Due: Feb 10, Wednesday

Consider the following definition of class myArray: (defined in myArray.h)

```
class myArray
public:
                                                           // Default constructor;
  myArray();
  myArray(int s, int iv);
                                                    // s:size; iv:initial values;
  myArray(const myArray & a);
                                                              // Copy constructor;
  myArray & operator = (const myArray & a);
                                                        // Overload Assignment = ;
  \simmyArray();
                                                                    // Destructor;
  int & operator [](int i);
                                          // Return the ith element in the array;
  double average();
                              // Return the average of the numbers in the array;
  int max();
                              // Return the biggest number's index in the array;
                              // Return the smallest number's index in the array;
  int min();
  int getSize();
                                                 // Return the size of the array;
private:
  int size;
  int *A;
};
```

The [] operator is implemented as follows:

```
int & myArray::operator[] (int i)
{
  if ( i< 0 || i >= size)
    { cout << "Out of range:"; return A[0]; }
  return A[i];
}</pre>
```

- 1. Make directory \sim /IT279/Asg1/ on your Unix account for this assignment, where \sim denotes your home directory.
- 2. Download myArray.h and Asg1.cpp from my unix public directory /home/cli2/public/IT279/. Implement class myArray in c++ program myArray.cpp.
- 3. Define the following two function in your myArray.cpp, but they are not members nor class functions of class myArray.
 - myArray fibonacci(int n);

For any integer $n \geq 0$, fibonacci(n) returns a myArray with n fibonacci numbers, f_0 , $f_1, f_2, \ldots, f_{n-1}$ stored in it in the same order, i.e. the internal array A[i] stores f_i . The fibonacci numbers are defined as follows:

$$f_0 = 0, f_1 = 1$$
, and for $n \ge 2, f_n = f_{n-1} + f_{n-2}$.

For example, if we have

```
myArray fib = fibonacci(20);
Then, fib[0] = f_0, fib[1] = f_1, ..., and fib[19] = f_{19}.
```

void rand(myArray *ma);

This function will take a pointer of myArray and replace every entry with a random integer between 0 and the size of the myArray pointed by ma in the argument. Pay attention to the pointer type used for the parameter, and make sure your program actually changes the contain of *ma.

4. The standard output of this assignment is the output of Asg1.cpp. Note that you have to write your own test program to make sure every function is correct. In addition to Asg1.cpp, I will run my own test program to see if there are hidden errors (including memory leaking). Any mistakes will cost you some points.

Secret directory under public

After you've finished your work, or have decided that what you have is the final version for me to grade, you have to copy all your programs to a secret directory under your public/IT279myWork so I can grade them (i.e., compile, run, and check the codes). Select a secret name, say "peekapoo" as an example (you should chose your own), and that will be the secret directory.

You can simply copy my /home/cli2/public/IT279/copy279all.sh and use the following command line to run it. (You can put copyall.sh in any directory.)

bash copy279all.sh peekapoo

Final Words:

You have to follow the submission guidelines, i.e., cover page (that contains assignment number, student's names, student **ULID**, and secret directory), summary, source code(optional), output, folder, and so on. **No late work will be accepted.**

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