

INGLÊS INSTRUMENTAL:

AULA 01

BASIC VOCABULARIES – Greetings and salutations; Cardinal and ordinal numbers; Presents verbs and personal pronouns;

→ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LYqrEhJN2Ug&ab_channel=GEEaDCPS

VOCABULARY BUILDER

- **Greetings:** Hi (Oi informal) // Hello (Olá formal). Good morning, Good afternoon, Good Evening (boa noite – chegada), Good night (boa noite – saída, sono); Bye (tchau informal), Good bye (Tchau formal).

See you later (te vejo mais tarde, até a próxima); **Have a nice day** (Tenha um bom dia); **Nice to meet you** (prazer em conhece-lo(a);

- **Questions:** How are you (como está você?);
- **ANSWERS:** I'm fine (estou bem); Thank you (obrigado formal); Thanks (obrigado informal); Very well (muito bem); Not bad (nada mal, tranquilo, educado e sem estender o assunto); Excellent (muito bem);

NUMBERS

- **Cardinal numbers**

Zero, one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), **twenty** (20), twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25), twenty-six (26), twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), twenty-nine (29);

Thirty (30) – **forty** (40) – **fifty** (50) – **sixty** (60) – **seventy** (70) – **eighty** (80) – **ninety** (90) – **one hundred** (100) – **one thousand** (1000) – **one hundred Thousand** (100.000) – **one million** (1.000.000) – **one billion**

- **Ordinal numbers**

First (1°), second (2°), third (3°), fourth (4°), fifth (5°), sixth (6°), seventh (7°), eighth (8°), ninth (9°), tenth (10°), eleventh (11°), twelfth (12°)

→ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8v0oVhJcgOE&ab_channel=GEEaDCPS

VERB TO BE (SIMPLE PRESENT) – Used to indicate frequency and repeated actions.

GRAMMAR TABLE					
SIMPLE PRESENT					
		Affirmative		Contraction	Negative
I	Eu	am	sou	I'm	I'm not
You	Você/Tu	are	é/és	You're	You're not/You aren't
He	Ele	is	é	He's	He's not/ He isn't
She	Ela	is	é	She's	She's/ She isn't
It	Ele/ela (objetos e animais)	is	é	It's	It's/ It isn't
We	Nós	are	somos	We're	We're not/ We aren't
You	Vós/Vocês	are	sois/são	You're	You're not/You aren't
They	Eles	are	são	They're	They're not/They aren't

MAKING QUESTIONS AND NEGATING – Simply invert the position of two elements (verb and subject).

Affirmative: Your city is far from here // Question: Is your city far from here?

Questions: Where are you from? Is he from China?

PERSONAL PRONOUNS – Words that replace nouns. From subject They will become objects.

They are the doctors → The doctors are them

GRAMMAR TABLE			
Personal pronouns			
I	Eu	me	Me / mim
you	tu / você	you	Te / ti
he	ele	him	Lhe, o
she	ela	her	Lhe, a
It*	ele / ela	it	Ele / Ela
we	nós	us	Nos / Nós
you	vós / vocês	you	Vos / Vós / Vocês
they	eles / elas	them	lhes / os, as
1		2	
We have some books.	Nós temos alguns livros.	The books are for us.	Os livros são para nós.

THE ALPHABET

→ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sp4Ht4HPI64&ab_channel=GEEaDCPS

→ <https://www.youtube.com/shorts/aycoOWFbmzY>

UNKNOWN WORDS – Glad (alegre / feliz); Southern part (parte sul); Bay (baía); There (lá); among (entre); Also (também); gamu (gama); sweetheart (queridinho(a)); related (relacionado (a)); Besides (além de); require (requer); As it is (como é, por ser); companies (empresa); precisely (justamente); often (muitas vezes, frequentemente); scheduled (programado); and then (e então); means (significa); vowels (vogais)