Name:

Circle one: Faudree (F01) | Bueler (F02) | VanSpronsen (UX1)

10 points possible. No aids (internet, other students, book, calculator, etc.) are permitted. You do not need to simplify final answers, but answers without supporting work will lose points for completeness and effort.

1. [3 points] Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values of f on the given interval. State the answer as points; give both the x- and y-coordinates of the extrema.

$$f(x) = 1 + 12x - x^{3}, \quad [0,3]$$

$$f'(x) = 12 - 3x^{2} \stackrel{?}{=} 0$$

$$x^{2} = 4$$

$$x = \pm 2$$

$$x = +2 \quad \text{is in } [0,3]$$

$$x = 10 \quad \text{abs.}$$

$$x = 10 \quad \text{abs.}$$

- **2.** [2 points] Consider the function $g(t) = te^{-t^2}$.
 - **a**. Find all of the critical numbers.

$$1-2t^2=0$$
 $t=\pm\sqrt{2}$

- $g'(t) = (e^{-t^2} + t \cdot e^{-t^2} (-2t)$ = $(1-2t^2)e^{-t^2}$ [[anything] tremember
- **b**. Find the *x*-coordinate all of the inflection points.

$$4t^{3}-6t = 0$$

$$t=0$$

$$2t^{2}-3=0$$

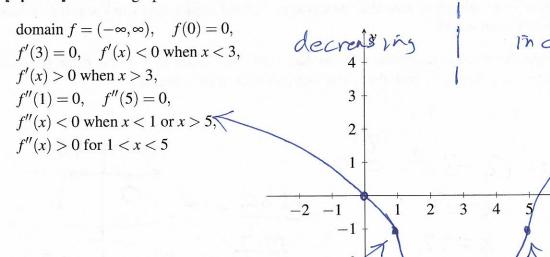
$$t=\pm\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$$

 $g'(t) = -4t \cdot e^{-t^{2}}$ $+(1-2t^{2})e^{-t^{2}}(-2t)$ $=(-4t-2t+4t^{3})e^{-t^{2}}$ $=(4t^{3}-6t)e^{-t^{2}}$

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3. [3 points] Sketch a graph that satisfies all of the conditions:



- **4.** [2 points] Consider the function $f(x) = x \ln x$.
 - **a.** What is the domain of f?



b. Find the intervals of increase and decrease

$$f(x) = 1 \cdot \ln x + x \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \ln x + 1 = 0$$

 $\ln x = -1$ $x = e^{-1} = \frac{1}{e}$

decreasing on (0, t)

(n creasing on (to, 00)

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