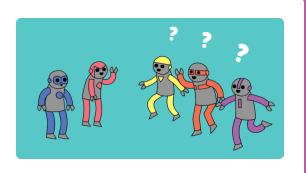


# **Team Chooser**

Make a program to split players into 2 random teams.





## Step 1 Introduction:

In this project, you'll learn how to create 2 random teams from a list of players.

```
Players: ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny', 'Luna']
Team names: ['Alligators', 'Gorillas', 'Eagles', 'Pythons',
'Wasps', 'Panthers']
Here are your teams:
Panthers ['Ginny', 'Neville', 'Harry']
Pythons ['Hermione', 'Luna']
```

#### Additional information for club leaders

If you need to print this project, please use the **Printer friendly version** (https://projects.raspberrypi.org/en/projects/team-chooser/print).



#### Club leader notes

#### Introduction:

In this project, children will learn how to make a program to split a list of players into 2 random teams. This project teaches lists and using files.

#### **Online Resources**

This project uses Python 3. We recommend using trinket (<a href="https://trinket.io/">https://trinket.io/</a>) to write Python online. This project contains the following Trinkets:

New (blank) Python Trinket – jumpto.cc/python-new (<a href="http://jumpto.cc/python-new">http://jumpto.cc/python-new</a>)

There is also a trinket containing the completed project:

'Team Chooser' Finished - trinket.io/python/a699c44ce6 (<a href="http://https://trinket.io/python/a699c44ce6">http://https://trinket.io/python/a699c44ce6</a>)

#### **Offline Resources**

This project can be **completed offline** (<a href="https://www.codeclubproject">https://www.codeclubproject</a> s.org/en-GB/resources/python-working-offline/) if preferred. You can access the project resources by clicking the 'Project Materials' link for this project. This link contains a 'Project Resources' section, which includes resources that children will need to complete this project offline. Make sure that each child has access to a copy of these resources. This section includes the following files:

team/team.py

You can also find a completed version of this project in the 'Volunteer Resources' section, which contains:

team-finished/team.py

(All of the resources above are also downloadable as project and volunteer .zip files.)

### **Learning Objectives**

- Lists:
- Loading list data from a file.

This project covers elements from the following strands of the **Raspberry Pi Digital Making Curriculum** (http://rpf.io/curriculum):

Use basic programming constructs to create simple programs.
 (https://www.raspberrypi.org/curriculum/programming/creator)

#### **Challenges**

"Adding more players" - adding elements to a players list;

- "Choosing for team B" creating a new teamB list to add random players to;
- "Random team names" creating and using a new teamNames list to assign random names to teams;
- "Storing team names" storing team names in a file, and loading them into a teamNames variable;
- "More teams" splitting players into 3 teams instead of 2.



#### **Project materials**

### **Project resources**

- .zip file containing all project resources (https://projects-static. raspberrypi.org/projects/team-chooser/719571102d3304625e1 7d4254c0886e66f7b235d/en/resources/team-chooser-projec t-resources.zip)
- Online blank Python Trinket (http://jumpto.cc/python-new)
- Offline blank Python file (https://projects-static.raspberrypi.or g/projects/team-chooser/719571102d3304625e17d4254c0886 e66f7b235d/en/resources/new-new.py)

#### Club leader resources

- .zip file containing all completed project resources (<a href="https://projects-static.raspberrypi.org/projects/team-chooser/719571102d">https://projects-static.raspberrypi.org/projects/team-chooser/719571102d</a>
   3304625e17d4254c0886e66f7b235d/en/resources/team-chooser-volunteer-resources.zip)
- Online completed Trinket project (<a href="https://trinket.io/python/a69">https://trinket.io/python/a69</a>
   9c44ce6)
- team-chooser-finished/team-chooser.py (https://projects-static.raspberrypi.org/projects/team-chooser/719571102d3304625e17d4254c0886e66f7b235d/en/resources/team-chooser-finished-team-chooser.py)

# Step 2 Players

Let's start by creating a list of players to choose from.

- Open the blank Python template Trinket: jumpto.cc/python-new (<a href="https://jumpto.cc/python-new">https://jumpto.cc/python-new</a>).
- You can use a variable to store a **list** of players. The list should be in square brackets [ ], with a comma between each item in the list.

Start by adding a list of players to your program.

```
players = ['Harry', 'Hermione']
```

• Add this code to print your players variable:

```
players = ['Harry', 'Hermione']
print(players)
['Harry', 'Hermione']
```

• You can get to an item in the list by adding its position in square brackets after the variable name.

The first item in the list is at **position 0**. This is different to Scratch, which starts at position 1.

```
players = ['Harry', 'Hermione']
print(players)

print(players[0])
print(players[1])
```

## Step 3 Challenge: Adding more players

Can you add more players to your list? You can add as many players as you like, but make sure that there is an **even** number of players.

You can also change the names of the first 2 players if you prefer.

Can you add code to print **just one** of your new players?

### Step 4 Random players

Let's choose random players!

• To be able to get a random player from your players list, first you'll need to import the choice part of the random module.

```
from random import choice

players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)

print(players[0])
print(players[1])
```

• To get a random player, you can use **choice**. (You can also delete the code to print individual players.)

```
from random import choice
players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)
print(choice(players))
['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
```

- Test your **choice** code a few times and you should see a different player being chosen each time.
- You can also create a new variable called playerA, and use it to store your random player.

```
from random import choice
players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)
playerA = choice(players)
print(playerA)
```

 You'll need a new list to store all of the players in team A. To start with, this list should be empty.

```
from random import choice

players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)

teamA = []

playerA = choice(players)
print(playerA)
```

 You can now add your randomly chosen player to teamA. To do this, you can use teamA. append (append means add to the end).

```
from random import choice

players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)

teamA = []

playerA = choice(players)
print(playerA)
teamA.append(playerA)
```

 Now that your player has been chosen, you can remove them from your list of players.

```
from random import choice

players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)

teamA = []

playerA = choice(players)
print(playerA)
teamA.append(playerA)
players.remove(playerA)
```

 Test this code by adding a print command, to show the players left to choose from.

```
from random import choice

players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)

teamA = []

playerA = choice(players)
print(playerA)
teamA.append(playerA)
players.remove(playerA)
print('Players left:', players)
```

In the example above, Hermione has been chosen for teamA, and so has been removed from the list of players.

# Step 5 Challenge: Choosing for team B

Can you add code to choose a player at random for team B? You'll need to:

Create a new teamB list

- Choose a random player for team B (called playerB)
- append the chosen player to your teamB list
- remove the chosen player from your list of players

The code you'll need for teamB will be very similar to the code you've already written for teamA!

## Step 6 Choosing lots of players

Next you'll need to make sure that every player has been chosen for a team.

• Highlight your code for choosing players for team A and team B and press the tab key to indent the code.

```
from random import choice

players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)

teamA = []

playerA = choice(players)
print(playerA)
teamA.append(playerA)
players.remove(playerA)
print('Players left:', players)

playerB = choice(players)
print(playerB)
teamB.append(playerB)
players.remove(playerB)
players.remove(playerB)
print('Players left:', players)
```

• Add a **while** loop to keep choosing players until the length of the **players** list is 0.

```
from random import choice
players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)
teamA = []
teamB = []
while len(players) > 0:
  playerA = choice(players)
  print(playerA)
  teamA.append(playerA)
  players.remove(playerA)
  print('Players left:', players)
  playerB = choice(players)
  print(playerB)
  teamB.append(playerB)
  players.remove(playerB)
  print('Players left:', players)
```

Run your code to test it. You should see players being chosen for team
 A and team B until there are no more players left.

```
['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
Harry
Players left: ['Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
Hermione
Players left: ['Neville', 'Ginny']
Ginny
Players left: ['Neville']
Neville
Players left: []
```

 Add code to print your teamA list after your while loop (making sure it is not indented).

This means that **teamA** will only be printed once, after all the players have been chosen.

```
while len(players) > 0:
  playerA = choice(players)
  print(playerA)
  teamA.append(playerA)
  players.remove(playerA)
  print('Players left:', players)

playerB = choice(players)
  print(playerB)
  teamB.append(playerB)
  players.remove(playerB)
  print('Players left:', players)

print('Players left:', players)

print('Team A:', teamA)
```

• You can do the same for **teamB**, and you can also delete the other print commands, as they were only there to test your code.

Here's how your code should look:

```
from random import choice

players = ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
print(players)

teamA = []
teamB = []

while len(players) > 0:
    playerA = choice(players)
    teamA.append(playerA)
    players.remove(playerA)

playerB = choice(players)
    teamB.append(playerB)
    players.remove(playerB)

print('Team A:', teamA)
print('Team B:', teamB)
```

 Test your code again and you should just see your list of players as well as your final teams.

```
['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny']
Team A: ['Hermione', 'Ginny']
Team B: ['Harry', 'Neville']
```

## Step 7 Files

You can use a file to store your list of players.

• Click the + icon and create a new file called players.txt.



• Add your players to your new file. Make sure that there is no blank line after your last player.



• Change your players list so that it is empty.

```
from random import choice

players = []
print(players)

teamA = []
teamB = []
```

• Open your players.txt file (the 'r' means read-only).

```
from random import choice

players = []
file = open('players.txt', 'r')
print(players)

teamA = []
teamB = []
```

 Read the list from the file and add to your players list. (The splitlines code means that every line in the file is a new item in the players list).

```
from random import choice

players = []
file = open('players.txt', 'r')
players = file.read().splitlines()
print(players)

teamA = []
teamB = []
```

• If you test your code, it should work exactly the same as before.

However, now it's much easier to add players to your players.txt file.

# Step 8 Odd players

Let's improve your program to work with an odd number of players.

 Add another name to your players.txt list, so that you have an odd number of players.



• If you test your code, you'll see that you get an error message.

```
playerB = choice(players)
teamB.append(playerB)
players.remove(playerB)
print('Team A:', teamA)
print('Team B:', teamB)

IndexError: list index out of range on line 19 in main.py
```

• The error is because your program keeps choosing random players for team A and then team B. However, if there is an odd number of players then after choosing a player for team A there are no players left to choose from for team B.

To fix this bug, you can tell your program to **break** out of your **while** loop if your **players** list is empty.

```
while len(players) > 0:
  playerA = choice(players)
  teamA.append(playerA)
  players.remove(playerA)

if players == []:
    break

playerB = choice(playerS)
  teamB.append(playerB)
  players.remove(playerB)
```

• If you test your code again, you should see that it now works with an odd number of players.

```
['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny', 'Luna']
Team A: ['Harry', 'Luna', 'Ginny']
Team B: ['Neville', 'Hermione']
```

# **Step 9** Challenge: Random team names

Can you give both of your teams a random team name?

You can create a list called **teamNames** containing the names to choose from.

You can then choose (and display) a random name for each team.

```
Players: ['Harry', 'Hermione', 'Neville', 'Ginny', 'Luna']
Team names: ['Alligators', 'Gorillas', 'Eagles', 'Pythons',
'Wasps', 'Panthers']

Here are your teams:

Panthers ['Ginny', 'Neville', 'Harry']
Pythons ['Hermione', 'Luna']
```

### **Step 10** Challenge: Storing team names

Can you store your list of team names in a file?

## **Step 11** Challenge: More teams

Can you improve your program to split players into 3 teams instead of 2?

Published by Raspberry Pi Foundation (<a href="https://www.raspberrypi.org">https://www.raspberrypi.org</a>) under a Creative Commons license (<a href="https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/">https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/</a>).

View project & license on GitHub (https://github.com/RaspberryPiLearning/team-chooser)