Short Test 1

Description: Considering that the M-sample long signal s[·] corresponds to a speech raw data, write either an algorithm or a code in any programming language to reverse it in time

```
In [ ]: # defining a function to reverse a signal
    def reverse_signal(signal):
        return signal[::-1]
```

Testing the function

Below I generate sine waves to test the reversing signal function

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        import pyaudio
In [ ]: # generating a sine wave with a frequency of 440Hz (note A) and a sine wave with frequency of 256.63 Hz (note C) and sample rate of
        sample rate = 44100
        s_A = (np.sin(2 * np.pi * np.arange(sample_rate) * 440 / sample_rate)).astype(np.float32)
        s_C = (np.sin(2 * np.pi * np.arange(sample_rate) * 256.63 / sample_rate)).astype(np.float32)
        # concatenating the two sine waves so the signal plays A then C
        s = np.concatenate((s_A, s_C))
In [ ]: # defining a function to play the signal
        def play_signal(signal):
            p = pyaudio.PyAudio()
            stream = p.open(format=pyaudio.paFloat32,
                            channels=1,
                            rate=sample_rate,
                            output=True)
            stream.write(signal.tobytes())
            stream.stop_stream()
            stream.close()
            p.terminate()
In [ ]: # reversing the signal
        s_reversed = reverse_signal(s)
In [ ]: # playing the original signal and the reversed signal
        play_signal(s) # A > C
        play_signal(s_reversed) # C > A
```

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Date: March 17 2025