line 9 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.5.7 time_match

`float Environment::time_match`

Instante de Tempo de Partida.

Definition at line 83 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.5.8 time_server

`float Environment::time_server`

Instante de Tempo do Servidor, útil apenas para sincronização entre agentes.

Definition at line 82 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.7.5.9 unum

`uint8_t Environment::unum`

Número do Jogador.

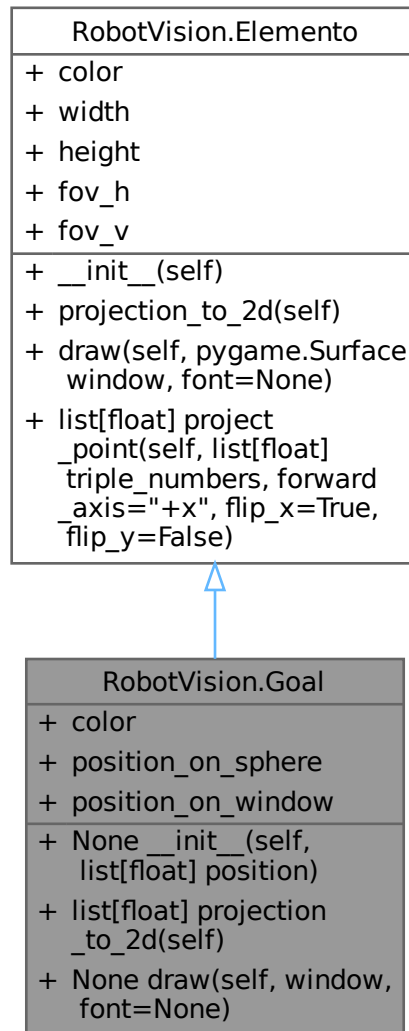
Definition at line 86 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

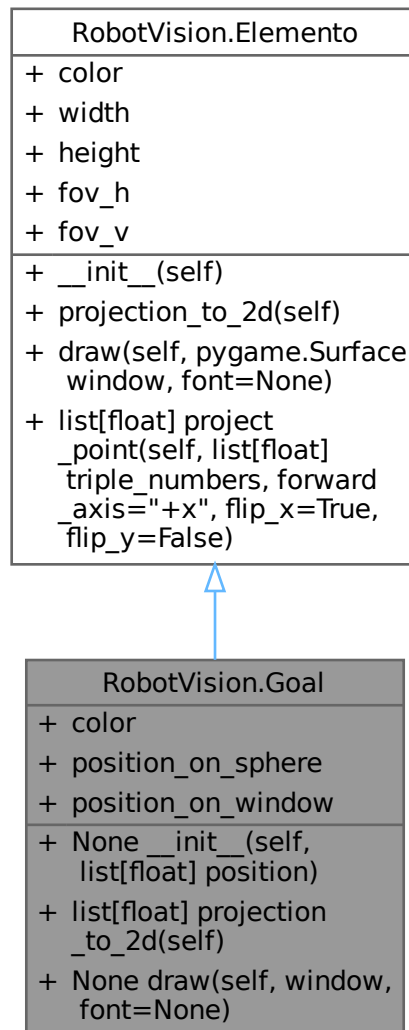
- [src/cpp/environment/Environment.hpp](#)

6.8 RobotVision.Goal Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for RobotVision.Goal:



Collaboration diagram for RobotVision.Goal:



Public Member Functions

- `None __init__(self, list[float] position)`
Construtor responsável por inicializar a bola no e prover.
- `list[float] projection_to_2d(self)`
- `None draw(self, window, font=None)`

Public Member Functions inherited from `RobotVision.Elemento`

- `list[float] project_point(self, list[float] triple_numbers, forward_axis="+x", flip_x=True, flip_y=False)`

Public Attributes

- [color](#)
- [position_on_sphere](#)
- [position_on_window](#)

Public Attributes inherited from [RobotVision.Elemento](#)

- [color](#)
- [width](#)
- [height](#)
- [fov_h](#)
- [fov_v](#)

6.8.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 120 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.8.2.1 `__init__()`

```
None RobotVision.Goal.__init__ (
    self,
    list[float] position )
```

Construtor responsável por inicializar a bola no e prover.

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 121 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.8.3 Member Function Documentation

6.8.3.1 `draw()`

```
None RobotVision.Goal.draw (
    self,
    window,
    font = None )
```

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 137 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.8.3.2 projection_to_2d()

```
list[float] RobotVision.Goal.projection_to_2d (  
    self )
```

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 132 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.8.4 Member Data Documentation

6.8.4.1 color

```
RobotVision.Goal.color
```

Definition at line 128 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.8.4.2 position_on_sphere

```
RobotVision.Goal.position_on_sphere
```

Definition at line 129 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.8.4.3 position_on_window

```
RobotVision.Goal.position_on_window
```

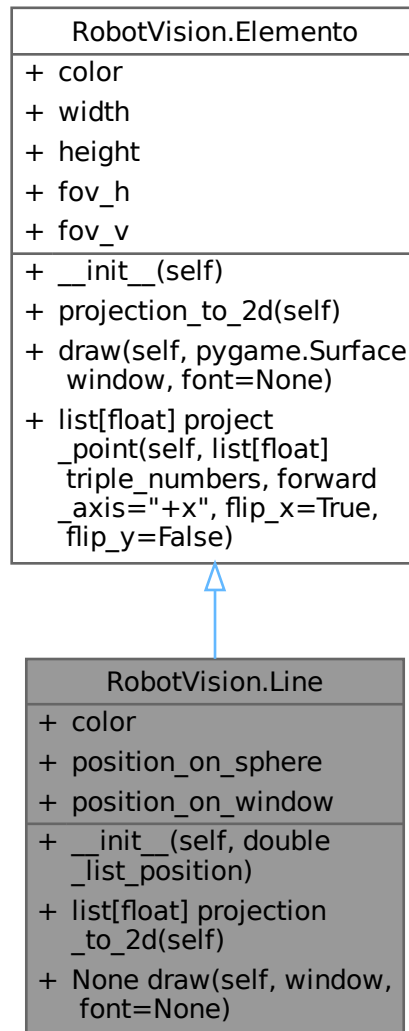
Definition at line 130 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

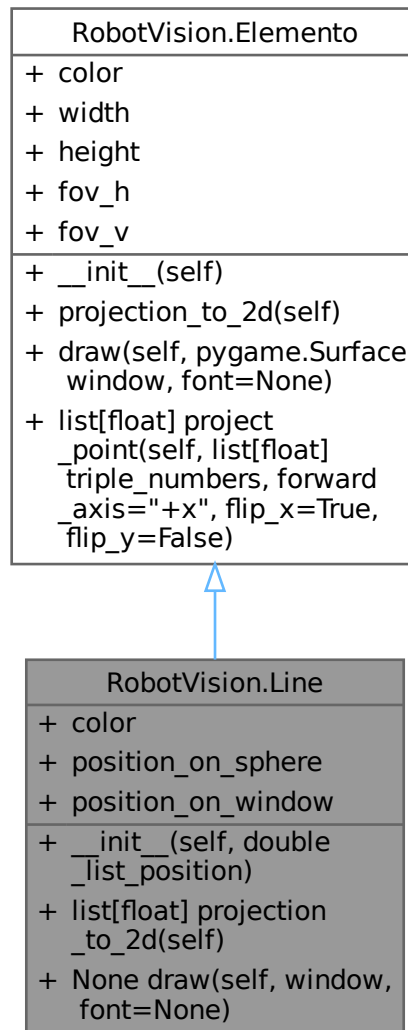
- [src/utis/RobotVision.py](#)

6.9 RobotVision.Line Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for RobotVision.Line:



Collaboration diagram for RobotVision.Line:



Public Member Functions

- `__init__(self, double_list_position)`
- `list[float] projection_to_2d(self)`
- `None draw(self, window, font=None)`

Public Member Functions inherited from `RobotVision.Elemento`

- `list[float] project_point(self, list[float] triple_numbers, forward_axis="+x", flip_x=True, flip_y=False)`

Public Attributes

- `color`
- `position_on_sphere`
- `position_on_window`

Public Attributes inherited from [RobotVision.Elemento](#)

- [color](#)
- [width](#)
- [height](#)
- [fov_h](#)
- [fov_v](#)

6.9.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 146 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.9.2.1 `__init__()`

```
RobotVision.Line.__init__ (
    self,
    double_list_position )
```

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 148 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.9.3 Member Function Documentation

6.9.3.1 `draw()`

```
None RobotVision.Line.draw (
    self,
    window,
    font = None )
```

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 159 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.9.3.2 `projection_to_2d()`

```
list[float] RobotVision.Line.projection_to_2d (
    self )
```

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 155 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.9.4 Member Data Documentation

6.9.4.1 color

`RobotVision.Line.color`

Definition at line 151 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.9.4.2 position_on_sphere

`RobotVision.Line.position_on_sphere`

Definition at line 152 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.9.4.3 position_on_window

`RobotVision.Line.position_on_window`

Definition at line 153 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [src/utils/RobotVision.py](#)

6.10 Logger Class Reference

Singleton para logging assíncrono.

```
#include <Logger.hpp>
```


Collaboration diagram for Logger:

Logger
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - std::vector< std::string > _current_buffer - std::vector< std::string > _write_buffer - std::mutex _mutex - std::condition_variable _cv - std::thread _worker - std::atomic< bool > _is_running - std::atomic< bool > is_the_first - std::ofstream _file_stream
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> + Logger(const Logger &)=delete + void operator=(const Logger &)=delete + void info(std::string msg) + void warn(std::string msg) + void error(std::string msg) + void info(std::format_string< Args... > fmt, Args &&... args) + void warn(std::format_string< Args... > fmt, Args &&... args) + void error(std::format_string< Args... > fmt, Args &&... args) + static Logger & get() - Logger() - ~Logger() - void _init_file() - void log(const char *prefixo, std::string &&msg) - void _worker_loop()

Public Member Functions

- [Logger](#) (const [Logger](#) &)=delete
- void [operator=](#) (const [Logger](#) &)=delete
- void [info](#) (std::string msg)
Adiciona log nível INFO.
- void [warn](#) (std::string msg)

- Adiciona log nível WARN.*
 • void [error](#) (std::string msg)
Adiciona log nível ERROR.
- template<typename... Args>
 void [info](#) (std::format_string< Args... > fmt, Args &&... args)
Log INFO usando C++20 std::format (Alta Performance).
- template<typename... Args>
 void [warn](#) (std::format_string< Args... > fmt, Args &&... args)
Log WARN usando C++20 std::format.
- template<typename... Args>
 void [error](#) (std::format_string< Args... > fmt, Args &&... args)
Log ERROR usando C++20 std::format.

Static Public Member Functions

- static [Logger](#) & [get](#) ()
Acesso à instância única.

Private Member Functions

- [Logger](#) ()
Construtor privado: Inicializa arquivo e thread.
- [~Logger](#) ()
Destrutor: Sinaliza parada e espera thread terminar.
- void [_init_file](#) ()
Responsável por criar ambiente de .log.
- void [log](#) (const char *prefixo, std::string &&msg)
Responsável por providenciar genérica chamada de impressão em .log.
- void [_worker_loop](#) ()
Loop da thread de background, responsável por escrever no arquivo .log da melhor forma possível.

Private Attributes

- std::vector< std::string > [_current_buffer](#)
- std::vector< std::string > [_write_buffer](#)
- std::mutex [_mutex](#)
- std::condition_variable [_cv](#)
- std::thread [_worker](#)
- std::atomic< bool > [_is_running](#)
- std::atomic< bool > [is_the_first](#) = True
- std::ofstream [_file_stream](#)

6.10.1 Detailed Description

Singleton para logging assíncrono.

Focada em performance utiliza uma lógica de fila de mensagens.

Definition at line 25 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.10.2.1 Logger() [1/2]

```
Logger::Logger (
    const Logger & ) [delete]
```

6.10.2.2 Logger() [2/2]

```
Logger::Logger ( ) [inline], [private]
```

Construtor privado: Inicializa arquivo e thread.

Reservará 1000 slots para evitarmos realocações

Definition at line [103](#) of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.2.3 ~Logger()

```
Logger::~~Logger ( ) [inline], [private]
```

Destrutor: Sinaliza parada e espera thread terminar.

< Informa a thread da condição de encerramento

Definition at line [112](#) of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3 Member Function Documentation

6.10.3.1 _init_file()

```
void Logger::_init_file ( ) [inline], [private]
```

Responsável por criar ambiente de .log.

Possui uma lógica para garantir que logs sejam únicos.

Definition at line [125](#) of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3.2 _worker_loop()

```
void Logger::_worker_loop ( ) [inline], [private]
```

Loop da thread de background, responsável por escrever no arquivo .log da melhor forma possível.

Função de alto nível < Espera até ter dados ou ser instruído a encerrar

< Agora escrevemos no disco SEM bloquear quem quer adicionar logs

Definition at line [181](#) of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3.3 error() [1/2]

```
template<typename... Args>
void Logger::error (
    std::format_string< Args... > fmt,
    Args &&... args ) [inline]
```

Log ERROR usando C++20 std::format.

Definition at line 83 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3.4 error() [2/2]

```
void Logger::error (
    std::string msg ) [inline]
```

Adiciona log nível ERROR.

Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Mensagem a ser imprimida.
------------	---------------------------

Recebe por valor para permitir std::move (otimização de r-values).

Definition at line 57 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3.5 get()

```
static Logger & Logger::get ( ) [inline], [static]
```

Acesso à instância única.

Definition at line 30 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3.6 info() [1/2]

```
template<typename... Args>
void Logger::info (
    std::format_string< Args... > fmt,
    Args &&... args ) [inline]
```

Log INFO usando C++20 std::format (Alta Performance).

Parameters

<i>fmt</i>	A string de formatação (ex: "Valor: {}"). Deve ser uma string literal (constante).
<i>args</i>	Os argumentos a serem formatados.

Definition at line 65 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3.7 info() [2/2]

```
void Logger::info (
    std::string msg ) [inline]
```

Adiciona log nível INFO.

Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Mensagem a ser imprimida.
------------	---------------------------

Recebe por valor para permitir std::move (otimização de r-values).

Definition at line 41 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3.8 log()

```
void Logger::log (
    const char * prefixo,
    std::string && msg ) [inline], [private]
```

Responsável por providenciar genérica chamada de impressão em .log.

Parameters

<i>prefixo</i>	Cabeçalho que será colocada antes da mensagem.
<i>msg</i>	Mensagem principal. Usa lock apenas para empurrar no vetor (operação de nanossegundos).

< Esse lock_guard trava enquanto estiver nesse escopo

Definition at line 149 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3.9 operator=()

```
void Logger::operator= (
    const Logger & ) [delete]
```

6.10.3.10 warn() [1/2]

```
template<typename... Args>
void Logger::warn (
    std::format_string< Args... > fmt,
    Args &&... args ) [inline]
```

Log WARN usando C++20 std::format.

Definition at line 75 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.3.11 warn() [2/2]

```
void Logger::warn (
    std::string msg ) [inline]
```

Adiciona log nível WARN.

Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Mensagem a ser imprimida.
------------	---------------------------

Recebe por valor para permitir `std::move` (otimização de r-values).

Definition at line 49 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.4 Member Data Documentation

6.10.4.1 `_current_buffer`

```
std::vector<std::string> Logger::_current_buffer [private]
```

Definition at line 89 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.4.2 `_cv`

```
std::condition_variable Logger::_cv [private]
```

Definition at line 93 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.4.3 `_file_stream`

```
std::ofstream Logger::_file_stream [private]
```

Definition at line 97 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.4.4 `_is_running`

```
std::atomic<bool> Logger::_is_running [private]
```

Definition at line 95 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.4.5 `_mutex`

```
std::mutex Logger::_mutex [private]
```

Definition at line 92 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.4.6 `_worker`

```
std::thread Logger::_worker [private]
```

Definition at line 94 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.4.7 `_write_buffer`

```
std::vector<std::string> Logger::_write_buffer [private]
```

Definition at line 90 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

6.10.4.8 `is_the_first`

```
std::atomic<bool> Logger::is_the_first = True [private]
```

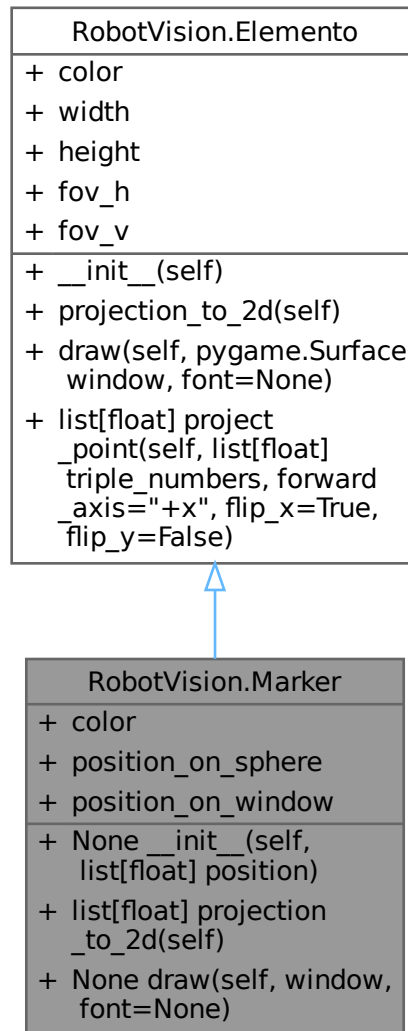
Definition at line 96 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

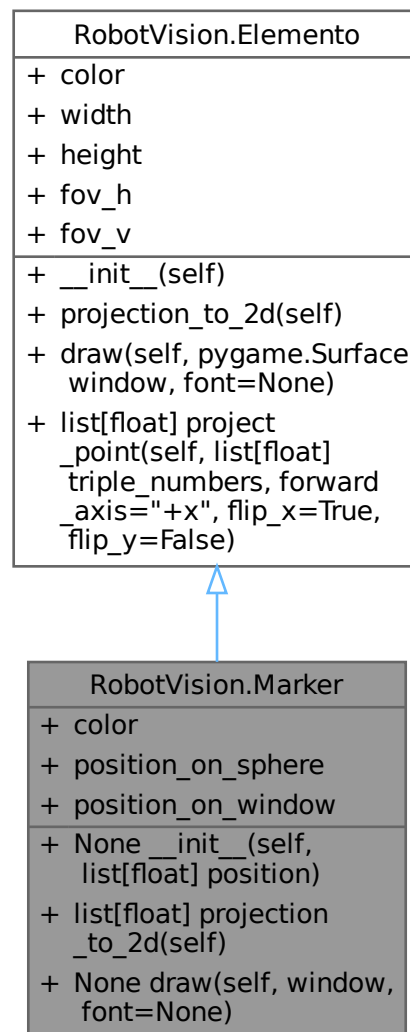
- [src/cpp/logger/Logger.hpp](#)

6.11 RobotVision.Marker Class Reference

Inheritance diagram for RobotVision.Marker:



Collaboration diagram for RobotVision.Marker:



Public Member Functions

- None `__init__` (self, list[float] position)
Construtor responsável por inicializar a bola no e prover.
- list[float] `projection_to_2d` (self)
- None `draw` (self, window, font=None)

Public Member Functions inherited from `RobotVision.Elemento`

- list[float] `project_point` (self, list[float] triple_numbers, forward_axis="+x", flip_x=True, flip_y=False)

Public Attributes

- [color](#)
- [position_on_sphere](#)
- [position_on_window](#)

Public Attributes inherited from [RobotVision.Elemento](#)

- [color](#)
- [width](#)
- [height](#)
- [fov_h](#)
- [fov_v](#)

6.11.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 94 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.11.2.1 `__init__()`

```
None RobotVision.Marker.__init__ (
    self,
    list[float] position )
```

Construtor responsável por inicializar a bola no e prover.

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 95 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.11.3 Member Function Documentation

6.11.3.1 `draw()`

```
None RobotVision.Marker.draw (
    self,
    window,
    font = None )
```

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 111 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.11.3.2 projection_to_2d()

```
list[float] RobotVision.Marker.projection_to_2d (  
    self )
```

Reimplemented from [RobotVision.Elemento](#).

Definition at line 106 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.11.4 Member Data Documentation

6.11.4.1 color

```
RobotVision.Marker.color
```

Definition at line 102 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.11.4.2 position_on_sphere

```
RobotVision.Marker.position_on_sphere
```

Definition at line 103 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.11.4.3 position_on_window

```
RobotVision.Marker.position_on_window
```

Definition at line 104 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

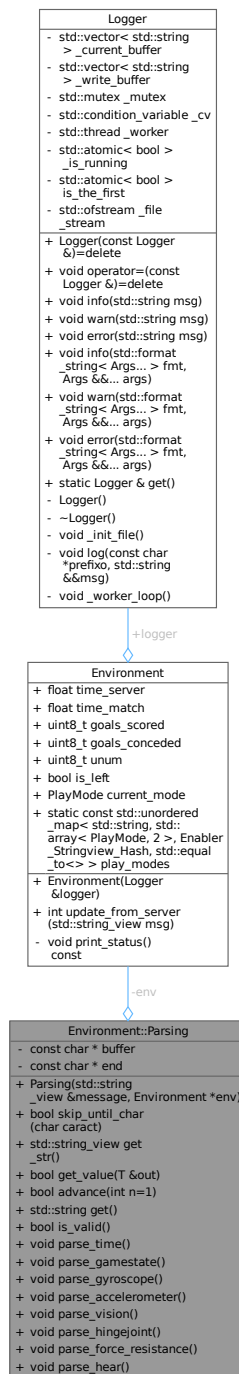
- [src/utils/RobotVision.py](#)

6.12 Environment::Parsing Class Reference

Responsável por prover ferramentas de auxílio de parsing.

```
#include <Environment.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for Environment::Parsing:



Public Member Functions

- [Parsing](#) (std::string_view &message, [Environment](#) *env)
Construtor do [Parsing](#) dedica à interpretação.
- bool [skip_until_char](#) (char caract)
Avançará até encontrar um determinado caractere de parada, pulando-o em seguida.
- std::string_view [get_str](#) ()
Ignorando eventuais ' ', '(' e ')', obterá a próxima string, encerrando apenas a encontrar ' '. Pulando este último caractere.
- template<typename T >
bool [get_value](#) (T &out)
Fará a conversão de caracteres em inteiro ou float, dependendo do tipo de referência dado.
- bool [advance](#) (int n=1)
Avançará o cursor uma determinada quantidade.
- std::string [get](#) ()
- bool [is_valid](#) ()
- void [parse_time](#) ()
Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'time'.
- void [parse_gamestate](#) ()
Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'GS'.
- void [parse_gyroscope](#) ()
Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'GS'.
- void [parse_accelerometer](#) ()
Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'ACC'.
- void [parse_vision](#) ()
Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'See'.
- void [parse_hingejoint](#) ()
Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'HJ'.
- void [parse_force_resistance](#) ()
Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'FRP'.
- void [parse_hear](#) ()
Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'hear'. Bem mais Complexo.

Private Attributes

- const char * [buffer](#) = nullptr
Permitirá-nos saber o ponto da mensagem que estamos.
- const char * [end](#) = nullptr
Permitirá-nos saber o ponto final.
- [Environment](#) * [env](#) = nullptr
Permitirá-nos modificar atributos.

6.12.1 Detailed Description

Responsável por prover ferramentas de auxílio de parsing.

Centralizará todas as funções inerentes ao parsing das mensagens.

Definition at line 99 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.12.2.1 Parsing()

```
Environment::Parsing::Parsing (
    std::string_view & message,
    Environment * env ) [inline]
```

Construtor do [Parsing](#) dedica à interpretação.

Parameters

<i>msg</i>	Mensagem bruta enviada pelo servidor.
------------	---------------------------------------

Returns

Atualização de todas as variáveis de ambiente.

Definition at line [113](#) of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3 Member Function Documentation

6.12.3.1 advance()

```
bool Environment::Parsing::advance (
    int n = 1 ) [inline]
```

Avançará o cursor uma determinada quantidade.

Parameters

<i>n</i>	quantidade de avanços desejados
----------	---------------------------------

Returns

False, se o avanço não foi permitido. True, caso contrário.

Definition at line [170](#) of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.2 get()

```
std::string Environment::Parsing::get ( ) [inline]
```

< Vamos pegar alguns endereços antes e alguns depois.

Definition at line [173](#) of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.3 get_str()

```
std::string_view Environment::Parsing::get_str ( ) [inline]
```

Ignorando eventuais ' ', '(' e ')', obterá a próxima string, encerrando apenas a encontrar ' '. Pulando este último caractere.

Returns

String_view da string.

Definition at line 142 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.4 get_value()

```
template<typename T >
bool Environment::Parsing::get_value (
    T & out ) [inline]
```

Fará a conversão de caracteres em inteiro ou float, dependendo do tipo de referência dado.

Iniciará a leitura a partir do ponto que buffer se encontra. Encerrará ao encontrar ' ' ou ')', pulando este.

Parameters

out	<i>Variável</i>	que receberá o valor
-----	-----------------	----------------------

Returns

True, se não houve erro. False, caso contrário.

Definition at line 158 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.5 is_valid()

```
bool Environment::Parsing::is_valid ( ) [inline]
```

Definition at line 178 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.6 parse_accelerometer()

```
void Environment::Parsing::parse_accelerometer ( ) [inline]
```

Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'ACC'.

Recebe o vetor aceleração linear do centro do torso. Há toda uma lógica de sentido aqui, mas acredito que ainda não é importante.

Definition at line 273 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.7 parse_force_resistance()

```
void Environment::Parsing::parse_force_resistance ( ) [inline]
```

Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'FRP'.

Estes sensores estão embaixo de cada pé, este representado por lf ou rf. O primeiro vetor representa o ponto de contato do pé, medido em relação ao centro do mesmo. O segundo vetor representa a força(kg m/s²) total neste ponto.

Definition at line 399 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.8 parse_gamestate()

```
void Environment::Parsing::parse_gamestate ( ) [inline]
```

Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'GS'.

Atualizará o instante de tempo da partida, o modo de jogo a cada ciclo e pontuações. Caso seja a primeira vez que receba, atualizará dados de número de uniforme, lado de campo. < Obteremos as subtags

< Poderá ser 'sl', 'sr'

< Há apenas 'pm'

< Há 'time' e 'team'

< Há apenas o 'u'

Definition at line 207 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.9 parse_gyroscope()

```
void Environment::Parsing::parse_gyroscope ( ) [inline]
```

Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'GS'.

Os números dados representam os incrementos e decrementos dos ângulos de rotação durante o ciclo, como uma espécie de velocidade. Em termos gerais, é o vetor velocidade angular no último ciclo em graus por segundo do torso do robô.

Definition at line 257 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.10 parse_hear()

```
void Environment::Parsing::parse_hear ( ) [inline]
```

Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'hear'. Bem mais Complexo.

Definition at line 418 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.11 parse_hingejoint()

```
void Environment::Parsing::parse_hingejoint ( ) [inline]
```

Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'HJ'.

Recebemos o nome abreviado da junta e o ângulo instantâneo do eixo em graus.

Definition at line 381 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.12 parse_time()

```
void Environment::Parsing::parse_time ( ) [inline]
```

Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'time'.

Informará o instante de tempo do servidor. < Vamos ter fé que nunca será diferente.

< Sairemos da tag 'time'

Definition at line 188 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.13 parse_vision()

```
void Environment::Parsing::parse_vision ( ) [inline]
```

Responsável pela interpretação da mensagem de 'See'.

Recebe diversas(MUITAS) informações a partir de pontos em coordenadas esféricas. < Estamos vendo um jogador. Há outras lowers tags a serem verificadas.

< Informação de 'team' do jogador visto

< Saberemos o unum do jogador visto

< Obviamente, a bola.

< Linhas Vistas

Definition at line 287 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.3.14 skip_until_char()

```
bool Environment::Parsing::skip_until_char (
    char caract ) [inline]
```

Avançará até encontrar um determinado caractere de parada, pulando-o em seguida.

Parameters

<i>caract</i>	Caractere de Parada.
---------------	----------------------

Returns

True, caso encontre corretamente. False, caso chegue ao final da mensagem.

Definition at line 128 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.4 Member Data Documentation

6.12.4.1 buffer

```
const char* Environment::Parsing::buffer = nullptr [private]
```

Permitirá-nos saber o ponto da mensagem que estamos.

Definition at line 101 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.4.2 end

```
const char* Environment::Parsing::end = nullptr [private]
```

Permitirá-nos saber o ponto final.

Definition at line 102 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

6.12.4.3 env

```
Environment\* Environment::Parsing::env = nullptr [private]
```

Permitirá-nos modificar atributos.

Definition at line 103 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [src/cpp/environment/Environment.hpp](#)

6.13 Printing.Printing Class Reference

Responsável pela comunicação usuário - terminal.

Collaboration diagram for Printing.Printing:

Printing.Printing
+ bool IF_IN_DEBUG
+ dict TABLE_COLORS
+ CONSOLE
+ None print_message (str message, str role=None)
+ None ConsoleRenderable print_table(list[str] columns, list[list] dados, str header_style="bold", dict[int, str] row_style=None, int width=None, dict[str, str] column_styles=None, dict[str, str] column_justify=None, dict [str, int] column_widths=None, bool renderable=False)
+ get_input(int bytes _to_be_read, Callable return_type=str)

Static Public Member Functions

- None [print_message](#) (str message, str role=None)
Apresentará uma mensagem estilizada de forma específica.
- None|ConsoleRenderable [print_table](#) (list[str] columns, list[list] dados, str header_style="bold", dict[int, str] row_style=None, int width=None, dict[str, str] column_styles=None, dict[str, str] column_justify=None, dict[str, int] column_widths=None, bool renderable=False)
Apresentará uma tabela completamente personalizada.
- [get_input](#) (int bytes_to_be_read, Callable return_type=str)
Função complexa que fará leitura de entrada do usuário.

Static Public Attributes

- bool IF_IN_DEBUG = True
- dict TABLE_COLORS
- CONSOLE = Console()

6.13.1 Detailed Description

Responsável pela comunicação usuário - terminal.

Definition at line 13 of file [Printing.py](#).

6.13.2 Member Function Documentation

6.13.2.1 `get_input()`

```
Printing.Printing.get_input (
    int bytes_to_be_read,
    Callable return_type = str ) [static]
```

Função complexa que fará leitura de entrada do usuário.

Tome cuidado com a execução dessa função, pois ela é poderosa

Parameters

<i>return_type</i>	Tipo de entrada a ser retornado
<i>bytes_to_be_read</i>	Quantidade de Bytes que serão lidos

Returns

Entrada do usuário

Definition at line 116 of file [Printing.py](#).

6.13.2.2 `print_message()`

```
None Printing.Printing.print_message (
    str message,
    str role = None ) [static]
```

Apresentará uma mensagem estilizada de forma específica.

Parameters

<i>message</i>	Mensagem a ser apresentada
<i>role</i>	String indicando qual o motivo da mensagem

Há uma quantidade específica de roles possíveis:

- info
- warning
- error

Caso nenhuma dessas seja inserida, há a possibilidade de inserir o comando ASCII de uma vez.

Definition at line 26 of file [Printing.py](#).

6.13.2.3 print_table()

```
None | ConsoleRenderable Printing.Printing.print_table (
    list[str] columns,
    list[list] dados,
    str header_style = "bold",
    dict[int, str] row_style = None,
    int width = None,
    dict[str, str] column_styles = None,
    dict[str, str] column_justify = None,
    dict[str, int] column_widths = None,
    bool renderable = False ) [static]
```

Apresentará uma tabela completamente personalizada.

Parameters

<i>columns</i>	Lista dos nomes das colunas
<i>data</i>	Lista de listas com os valores de linhas

Assume os seguintes parâmetros de personalização: columns: Lista de nomes das colunas data: Lista de listas com dados das linhas header_style: Estilo do cabeçalho row_styles: Estilos alternados para linhas width: Largura fixa da tabela column_styles: {nome_coluna: estilo} column_justify: {nome_coluna: "left"/"center"/"right"} column_widths: {nome_coluna: largura}

Definition at line 61 of file [Printing.py](#).

6.13.3 Member Data Documentation

6.13.3.1 CONSOLE

```
Printing.Printing.CONSOLE = Console() [static]
```

Definition at line 23 of file [Printing.py](#).

6.13.3.2 IF_IN_DEBUG

```
bool Printing.Printing.IF_IN_DEBUG = True [static]
```

Definition at line 17 of file [Printing.py](#).

6.13.3.3 TABLE_COLORS

```
dict Printing.Printing.TABLE_COLORS [static]
```

Initial value:

```
= {  
    "info": "\033[1;36m",  
    "warning": "\033[1;33m",  
    "error": "\033[1;31m"  
}
```

Definition at line 18 of file [Printing.py](#).

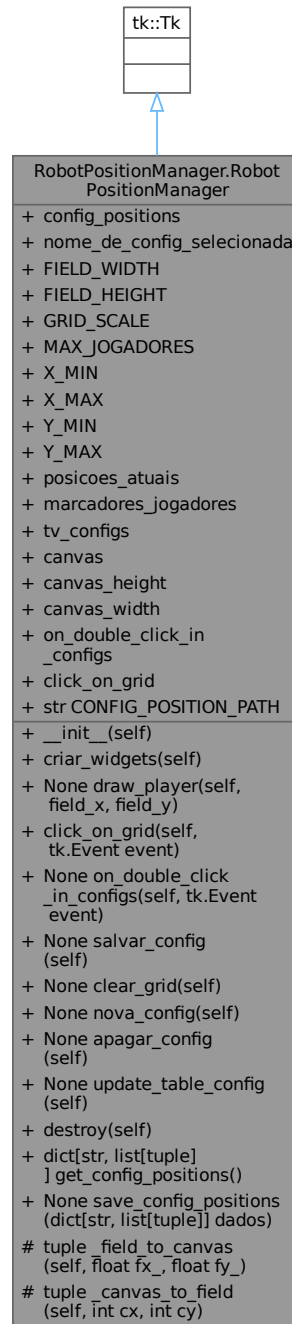
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [src/term/Printing.py](#)

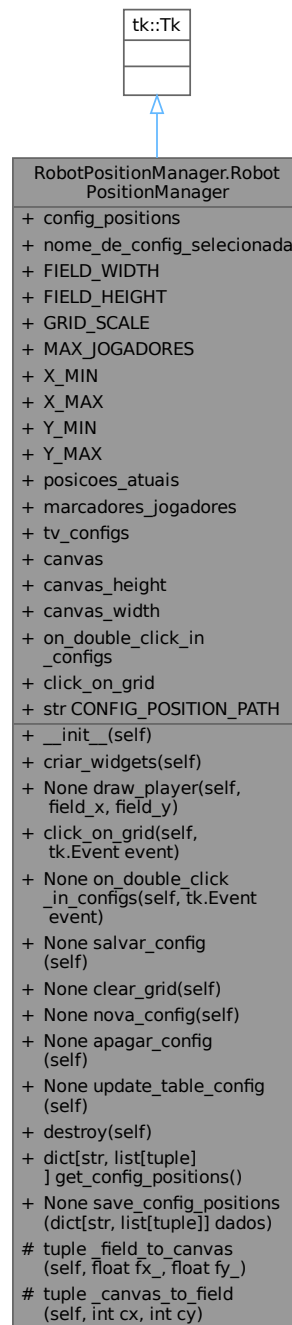
6.14 RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager Class Reference

Responsável por permitir ao usuário a criação de diversas formações táticas.

Inheritance diagram for RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager:



Collaboration diagram for RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager:



Public Member Functions

- `__init__` (self)
Construtor da Classe, inicializa variáveis importantes, como o próprio dicionário.
- `criar_widgets` (self)
Disporá os widgets da interface de forma inteligente, provendo informações úteis.
- `draw_player` (self, field_x, field_y)

- *Desenharemos um jogador na posição especificada.*
- [click_on_grid](#) (self, tk.Event event)
Responsável por identificar onde o usuário clicou e adicionar essa posição na lista.
- None [on_double_click_in_configs](#) (self, tk.Event event)
Responsável por plotar a configuração de jogadores selecionada.
- None [salvar_config](#) (self)
Salvará uma configuração selecionada.
- None [clear_grid](#) (self)
Responsável por limpar as posições e a grade.
- None [nova_config](#) (self)
Prepará uma nova configuração para ser criada.
- None [apagar_config](#) (self)
Apagará uma configuração selecionada.
- None [update_table_config](#) (self)
Responsável por atualizar e preencher tabela de configurações de posição.
- [destroy](#) (self)

Static Public Member Functions

- dict[str, list[tuple]] [get_config_positions](#) ()
Verificará existência do arquivo binário correspondente ao dicionário.
- None [save_config_positions](#) (dict[str, list[tuple]] dados)
Responsável por salvar uma estrutura de dados em arquivo binário.

Public Attributes

- [config_positions](#)
- [nome_de_config_selecionada](#)
- [FIELD_WIDTH](#)
- [FIELD_HEIGHT](#)
- [GRID_SCALE](#)
- [MAX_JOGADORES](#)
- [X_MIN](#)
- [X_MAX](#)
- [Y_MIN](#)
- [Y_MAX](#)
- [posicoes_atuais](#)
- [marcadores_jogadores](#)
- [tv_configs](#)
- [canvas](#)
- [canvas_height](#)
- [canvas_width](#)
- [on_double_click_in_configs](#)
- [click_on_grid](#)

Static Public Attributes

- str [CONFIG_POSITION_PATH](#) = Path(__file__).resolve().parents[1] / "agent" / "tactical_formation.pkl"

Protected Member Functions

- tuple `_field_to_canvas` (self, float fx_, float fy_)
Responsável por converter coordenadas do campo para pixels no canvas.
- tuple `_canvas_to_field` (self, int cx, int cy)
Converterá o pixel clicado para o quadrado correspondente.

6.14.1 Detailed Description

Responsável por permitir ao usuário a criação de diversas formações táticas.

Focada em diversão e customização, gerencia um binário que é a representação de dicionário de listas que contém as 11 posições. Por ter esse objetivo, não faz sentido que haja essa função na lógica geral dos agentes.

Definition at line 11 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.14.2.1 `__init__()`

```
RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.__init__ (
    self )
```

Construtor da Classe, inicializa variáveis importantes, como o próprio dicionário.

Definition at line 23 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3 Member Function Documentation

6.14.3.1 `_canvas_to_field()`

```
tuple RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager._canvas_to_field (
    self,
    int cx,
    int cy ) [protected]
```

Converterá o pixel clicado para o quadrado correspondente.

Parameters

<code>cx</code>	Posição X do pixel
<code>cy</code>	Posição Y do pixel

Returns

tupla de posições reais

Definition at line 102 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.2 `_field_to_canvas()`

```
tuple RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager._field_to_canvas (
    self,
    float fx_,
    float fy_ ) [protected]
```

Responsável por converter coordenadas do campo para pixels no canvas.

Parameters

fx_{\leftrightarrow} _↔	Coordenada real em x
fy_{\leftrightarrow} _↔	Coordenada real em y

Returns

Coordenadas corrigidas para o grid

Definition at line 90 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.3 `apagar_config()`

```
None RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.apagar_config (
    self )
```

Apagará uma configuração selecionada.

Definition at line 355 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.4 `clear_grid()`

```
None RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.clear_grid (
    self )
```

Responsável por limpar as posições e a grade.

Definition at line 267 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.5 `click_on_grid()`

```
RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.click_on_grid (
    self,
    tk.Event event )
```

Responsável por identificar onde o usuário clicou e adicionar essa posição na lista.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	Argumento default do bind
--------------	---------------------------

Definition at line 192 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.6 criar_widgets()

```
RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.criar_widgets (
    self )
```

Disporá os widgets da interface de forma inteligente, provendo informações úteis.

Definition at line 127 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.7 destroy()

```
RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.destroy (
    self )
```

Definition at line 390 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.8 draw_player()

```
None RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.draw_player (
    self,
    field_x,
    field_y )
```

Desenharemos um jogador na posição especificada.

Parameters

<i>field_x</i>	Posição real em X
<i>field_y</i>	Posição real em Y

Definition at line 174 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.9 get_config_positions()

```
dict[str, list[tuple]] RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.get_config_positions ( )
[static]
```

Verificará existência do arquivo binário correspondente ao dicionário.

Returns

Caso exista, o retornará restaurado. Caso não, retornará um dicionário vazio.

Definition at line 62 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.10 nova_config()

```
None RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.nova_config (
    self )
```

Prepará uma nova configuração para ser criada.

Definition at line 332 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.11 on_double_click_in_configs()

```
None RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.on_double_click_in_configs (
    self,
    tk.Event event )
```

Responsável por plotar a configuração de jogadores selecionada.

Parameters

<i>event</i>	Argumento Default de bind
--------------	---------------------------

Definition at line 219 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.12 salvar_config()

```
None RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.salvar_config (
    self )
```

Salvará uma configuração selecionada.

Definition at line 239 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.13 save_config_positions()

```
None RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.save_config_positions (
    dict[str, list[tuple]] dados ) [static]
```

Responsável por salvar uma estrutura de dados em arquivo binário.

Parameters

<i>dados</i>	Estrutura de dados a ser salva
--------------	--------------------------------

Definition at line 77 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.3.14 update_table_config()

```
None RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.update_table_config (
    self )
```

Responsável por atualizar e preencher tabela de configurações de posição.

Definition at line 379 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4 Member Data Documentation

6.14.4.1 canvas

```
RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.canvas
```

Definition at line 52 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.2 canvas_height

```
RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.canvas_height
```

Definition at line 53 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.3 canvas_width

```
RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.canvas_width
```

Definition at line 54 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.4 click_on_grid

```
RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.click_on_grid
```

Definition at line 170 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.5 CONFIG_POSITION_PATH

```
str RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.CONFIG_POSITION_PATH = Path(__file__).resolve().parents[1]
/ "agent" / "tactical_formation.pkl" [static]
```

Definition at line 20 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.6 config_positions

`RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.config_positions`

Definition at line 33 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.7 FIELD_HEIGHT

`RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.FIELD_HEIGHT`

Definition at line 38 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.8 FIELD_WIDTH

`RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.FIELD_WIDTH`

Definition at line 37 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.9 GRID_SCALE

`RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.GRID_SCALE`

Definition at line 39 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.10 marcadores_jogadores

`RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.marcadores_jogadores`

Definition at line 48 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.11 MAX_JOGADORES

`RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.MAX_JOGADORES`

Definition at line 40 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.12 nome_de_config_selecionada

`RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.nome_de_config_selecionada`

Definition at line 34 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.13 on_double_click_in_configs

`RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.on_double_click_in_configs`

Definition at line 146 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.14 posicoes_atuais

RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.posicoes_atuais

Definition at line 47 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.15 tv_configs

RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.tv_configs

Definition at line 51 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.16 X_MAX

RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.X_MAX

Definition at line 42 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.17 X_MIN

RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.X_MIN

Definition at line 41 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.18 Y_MAX

RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.Y_MAX

Definition at line 44 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

6.14.4.19 Y_MIN

RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager.Y_MIN

Definition at line 43 of file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [src/utis/RobotPositionManager.py](#)

6.15 RobotVision.RobotVision Class Reference

Classe responsável por gerir a aplicação principal.

Collaboration diagram for RobotVision.RobotVision:

RobotVision.RobotVision
+ frames
+ current_index
+ need_to_update
+ objects
+ str FRAMES_VISION_PATH
+ __init__(self)
+ None load_frames_from_file(self)
+ None parse_frame(self)
+ None mainloop(self)
+ draw_legend(screen, items, font, padding=10, line_height=20)
str None _get_only_tag_See(self)

Public Member Functions

- [__init__](#) (self)
- None [load_frames_from_file](#) (self)
Abrirá um arquivo que conterà os frames recebidos pelo agente.
- None [parse_frame](#) (self)
Interpreta uma mensagem 'See' do Simspark/Rcssserver3d.
- None [mainloop](#) (self)

Static Public Member Functions

- [draw_legend](#) (screen, items, font, padding=10, line_height=20)
Desenhará a legenda das cores.

Public Attributes

- [frames](#)
- [current_index](#)
- [need_to_update](#)
- [objects](#)

Static Public Attributes

- str `FRAMES_VISION_PATH` = "frames_vision.txt"

Protected Member Functions

- str|None `_get_only_tag_See` (self)
Buscará no frame principal o bloco referente ao conjunto See.

6.15.1 Detailed Description

Classe responsável por gerir a aplicação principal.

Definition at line 170 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.15.2.1 `__init__()`

```
RobotVision.RobotVision.__init__ (  
    self )
```

Definition at line 177 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.3 Member Function Documentation

6.15.3.1 `_get_only_tag_See()`

```
str | None RobotVision.RobotVision._get_only_tag_See (  
    self ) [protected]
```

Buscará no frame principal o bloco referente ao conjunto See.

Returns

String referente ao bloco See. None caso não exista.

Definition at line 192 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.3.2 `draw_legend()`

```
RobotVision.RobotVision.draw_legend (  
    screen,  
    items,  
    font,  
    padding = 10,  
    line_height = 20 ) [static]
```

Desenhará a legenda das cores.

Definition at line 341 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.3.3 load_frames_from_file()

```
None RobotVision.RobotVision.load_frames_from_file (
    self )
```

Abrirá um arquivo que conterà os frames recebidos pelo agente.

Pode ser aprimorada para permitir observação em tempo real.

Definition at line 183 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.3.4 mainloop()

```
None RobotVision.RobotVision.mainloop (
    self )
```

Definition at line 358 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.3.5 parse_frame()

```
None RobotVision.RobotVision.parse_frame (
    self )
```

Interpreta uma mensagem 'See' do Simspark/Rcserver3d.

Divide a responsabilidade com subfunções.

Definition at line 232 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.4 Member Data Documentation

6.15.4.1 current_index

```
RobotVision.RobotVision.current_index
```

Definition at line 179 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.4.2 frames

```
RobotVision.RobotVision.frames
```

Definition at line 178 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.4.3 FRAMES_VISION_PATH

```
str RobotVision.RobotVision.FRAMES_VISION_PATH = "frames_vision.txt" [static]
```

Definition at line 175 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.4.4 need_to_update

RobotVision.RobotVision.need_to_update

Definition at line 180 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

6.15.4.5 objects

RobotVision.RobotVision.objects

Definition at line 181 of file [RobotVision.py](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [src/utils/RobotVision.py](#)

6.16 ServerComm.ServerComm Class Reference

Responsável pela comunicação com servidor.

Collaboration diagram for ServerComm.ServerComm:

ServerComm.ServerComm
+ buffer_size
+ buffer
+ socket
+ message_queue
+ unum
+ env
+ __init__(self, list [list[str]] creation_options, environment, list other_players)
+ None send_immediate(self, bytes message)
+ None receive(self)
+ None commit(self, bytes message)
+ None close(self)
+ None send(self)
+ None clear_queue(self)
+ commit_beam(self, list vector_position2d, float rotation)
- None __receive_async(self, list other_players)

Public Member Functions

- `__init__` (self, list[list[str]] creation_options, environment, list other_players)
Construtor da classe, inicializando buffers e a conexão de cada agente com servidor.
- None `send_immediate` (self, bytes message)
Envia uma mensagem instantânea ao servidor, verificando se a conexão continua ativa.
- None `receive` (self)
Receberá informações diretamente do servidor, fazendo todas as verificações necessárias.
- None `commit` (self, bytes message)
Responsável por adicionar uma nova mensagem à fila de mensagens.
- None `close` (self)
Responsável por fazer o encerramento dos canais de comunicação.
- None `send` (self)
Enviarão ao servidor todas as mensagens commitadas.
- None `clear_queue` (self)
Limpará a fila de commits.
- `commit_beam` (self, list vector_position2d, float rotation)
Comando de beam oficial do agente.

Public Attributes

- `buffer_size`
- `buffer`
- `socket`
- `message_queue`
- `unum`
- `env`

Private Member Functions

- None `__receive_async` (self, list other_players)
Responsável por esperar resposta do servidor de forma assíncrona, sem impedir fluxo de execução.

6.16.1 Detailed Description

Responsável pela comunicação com servidor.

Definition at line 11 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

6.16.2.1 `__init__()`

```
ServerComm.ServerComm.__init__ (
    self,
    list[list[str]] creation_options,
    environment,
    list other_players )
```

Construtor da classe, inicializando buffers e a conexão de cada agente com servidor.

Parameters

<i>creation_options</i>	Lista de parâmetros de criação, self ainda não foi incluído na lista.
<i>environment</i>	
<i>other_players</i>	

Definition at line 16 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.3 Member Function Documentation

6.16.3.1 __receive_async()

```
None ServerComm.ServerComm.__receive_async (  
    self,  
    list other_players ) [private]
```

Responsável por esperar resposta do servidor de forma assíncrona, sem impedir fluxo de execução.

Essa função foi criada com o único propósito de impedir que a espera por resposta do servidor interrompa o fluxo de execução. Não deve ser executada posteriormente.

Parameters

<i>other_players</i>	Lista de jogadores de mesmo time presentes na partida
----------------------	---

Definition at line 153 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.3.2 clear_queue()

```
None ServerComm.ServerComm.clear_queue (  
    self )
```

Limpará a fila de commits.

Definition at line 225 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.3.3 close()

```
None ServerComm.ServerComm.close (  
    self )
```

Responsável por fazer o encerramento dos canais de comunicação.

Definition at line 198 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.3.4 commit()

```
None ServerComm.ServerComm.commit (  
    self,  
    bytes message )
```

Responsável por adicionar uma nova mensagem à fila de mensagens.

Parameters

<i>message</i>	String em bytes a ser adicionada à fila
----------------	---

Definition at line 190 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.3.5 commit_beam()

```
ServerComm.ServerComm.commit_beam (
    self,
    list vector_position2d,
    float rotation )
```

Comando de beam oficial do agente.

Parameters

<i>vector_position2d</i>	Sequência de dois valores, x e y finais do agente
<i>rotation</i>	Valor de rotação a ser dado ao robô

Definition at line 232 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.3.6 receive()

```
None ServerComm.ServerComm.receive (
    self )
```

Receberá informações diretamente do servidor, fazendo todas as verificações necessárias.

Definition at line 95 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.3.7 send()

```
None ServerComm.ServerComm.send (
    self )
```

Enviará ao servidor todas as mensagens commitadas.

Definition at line 205 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.3.8 send_immediate()

```
None ServerComm.ServerComm.send_immediate (
    self,
    bytes message )
```

Envia uma mensagem instantânea ao servidor, verificando se a conexão continua ativa.

Parameters

<code>message</code>	String em forma de bytes para ser transmitida
----------------------	---

Coloca-se na frente uma informação de tamanho da mensagem dentro de 4 bytes.

Definition at line 80 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.4 Member Data Documentation

6.16.4.1 buffer

`ServerComm.ServerComm.buffer`

Definition at line 26 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.4.2 buffer_size

`ServerComm.ServerComm.buffer_size`

Definition at line 25 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.4.3 env

`ServerComm.ServerComm.env`

Definition at line 36 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.4.4 message_queue

`ServerComm.ServerComm.message_queue`

Definition at line 34 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.4.5 socket

`ServerComm.ServerComm.socket`

Definition at line 27 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

6.16.4.6 unum

`ServerComm.ServerComm.unum`

Definition at line 35 of file [ServerComm.py](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [src/communication/ServerComm.py](#)

Chapter 7

File Documentation

7.1 src/agent/Agent.py File Reference

Implementação de Lógica de Agente de Campo.

Classes

- class [Agent.Agent](#)

Classe que representará os agentes de campo, possuindo métodos correspondentes.

Namespaces

- namespace [Agent](#)

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Implementação de Lógica de Agente de Campo.

Definition in file [Agent.py](#).

7.2 Agent.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 """
00002 @file Agent.py
00003 @brief Implementação de Lógica de Agente de Campo
00004 """
00005 from agent.BaseAgent import BaseAgent
00006
00007 class Agent(BaseAgent):
00008     """
00009     @brief Classe que representará os agentes de campo, possuindo métodos correspondentes.
00010     """
00011
00012     def __init__(self, creation_options: list[list[str | int]]):
00013         """
00014         @brief Construtor da classe agente de campo, inicializando informações gerais.
00015         @param creation_options Lista de Parâmetros de Criação de Agente
```

```

00016         @details
00017         Parâmetros presentes em `creation_options`:
00018             - IP Server
00019             - Porta de Agente
00020             - Porta de Monitor
00021             - Nome do time
00022             - Número de Uniforme
00023             - Tipo de Robô
00024             - Tiro livre Penâlti
00025             - Proxy
00026             - Modo de Debug
00027         """
00028
00029         self.unum = creation_options[4][1]
00030         creation_options[5][1] = (0,1,1,1,2,3,3,3,4,4,4)[self.unum - 1]
00031
00032         super().__init__(creation_options)
00033

```

7.3 src/agent/AgentPenalty.py File Reference

Implementação de Lógica de Goleiro.

Namespaces

- namespace [AgentPenalty](#)

7.3.1 Detailed Description

Implementação de Lógica de Goleiro.

Definition in file [AgentPenalty.py](#).

7.4 AgentPenalty.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 """
00002 @file AgentPenalty.py
00003 @brief Implementação de Lógica de Goleiro
00004 """

```

7.5 src/agent/BaseAgent.py File Reference

Implementação da classe de jogador base, que deve ser comum a todos os agentes.

Classes

- class [BaseAgent.BaseAgent](#)

Classe que agrupará todas as funcionalidades comuns a qualquer agente.

Namespaces

- namespace [BaseAgent](#)

7.5.1 Detailed Description

Implementação da classe de jogador base, que deve ser comum a todos os agentes.

Definition in file [BaseAgent.py](#).

7.6 BaseAgent.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 """
00002 @file BaseAgent.py
00003 @brief Implementação da classe de jogador base, que deve ser comum a todos os agentes.
00004 """
00005 from abc import ABC # para conseguirmos criar classes abstratas em Python
00006 from communication.ServerComm import ServerComm
00007 from pathlib import Path
00008 import pickle
00009
00010 class BaseAgent(ABC):
00011     """
00012     @brief Classe que agrupará todas as funcionalidades comuns a qualquer agente.
00013     """
00014
00015     AGENTS_IN_THE_MATCH = []
00016     INITIAL_POSITION = []
00017
00018     def __init__(self, creation_options: list[list[str | int]]):
00019         """
00020         @brief Construtor da classe base de agente, chamando todos os construtores de outras
00021         classes mínimas para cada agente.
00022         @param creation_options Lista de Parâmetros de Criação de Agente
00023         """
00024
00025         # --- Importações do C++ ---
00026         from cpp.logger.logger import Logger
00027         from cpp.environment.environment import Environment
00028
00029         self.logger = Logger.get() # Todos os jogadores utilizarão o único
00030         self.env = Environment(self.logger) # Enquanto não fizer ligação com Server, terá dados lixo
00031         self.scom = ServerComm(
00032             creation_options,
00033             self.env,
00034             # Passamos o ponteiro da lista de jogadores
00035             # Conforme eles são inseridos, teremos novos na partida
00036             BaseAgent.AGENTS_IN_THE_MATCH
00037         )
00038         # Chamaremos os construtores mínimos conforme formos criando-os
00039
00040         self.unum = creation_options[4][1]
00041         # Note que colocamos apenas por último
00042         BaseAgent.AGENTS_IN_THE_MATCH.append(self)
00043
00044         # Garantimos que as posições são existentes
00045         # E executamos apenas uma vez
00046         if not BaseAgent.INITIAL_POSITION:
00047             with open(
00048                 Path(__file__).resolve().parent / "tactical_formation.pkl",
00049                 "rb"
00050             ) as f:
00051                 BaseAgent.INITIAL_POSITION = pickle.load(f) ["default"]
00052
00053         self.init_position = BaseAgent.INITIAL_POSITION[self.unum - 1]
00054
00055     def beam(self) -> None:
00056         """
00057         @brief Responsável por gerenciar o teletransporte dos jogadores
00058         """
00059
00060         self.scom.commit_beam(self.init_position, 0)
00061
00062

```

7.7 src/communication/ServerComm.py File Reference

Implementação da Comunicação com Servidor.

Classes

- class [ServerComm.ServerComm](#)
Responsável pela comunicação com servidor.

Namespaces

- namespace [ServerComm](#)

7.7.1 Detailed Description

Implementação da Comunicação com Servidor.

Definition in file [ServerComm.py](#).

7.8 ServerComm.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 """
00002 @file ServerComm.py
00003 @brief Implementação da Comunicação com Servidor
00004 """
00005 import socket
00006 from time import sleep
00007 from term.Printing import Printing
00008 from select import select
00009 from pathlib import Path
00010
00011 class ServerComm:
00012     """
00013     @brief Responsável pela comunicação com servidor.
00014     """
00015
00016     def __init__(self, creation_options: list[list[str]], environment, other_players: list):
00017         """
00018         @brief Construtor da classe, inicializando buffers e a conexão de cada agente com servidor.
00019         @param creation_options Lista de parâmetros de criação, self ainda não foi incluído na lista.
00020         @param environment
00021         @param other_players
00022         """
00023
00024         # Características da comunicação
00025         self.buffer_size = 4096 # Posteriormente, devemos analisar se realmente vale a pena ter um
buffer com este comprimento
00026         self.buffer = bytearray(self.buffer_size)
00027         self.socket = socket.socket(
00028             socket.AF_INET,
00029             socket.SOCK_STREAM # TCP
00030         )
00031         self.socket.settimeout(2)
00032
00033         # Características alheias
00034         self.message_queue = []
00035         self.unum = creation_options[4][1]
00036         self.env = environment
00037
00038         # Fazemos a conexão com servidor
00039         Printing.print_message(f"Tentando conexão do jogador {self.unum}", "info")
00040         while True:
00041             try:
00042 
```

```

00043         self.socket.connect(
00044             (
00045                 creation_options[0][1], # Host
00046                 creation_options[1][1] # Porta de Agentes
00047             )
00048         )
00049         break
00050     except ConnectionRefusedError:
00051         sleep(1)
00052         Printing.print_message(".")
00053
00054     Printing.print_message("\tAgente Conectado!\n", "info")
00055
00056     # Fazemos o pedido de criação de robô
00057     self.send_immediate(
00058         f"(scene rsg/agent/nao/nao_hetero.rsg {creation_options[5][1]})".encode()
00059     )
00060     self.__receive_async(other_players)
00061     self.send_immediate(
00062         f"(init (unum {self.unum}) (teamname {creation_options[3][1]}))".encode()
00063     )
00064     self.__receive_async(other_players)
00065
00066     # Aqui podem ser realizados testes de execução de quaisquer funções do ServerComm
00067
00068     for _ in range(3):
00069         self.send_immediate(b'(syn)')
00070         for p in other_players:
00071             p.scom.send_immediate(b'(syn)')
00072         for p in other_players:
00073             p.scom.receive()
00074         self.receive()
00075
00076
00077     # self.close()
00078
00079     # Métodos Mínimos da Classe de Comunicação com servidor
00080     def send_immediate(self, message: bytes) -> None:
00081         """
00082         @brief Envia uma mensagem instantânea ao servidor, verificando se a conexão continua ativa
00083         @param message String em forma de bytes para ser transmitida
00084         @details
00085         Coloca-se na frente uma informação de tamanho da mensagem dentro de 4 bytes.
00086         """
00087
00088         try:
00089             self.socket.send(
00090                 len(message).to_bytes(4, byteorder="big") + message
00091             )
00092         except BrokenPipeError:
00093             Printing.print_message("Error: socket foi fechado por rcssserver3d", "error")
00094
00095     def receive(self) -> None:
00096         """
00097         @brief Receberá informações diretamente do servidor, fazendo todas as verificações
00098         necessárias.
00099         """
00100
00101         msg_size = None
00102         while True:
00103             try:
00104                 # Verificamos se há 4 bytes no cabeçalho e nos preparamos para ler.
00105                 if self.socket.recv_into(
00106                     self.buffer, nbytes=4
00107                 ) != 4:
00108                     raise ConnectionResetError
00109
00110                 # Lemos o comprimento total da mensagem
00111                 msg_size = int.from_bytes(
00112                     self.buffer[:4], # Garantimos leitura de apenas 4 bytes
00113                     byteorder="big", # ordem de significativo
00114                     signed=False # se tem sinal
00115                 )
00116
00117                 # Lemos o restante da mensagem
00118                 if(
00119                     self.socket.recv_into(
00120                         self.buffer,
00121                         nbytes=msg_size
00122                     )
00123                 ) != msg_size:
00124                     raise ConnectionResetError
00125             except ConnectionResetError:
00126                 Printing.print_message("\nError: socket foi fechado pelo rcssserver3d.", "error")
00127                 exit()
00128

```

```

00129         except TimeoutError:
00130             pass
00131
00132         if len(
00133             select( # Monitora sockets/arquivos para I/O
00134                 [self.socket], # Lista de sockets/arquivos para verificar leitura
00135                 [], # Lista vazia para escrita
00136                 [], # Lista vazia para exceções
00137                 0.0 # timeout zero (não bloqueante)
00138             )[0] # Pegamos o primeiro socket para leitura
00139         ) == 0: # Logo, não há dados disponíveis para leitura
00140             break
00141
00142         # Como há algo para ser lido, devemos aplicar o parser
00143         self.env.update_from_server(self.buffer[:msg_size])
00144
00145         # if self.buffer[:msg_size].find(b'(See') != -1:
00146         #     with open(
00147         #         Path(__file__).resolve().parents[1] / "utils" / "frames_vision.txt",
00148         #         "a"
00149         #     ) as f:
00150         #         f.write(self.buffer[:msg_size].decode())
00151         #         f.write("\n")
00152
00153     def __receive_async(self, other_players: list) -> None:
00154         """
00155         @brief Responsável por esperar resposta do servidor de forma assíncrona, sem impedir fluxo de
execução
00156         @details
00157         Essa função foi criada com o único propósito de impedir que a espera por resposta
00158         do servidor interrompa o fluxo de execução. Não deve ser executada posteriormente.
00159         @param other_players Lista de jogadores de mesmo time presentes na partida
00160         """
00161
00162
00163         # Caso não haja ninguém além dele
00164         if not other_players:
00165             # Sem isso, um loop infinito existiria
00166             return self.receive()
00167
00168         # Desabilitamos o bloqueio do fluxo de execução por espera de dados no socket
00169         self.socket.setblocking(False)
00170
00171         while True:
00172             try:
00173                 Printing.print_message(".")
00174                 self.receive()
00175                 break
00176             except BlockingIOError:
00177                 pass
00178
00179         # Força que todos estejam em condições
00180         for p in other_players:
00181             p.scom.send_immediate(b"(syn)")
00182
00183         for p in other_players:
00184             p.scom.receive()
00185
00186         # Voltamos ao padrão
00187         self.socket.setblocking(True)
00188         return None
00189
00190     def commit(self, message: bytes) -> None:
00191         """
00192         @brief Responsável por adicionar uma nova mensagem à fila de mensagens
00193         @param message String em bytes a ser adicionada à fila
00194         """
00195         assert isinstance(message, bytes), "Mensagem deve estar em bytes"
00196         self.message_queue.append(message)
00197
00198     def close(self) -> None:
00199         """
00200         @brief Responsável por fazer o encerramento dos canais de comunicação
00201         """
00202
00203         self.socket.close()
00204
00205     def send(self) -> None:
00206         """
00207         @brief Envia ao servidor todas as mensagens commitadas.
00208         """
00209         if len(
00210             select(
00211                 [self.socket],
00212                 [],
00213                 [],
00214                 0.0

```



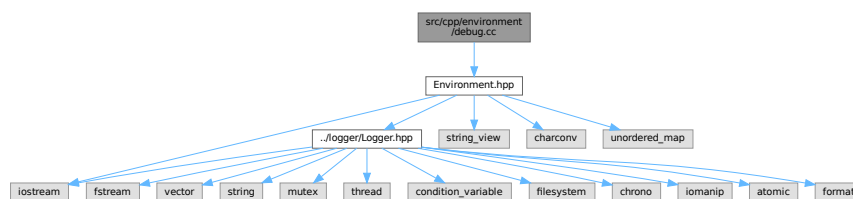
```

00215         )[0]
00216     ) == 0:
00217         # Se não há nenhum socket para ler neste momento, enviarei
00218         self.message_queue.append(b" (syn) ")
00219         self.send_immediate(b"".join(self.message_queue))
00220     else:
00221         Printing.print_message("\nHavia sockets de leitura disponíveis enquanto tentava enviar
00222         fila de mensagens commitadas.", "warning")
00223
00224     self.message_queue.clear() # Limpamos buffer
00225
00226     def clear_queue(self) -> None:
00227         """
00228         @brief Limpará a fila de commits.
00229         """
00230         self.message_queue.clear() # Assim usamos o mesmo ponteiro
00231
00232     # Métodos Derivados
00233     def commit_beam(self, vector_position2d: list, rotation: float):
00234         """
00235         @brief Comando de beam oficial do agente
00236         @param vector_position2d Sequência de dois valores, x e y finais do agente
00237         @param rotation Valor de rotação a ser dado ao robô
00238         """
00239         assert len(vector_position2d) == 2, "O beam oficial permite apenas posições 2D."
00240         self.commit(
00241             f"(beam {vector_position2d[0]} {vector_position2d[1]} {rotation})".encode()
00242         )
00243
00244
00245
00246
00247
00248
00249
00250
00251
00252
00253

```

7.9 src/cpp/environment/debug.cc File Reference

#include "Environment.hpp"
 Include dependency graph for debug.cc:



Functions

- int [main](#) ()

Variables

- const char * [example](#) = "(time (now 10.06))(GS (team left) (unum 1) (sl 3) (sr 2) (t 5.12) (pm BeforeKick↵ Off))(GYR (n torso) (rt 0.01 -0.00 0.00))(ACC (n torso) (a -0.00 -0.00 0.01))(HJ (n hj1) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n hj2) (ax -0.00))(See (P (team RoboIME) (id 1) (rlowerarm (pol 0.18 -35.30 -22.17)) (llowerarm (pol 0.18 36.49 -21.66))) (G2R (pol 30.92 -19.31 0.55)) (G1R (pol 30.30 -15.73 0.47)) (F1R (pol 29.27 1.62 -1.01)) (F2R (pol

- 34.87 -33.26 -0.82)) (B (pol 16.91 -32.71 -1.64)) (L (pol 23.88 -53.55 -1.53) (pol 14.22 3.30 -2.23)) (L (pol 34.95 -33.18 -0.98) (pol 29.18 1.37 -1.25)) (L (pol 29.20 1.45 -1.09) (pol 1.07 59.96 -29.70)) (L (pol 34.98 -33.31 -0.90) (pol 22.18 -60.01 -1.25)) (L (pol 28.07 -12.48 -0.97) (pol 29.94 -23.73 -1.00)) (L (pol 28.07 -12.88 -1.02) (pol 29.83 -11.92 -1.07)) (L (pol 29.99 -23.90 -1.00) (pol 31.66 -22.86 -0.96)) (L (pol 18.62 -29.50 -1.68) (pol 17.73 -26.93 -1.76)) (L (pol 17.76 -26.80 -1.58) (pol 16.53 -26.27 -1.95)) (L (pol 16.52 -26.24 -1.94) (pol 15.44 -28.34 -2.03)) (L (pol 15.42 -28.55 -1.86) (pol 14.92 -32.55 -1.98)) (L (pol 14.90 -32.54 -2.25) (pol 15.26 -37.08 -1.89)) (L (pol 15.28 -37.21 -2.06) (pol 16.31 -39.67 -1.78)) (L (pol 16.28 -39.55 -1.64) (pol 17.54 -39.67 -1.67)) (L (pol 17.55 -39.31 -1.67) (pol 18.51 -36.89 -1.61)) (L (pol 18.55 -36.88 -1.69) (pol 18.93 -33.46 -1.78)) (L (pol 18.93 -33.32 -1.51) (pol 18.64 -29.59 -1.54)))(HJ (n raj1) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj3) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj4) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n laj1) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n laj2) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n laj3) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n laj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj1) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n rlj2) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj3) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj5) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj6) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj1) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n llj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n llj3) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj5) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj6) (ax 0.00))"
- int `size` = 1836
 - const char * `example1` = "(time (now 104.87))(GS (t 0.00) (pm BeforeKickOff))(GYR (n torso)(rt 0.24 -0.05 0.02))(ACC (n torso) (a -0.01 0.05 9.80))(HJ (n hj1)(ax -0.00))(HJ (n hj2) (ax -0.00))(See (G2R (pol 20.11 -18.92 0.84))(G1R (pol 19.53 -13.04 0.90)) (F1R (pol 19.08 4.58 -1.54)) (F2R (pol 22.73 -33.49 -1.47)) (B (pol 10.12 -33.09 -2.94)) (L (pol 15.13 -55.78 -2.03) (pol 8.67 10.24 -3.34)) (L (pol 22.78 -33.20 -1.23)(pol 19.05 4.32 -1.76)) (L (pol 19.08 4.57 -1.55) (pol 1.81 60.14 -17.11)) (L (pol 22.77 -33.23 -1.26) (pol 14.49 -59.60 -1.79)) (L (pol 17.56 -11.77 -1.83) (pol 18.76 -23.38 -1.60)) (L (pol 17.58 -11.67 -1.74) (pol 19.35 -10.53 -1.53)) (L (pol 18.71 -23.82 -1.97)(pol 20.43 -21.36 -1.45)) (L (pol 11.68 -28.23 -2.73) (pol 10.93 -23.90 -2.69)) (L (pol 10.91 -24.22 -2.95) (pol 9.84 -22.59 -3.02)) (L (pol 9.84 -22.64 -3.06) (pol 8.81 -25.74 -3.68)) (L (pol 8.83 -25.33 -3.34) (pol 8.35 -32.24 -3.68)) (L (pol 8.35 -32.20 -3.64)(pol 8.69 -39.32 -3.48)) (L (pol 8.68 -39.59 -3.71) (pol 9.63 -43.18 -3.37)) (L (pol 9.65 -42.85 -3.10) (pol 10.75 -42.17 -2.80)) (L (pol 10.75 -42.28 -2.89) (pol 11.61 -38.36 -2.50)) (L (pol 11.62 -38.15 -2.33) (pol 11.94 -33.38 -2.58)) (L (pol 11.94 -33.31 -2.52) (pol 11.70 -28.03 -2.56)))(HJ (n raj1) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n raj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj3) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj4) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n laj1) (ax -0.01))(HJ (n laj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n laj3) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n laj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj1) (ax 0.01))(HJ (n rlj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n rlj3) (ax 0.01))(HJ (n rlj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj5) (ax 0.00))(FRP (n rf) (c -0.02 -0.00 -0.02) (f -0.02 -0.17 22.52))(HJ (n rlj6) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj1) (ax -0.01))(HJ (n llj2) (ax 0.01))(HJ (n llj3) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n llj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj5) (ax 0.00))(FRP (n lf) (c 0.02 -0.01 -0.01) (f -0.08 -0.20 22.63))(HJ (n llj6) (ax 0.00))"
 - int `size1` = 1795

7.9.1 Function Documentation

7.9.1.1 main()

```
int main ( )
```

Definition at line 10 of file [debug.cc](#).

7.9.2 Variable Documentation

7.9.2.1 example

```
const char* example = "(time (now 10.06))(GS (team left) (unum 1) (sl 3) (sr 2) (t 5.12) (pm BeforeKickOff))(GYR (n torso) (rt 0.01 -0.00 0.00))(ACC (n torso) (a -0.00 -0.00 0.01))(HJ (n hj1) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n hj2) (ax -0.00))(See (P (team RoboIME) (id 1) (rlowerarm (pol 0.18 -35.30 -22.17)) (llowerarm (pol 0.18 36.49 -21.66)) (G2R (pol 30.92 -19.31 0.55)) (G1R (pol 30.30 -15.73 0.47)) (F1R (pol 29.27 1.62 -1.01)) (F2R (pol 34.87 -33.26 -0.82)) (B (pol 16.91 -32.71 -1.64)) (L (pol 23.88 -53.55 -1.53) (pol 14.22 3.30 -2.23)) (L (pol 34.95 -33.18 -0.98) (pol 29.18 1.37 -1.25)) (L (pol 29.20 1.45 -1.09) (pol 1.07 59.96 -29.70)) (L (pol 34.98 -33.31 -0.90) (pol 22.18 -60.01 -1.25)) (L (pol 28.07 -12.48 -0.97) (pol 29.94 -23.73 -1.00))
```

```
(L (pol 28.07 -12.88 -1.02) (pol 29.83 -11.92 -1.07)) (L (pol 29.99 -23.90 -1.00) (pol 31.66 -22.86 -0.96)) (L (pol 18.62 -29.50 -1.68) (pol 17.73 -26.93 -1.76)) (L (pol 17.76 -26.80 -1.58) (pol 16.53 -26.27 -1.95)) (L (pol 16.52 -26.24 -1.94) (pol 15.44 -28.34 -2.03)) (L (pol 15.42 -28.55 -1.86) (pol 14.92 -32.55 -1.98)) (L (pol 14.90 -32.54 -2.25) (pol 15.26 -37.08 -1.89)) (L (pol 15.28 -37.21 -2.06) (pol 16.31 -39.67 -1.78)) (L (pol 16.28 -39.55 -1.64) (pol 17.54 -39.17 -1.67)) (L (pol 17.55 -39.31 -1.67) (pol 18.51 -36.89 -1.61)) (L (pol 18.55 -36.88 -1.69) (pol 18.93 -33.46 -1.78)) (L (pol 18.93 -33.32 -1.51) (pol 18.64 -29.59 -1.54))) (HJ (n raj1) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n raj2) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n raj3) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n raj4) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n laj1) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n laj2) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n laj3) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n laj4) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n rlj1) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n rlj2) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n rlj3) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n rlj4) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n rlj5) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n rlj6) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n llj1) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n llj2) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n llj3) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n llj4) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n llj5) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n llj6) (ax 0.00))"
```

Definition at line 3 of file [debug.cc](#).

7.9.2.2 example1

```
const char* example1 = "(time (now 104.87)) (GS (t 0.00) (pm BeforeKickOff)) (GYR (n torso) (rt 0.24 -0.05 0.02)) (ACC (n torso) (a -0.01 0.05 9.80)) (HJ (n hj1) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n hj2) (ax -0.00)) (See (G2R (pol 20.11 -18.92 0.84)) (G1R (pol 19.53 -13.04 0.90)) (F1R (pol 19.08 4.58 -1.54)) (F2R (pol 22.73 -33.49 -1.47)) (B (pol 10.12 -33.09 -2.94)) (L (pol 15.13 -55.78 -2.03) (pol 8.67 10.24 -3.34)) (L (pol 22.78 -33.20 -1.23) (pol 19.05 4.32 -1.76)) (L (pol 19.08 4.57 -1.55) (pol 1.81 60.14 -17.11)) (L (pol 22.77 -33.23 -1.26) (pol 14.49 -59.60 -1.79)) (L (pol 17.56 -11.77 -1.83) (pol 18.76 -23.38 -1.60)) (L (pol 17.58 -11.67 -1.74) (pol 19.35 -10.53 -1.53)) (L (pol 18.71 -23.82 -1.97) (pol 20.43 -21.36 -1.45)) (L (pol 11.68 -28.23 -2.73) (pol 10.93 -23.90 -2.69)) (L (pol 10.91 -24.22 -2.95) (pol 9.84 -22.59 -3.02)) (L (pol 9.84 -22.64 -3.06) (pol 8.81 -25.74 -3.68)) (L (pol 8.83 -25.33 -3.34) (pol 8.35 -32.24 -3.68)) (L (pol 8.35 -32.20 -3.64) (pol 8.69 -39.32 -3.48)) (L (pol 8.68 -39.59 -3.71) (pol 9.63 -43.18 -3.37)) (L (pol 9.65 -42.85 -3.10) (pol 10.75 -42.17 -2.80)) (L (pol 10.75 -42.28 -2.89) (pol 11.61 -38.36 -2.50)) (L (pol 11.62 -38.15 -2.33) (pol 11.94 -33.38 -2.58)) (L (pol 11.94 -33.31 -2.52) (pol 11.70 -28.03 -2.56))) (HJ (n raj1) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n raj2) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n raj3) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n raj4) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n laj1) (ax -0.01)) (HJ (n laj2) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n laj3) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n laj4) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n rlj1) (ax 0.01)) (HJ (n rlj2) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n rlj3) (ax 0.01)) (HJ (n rlj4) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n rlj5) (ax 0.00)) (FRP (n rf) (c -0.02 -0.00 -0.02) (f -0.02 -0.17 22.52)) (HJ (n rlj6) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n llj1) (ax -0.01)) (HJ (n llj2) (ax 0.01)) (HJ (n llj3) (ax 0.00)) (HJ (n llj4) (ax -0.00)) (HJ (n llj5) (ax 0.00)) (FRP (n lf) (c 0.02 -0.01 -0.01) (f -0.08 -0.20 22.63)) (HJ (n llj6) (ax 0.00))"
```

Definition at line 6 of file [debug.cc](#).

7.9.2.3 size

```
int size = 1836
```

Definition at line 4 of file [debug.cc](#).

7.9.2.4 size1

```
int size1 = 1795
```

Definition at line 7 of file [debug.cc](#).

7.10 debug.cc

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #include "Environment.hpp"
00002
00003 const char* example = "(time (now 10.06))(GS (team left) (unum 1) (sl 3) (sr 2) (t 5.12) (pm
BeforeKickOff))(GYR (n torso) (rt 0.01 -0.00 0.00))(ACC (n torso) (a -0.00 -0.00 0.01))(HJ (n hj1) (ax
0.00))(HJ (n hj2) (ax -0.00))(See (P (team RoboIME) (id 1) (rlowerarm (pol 0.18 -35.30 -22.17))
(llowerarm (pol 0.18 36.49 -21.66))) (G2R (pol 30.92 -19.31 0.55)) (G1R (pol 30.30 -15.73 0.47)) (F1R
(pol 29.27 1.62 -1.01)) (F2R (pol 34.87 -33.26 -0.82)) (B (pol 16.91 -32.71 -1.64)) (L (pol 23.88
-53.55 -1.53) (pol 14.22 3.30 -2.23)) (L (pol 34.95 -33.18 -0.98) (pol 29.18 1.37 -1.25)) (L (pol
29.20 1.45 -1.09) (pol 1.07 59.96 -29.70)) (L (pol 34.98 -33.31 -0.90) (pol 22.18 -60.01 -1.25)) (L
(pol 28.07 -12.48 -0.97) (pol 29.94 -23.73 -1.00)) (L (pol 28.07 -12.88 -1.02) (pol 29.83 -11.92
-1.07)) (L (pol 29.99 -23.90 -1.00) (pol 31.66 -22.86 -0.96)) (L (pol 18.62 -29.50 -1.68) (pol 17.73
-26.93 -1.76)) (L (pol 17.76 -26.80 -1.58) (pol 16.53 -26.27 -1.95)) (L (pol 16.52 -26.24 -1.94) (pol
15.44 -28.34 -2.03)) (L (pol 15.42 -28.55 -1.86) (pol 14.92 -32.55 -1.98)) (L (pol 14.90 -32.54 -2.25)
(pol 15.26 -37.08 -1.89)) (L (pol 15.28 -37.21 -2.06) (pol 16.31 -39.67 -1.78)) (L (pol 16.28 -39.55
-1.64) (pol 17.54 -39.17 -1.67)) (L (pol 17.55 -39.31 -1.67) (pol 18.51 -36.89 -1.61)) (L (pol 18.55
-36.88 -1.69) (pol 18.93 -33.46 -1.78)) (L (pol 18.93 -33.32 -1.51) (pol 18.64 -29.59 -1.54)))(HJ (n
raj1) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj3) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj4) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n laj1) (ax
0.00))(HJ (n laj2) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n laj3) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n laj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj1) (ax
0.00))(HJ (n rlj2) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj3) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj5) (ax
-0.00))(HJ (n rlj6) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj1) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n llj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n llj3) (ax
-0.00))(HJ (n llj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj5) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj6) (ax 0.00))";

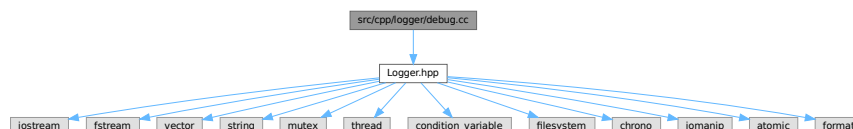
00004 int size = 1836;
00005
00006 const char* example1 = "(time (now 104.87))(GS (t 0.00) (pm BeforeKickOff))(GYR (n torso) (rt 0.24
-0.05 0.02))(ACC (n torso) (a -0.01 0.05 9.80))(HJ (n hj1) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n hj2) (ax -0.00))(See (G2R
(pol 20.11 -18.92 0.84)) (G1R (pol 19.53 -13.04 0.90)) (F1R (pol 19.08 4.58 -1.54)) (F2R (pol 22.73
-33.49 -1.47)) (B (pol 10.12 -33.09 -2.94)) (L (pol 15.13 -55.78 -2.03) (pol 8.67 10.24 -3.34)) (L
(pol 22.78 -33.20 -1.23) (pol 19.05 4.32 -1.76)) (L (pol 19.08 4.57 -1.55) (pol 1.81 60.14 -17.11)) (L
(pol 22.77 -33.23 -1.26) (pol 14.49 -59.60 -1.79)) (L (pol 17.56 -11.77 -1.83) (pol 18.76 -23.38
-1.60)) (L (pol 17.58 -11.67 -1.74) (pol 19.35 -10.53 -1.53)) (L (pol 18.71 -23.82 -1.97) (pol 20.43
-21.36 -1.45)) (L (pol 11.68 -28.23 -2.73) (pol 10.93 -23.90 -2.69)) (L (pol 10.91 -24.22 -2.95) (pol
9.84 -22.59 -3.02)) (L (pol 9.84 -22.64 -3.06) (pol 8.81 -25.74 -3.68)) (L (pol 8.83 -25.33 -3.34)
(pol 8.35 -32.24 -3.68)) (L (pol 8.35 -32.20 -3.64) (pol 8.69 -39.32 -3.48)) (L (pol 8.68 -39.59 -3.71)
(pol 9.63 -43.18 -3.37)) (L (pol 9.65 -42.85 -3.10) (pol 10.75 -42.17 -2.80)) (L (pol 10.75 -42.28
-2.89) (pol 11.61 -38.36 -2.50)) (L (pol 11.62 -38.15 -2.33) (pol 11.94 -33.38 -2.58)) (L (pol 11.94
-33.31 -2.52) (pol 11.70 -28.03 -2.56))) (HJ (n raj1) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n raj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj3)
(ax 0.00))(HJ (n raj4) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n laj1) (ax -0.01))(HJ (n laj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n laj3) (ax
-0.00))(HJ (n laj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj1) (ax 0.01))(HJ (n rlj2) (ax 0.00))(HJ (n rlj3) (ax
0.01))(HJ (n rlj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n rlj5) (ax 0.00))(FRP (n rf) (c -0.02 -0.00 -0.02) (f -0.02 -0.17
22.52))(HJ (n rlj6) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj1) (ax -0.01))(HJ (n llj2) (ax 0.01))(HJ (n llj3) (ax
0.00))(HJ (n llj4) (ax -0.00))(HJ (n llj5) (ax 0.00))(FRP (n lf) (c 0.02 -0.01 -0.01) (f -0.08 -0.20
22.63))(HJ (n llj6) (ax 0.00))";

00007 int size1 = 1795;
00008
00009 int
00010 main() {
00011
00012     std::string_view message_from_server(example1, size1);
00013     Environment ex = Environment(Logger::get());
00014     ex.update_from_server(message_from_server);
00015
00016     return 0;
00017 }
```

7.11 src/cpp/logger/debug.cc File Reference

```
#include "Logger.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for debug.cc:



Functions

- void [tarefaPesada](#) (int id)
- int [main](#) ()

7.11.1 Function Documentation

7.11.1.1 main()

```
int main ( )
```

Definition at line 9 of file [debug.cc](#).

7.11.1.2 tarefaPesada()

```
void tarefaPesada (
    int id )
```

Definition at line 3 of file [debug.cc](#).

7.12 debug.cc

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #include "Logger.hpp"
00002
00003 void tarefaPesada(int id) {
00004     for (int i = 0; i < 1000; ++i) {
00005         Logger::get().info("Thread " + std::to_string(id) + " msg " + std::to_string(i));
00006     }
00007 }
00008
00009 int main() {
00010
00011     /* --- Testar Assincronicamente --- */
00012
00013     auto start = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
00014
00015     std::vector<std::thread> threads;
00016     for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) { // 10 Threads
00017         threads.emplace_back(tarefaPesada, i);
00018     }
00019
00020     for (auto& t : threads) t.join();
00021
00022     auto end = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
00023     std::chrono::duration<double> diff = end - start;
00024
00025     std::cout << "10.000 logs escritos em: " << diff.count() << " s\n";
00026
00027     /* --- Testar Sincronicamente --- */
00028     // std::cout << "Iniciando teste C++ (Single Thread / 10.000 logs)...\n";
00029     //
00030     // // Ponto de início da medição
00031     // auto start = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
00032     //
00033     // // Loop sequencial na thread principal
00034     // for (int i = 0; i < 10000; ++i) {
00035     //     Logger::get().info("SingleThread msg " + std::to_string(i));
00036     // }
00037     //
00038     // // Ponto final da medição (Tempo que a thread principal ficou ocupada)
00039     // auto end = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
00040     // std::chrono::duration<double> diff = end - start;
00041     //
00042     // std::cout << "Tempo de execucao (Main Thread): " << diff.count() << " segundos.\n";
00043
00044     return 0;
00045 }
00046
00047 /*
00048 Código Python para eventual comparação:
00049
00050 -----
00051 import threading
00052 import time
```

```

00053 from pathlib import Path
00054 from datetime import datetime
00055 import random
00056 from string import ascii_uppercase
00057
00058 class Logger():
00059     _folder = None
00060
00061     def __init__(self, is_enabled: bool, topic: str) -> None:
00062         self.no_of_entries = 0
00063         self.enabled = is_enabled
00064         self.topic = topic
00065
00066     def write(self, msg: str, timestamp: bool = True, step: int = None) -> None:
00067         """
00068         Write `msg` to file named `self.topic`
00069         """
00070         if not self.enabled: return
00071
00072         # The log folder is only created if needed
00073         if Logger._folder is None:
00074             rnd = "".join(
00075                 random.choices(ascii_uppercase, k=6)) # Useful if multiple processes are running in
parallel
00076             Logger._folder = "./logs_python/" + datetime.now().strftime("%Y-%m-%d_%H.%M.%S__") + rnd +
"/"
00077             print("\nLogger Info: see", Logger._folder)
00078             Path(Logger._folder).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
00079
00080             self.no_of_entries += 1
00081
00082             # O GARGALO ESTÁ AQUI: Abrir e fechar arquivo a cada linha
00083             with open(Logger._folder + self.topic + ".log", 'a') as f:
00084                 prefix = ""
00085                 write_step = step is not None
00086                 if timestamp or write_step:
00087                     prefix = "{"
00088                     if timestamp:
00089                         prefix += datetime.now().strftime("%a %H:%M:%S")
00090                         if write_step: prefix += " "
00091                     if write_step:
00092                         prefix += f'Step:{step}'
00093                     prefix += "}"
00094                 f.write(prefix + msg + "\n")
00095
00096 def tarefa_pesada(logger_instance, thread_id):
00097     """
00098     Simula o workerThread do C++:
00099     Envia 1000 mensagens para o log.
00100     """
00101     for i in range(1000):
00102         # Formatando a mensagem igual ao exemplo C++
00103         logger_instance.write(f"Thread {thread_id} msg {i}")
00104
00105
00106 def main():
00107     # --- Testar Assincronicamente ---
00108     # print("Iniciando teste de performance Python...")
00109     #
00110     # # 1. Instancia o Logger
00111     # logger = Logger(is_enabled=True, topic="performance_test")
00112     #
00113     # start_time = time.time()
00114     #
00115     # threads = []
00116     # num_threads = 10
00117     #
00118     # # 2. Cria e inicia as threads
00119     # for i in range(num_threads):
00120     #     t = threading.Thread(target=tarefa_pesada, args=(logger, i))
00121     #     threads.append(t)
00122     #     t.start()
00123     #
00124     # # 3. Aguarda todas as threads terminarem (join)
00125     # for t in threads:
00126     #     t.join()
00127     #
00128     # end_time = time.time()
00129     # duration = end_time - start_time
00130     #
00131     # print(f"\nProcessamento finalizado.")
00132     # print(f"Total de logs: {num_threads * 1000}")
00133     # print(f"Tempo total: {duration:.4f} segundos")
00134
00135     # --- Testar Sincronicamente
00136     print("Iniciando teste Python (Single Thread / 10.000 logs)...")
00137

```

```

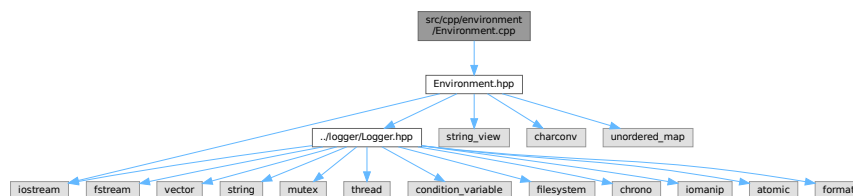
00138     # Instancia
00139     logger = Logger(is_enabled=True, topic="single_thread_test")
00140
00141     # Ponto de início da medição
00142     start_time = time.time()
00143
00144     # Loop sequencial na thread principal
00145     for i in range(10000):
00146         logger.write(f"SingleThread msg {i}")
00147
00148     # Ponto final da medição
00149     end_time = time.time()
00150     duration = end_time - start_time
00151
00152     print(f"Tempo de execucao (Main Thread): {duration:.4f} segundos.")
00153
00154
00155 if __name__ == "__main__":
00156     main()
00157 */

```

7.13 src/cpp/environment/Environment.cpp File Reference

#include "Environment.hpp"

Include dependency graph for Environment.cpp:



7.14 Environment.cpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 #include "Environment.hpp"
00002
00003 /* --- Definições de Estáticos Não Literais --- */
00004 const std::unordered_map<
00005     std::string,
00006     std::array<Environment::PlayMode, 2>,
00007     Environment::Enabler_Stringview_Hash,
00008     std::equal_to<>
00009 > Environment::play_modes = {
00010     // --- Neutros (LEFT e RIGHT veem o mesmo modo) ---
00011     {"BeforeKickOff", {Environment::PlayMode::BEFORE_KICKOFF, Environment::PlayMode::BEFORE_KICKOFF}},
00012     {"GameOver", {Environment::PlayMode::GAME_OVER, Environment::PlayMode::GAME_OVER}},
00013     {"PlayOn", {Environment::PlayMode::PLAY_ON, Environment::PlayMode::PLAY_ON}},
00014
00015     // --- LEFT Kick Events (LEFT é o nosso time, RIGHT é o time deles) ---
00016
00017     // LEFT_PLAY_MODE_TO_ID: KickOff_Left -> OUR_KICKOFF (0)
00018     // RIGHT_PLAY_MODE_TO_ID: KickOff_Left -> THEIR_KICKOFF (9)
00019     {"KickOff_Left", {Environment::PlayMode::OUR_KICKOFF,
00020         Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_KICKOFF}},
00021
00022     // LEFT: OUR_KICK_IN (1); RIGHT: THEIR_KICK_IN (10)
00023     {"KickIn_Left", {Environment::PlayMode::OUR_KICK_IN,
00024         Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_KICK_IN}},
00025
00026     // LEFT: OUR_CORNER_KICK (2); RIGHT: THEIR_CORNER_KICK (11)
00027     {"corner_kick_left", {Environment::PlayMode::OUR_CORNER_KICK,
00028         Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_CORNER_KICK}},
00029
00030     // LEFT: OUR_GOAL_KICK (3); RIGHT: THEIR_GOAL_KICK (12)

```

```

00028     {"goal_kick_left",          {Environment::PlayMode::OUR_GOAL_KICK,
Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_GOAL_KICK}},
00029
00030     // LEFT: OUR_FREE_KICK (4); RIGHT: THEIR_FREE_KICK (13)
00031     {"free_kick_left",          {Environment::PlayMode::OUR_FREE_KICK,
Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_FREE_KICK}},
00032
00033     // LEFT: OUR_PASS (5); RIGHT: THEIR_PASS (14)
00034     {"pass_left",              {Environment::PlayMode::OUR_PASS,
Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_PASS}},
00035
00036     // LEFT: OUR_DIR_FREE_KICK (6); RIGHT: THEIR_DIR_FREE_KICK (15)
00037     {"direct_free_kick_left",   {Environment::PlayMode::OUR_DIR_FREE_KICK,
Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_DIR_FREE_KICK}},
00038
00039     // LEFT: OUR_GOAL (7); RIGHT: THEIR_GOAL (16)
00040     {"Goal_Left",              {Environment::PlayMode::OUR_GOAL,
Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_GOAL}},
00041
00042     // LEFT: OUR_OFFSIDE (8); RIGHT: THEIR_OFFSIDE (17)
00043     {"offside_left",           {Environment::PlayMode::OUR_OFFSIDE,
Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_OFFSIDE}},
00044
00045     // --- RIGHT Kick Events (RIGHT é o nosso time, LEFT é o time deles) ---
00046
00047     // LEFT_PLAY_MODE_TO_ID: KickOff_Right -> THEIR_KICKOFF (9)
00048     // RIGHT_PLAY_MODE_TO_ID: KickOff_Right -> OUR_KICKOFF (0)
00049     {"KickOff_Right",          {Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_KICKOFF,
Environment::PlayMode::OUR_KICKOFF}},
00050
00051     // LEFT: THEIR_KICK_IN (10); RIGHT: OUR_KICK_IN (1)
00052     {"KickIn_Right",           {Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_KICK_IN,
Environment::PlayMode::OUR_KICK_IN}},
00053
00054     // LEFT: THEIR_CORNER_KICK (11); RIGHT: OUR_CORNER_KICK (2)
00055     {"corner_kick_right",       {Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_CORNER_KICK,
Environment::PlayMode::OUR_CORNER_KICK}},
00056
00057     // LEFT: THEIR_GOAL_KICK (12); RIGHT: OUR_GOAL_KICK (3)
00058     {"goal_kick_right",         {Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_GOAL_KICK,
Environment::PlayMode::OUR_GOAL_KICK}},
00059
00060     // LEFT: THEIR_FREE_KICK (13); RIGHT: OUR_FREE_KICK (4)
00061     {"free_kick_right",         {Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_FREE_KICK,
Environment::PlayMode::OUR_FREE_KICK}},
00062
00063     // LEFT: THEIR_PASS (14); RIGHT: OUR_PASS (5)
00064     {"pass_right",             {Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_PASS,
Environment::PlayMode::OUR_PASS}},
00065
00066     // LEFT: THEIR_DIR_FREE_KICK (15); RIGHT: OUR_DIR_FREE_KICK (6)
00067     {"direct_free_kick_right",  {Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_DIR_FREE_KICK,
Environment::PlayMode::OUR_DIR_FREE_KICK}},
00068
00069     // LEFT: THEIR_GOAL (16); RIGHT: OUR_GOAL (7)
00070     {"Goal_Right",             {Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_GOAL,
Environment::PlayMode::OUR_GOAL}},
00071
00072     // LEFT: THEIR_OFFSIDE (17); RIGHT: OUR_OFFSIDE (8)
00073     {"offside_right",          {Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_OFFSIDE,
Environment::PlayMode::OUR_OFFSIDE}}
00074 };
00075
00076
00077
00078
00079
00080
00081
00082
00083
00084
00085
00086

```

7.15 src/cpp/environment/Environment.hpp File Reference

```

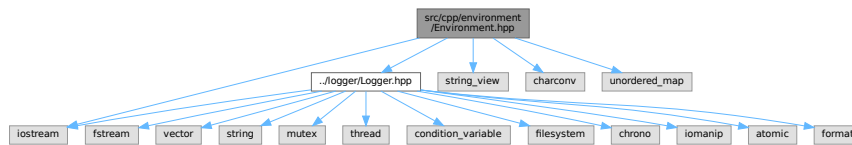
#include "../logger/Logger.hpp"
#include <iostream>
#include <string_view>

```

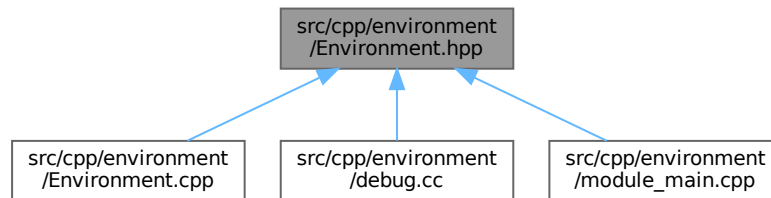


```
#include <charconv>
#include <unordered_map>
```

Include dependency graph for Environment.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [Environment](#)
Responsável por representar o ambiente externo ao robô
- struct [Environment::Enabler_Stringview_Hash](#)
- class [Environment::Parsing](#)
Responsável por prover ferramentas de auxílio de parsing.

Macros

- `#define True true`
`< std::from_chars`
- `#define False false`

7.15.1 Macro Definition Documentation

7.15.1.1 False

```
#define False false
```

Definition at line 10 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

7.15.1.2 True

```
#define True true
```

```
< std::from_chars
```

Definition at line 9 of file [Environment.hpp](#).

7.16 Environment.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include "../logger/Logger.hpp"
00004 #include <iostream>
00005 #include <string_view>
00006 #include <charconv>
00007 #include <unordered_map>
00008
00009 #define True true
00010 #define False false
00011
00012 class Environment {
00013 public:
00014
00015     Logger& logger;
00016     Environment(
00017         Logger& logger
00018     ) : logger(logger) {}
00019
00020     /* -- Definição de Ferramentas que serão amplamente Usadas -- */
00021     enum class PlayMode : uint8_t {
00022         // Ao nosso favor
00023         OUR_KICKOFF = 0,
00024         OUR_KICK_IN = 1,
00025         OUR_CORNER_KICK = 2,
00026         OUR_GOAL_KICK = 3,
00027         OUR_FREE_KICK = 4,
00028         OUR_PASS = 5,
00029         OUR_DIR_FREE_KICK = 6,
00030         OUR_GOAL = 7,
00031         OUR_OFFSIDE = 8,
00032
00033         // Ao favor deles
00034         THEIR_KICKOFF = 9,
00035         THEIR_KICK_IN = 10,
00036         THEIR_CORNER_KICK = 11,
00037         THEIR_GOAL_KICK = 12,
00038         THEIR_FREE_KICK = 13,
00039         THEIR_PASS = 14,
00040         THEIR_DIR_FREE_KICK = 15,
00041         THEIR_GOAL = 16,
00042         THEIR_OFFSIDE = 17,
00043
00044         // Neutros
00045         BEFORE_KICKOFF = 18,
00046         GAME_OVER = 19,
00047         PLAY_ON = 20
00048     };
00049     enum class PlayModeGroup : uint8_t {
00050         OUR_KICK = 0, // É nossa vez de chutar parado
00051         THEIR_KICK = 1, // É vez deles de chutar parado
00052         ACTIVE_BEAM = 2, // Podemos usar o comando beam (teleporte)
00053         PASSIVE_BEAM = 3, // Devemos esperar (beam passivo/goalie)
00054         OTHER = 4 // Jogo rolando ou parado sem ação específica
00055     };
00056     struct Enabler_Stringview_Hash {
00057         using is_transparent = void;
00058         // Sobre carga do operador para hashing de std::string
00059         ::size_t operator()(const std::string& s) const { return std::hash<std::string>{}(s); }
00060         // Sobre carga do operador para hashing de std::string_view (para pesquisa)
00061         ::size_t operator()(std::string_view sv) const { return std::hash<std::string_view>{}(sv); }
00062     };
00063     static const
00064     std::unordered_map<std::string,
00065         std::array<PlayMode, 2>,
00066         Enabler_Stringview_Hash,
```

```

00077         std::equal_to<>
00078         >play_modes;
00079
00080     /* Atributos Públicos de Ambiente */
00081     float time_server;
00082     float time_match;
00083     uint8_t goals_scored;
00084     uint8_t goals_conceded;
00085     uint8_t unum;
00086     bool is_left;
00087     PlayMode current_mode;
00088
00089     /* Métodos Inerentes a Execução da Aplicação */
00090
00091     /* ----- Parser de Mensagem do Servidor ----- */
00092
00093     class Parsing {
00094     private:
00095         const char* buffer = nullptr;
00096         const char* end = nullptr;
00097         Environment* env = nullptr;
00098
00099     public:
00100         /* Métodos Simples de Cursor */
00101
00102         Parsing(
00103             std::string_view& message,
00104             Environment* env
00105         ) :
00106             buffer(message.data()),
00107             end(message.data() + message.size()),
00108             env(env)
00109         {}
00110
00111         bool
00112         skip_until_char(char caract){
00113             while(*this->buffer != caract){
00114                 if(this->buffer > this->end){ return False; }
00115                 this->buffer++;
00116             }
00117             this->buffer++;
00118             return True;
00119         }
00120
00121         std::string_view
00122         get_str(){
00123             while(*this->buffer == ' ' || *this->buffer == '(' || *this->buffer == ')'){
00124                 this->buffer++; }
00125             const char* value_start = this->buffer;
00126             while(*this->buffer != ' ' && *this->buffer != ')'){ this->buffer++; }
00127             return std::string_view(value_start, ::size_t(this->buffer++ - value_start));
00128         }
00129
00130         template<typename T>
00131         bool
00132         get_value(T& out){
00133             const char* value_start = this->buffer;
00134             while(*this->buffer != ' ' && *this->buffer != ')'){ this->buffer++; }
00135             return std::from_chars(value_start, this->buffer++, out).ec == std::errc{};
00136         }
00137
00138         bool
00139         advance(int n = 1){ if((this->buffer + n) > this->end){ return False; } this->buffer += n;
00140         return True; }
00141
00142         std::string
00143         get(){
00144             return std::string(std::string_view(this->buffer - 30, 60));
00145         }
00146
00147         bool
00148         is_valid(){ return this->buffer < this->end; }
00149
00150         /* -- Métodos de Parsing -- */
00151
00152         void
00153         parse_time(){
00154             /*
00155              Buffer está aqui.
00156              |
00157              v
00158              ' (now 10.03)'
00159              */
00160             this->advance(5);
00161             this->get_value(env->time_server);
00162             this->advance();
00163         }

```

```

00199
00206     void
00207     parse_gamestate() {
00208
00209         std::string_view lower_tag;
00210         while(True){
00211             lower_tag = this->get_str();
00212
00213             switch(lower_tag[0]){
00214
00215                 case 's': {
00216                     this->get_value( (lower_tag[1] == 'l') ? env->goals_scored :
env->goals_conceded );
00217                     break;
00218                 }
00219
00220                 case 'p': {
00221                     // É garantido que já tenhamos tido is_left
00222                     lower_tag = this->get_str();
00223                     auto it = play_modes.find(lower_tag);
00224                     if( it != play_modes.end() ){ env->current_mode = it->second[env->is_left]; }
00225                     break;
00226                 }
00227
00228                 case 't': {
00229                     if(lower_tag[1] == 'i'){ this->get_value(env->time_match); }
00230                     else{ env->is_left = this->get_str()[0] == 'l'; }
00231                     break;
00232                 }
00233
00234                 case 'u': {
00235                     this->get_value(env->unum);
00236                     break;
00237                 }
00238
00239                 default: {
00240                     env->logger.warn("{}Flag Desconhecida Encontrada em 'GS': {} \t Buffer Neste
momento: {}", env->unum, lower_tag, this->buffer);
00241                     break;
00242                 }
00243             }
00244
00245             if(*this->buffer == ' '){ break; }
00246         }
00247     }
00248
00256     void
00257     parse_gyroscope() {
00258
00259         // Só há uma tag aqui. Logo, não é necessário loop e busca por tentativas.
00260         this->advance(14); // Colocamos 13, pois nunca se sabe se virá um '-' para nos atrapalhar.
00261
00262         // Devemos usar Eigen
00263         float value;
00264         for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){ this->get_value(value); }
00265     }
00266
00272     void
00273     parse_accelerometer() {
00274
00275         this->advance(13);
00276         float value;
00277         for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){ this->get_value(value); }
00278     }
00279
00286     void
00287     parse_vision() {
00288
00289         std::string_view lower_tag;
00290         while(True){
00291
00292             lower_tag = this->get_str();
00293
00294             switch(lower_tag[0]){
00295
00296                 case 'P':
00297                     while(True){
00298
00299                         lower_tag = this->get_str();
00300
00301                         switch(lower_tag[0]){
00302
00303                             case 't': {
00304                                 this->get_str();
00305                                 break;
00306                             }

```

```

00307
00308
00309         case 'i': {
00310             uint8_t value;
00311             this->get_value(value);
00312             break;
00313         }
00314
00315         // Após essas, qualquer informação dada será da parte do corpo dele.
00316         case 'h': {
00317
00318         }
00319         case 'r': {
00320
00321         }
00322         case 'l': {
00323             // Vamos apenas pular as informações
00324             this->advance(5);
00325             float value;
00326             for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){ this->get_value(value); }
00327             break;
00328         }
00329         default:
00330             env->logger.warn("{} Flag Desconhecida dentro de 'See:P': {}. \t
Buffer Neste momento: {}", env->unum, lower_tag, this->buffer);
00331             break;
00332         }
00333
00334         if(*this->buffer == ' '){ this->advance(1); if(*this->buffer == ' '){
break; } }
00335     }
00336     break;
00337
00338     case 'B': {
00339
00340     }
00341     // Landmarks
00342     case 'G': {
00343
00344     }
00345     case 'F': {
00346         this->advance(5);
00347         float value;
00348         for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){ this->get_value(value); }
00349         break;
00350     }
00351
00352     case 'L': {
00353
00354         this->advance(5);
00355         // Precisamos pegar ambos pontos da linha
00356         float value;
00357         for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){ this->get_value(value); }
00358
00359         this->advance(6);
00360         for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){ this->get_value(value); }
00361
00362         break;
00363     }
00364     default:
00365         env->logger.warn("{} Flag Desconhecida dentro de 'See': {}. \t Buffer Neste
momento: {}", env->unum, lower_tag, this->buffer);
00366         break;
00367     }
00368 }
00369
00370     if(*this->buffer == ' '){ this->advance(1); if(*this->buffer == ' '){ break; } }
00371 }
00372 }
00373 }
00374
00375 void
00381 parse_hingejoint(){
00382
00383     // Dado que será sempre o mesmo padrão. É possível:
00384     this->advance(3);
00385     std::string_view nome_da_junta = this->get_str();
00386     this->advance(5);
00387     float value;
00388     this->get_value(value);
00389 }
00390
00391 void
00399 parse_force_resistance(){
00400
00401     // Dado que será sempre o mesmo padrão, é possível:
00402     this->advance(3);

```

```

00403         this->get_str();
00404
00405         this->advance(4);
00406         // Começamos a pegar o vetor
00407         float value;
00408         for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){ this->get_value(value); }
00409
00410         this->advance(4);
00411         for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){ this->get_value(value); }
00412     }
00413
00417     void
00418     parse_hear(){
00419         // sanha
00420     }
00421 };
00422
00428     int
00429     update_from_server(
00430         std::string_view msg
00431     ){
00432
00433         Parsing cursor(msg, this);
00434         std::string_view upper_tag;
00435         while(True){
00436
00437             if(
00438                 !cursor.skip_until_char('(')
00439             ){ this->print_status(); return 0; }
00440
00441             upper_tag = cursor.get_str();
00442             switch(upper_tag[0]){
00443                 case 't': {
00444                     cursor.parse_time();
00445                     break;
00446                 }
00447
00448                 case 'G': {
00449                     if(upper_tag[1] == 'S'){
00450                         cursor.parse_gamestate();
00451                     }
00452                     else if(upper_tag[1] == 'Y'){
00453                         cursor.parse_gyroscope();
00454                     }
00455                     else{
00456                         this->logger.warn("{} Tag Superior Desconhecida: {}", this->unum,
00457 upper_tag);
00458                     }
00459                     break;
00460                 }
00461
00462                 case 'A': {
00463                     if(upper_tag[1] == 'C'){ cursor.parse_accelerometer(); }
00464                     break;
00465                 }
00466
00467                 case 'S': {
00468                     if(upper_tag[1] == 'e'){ cursor.parse_vision(); }
00469                     else{ this->logger.warn("{} Tag Superior Desconhecida: {} \t Buffer neste
momento: {}", this->unum, upper_tag, cursor.get()); }
00470                     break;
00471                 }
00472
00473                 case 'H': {
00474                     cursor.parse_hingejoint();
00475                     break;
00476                 }
00477
00478                 case 'F': {
00479                     cursor.parse_force_resistance();
00480                     break;
00481                 }
00482
00483                 default: {
00484                     if(!cursor.is_valid()){ return 2; }
00485                     this->logger.warn("{} Tag Superior Desconhecida: {} \t Buffer neste momento:
{}", this->unum, upper_tag, cursor.get());
00486                     break;
00487                 }
00488             }
00489         }
00490     }
00491 }
00492
00493 private:
00494
00498     void
00499     print_status() const {

```

```

00500         return;
00501     printf("\n=== Environment State ===\n");
00502     printf("time_server      : %.3f\n", time_server);
00503     printf("time_match       : %.3f\n", time_match);
00504     printf("goals_scored      : %d\n", goals_scored);
00505     printf("goals_conceded    : %d\n", goals_conceded);
00506     printf("is_left          : %d\n", is_left);
00507     printf("playmode         : %d\n", static_cast<uint8_t>(current_mode));
00508 }
00509 };
00510
00511
00512
00513

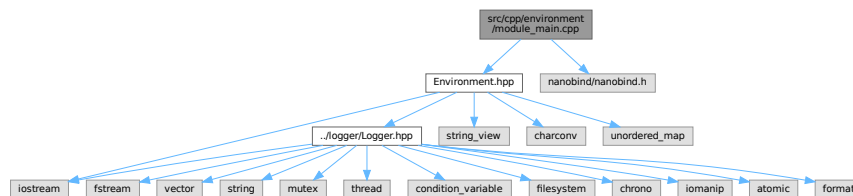
```

7.17 src/cpp/environment/module_main.cpp File Reference

```

#include "Environment.hpp"
#include <nanobind/nanobind.h>
Include dependency graph for module_main.cpp:

```



Functions

- [NB_MODULE](#) (environment, m)

7.17.1 Function Documentation

7.17.1.1 NB_MODULE()

```

NB_MODULE (
    environment ,
    m )

```

Definition at line 6 of file [module_main.cpp](#).

7.18 module_main.cpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 #include "Environment.hpp"
00002 #include <nanobind/nanobind.h>
00003
00004 namespace nb = nanobind;
00005
00006 NB_MODULE(
00007     environment,
00008     m

```

```

00009 ){
00010     nb::class_<Environment>(
00011         m,
00012         "Environment",
00013         "Responsável por representar o ambiente externo ao robô.\n"
00014         "Agrupará todos os métodos de interpretação do mundo."
00015     )
00016     .def(
00017         nb::init<Logger&>(),
00018         nb::arg("Logger"),
00019         R"(Classe Logger para imprimirmos possíveis erros.)"
00020     )
00021
00022     /* -- Definição de Atributos da Classe -- */
00023     .def_ro("time_server", &Environment::time_server,
00024         "Instante de Tempo do Servidor, útil apenas para sincronização entre agentes")
00025
00026     .def_ro("time_match", &Environment::time_match,
00027         "Instante de Tempo de Partida")
00028
00029     .def_ro("goals_scored", &Environment::goals_scored,
00030         "Nossos Gols, pode ser útil para mudarmos de tática conforme o jogo avança")
00031
00032     .def_ro("goals_conceded", &Environment::goals_conceded,
00033         "Gols adversários, pode ser útil para mudarmos de tática conforme o jogo avança")
00034
00035     .def_ro("is_left", &Environment::is_left,
00036         "True caso sejamos o time da esquerda, False caso contrário.")
00037
00038     .def_ro("current_mode", &Environment::current_mode,
00039         "True caso sejamos o time da esquerda, False caso contrário.")
00040
00041
00042
00043     /* -- Métodos da Classe -- */
00044     .def(
00045         "update_from_server",
00046         // A função anônima é apenas para convertermos os tipos
00047         [](
00048             Environment &self,
00049             const nb::bytearray& from_server
00050         ){
00051             return self.update_from_server(std::string_view(reinterpret_cast<const
00052 char*>(from_server.data()), from_server.size()));
00053         },
00054         nb::arg("from_server"),
00055         "Função responsável por atualizar o estado de ambiente a partir de mensagens do servidor."
00056     );
00057
00058     nb::enum_<Environment::PlayMode>(m, "PlayMode")
00059     .value("OUR_KICKOFF", Environment::PlayMode::OUR_KICKOFF)
00060     .value("OUR_KICK_IN", Environment::PlayMode::OUR_KICK_IN)
00061     .value("OUR_CORNER_KICK", Environment::PlayMode::OUR_CORNER_KICK)
00062     .value("OUR_GOAL_KICK", Environment::PlayMode::OUR_GOAL_KICK)
00063     .value("OUR_FREE_KICK", Environment::PlayMode::OUR_FREE_KICK)
00064     .value("OUR_PASS", Environment::PlayMode::OUR_PASS)
00065     .value("OUR_DIR_FREE_KICK", Environment::PlayMode::OUR_DIR_FREE_KICK)
00066     .value("OUR_GOAL", Environment::PlayMode::OUR_GOAL)
00067     .value("OUR_OFFSIDE", Environment::PlayMode::OUR_OFFSIDE)
00068
00069     .value("THEIR_KICKOFF", Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_KICKOFF)
00070     .value("THEIR_KICK_IN", Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_KICK_IN)
00071     .value("THEIR_CORNER_KICK", Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_CORNER_KICK)
00072     .value("THEIR_GOAL_KICK", Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_GOAL_KICK)
00073     .value("THEIR_FREE_KICK", Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_FREE_KICK)
00074     .value("THEIR_PASS", Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_PASS)
00075     .value("THEIR_DIR_FREE_KICK", Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_DIR_FREE_KICK)
00076     .value("THEIR_GOAL", Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_GOAL)
00077     .value("THEIR_OFFSIDE", Environment::PlayMode::THEIR_OFFSIDE)
00078
00079     .value("BEFORE_KICKOFF", Environment::PlayMode::BEFORE_KICKOFF)
00080     .value("GAME_OVER", Environment::PlayMode::GAME_OVER)
00081     .value("PLAY_ON", Environment::PlayMode::PLAY_ON)
00082     .export_values();
00083 }
00084

```

7.19 src/cpp/logger/module_main.cpp File Reference

```

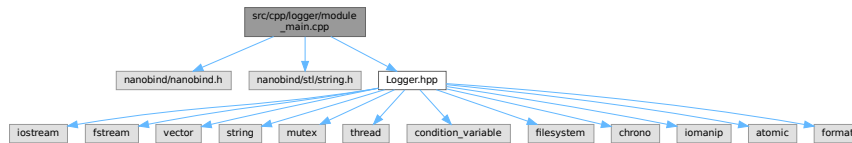
#include <nanobind/nanobind.h>
#include <nanobind/stl/string.h>

```



```
#include "Logger.hpp"
```

Include dependency graph for module_main.cpp:



Functions

- [NB_MODULE](#) (logger, m)
 < *Necessário para converter std::string <-> str automaticamente*

7.19.1 Function Documentation

7.19.1.1 NB_MODULE()

```
NB_MODULE (
    logger ,
    m )
```

< *Necessário para converter std::string <-> str automaticamente*

Definition at line 7 of file [module_main.cpp](#).

7.20 module_main.cpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 #include <nanobind/nanobind.h>
00002 #include <nanobind/stl/string.h>
00003 #include "Logger.hpp"
00004
00005 namespace nb = nanobind;
00006
00007 NB_MODULE(logger, m) {
00008     // Vinculamos a classe Logger.
00009     // Note que não usamos .def(nb::init<...>) pois o construtor é privado.
00010     nb::class_<Logger>(m, "Logger")
00011         // nb::rv_policy::reference -> Diz ao Python para criar apenas uma referência
00012         // para o objeto estático existente no C++, sem tentar gerenciá-lo ou deletá-lo.
00013         .def_static("get", &Logger::get, nb::rv_policy::reference,
00014             "Acesso à instância única")
00015         .def("info", [](Logger& self, std::string msg) {
00016             self.info(std::move(msg));
00017         },
00018             nb::arg("msg"),
00019             "Adiciona log nível INFO.\n\n"
00020             "Args:\n"
00021             "    msg (str): Mensagem a ser imprimida.\n\n"
00022             "Details:\n"
00023             "    Recebe por valor para permitir std::move (otimização de r-values).")
00024         .def("warn", [](Logger& self, std::string msg) {
00025             self.warn(std::move(msg));
00026         },
00027             nb::arg("msg"),
00028             "Adiciona log nível WARN.\n\n"
00029             "Args:\n"
00030
```

```

00031         "    msg (str): Mensagem a ser imprimida.\n\n"
00032         "Details:\n"
00033         "    Recebe por valor para permitir std::move (otimização de r-values).")
00034     .def("error", [] (Logger& self, std::string msg) {
00035                                     self.error (std::move (msg));
00036                                     },
00037         nb::arg("msg"),
00038         "Adiciona log nível ERROR.\n\n"
00039         "Args:\n"
00040         "    msg (str): Mensagem a ser imprimida.\n\n"
00041         "Details:\n"
00042         "    Recebe por valor para permitir std::move (otimização de r-values).");
00043 }
00044

```

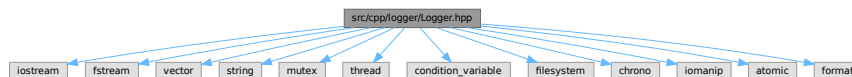
7.21 src/cpp/logger/Logger.hpp File Reference

```

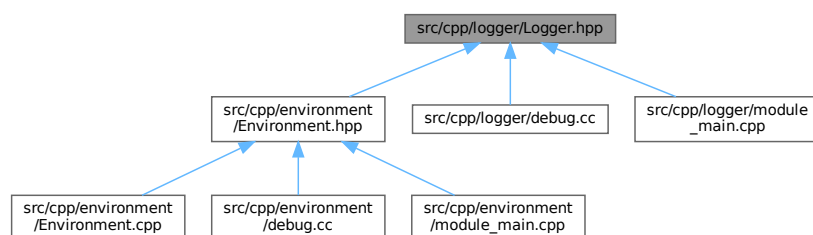
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <mutex>
#include <thread>
#include <condition_variable>
#include <filesystem>
#include <chrono>
#include <iomanip>
#include <atomic>
#include <format>

```

Include dependency graph for Logger.hpp:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [Logger](#)
Singleton para logging assíncrono.

Macros

- `#define True true`
- `#define False false`

7.21.1 Macro Definition Documentation

7.21.1.1 False

```
#define False false
```

Definition at line 19 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

7.21.1.2 True

```
#define True true
```

Definition at line 18 of file [Logger.hpp](#).

7.22 Logger.hpp

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 #pragma once
00002
00003 #include <iostream>
00004 #include <fstream>
00005 #include <vector>
00006 #include <string>
00007 #include <mutex>
00008 #include <thread>
00009 #include <condition_variable>
00010 #include <filesystem>
00011 #include <chrono>
00012 #include <iomanip>
00013 #include <atomic>
00014 #include <format>
00015
00016 namespace fs = std::filesystem;
00017
00018 #define True true
00019 #define False false
00020
00025 class Logger {
00026 public:
00030     static Logger& get(){ static Logger instance; return instance; }
00031
00032     Logger(const Logger&) = delete;
00033     void operator=(const Logger&) = delete;
00034
00040     void
00041     info(std::string msg){ this->log("[INFO] ", std::move(msg)); }
00042
00048     void
00049     warn(std::string msg){ this->log("[WARN] ", std::move(msg)); }
00050
00056     void
00057     error(std::string msg){ this->log("[ERROR] ", std::move(msg)); }
00058
00064     template<typename... Args>
00065     void info(std::format_string<Args...> fmt, Args&&... args) {
00066         // std::format gera a std::string final de forma otimizada.
00067         // std::forward garante que não haja cópias desnecessárias dos argumentos.
00068         this->log("[INFO] ", std::format(fmt, std::forward<Args>(args)...));
00069     }
00070
00074     template<typename... Args>
```

```

00075 void warn(std::format_string<Args...> fmt, Args&&... args) {
00076     this->log("[WARN] ", std::format(fmt, std::forward<Args>(args)...));
00077 }
00078
00082 template<typename... Args>
00083 void error(std::format_string<Args...> fmt, Args&&... args) {
00084     this->log("[ERROR] ", std::format(fmt, std::forward<Args>(args)...));
00085 }
00086
00087 private:
00088     // Buffers para técnica de Double Buffering
00089     std::vector<std::string> _current_buffer;
00090     std::vector<std::string> _write_buffer;
00091
00092     std::mutex _mutex;
00093     std::condition_variable _cv;
00094     std::thread _worker;
00095     std::atomic<bool> _is_running;
00096     std::atomic<bool> is_the_first = True;
00097     std::ofstream _file_stream;
00098
00103 Logger() : _is_running(True) {
00104     // Reserva memória prévia para evitar realocações frequentes no vetor
00105     this->_current_buffer.reserve(30);
00106     this->_write_buffer.reserve(30);
00107 }
00108
00112 ~Logger() {
00113     this->_is_running = false;
00114     this->_cv.notify_one();
00115
00116     if(this->_worker.joinable()){ this->_worker.join(); }
00117     if(this->_file_stream.is_open()){ this->_file_stream.close(); }
00118 }
00119
00124 void
00125 _init_file() {
00126     if(!fs::exists("logs")){ fs::create_directory("logs"); }
00127
00128     auto now = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
00129     auto in_time_t = std::chrono::system_clock::to_time_t(now);
00130
00131     std::stringstream ss;
00132     ss << "logs/" << std::put_time(std::localtime(&in_time_t), "%Y-%m-%d_%H-%M-%S") << ".log";
00133
00134     // std::ios::app não é necessário se o arquivo é único por execução
00135     // mas útil se reiniciarmos o logger no mesmo segundo -> Impossível?
00136     this->_file_stream.open(ss.str(), std::ios::out | std::ios::app);
00137
00138     // Desabilita sincronização automática com stdio para performance
00139     std::ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);
00140 }
00141
00148 void
00149 log(const char* prefixo, std::string&& msg) {
00150
00151     // --- INÍCIO DA ADIÇÃO DO TIMESTAMP ---
00152     auto now = std::chrono::system_clock::now();
00153     auto in_time_t = std::chrono::system_clock::to_time_t(now);
00154
00155     std::stringstream ss_time;
00156     // Formato: [YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS]
00157     ss_time << std::put_time(std::localtime(&in_time_t), "[%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S] ");
00158     // --- FIM DA ADIÇÃO DO TIMESTAMP ---
00159
00160     {
00161         std::lock_guard<std::mutex> lock(this->_mutex);
00162         // Constrói a string final na memória RAM
00163         this->_current_buffer.emplace_back(ss_time.str() + prefixo + msg);
00164
00165         if( this->is_the_first ) { this->_init_file();
00166             this->_worker = std::thread(&Logger::_worker_loop, this);
00167             this->is_the_first = False;
00168         }
00169     }
00170
00171     // Notifica a thread de escrita que há dados
00172     _cv.notify_one();
00173 }
00174
00175 void
00181 _worker_loop() {
00182
00183     while(
00184         _is_running || !_current_buffer.empty()
00185     ) {
00186

```

```

00187         std::unique_lock<std::mutex> lock(_mutex);
00188
00189         /*
00190         A thread fica bloqueada pelo sistema operacional, sem consumir CPU.
00191         Pesquise, isso é muito foda.
00192         */
00193         _cv.wait(
00194             lock,
00195             [this]() { return !this->_current_buffer.empty() || !this->_is_running; }
00196         );
00197
00198         if( this->_current_buffer.empty() && !this->_is_running ){ break; }
00199
00200         // --- A MÁGICA DA PERFORMANCE (SWAP) ---
00201         // Trocamos o vetor cheio pelo vazio instantaneamente.
00202         // O Mutex é liberado logo depois disso.
00203         std::swap(this->_current_buffer, this->_write_buffer);
00204         lock.unlock();
00205
00206         if(this->_file_stream.is_open()) {
00207             for(const auto& line : this->_write_buffer){ this->_file_stream << line << "\n"; }
00208             // Flush manual apenas após lote grande
00209             this->_file_stream.flush();
00210         }
00211
00212         // Limpa o buffer de escrita para ser reusado no próximo swap
00213         this->_write_buffer.clear();
00214     }
00215 }
00216 };
00217
00218
00219

```

7.23 src/exec_booting.py File Reference

Namespaces

- namespace [exec_booting](#)

7.24 exec_booting.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 from term.Bootling import Bootling
00002
00003 Bootling()

```

7.25 src/run_full_team.py File Reference

Namespaces

- namespace [run_full_team](#)

Variables

- [run_full_team.boot](#) = [Bootling\(\)](#)
- list [run_full_team.players](#) = []
- Agent [run_full_team.p](#)

7.26 run_full_team.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 from term.Bootling import Bootling
00002 from agent.Agent import Agent
00003 from time import sleep
00004
00005 boot = Bootling()
00006
00007 players = []
00008 for i in range(0, 11):
00009     players.append(Agent(boot.options))
00010     boot.options[4][1] += 1
00011
00012 for p in players:
00013     p: Agent
00014     p.beam()
00015     p.scom.send()
00016
00017 for p in players:
00018     p.scom.receive()
00019
00020 print("Em condições.")
00021 while True:
00022     for p in players:
00023         p.scom.send()
00024
00025     for p in players:
00026         p.scom.receive()
```

7.27 src/run_player.py File Reference

Namespaces

- namespace [run_player](#)

Variables

- [run_player.boot](#) = `Bootling()`
- [run_player.p](#) = `Agent(boot.options)`

7.28 run_player.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 from term.Bootling import Bootling
00002 from agent.Agent import Agent
00003
00004 boot = Bootling()
00005
00006 p = Agent(boot.options)
00007
00008 while True:
00009     p.scom.send()
00010     p.scom.receive()
```

7.29 src/term/Bootling.py File Reference

Implementação do [Bootling](#) do time.

Classes

- class [Booting.Booting](#)

Responsável por inicializar todas as necessidades de execução do time.

Namespaces

- namespace [Booting](#)

7.29.1 Detailed Description

Implementação do [Booting](#) do time.

Definition in file [Booting.py](#).

7.30 Booting.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 """
00002 @file Booting.py
00003 @brief Implementação do Booting do time
00004 """
00005 import os
00006 import sys
00007 import subprocess
00008 import sysconfig
00009 import nanobind
00010 import threading
00011 import pickle
00012 from time import sleep
00013 from term.Printing import Printing
00014 from pathlib import Path
00015
00016 class Booting:
00017     """
00018     @brief Responsável por inicializar todas as necessidades de execução do time
00019     @details
00020     Assume as seguintes responsabilidades:
00021     - Estabelece um arquivo de configurações default caso já não exista um.
00022     """
00023
00024     CONFIG_PATH = Path(__file__).resolve().parent / "config_team_params.txt"
00025
00026     def __init__(self):
00027         """
00028         @brief Responsável por chamar as inicializações mínimas.
00029         """
00030
00031         self.options = Booting.get_team_params()
00032
00033         if getattr(sys, 'frozen', False):
00034             # Então estamos executando o binário!
00035             # Devemos forçar que o debug seja 0.
00036             self.options[8][1] = '0'
00037             Printing.IF_IN_DEBUG = False
00038         else:
00039             # Note que isso só faz sentido quando não estamos executando o código em binário
00040             # Já que esta execução não conteria os arquivos .hpp, por exemplo.
00041             Booting.cpp_builder()
00042
00043     @staticmethod
00044     def get_team_params() -> list[list[str | int]]:
00045         """
00046         @brief Verifica existência de arquivo de parâmetros de time, caso não exista, usará o default.
00047         @details
00048         Faremos em tupla para permitir uso mínimo de memória.
00049         @return
00050         """
00051
00052         if os.path.exists(Booting.CONFIG_PATH):

```

```

00053         with open(
00054             Booting.CONFIG_PATH,
00055             "r"
00056         ) as file_team_params:
00057             config_team_params: list[list[str | int]] = [
00058                 string_tupla.split(",") for string_tupla in
file_team_params.read().split("\n")[:-1]
00059             ]
00060
00061             for idx in range(0, len(config_team_params)):
00062                 # Somente o IP Server e Team Name são palavras
00063                 if idx not in {0, 3}:
00064                     config_team_params[idx][1] = int(config_team_params[idx][1])
00065
00066
00067
00068         config_team_params = [
00069             ["IP Server", "localhost"],
00070             ["Agent Port", 3100], # Onde nos conectaremos com rcssserver3d
00071             ["Monitor Port", 3200], # Onde nos conectaremos com Roboviz
00072             ["Team Name", "RoboIME"],
00073             ["Uniform Number", 1],
00074             ["Robot Type", 1],
00075             ["Penalty Shootout", 0],
00076             ["MagmaFatProxy", 0],
00077             ["Debug Mode", 1]
00078         ]
00079
00080         # E criamos o arquivo
00081         with open(
00082             Booting.CONFIG_PATH,
00083             "w+"
00084         ) as file_team_params:
00085             for doc, value in config_team_params:
00086                 file_team_params.write(
00087                     f"{doc},{value}\n"
00088                 )
00089
00090         return config_team_params
00091
00092     @staticmethod
00093     def show_spinner(
00094         running_flag: list[bool]
00095     ) -> None:
00096         """
00097         @brief Por motivos estéticos, mostrará um spinner enquanto há o carregamento de módulos C++
00098         """
00099
00100         spinner = ['|', '/', '-', '\\']
00101         i = 0
00102         while running_flag[0] and i < 1000:
00103             print(f"{spinner[i % len(spinner)]}", end="", flush=True)
00104             i += 1
00105             sleep(0.5)
00106             print("\b", end="")
00107
00108
00109     @staticmethod
00110     def cpp_builder() -> None:
00111         """
00112         @brief Responsável por buildar os arquivos .cpp presentes na pasta cpp.
00113         @return Funcionalidades C++ em condições de interoperabilidade.
00114         """
00115
00116         # Vamos verificar quais arquivos .cpp estão disponíveis para buildar
00117         cpp_path = Path(__file__).resolve().parents[1] / "cpp"
00118         cpp_modules = [
00119             module for module in os.listdir(
00120                 cpp_path
00121             ) if os.path.isdir(os.path.join(cpp_path, module))
00122         ]
00123
00124         if not cpp_modules:
00125             return None # Não há nenhum para construirmos
00126
00127         # Servirá para verificarmos quais binários estão atualizados com a versão
00128         python_cmd = f"python{sys.version_info.major}.{sys.version_info.minor}"
00129
00130         # -- Os includes que serão necessários
00131         nb_root = os.path.dirname(nanobind.__file__)
00132         py_inc = sysconfig.get_path("include") # Python.h
00133         nb_inc = nanobind.include_dir() # nanobind.h
00134         robin_inc = os.path.join(nb_root, "ext", "robin_map", "include") # robin_map.h
00135         nb_src = os.path.join(nb_root, "src", "nb_combined.cpp")
00136         n_proc = str(os.cpu_count())
00137         command_chain = [
00138             "make",

```



```

00139         f"-j{n_proc}",
00140         f"PY_INC={py_inc}",
00141         f"NB_INC={nb_inc}",
00142         f"ROBIN_INC={robin_inc}",
00143         f"NB_SRC={nb_src}"
00144     ]
00145
00146     first = True
00147     for cpp_module in cpp_modules:
00148         cpp_module_path = os.path.join(cpp_path, cpp_module)
00149
00150         # Verificamos se já existe um binário pronto
00151         if os.path.isfile(
00152             os.path.join(
00153                 cpp_module_path,
00154                 f"{cpp_module}.so"
00155             )
00156         ):
00157             # Caso exista, devemos verificar se ele foi modificado em um limite de tempo
00158             with open(
00159                 os.path.join(
00160                     cpp_module_path,
00161                     f"{cpp_module}.cpp_info"
00162                 ),
00163                 "rb"
00164             ) as f:
00165                 info_version = pickle.load(f)
00166
00167                 if info_version == python_cmd:
00168                     # Considerando que está na mesma versão, ainda devemos verificar modificações
00169
00170                     code_mod_time = max(
00171                         os.path.getmtime(
00172                             os.path.join(
00173                                 cpp_module_path,
00174                                 file_in_the_module
00175                             )
00176                         ) for file_in_the_module in os.listdir(
00177                             cpp_module_path
00178                         ) if file_in_the_module.endswith(".cpp") or
00179                             file_in_the_module.endswith(".hpp")
00180                     )
00181
00182                     bin_mod_time = os.path.getmtime(os.path.join(cpp_module_path, f"{cpp_module}.so"))
00183
00184                     if bin_mod_time + 15 > code_mod_time:
00185                         continue
00186
00187                 if first:
00188                     print("\033[1;7m/* ---- Construção de Funcionalidades C++ ---- */\033[0m")
00189                     first = False
00190                 msg = f"\033[1;7mConstruindo: \033[32;40m{cpp_module}\033[0m"
00191                 print(f"{msg:.<60}", end="", flush=True)
00192
00193                 processo = subprocess.Popen(
00194                     command_chain,
00195                     cwd=cpp_module_path,
00196                     stdout=subprocess.PIPE,
00197                     stderr=subprocess.PIPE,
00198                     text=False
00199                 )
00200
00201                 # Iniciamos thread de spinner
00202                 running_flag = [True]
00203                 worker = threading.Thread(target=Booting.show_spinner, args=(running_flag,))
00204                 worker.start()
00205
00206                 output, error = processo.communicate()
00207                 return_code = processo.wait()
00208
00209                 running_flag[0] = False
00210                 worker.join()
00211
00212                 if return_code == 0:
00213                     print("\033[7m\033[1mSucesso\033[0m")
00214
00215                     # Podemos construir um arquivo de fiscalização
00216                     with open(
00217                         os.path.join(cpp_module_path, f"{cpp_module}.cpp_info"),
00218                         "wb"
00219                     ) as f:
00220                         # noinspection PyTypeChecker
00221                         pickle.dump(python_cmd, f)
00222                 else:
00223                     Printing.print_message("Abortando", "error")
00224                     print()
00225                     print(output.decode(), error.decode())

```

```

00225         exit()
00226
00227     subprocess.run(
00228         ["make", "clean"],
00229         stdout=subprocess.PIPE,
00230         stderr=subprocess.PIPE,
00231         cwd=cpp_module_path
00232     )
00233
00234     return None

```

7.31 src/term/Printing.py File Reference

Implementação de Interface no terminal.

Classes

- class [Printing.Printing](#)
Responsável pela comunicação usuário - terminal.

Namespaces

- namespace [Printing](#)

7.31.1 Detailed Description

Implementação de Interface no terminal.

Definition in file [Printing.py](#).

7.32 Printing.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```

00001 """
00002 @file Printing.py
00003 @brief Implementação de Interface no terminal
00004 """
00005 from rich.console import Console, ConsoleRenderable
00006 from rich.table import Table
00007 from rich import box
00008
00009 from select import select
00010 import sys, tty, termios
00011 from typing import Callable
00012
00013 class Printing:
00014     """
00015     @brief Responsável pela comunicação usuário - terminal
00016     """
00017     IF_IN_DEBUG = True
00018     TABLE_COLORS = {
00019         "info": "\033[1;36m",
00020         "warning": "\033[1;33m",
00021         "error": "\033[1;31m"
00022     }
00023     CONSOLE = Console()
00024
00025     @staticmethod
00026     def print_message(message: str, role: str=None) -> None:
00027         """
00028         @brief Apresentará uma mensagem estilizada de forma específica

```

```

00029         @param message Mensagem a ser apresentada
00030         @param role String indicando qual o motivo da mensagem
00031         @details
00032         Há uma quantidade específica de roles possíveis:
00033         - info
00034         - warning
00035         - error
00036
00037         Caso nenhuma dessas seja inserida, há a possibilidade de inserir
00038         o comando ASCII de uma vez.
00039         """
00040
00041         if not Printing.IF_IN_DEBUG:
00042             return
00043
00044         if role is None:
00045             print(message, end="", flush=True)
00046             return
00047
00048         if role in Printing.TABLE_COLORS:
00049             print(f"{Printing.TABLE_COLORS[role]}", end="", flush=True)
00050         else:
00051             if role.startswith("\033["):
00052                 print(f"{role}", end="", flush=True)
00053             else:
00054                 Printing.print_message("Erro: `role` não especificada.", "error")
00055                 return
00056
00057         print(message, end="", flush=True)
00058         print("\033[0m", flush=True, end="")
00059
00060     @staticmethod
00061     def print_table(
00062         columns: list[str],
00063         dados: list[list],
00064         # Diversas personalizações
00065         header_style: str = "bold",
00066         row_style: dict[int, str] = None,
00067         width: int = None,
00068         column_styles: dict[str, str] = None,
00069         column_justify: dict[str, str] = None,
00070         column_widths: dict[str, int] = None,
00071         renderable: bool = False
00072     ) -> None | ConsoleRenderable:
00073         """
00074         @brief Apresentará uma tabela completamente personalizada
00075         @param columns Lista dos nomes das colunas
00076         @param data Lista de listas com os valores de linhas
00077         @details
00078         Assume os seguintes parâmetros de personalização:
00079         columns: Lista de nomes das colunas
00080         data: Lista de listas com dados das linhas
00081         header_style: Estilo do cabeçalho
00082         row_styles: Estilos alternados para linhas
00083         width: Largura fixa da tabela
00084         column_styles: {nome_coluna: estilo}
00085         column_justify: {nome_coluna: "left"/"center"/"right"}
00086         column_widths: {nome_coluna: largura}
00087         """
00088
00089         row_style = row_style or {}
00090         column_styles = column_styles or {}
00091         column_justify = column_justify or {}
00092         column_widths = column_widths or {}
00093
00094         table = Table(
00095             box=box.ROUNDED,
00096             header_style=header_style,
00097             width=width,
00098             show_lines=True
00099         )
00100
00101         for col in columns:
00102             # noinspection PyTypeChecker
00103             table.add_column(
00104                 col,
00105                 style=column_styles.get(col, ""),
00106                 justify=column_justify.get(col, "default"),
00107                 width=column_widths.get(col, None)
00108             )
00109
00110         for i, row in enumerate(dados):
00111             table.add_row(*[str(item) for item in row], style=row_style.get(i, ""))
00112
00113         return table if renderable else Printing.CONSOLE.print(table)
00114
00115     @staticmethod

```

```

00116     def get_input(
00117         bytes_to_be_read: int,
00118         return_type: Callable = str
00119     ):
00120         """
00121         @brief Função complexa que fará leitura de entrada do usuário
00122         @details
00123         Tome cuidado com a execução dessa função, pois ela é poderosa
00124         @param return_type Tipo de entrada a ser retornado
00125         @param bytes_to_be_read Quantidade de Bytes que serão lidos
00126         @return Entrada do usuário
00127         """
00128
00129         # Obtém o File Descriptor do stdin
00130         fd = sys.stdin.fileno()
00131
00132         # Guarda modo original (echo, buffering, etc) para restaurar depois
00133         old_settings = termios.tcgetattr(fd)
00134
00135         buffer = ""
00136
00137         try:
00138             # - Desativa buffering de linha (não espera Enter)
00139             # - Desativa echo (não mostra teclas na tela)
00140             # - Desativa processamento de caracteres especiais (Ctrl+C, etc)
00141             # - Captura teclas imediatamente
00142             tty.setraw(fd)
00143
00144             while len(buffer) < bytes_to_be_read:
00145                 # Verifica se há input disponível (não-bloqueante)
00146                 if select([sys.stdin], [], [], 0.5)[0]:
00147                     # Adicionamos cada caractere
00148                     buffer += sys.stdin.read(1)
00149                     if buffer[-1] in {'\r', '\n'}:
00150                         break
00151         finally:
00152             # Restaura configurações originais do terminal
00153             # Garante que o terminal volta ao normal mesmo com erros
00154             termios.tcsetattr(fd, termios.TCSADRAIN, old_settings)
00155
00156         try:
00157             return return_type(buffer)
00158         except (ValueError, TypeError):
00159             Printing.print_message("Erro de entrada!", "error")
00160             return None
00161
00162
00163
00164
00165
00166
00167
00168
00169

```

7.33 src/utils/RobotPositionManager.py File Reference

Implementação de lógica organizadora de posições iniciais de partida.

Classes

- class [RobotPositionManager.RobotPositionManager](#)
Responsável por permitir ao usuário a criação de diversas formações táticas.

Namespaces

- namespace [RobotPositionManager](#)

Variables

- [RobotPositionManager.root](#) = [RobotPositionManager\(\)](#)

7.33.1 Detailed Description

Implementação de lógica organizadora de posições iniciais de partida.

Definition in file [RobotPositionManager.py](#).

7.34 RobotPositionManager.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 """
00002 @file RobotPositionManager.py
00003 @brief Implementação de lógica organizadora de posições iniciais de partida.
00004 """
00005 import os
00006 import pickle
00007 import tkinter as tk
00008 from tkinter import ttk, simpledialog, messagebox
00009 from pathlib import Path
00010
00011 class RobotPositionManager(tk.Tk):
00012     """
00013     @brief Responsável por permitir ao usuário a criação de diversas formações táticas.
00014     @details
00015     Focada em diversão e customização, gerencia um binário que é a representação de
00016     dicionário de listas que contém as 11 posições.
00017     Por ter esse objetivo, não faz sentido que haja essa função na lógica geral dos agentes.
00018     """
00019
00020     CONFIG_POSITION_PATH = Path(__file__).resolve().parents[1] / "agent" / "tactical_formation.pkl"
00021
00022
00023     def __init__(self):
00024         """
00025         @brief Construtor da Classe, inicializa variáveis importantes, como o próprio dicionário.
00026         """
00027         # Iniciamos a interface
00028         super().__init__()
00029         self.title("RobotPositionManager")
00030         self.geometry("900x750")
00031
00032         # Configurações já existentes
00033         self.config_positions = RobotPositionManager.get_config_positions()
00034         self.nome_de_config_selecionada = None
00035
00036         # --- Constantes do Campo ---
00037         self.FIELD_WIDTH = 30
00038         self.FIELD_HEIGHT = 20
00039         self.GRID_SCALE = 25 # Pixels por unidade de campo
00040         self.MAX_JOGADORES = 11
00041         self.X_MIN = -self.FIELD_WIDTH / 2
00042         self.X_MAX = self.FIELD_WIDTH / 2
00043         self.Y_MIN = -self.FIELD_HEIGHT / 2
00044         self.Y_MAX = self.FIELD_HEIGHT / 2
00045
00046         # Variáveis de Estado
00047         self.posicoes_atuais = [] # Lista de tuplas do grid atual
00048         self.marcadores_jogadores = [] # Lista para rastreamos nossos jogadores
00049
00050         # Apenas variáveis que serão utilizadas posteriormente
00051         self.tv_configs = None # Para organizarmos a tabela de configurações
00052         self.canvas = None
00053         self.canvas_height = self.FIELD_HEIGHT * self.GRID_SCALE
00054         self.canvas_width = self.FIELD_WIDTH * self.GRID_SCALE
00055
00056         # Dispostemos as informações de forma inteligente
00057         self.criar_widgets()
00058         self.update_table_config()
00059
00060         # -- Métodos de Ajuda
00061         @staticmethod
00062         def get_config_positions() -> dict[str, list[tuple]]:
00063             """
00064             @brief Verificará existência do arquivo binário correspondente ao dicionário.
00065             @return Caso exista, o retornará restaurado. Caso não, retornará um dicionário vazio.
00066             """
00067
00068             if os.path.exists(RobotPositionManager.CONFIG_POSITION_PATH):
00069                 # Caso exista, então devemos apenas restaurar
```

```

00070         with open(RobotPositionManager.CONFIG_POSITION_PATH, "rb") as f:
00071             return pickle.load(f)
00072
00073     # Logo, não existe
00074     return {"default": [(1, 2), (2, -3), (5, 4), (2, 2)], "default_1": [(1, 2), (2, 3), (5, 4),
(2, 2)]}
00075
00076     @staticmethod
00077     def save_config_positions(dados: dict[str, list[tuple]]) -> None:
00078         """
00079         @brief Responsável por salvar uma estrutura de dados em arquivo binário
00080         @param dados Estrutura de dados a ser salva
00081         """
00082
00083         with open(
00084             RobotPositionManager.CONFIG_POSITION_PATH,
00085             "wb"
00086         ) as f:
00087             # Colocamos esse comentário já que estava dando erro no interpretador da IDE
00088             pickle.dump(dados, f) # type: ignore
00089
00090     def _field_to_canvas(self, fx_: float, fy_: float) -> tuple:
00091         """
00092         @brief Responsável por converter coordenadas do campo para pixels no canvas
00093         @param fx_ Coordenada real em x
00094         @param fy_ Coordenada real em y
00095         @return Coordenadas corrigidas para o grid
00096         """
00097         return (
00098             (fx_ - self.X_MIN) * self.GRID_SCALE,
00099             (self.Y_MAX - fy_) * self.GRID_SCALE
00100         )
00101
00102     def _canvas_to_field(self, cx: int, cy: int) -> tuple:
00103         """
00104         @brief Converterá o pixel clicado para o quadrado correspondente
00105         @param cx Posição X do pixel
00106         @param cy Posição Y do pixel
00107         @return tupla de posições reais
00108         """
00109
00110         # Converte pixel X para coordenada de campo
00111         fx_raw = (cx / self.GRID_SCALE) + self.X_MIN
00112
00113         # Converte pixel Y para coordenada de campo (invertendo a lógica)
00114         fy_raw = self.Y_MAX - (cy / self.GRID_SCALE)
00115
00116         # Arredonda para o 0.5 mais próximo
00117         fx_rounded = round(fx_raw * 2) / 2
00118         fy_rounded = round(fy_raw * 2) / 2
00119
00120         # Garante que o clique (mesmo fora) se encaixe nos limites
00121         return (
00122             max(self.X_MIN, min(self.X_MAX, fx_rounded)),
00123             max(self.Y_MIN, min(self.Y_MAX, fy_rounded))
00124         )
00125
00126     # -- Métodos de Interface
00127     def criar_widgets(self):
00128         """
00129         @brief Disporá os widgets da interface de forma inteligente, provendo informações úteis.
00130         """
00131
00132         upper_frame = ttk.Frame(self)
00133         upper_frame.pack(side="top", fill="x", padx=10, pady=10)
00134
00135         config_frame = ttk.Frame(upper_frame)
00136         config_frame.pack(side="left", fill="both", expand=True)
00137
00138         # Disporemos a tabela
00139         self.tv_configs = ttk.Treeview(config_frame, columns=("Nome", "Configuração"),
show="headings")
00140         self.tv_configs.heading("Nome", text="Nome")
00141         self.tv_configs.heading("Configuração", text="Configuração")
00142         self.tv_configs.column("Nome", width=50, anchor="center")
00143         self.tv_configs.column("Configuração", width=250)
00144
00145         self.tv_configs.pack(side="left", fill="both", expand=True)
00146         self.tv_configs.bind("<Double-1>", self.on_double_click_in_configson_double_click_in_configs)
00147
00148         frame_botoes = ttk.Frame(upper_frame)
00149         frame_botoes.pack(side="right", fill="y", padx=10)
00150
00151         ttk.Button(frame_botoes, text="Nova Configuração", command=self.nova_config).pack(fill="x",
pady=2)
00152         ttk.Button(frame_botoes, text="Salvar Atual", command=self.salvar_config).pack(fill="x",
pady=2)

```

```

00153         ttk.Button(frame_botoes, text="Apagar Seleccionada", command=self.apagar_config).pack(fill="x",
00154         pady=2)
00155         ttk.Button(frame_botoes, text="Limpar Grade", command=lambda: (self.clear_grid(),
00156         self.posicoes_atuais.clear())).pack(fill="x", pady=10)
00157
00158         # ----- Focando no campo
00159         frame_grid = ttk.Frame(self)
00160         frame_grid.pack(side="top", fill="both", expand=True, padx=10, pady=10)
00161
00162         # Canvas para o campo
00163         self.canvas = tk.Canvas(
00164             frame_grid,
00165             width=self.canvas_width,
00166             height=self.canvas_height,
00167             bg="#42f545" # Verde para o campo
00168         )
00169         self.canvas.pack()
00170
00171         # Bind do clique no canvas
00172         self.canvas.bind("<Button-1>", self.click_on_gridclick_on_grid)
00173
00174         self.clear_grid()
00175
00176         def draw_player(self, field_x, field_y) -> None:
00177             """
00178             @brief Desenharemos um jogador na posição especificada
00179             @param field_x Posição real em X
00180             @param field_y Posição real em Y
00181             """
00182
00183             # Converte as coordenadas do campo (ex: -14, 0) para pixels
00184             cx, cy = self._field_to_canvas(field_x, field_y)
00185
00186             r = self.GRID_SCALE / 3
00187
00188             oval_id = self.canvas.create_oval(cx - r, cy - r, cx + r, cy + r,
00189             fill="yellow", outline="black", width=2)
00190
00191             self.marcadores_jogadores.append((oval_id, (field_x, field_y)))
00192
00193         # -- Métodos de Interação
00194         def click_on_grid(self, event: tk.Event):
00195             """
00196             @brief Responsável por identificar onde o usuário clicou e adicionar essa posição na lista
00197             @param event Argumento default do bind
00198             """
00199
00200             new_pos = self._canvas_to_field(event.x, event.y)
00201
00202             # Verificamos se clicamos em cima de um jogador
00203             for i, (oval_id, pos) in enumerate(self.marcadores_jogadores):
00204                 if pos == new_pos:
00205                     self.canvas.delete(oval_id)
00206                     self.marcadores_jogadores.pop(i)
00207                     self.posicoes_atuais.remove(new_pos)
00208                     return
00209
00210             # Verificamos se o limite de jogadores foi atingido
00211             if len(self.posicoes_atuais) >= self.MAX_JOGADORES:
00212                 messagebox.showwarning("Limite Atingido",
00213                 f"Não é possível adicionar mais de {self.MAX_JOGADORES}
00214                 jogadores.\n"
00215                 "Clique em um jogador existente para removê-lo.")
00216
00217             return
00218
00219             # Caso nenhuma das opções anteriores, adicionamos
00220             self.posicoes_atuais.append(new_pos)
00221             self.draw_player(*new_pos)
00222
00223         def on_double_click_in_configs(self, event: tk.Event) -> None:
00224             """
00225             @brief Responsável por plotar a configuração de jogadores selecionada
00226             @param event Argumento Default de bind
00227             """
00228
00229             item_selecionado = self.tv_configs.focus()
00230             if not item_selecionado:
00231                 return
00232
00233             nome_config = self.tv_configs.item(item_selecionado, "values")[0]
00234             if nome_config in self.config_positions:
00235                 self.posicoes_atuais = self.config_positions[nome_config][:]
00236                 self.clear_grid()
00237                 for (fx, fy) in self.posicoes_atuais:
00238                     self.draw_player(fx, fy)
00239                 self.nome_de_config_selecionada = nome_config
00240             else:

```

```

00237         messagebox.showwarning("Erro", f"Configuração '{nome_config}' não encontrada.")
00238
00239     def salvar_config(self) -> None:
00240         """
00241         @brief Salvará uma configuração selecionada
00242         """
00243
00244         item_selecionado = self.tv_configs.focus()
00245         if not item_selecionado:
00246             if not self.nome_de_config_selecionada:
00247                 messagebox.showwarning("Inválido", "Não há selecionado")
00248                 return
00249             else:
00250                 nome_config = self.nome_de_config_selecionada
00251         else:
00252             nome_config = self.tv_configs.item(item_selecionado, "values")[0]
00253
00254         if messagebox.askyesno(
00255             "Certeza?",
00256             f"Realmente deseja salvar a configuração de jogadores presentes na grade em
{nome_config}?"
00257         ):
00258             # Atualizaremos
00259             self.config_positions[nome_config] = self.posicoes_atuais.copy()
00260             self.update_table_config()
00261             for item in self.tv_configs.get_children():
00262                 if self.tv_configs.item(item, 'values')[0] == nome_config: # [0] = primeira coluna
00263                     self.tv_configs.selection_set(item)
00264                     self.nome_de_config_selecionada = nome_config
00265                     break
00266
00267     def clear_grid(self) -> None:
00268         """
00269         @brief Responsável por limpar as posições e a grade
00270         """
00271
00272         self.canvas.delete("all")
00273         self.marcadores_jogadores = []
00274
00275         # Círculo central (usando a conversão de coordenadas)
00276         cx, cy = self._field_to_canvas(0,0)
00277         r = self.GRID_SCALE * 4 # Raio de 4 unidades
00278         self.canvas.create_oval(cx - r, cy - r, cx + r, cy + r, outline="white", width=2)
00279
00280         # --- Desenhar Linhas da Grade (Quadrados) ---
00281
00282         # Total de passos de 0.5
00283         n_steps_x = int(self.FIELD_WIDTH * 2) + 1
00284         n_steps_y = int(self.FIELD_HEIGHT * 2) + 1
00285
00286         # Linhas Verticais (eixo X)
00287         for i in range(n_steps_x):
00288             fx = self.X_MIN + (i * 0.5)
00289
00290             # --- Lógica das Cores (Req. 3) ---
00291             cor = "white" if fx == 0 else "#337033"
00292             largura = 2 if fx == 0 else 1
00293
00294             # Converte a coordenada X para pixel
00295             cx, _ = self._field_to_canvas(fx, 0)
00296
00297             # Desenha a linha (Req. 2 - todas as linhas são desenhadas)
00298             self.canvas.create_line(cx, 0, cx, self.canvas_height,
00299                                     fill=cor, width=largura)
00300
00301         # Linhas Horizontais (eixo Y)
00302         for i in range(n_steps_y):
00303             fy = self.Y_MIN + (i * 0.5)
00304
00305             # --- Lógica das Cores (Req. 3) ---
00306             cor = "white" if fy == 0 else "#337033"
00307             largura = 2 if fy == 0 else 1
00308
00309             # Converte a coordenada Y para pixel
00310             _, cy = self._field_to_canvas(0, fy)
00311
00312             # Desenha a linha (Req. 2)
00313             self.canvas.create_line(0, cy, self.canvas_width, cy,
00314                                     fill=cor, width=largura)
00315
00316             # Caixas do Gol Esquerda (-15 a -13 em X, 3 a -3 em Y)
00317             coords_gol_esq = (-15, 3, -13, -3)
00318
00319             # Caixas do Gol Direita (13 a 15 em X, 3 a -3 em Y)
00320             coords_gol_dir = (13, 3, 15, -3)
00321
00322             # Converte e desenha o Gol Esquerdo

```



```

00323         x1, y1 = self._field_to_canvas(coords_gol_esq[0], coords_gol_esq[1])
00324         x2, y2 = self._field_to_canvas(coords_gol_esq[2], coords_gol_esq[3])
00325         self.canvas.create_rectangle(x1, y1, x2, y2, outline="white", width=3)
00326
00327         # Converte e desenha o Gol Direito
00328         x1, y1 = self._field_to_canvas(coords_gol_dir[0], coords_gol_dir[1])
00329         x2, y2 = self._field_to_canvas(coords_gol_dir[2], coords_gol_dir[3])
00330         self.canvas.create_rectangle(x1, y1, x2, y2, outline="white", width=3)
00331
00332     def nova_config(self) -> None:
00333         """
00334         @brief Prepará uma nova configuração para ser criada
00335         """
00336
00337         nome = simpledialog.askstring("Nova Configuração", "Digite o nome desejado:")
00338         if not nome:
00339             return
00340
00341         if nome in self.config_positions:
00342             messagebox.showwarning("Nome Inválido", "Já há uma configuração com este nome")
00343             return
00344
00345         # Atualizamos e setamos
00346         self.config_positions[nome] = []
00347         self.update_table_config()
00348         self.clear_grid()
00349         for item in self.tv_configs.get_children():
00350             if self.tv_configs.item(item, 'values')[0] == nome: # [0] = primeira coluna
00351                 self.tv_configs.selection_set(item)
00352                 self.nome_de_config_selecionada = nome
00353                 break
00354
00355     def apagar_config(self) -> None:
00356         """
00357         @brief Apagará uma configuração selecionada
00358         """
00359
00360         item_selecionado = self.tv_configs.focus()
00361         if not item_selecionado:
00362             if not self.nome_de_config_selecionada:
00363                 messagebox.showwarning("Inválido", "Não há nada para ser adicionado")
00364                 return
00365             else:
00366                 nome_config = self.nome_de_config_selecionada
00367         else:
00368             nome_config = self.tv_configs.item(item_selecionado, "values")[0]
00369
00370         if messagebox.askyesno("Confirmar", f"Tem certeza que deseja apagar a configuração '{nome_config}'?"):
00371             if nome_config in self.config_positions:
00372                 self.nome_de_config_selecionada = None
00373                 del self.config_positions[nome_config]
00374                 self.update_table_config()
00375                 self.clear_grid()
00376                 self.posicoes_atuais.clear()
00377                 messagebox.showinfo("Apagado", f"Configuração '{nome_config}' foi apagada.")
00378
00379     def update_table_config(self) -> None:
00380         """
00381         @brief Responsável por atualizar e preencher tabela de configurações de posição
00382         """
00383         for i in self.tv_configs.get_children():
00384             self.tv_configs.delete(i)
00385
00386         for chave, value in self.config_positions.items():
00387             self.tv_configs.insert("", "end", values=(chave, value))
00388
00389     # -- Métodos de Overload
00390     def destroy(self):
00391         RobotPositionManager.save_config_positions(self.config_positions)
00392         super().destroy()
00393
00394
00395
00396 if __name__ == '__main__':
00397     root = RobotPositionManager()
00398     root.mainloop()
00399
00400
00401
00402
00403
00404

```

7.35 src/utils/RobotVision.py File Reference

Classes

- class [RobotVision.Elemento](#)
- class [RobotVision.Ball](#)
- class [RobotVision.Marker](#)
- class [RobotVision.Goal](#)
- class [RobotVision.Line](#)
- class [RobotVision.RobotVision](#)

Classe responsável por gerir a aplicação principal.

Namespaces

- namespace [RobotVision](#)

Implementação de Classe que nos permitirá ter a visão do robô

Variables

- [RobotVision.WIDTH](#)
- [RobotVision.HEIGHT](#)

7.36 RobotVision.py

[Go to the documentation of this file.](#)

```
00001 """
00002 @brief Implementação de Classe que nos permitirá ter a visão do robô
00003 """
00004 import pygame
00005 from time import perf_counter
00006 from math import sin, cos, radians, tan
00007
00008 WIDTH, HEIGHT = 1200, 1000
00009
00010 class Elemento:
00011
00012     def __init__(self):
00013         self.color = None
00014         self.width, self.height = WIDTH, HEIGHT # Deve-se alterar no tamanho da imagem também
00015         self.fov_h, self.fov_v = radians(120), radians(120)
00016
00017     def projection_to_2d(self):
00018         pass
00019
00020     def draw(self, window: pygame.Surface, font=None):
00021         pass
00022
00023     def project_point(self, triple_numbers: list[float], forward_axis="+x", flip_x=True, flip_y=False)
-> list[float]:
00024         ah = radians(triple_numbers[1])
00025         av = radians(triple_numbers[2])
00026
00027         x = triple_numbers[0] * cos(av) * cos(ah)
00028         y = triple_numbers[0] * cos(av) * sin(ah)
00029         z = triple_numbers[0] * sin(av)
00030
00031         if forward_axis == '+x':
00032             depth = x
00033             cx = y
00034             cy = z
00035         elif forward_axis == '-x':
00036             depth = -x
00037             cx = -y
00038             cy = z
00039         elif forward_axis == '+z':
```

```

00040         depth = z
00041         cx = x
00042         cy = y
00043     elif forward_axis == '-z':
00044         depth = -z
00045         cx = x
00046         cy = -y
00047     else:
00048         # default
00049         depth = x
00050         cx = y
00051         cy = z
00052
00053     # Vamos definir x como profundidade?
00054
00055     fx = (self.width / 2) / tan(self.fov_h / 2)
00056     fy = (self.height / 2) / tan(self.fov_v / 2)
00057
00058     x_ndc = (cx / depth) * (-1 if flip_x else 1) # NDC horizontal (negativo corrige espelho)
00059     y_ndc = (cy / depth) * (-1 if flip_y else 1) # NDC vertical
00060
00061     u = fx * x_ndc + self.width / 2
00062     v = - fy * y_ndc + self.height / 2
00063
00064     scale = 0.5 * fx / depth
00065
00066     return [u, v, scale]
00067
00068 class Ball(Elemento):
00069
00070     def __init__(self, position: list[float]) -> None:
00071         """
00072         @brief Construtor responsável por inicializar a bola no e prover
00073         """
00074
00075         super().__init__()
00076
00077         self.colorcolor = (0, 255, 0)
00078         self.position_on_sphere = position
00079         self.position_on_window = self.projection_to_2dprojection_to_2d()
00080
00081     def projection_to_2d(self) -> list[float]:
00082         # Será apenas a projeção de um ponto
00083
00084         return self.project_point(self.position_on_sphere)
00085
00086     def draw(self, window, font=None) -> None:
00087         pygame.draw.circle(
00088             window,
00089             self.colorcolor,
00090             self.position_on_window[: -1],
00091             10
00092         )
00093
00094 class Marker(Elemento):
00095     def __init__(self, position: list[float]) -> None:
00096         """
00097         @brief Construtor responsável por inicializar a bola no e prover
00098         """
00099
00100         super().__init__()
00101
00102         self.colorcolor = (255, 0, 0)
00103         self.position_on_sphere = position
00104         self.position_on_window = self.projection_to_2dprojection_to_2d()
00105
00106     def projection_to_2d(self) -> list[float]:
00107         # Será apenas a projeção de um ponto
00108
00109         return self.project_point(self.position_on_sphere)
00110
00111     def draw(self, window, font=None) -> None:
00112
00113         pygame.draw.circle(
00114             window,
00115             self.colorcolor,
00116             self.position_on_window[: -1],
00117             self.position_on_window[-1]
00118         )
00119
00120 class Goal(Elemento):
00121     def __init__(self, position: list[float]) -> None:
00122         """
00123         @brief Construtor responsável por inicializar a bola no e prover
00124         """
00125
00126         super().__init__()

```

```

00127
00128     self.colorcolor = (0, 0, 255)
00129     self.position_on_sphere = position
00130     self.position_on_window = self.projection_to_2dprojection_to_2d()
00131
00132     def projection_to_2d(self) -> list[float]:
00133         # Será apenas a projeção de um ponto
00134
00135         return self.project_point(self.position_on_sphere)
00136
00137     def draw(self, window, font=None) -> None:
00138
00139         pygame.draw.circle(
00140             window,
00141             self.colorcolor,
00142             self.position_on_window[:-1],
00143             self.position_on_window[-1]
00144         )
00145
00146 class Line(Elemento):
00147
00148     def __init__(self, double_list_position):
00149
00150         super().__init__()
00151         self.colorcolor = (255, 255, 255)
00152         self.position_on_sphere = double_list_position
00153         self.position_on_window = self.projection_to_2dprojection_to_2d()
00154
00155     def projection_to_2d(self) -> list[float]:
00156
00157         return self.project_point(self.position_on_sphere[:3]) +
self.project_point(self.position_on_sphere[3:])
00158
00159     def draw(self, window, font=None) -> None:
00160         pygame.draw.line(
00161             window,
00162             self.colorcolor,
00163             self.position_on_window[:2],
00164             self.position_on_window[3:5],
00165             2
00166         )
00167
00168
00169
00170 class RobotVision:
00171     """
00172     @brief Classe responsável por gerir a aplicação principal.
00173     """
00174
00175     FRAMES_VISION_PATH = "frames_vision.txt"
00176
00177     def __init__(self):
00178         self.frames = None
00179         self.current_index = 1
00180         self.need_to_update = True
00181         self.objects = []
00182
00183     def load_frames_from_file(self) -> None:
00184         """
00185         @brief Abrirá um arquivo que conterá os frames recebidos pelo agente.
00186         @details
00187         Pode ser aprimorada para permitir observação em tempo real.
00188         """
00189         with open(RobotVision.FRAMES_VISION_PATH, "r") as f:
00190             self.frames = [line for line in f]
00191
00192     def _get_only_tag_See(self) -> str | None:
00193         """
00194         @brief Buscará no frame principal o bloco referente ao conjunto See.
00195         @return String referente ao bloco See. None caso não exista.
00196         """
00197
00198         # 1. Definir o marcador de início
00199         start_marker = "(See"
00200         start_index = self.frames[self.current_index].find(start_marker)
00201
00202         # Se não houver informação visual (ex: robô cego ou mensagem de status puro)
00203         if start_index == -1:
00204             return None
00205
00206         # 2. Lógica de counter_entry de parênteses
00207         balance = 0
00208         end_index = -1
00209
00210         # Iteramos a partir do início do bloco See
00211         for i in range(start_index, len(self.frames[self.current_index])):
00212             char = self.frames[self.current_index][i]

```

```

00213
00214         if char == '(':
00215             balance += 1
00216         elif char == ')':
00217             balance -= 1
00218
00219         # 3. Verificação de saída
00220         # Se o balance voltou a zero, fechamos o bloco do (See ...)
00221         if balance == 0:
00222             end_index = i
00223             break
00224
00225         # 4. Retornar a substring exata
00226         # Adicionamos +1 no end_index pois o slice em Python é exclusivo no final
00227         if end_index != -1:
00228             return self.frames[self.current_index][start_index: end_index + 1]
00229
00230     return None
00231
00232 def parse_frame(self) -> None:
00233     """
00234     @brief Interpreta uma mensagem 'See' do Simspark/Rcssserver3d.
00235     @details
00236     Divide a responsabilidade com subfunções.
00237     """
00238
00239     if not self.need_to_update:
00240         return None
00241
00242     self.need_to_update = False
00243     inicio_de_interpretacao = perf_counter()
00244
00245     # -----
00246
00247     self.objects.clear()
00248     chunk_see = self._get_only_tag_See()
00249
00250     # Vamos iterar sobre essa string a fim de construirmos os elementos visuais do nosso frame.
00251
00252     # Remove o "(See " inicial e o ")" final para iterar no conteúdo
00253     chunk_see = chunk_see[5:-1]
00254
00255     counter_entry = 0
00256     buffer_objeto = ""
00257     for char in chunk_see:
00258         # 1. Controle de aninhamento
00259         if char == '(':
00260             if counter_entry == 0:
00261                 buffer_objeto = "" # Limpa buffer para novo objeto pai
00262                 counter_entry += 1
00263
00264         # 2. Acumula caracteres se estivermos dentro de um objeto
00265         if counter_entry > 0:
00266             buffer_objeto += char
00267
00268         # 3. Fechamento de nível
00269         if char == ')':
00270             counter_entry -= 1
00271
00272         # Se counter_entry zerou, temos um objeto completo (ex: "(B (pol ...))")
00273         if counter_entry == 0:
00274
00275             # -- Aqui manteremos nossa lógica separada para cada flag
00276
00277             match buffer_objeto[1]:
00278                 case 'B':
00279                     # Receberemos apenas a posição dela
00280                     self.objects.append(
00281                         Ball(
00282                             list(
00283                                 map(
00284                                     float,
00285                                     buffer_objeto.split("pol")[1].replace(")", "").split()
00286                                 )
00287                             )
00288                         )
00289
00290                 case 'L':
00291                     buffer_objeto = buffer_objeto.replace("(", "").replace(")", "").split()
00292                     buffer_objeto.remove('L')
00293                     buffer_objeto.remove('pol')
00294                     buffer_objeto.remove('pol')
00295                     self.objects.append(
00296                         Line(
00297                             list(
00298                                 map(

```

```

00300                                     float,
00301                                     buffer_objeto
00302                                 )
00303                             )
00304                         )
00305                     )
00306
00307                 case 'F':
00308                     self.objects.append(
00309                         Marker(
00310                             list(
00311                                 map(
00312                                     float,
00313                                     buffer_objeto.split("pol")[1].replace(", ", "").split()
00314                                 )
00315                             )
00316                         )
00317                     )
00318
00319                 case 'G':
00320                     self.objects.append(
00321                         Goal(
00322                             list(
00323                                 map(
00324                                     float,
00325                                     buffer_objeto.split("pol")[1].replace(", ", "").split()
00326                                 )
00327                             )
00328                         )
00329                     )
00330
00331                 case _:
00332                     pass
00333
00334             # -----
00335
00336             final_de_interpretacao = perf_counter()
00337             print(f"Tempo Total de Interpretação: {final_de_interpretacao - inicio_de_interpretacao}")
00338             return None
00339
00340         @staticmethod
00341         def draw_legend(screen, items, font, padding=10, line_height=20):
00342             """
00343             @brief Desenhara a legenda das cores
00344             """
00345             x = padding
00346             y = screen.get_height() - padding - line_height * len(items)
00347
00348             for name, color in items:
00349                 # desenha quadradinho da cor
00350                 pygame.draw.rect(screen, color, (x, y + 4, 12, 12))
00351
00352                 # escreve texto
00353                 text = font.render(name, True, (255, 255, 255))
00354                 screen.blit(text, (x + 20, y))
00355
00356                 y += line_height
00357
00358         def mainloop(self) -> None:
00359
00360             self.load_frames_from_file()
00361
00362             pygame.init()
00363             screen = pygame.display.set_mode((WIDTH, HEIGHT))
00364             pygame.display.set_caption("RobotVision")
00365
00366             font = pygame.font.SysFont(None, 25)
00367             clock = pygame.time.Clock()
00368
00369             legenda_dos_elementos = [
00370                 ("Linha de Campo", (255, 255, 255)),
00371                 ("Bola", (0, 255, 0)),
00372                 ("Bandeira de Canto", (255, 0, 0)),
00373                 ("Trave de Gol", (0, 0, 255))
00374             ]
00375
00376             running = True
00377             holding = 0
00378             move_delay = 150
00379             last_move_time = 0
00380             while running:
00381                 current_time = pygame.time.get_ticks()
00382                 for event in pygame.event.get():
00383                     if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
00384                         running = False
00385
00386                     if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:

```

```
00387         if event.key in (pygame.K_RIGHT, pygame.K_d):
00388             holding = 1
00389             last_move_time = 0
00390
00391         if event.key in (pygame.K_LEFT, pygame.K_a):
00392             holding = -1
00393             last_move_time = 0
00394
00395
00396         if event.type == pygame.KEYUP:
00397             if event.key in (pygame.K_RIGHT, pygame.K_d, pygame.K_LEFT, pygame.K_a):
00398                 holding = 0
00399
00400     if holding != 0:
00401         if current_time - last_move_time > move_delay:
00402             # Atualiza o índice
00403             self.current_index = (self.current_index + holding) % len(self.frames)
00404             self.need_to_update = True
00405
00406             # Reseta o cronômetro para o tempo atual
00407             last_move_time = current_time
00408
00409     screen.fill((0, 0, 0))
00410
00411     # --- Implementação de Lógicas
00412
00413     self.parse_frame()
00414
00415     if self.frames:
00416         label = f"Frame {self.current_index + 1} / {len(self.frames)}"
00417         text = font.render(label, True, (255, 255, 255))
00418         screen.blit(text, (WIDTH - text.get_width() - 10, 10))
00419
00420
00421     for obj in self.objects:
00422         obj: Elemento
00423         obj.draw(screen)
00424
00425     self.draw_legend(screen, legenda_dos_elementos, font)
00426
00427
00428     pygame.display.flip()
00429     clock.tick(30)
00430
00431     pygame.quit()
00432
00433
00434
00435
00436
00437
00438
00439
00440 if __name__ == '__main__':
00441     RobotVision().mainloop()
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