

Math 251 Fall 2017

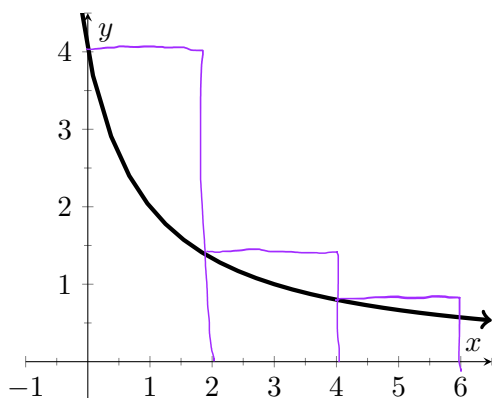
Quiz #10, November 22nd

Name: Solution

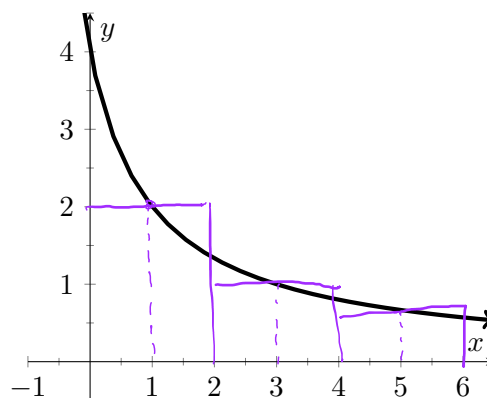
There are 25 points possible on this quiz. This is a closed book quiz. Calculators and notes are not allowed. **Please show all of your work!** If you have any questions, please raise your hand.

Exercise 1. (9 pts.) Estimate the area under  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x+1}$  from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 6$  using three approximating rectangles and

- (a.) left endpoints. Sketch the rectangles on the graph below. (b.) midpoints as sample points. Sketch the rectangles on the graph below.



$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \left( 4 + \frac{4}{3} + \frac{4}{5} \right) \\ &= 2 \left( \frac{60 + 20 + 12}{15} \right) \\ &= 2 \frac{92}{15} = \frac{184}{15} \end{aligned}$$



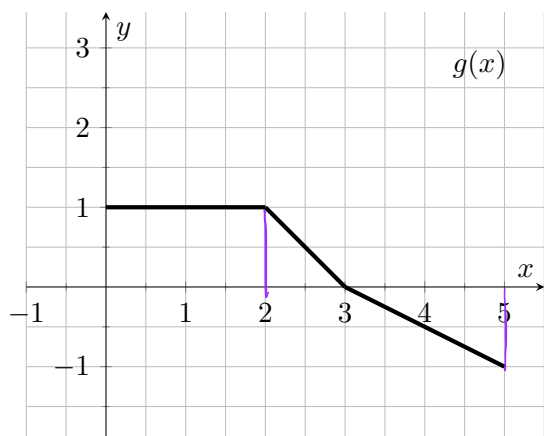
$$\begin{aligned} & 2 \left( \frac{4}{1.5} + \frac{4}{2.5} + \frac{4}{3.5} \right) \\ &= 2 + 2 \left( \frac{24 + 20}{30} \right) = 2 + \frac{48}{30} \\ &= 3 + \frac{18}{30} \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 2. (3 pts.) The speed of a skier increased steadily during the first three seconds of a race. Her speed at half-second intervals is given in the table. Find a lower estimate for the distance she traveled during the first three seconds. Include units with your answer.

time (in seconds)	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3
velocity (in feet/sec)	0	4	10	16	20	22	24

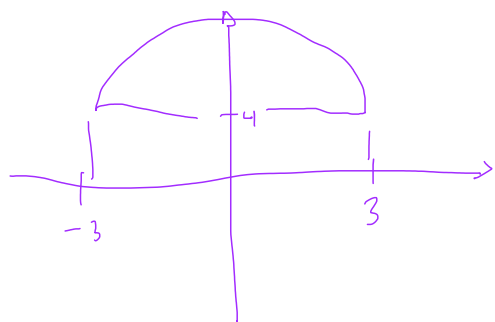
$$\frac{1}{2} (0 + 4 + 10 + 16 + 20 + 22) = \frac{72}{2} = 36 \text{ ft}$$

Exercise 3. (4 pts.) Use the graph of  $g(x)$  to evaluate the integral  $\int_0^5 g(x) dx$ .



$$\begin{aligned}\int_0^5 g(x) dx &= 2 \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \\ &= 2 + \frac{1}{2} - 1 = \frac{3}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Exercise 4. (4 pts.) Evaluate the integral  $\int_{-3}^3 (\sqrt{9-x^2} + 4) dx$  by interpreting it in terms of areas.



$$\frac{1}{2} \pi \cdot 9 + 6 \cdot 4 = \frac{9}{2} \pi + 24$$

Exercise 5. (5 pts.) Assume that  $\int_1^5 f(x) dx = 7$ . Use this fact and the properties of integrals to evaluate the integrals below.

(a.)  $\int_5^1 f(x) dx = -7$

(b.)  $\int_1^5 (3 - 2\pi f(x)) dx$   
 $= 12 - 14\pi$