Weitere Übungen

Löse die folgende Gleichungen über die Grundmenge $\mathbb R$

1.
$$2x - 3 = 7$$

2.
$$y + \frac{2}{5} = 3$$

3.
$$2-x=\frac{4}{5}$$

4.
$$1 - \frac{5}{6} = t - \frac{1}{3}$$

5.
$$\frac{5z}{2} - 1 = 4$$

6.
$$\frac{20}{r} = 4$$

7.
$$7(x-1) - 5(x+3) = x-1$$

8.
$$4(2z-1) - 3z = 2z - 1 + 3z$$

9.
$$-3(x-3) - 9 = x - 12$$

10.
$$(5x - 3)2 = x - 3$$

11.
$$\frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{1}{2}x - 4 \right) = \frac{1}{3}$$

12.
$$\frac{5}{3}x = 0$$

13.
$$\frac{4}{3}x - 5 = \frac{3}{4}\left(x - \frac{4}{3}\right) + \frac{3}{4}$$

14.
$$\frac{t}{2} + \frac{t}{3} = 10$$

15.
$$\frac{z}{3} - 6 = \frac{z}{4}$$

16.
$$\frac{2x}{3} - \frac{3}{4}x = \frac{x}{2}$$

17.
$$\frac{y-1}{5} = \frac{y+1}{6}$$

18.
$$\frac{y-1}{5} + 2 = \frac{y+1}{6}$$

19.
$$2\left(\frac{x-1}{3} + \frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{x-2}{4} - 1$$

20.
$$\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{t-1}{2} - \frac{5}{3} \right) + t = 2 \left(\frac{t-2}{4} - 1 \right) - \frac{t}{2} + 4$$