DEFORESTATION EXPLORATION



Report for ForestQuery into Global Deforestation, 1990 to 2016

ForestQuery is on a mission to combat deforestation around the world and to raise awareness about this topic and its impact on the environment. The data analysis team at ForestQuery has obtained data from the World Bank that includes forest area and total land area by country and year from 1990 to 2016, as well as a table of countries and the regions to which they belong.

The data analysis team has used SQL to bring these tables together and to query them in an effort to find areas of concern as well as areas that present an opportunity to learn from successes.

1. GLOBAL SITUATION			
According to the World Bank, the total 1990. As of 2016, the most recent yea 39,958,246 sqkm , a loss of 1,324,	r for which d	data was available, that number	
The forest area lost over this time perioderu listed for the years.		more than the entire land area nich is $39,958,245 \text{ sqkm}$).	of
2. REGIONAL OUTLOOK			
In 2016, the percent of the total land a 41,282,695 sqkm . The region with	h the highes	st relative forestation	
was Latin America & Caribbean, with 46.16 forestation was Middle East & N.Africa	:41- 2.06	%, and the region with the	lowest relative
Torestation was whose East & N., thisa	, WIIII <u>2.00</u>	% forestation.	
In 1990, the percent of the total land a 32.42 % . The region wit			
was Latin America & Caribbean, with 51.02			lowest relative
forestation was Middle East & N.Africa	with 1.77	% forestation.	121300110131470

Table 2.1: Percent Forest Area by Region, 1990 & 2016:

Region	1990 Forest Percentage	2016 Forest Percentage
Latin America & Caribbean	51.02%	46.16%
Sub-Saharan Africa	30.67 %	28.78%
World	32.42 %	31.37%

	The only regions of the			est area from	1990 to 2016 were
La	itin America & Caribbean	(dropped from 51.02		% to 46.16	%) and
	Sub-Saharan Africa	(30.67	% to 28.78		%). All other regions
	actually increased in fo	rest area over this tim	ne period. Howe	ever, the drop	in forest area in the
	two aforementioned reg	jions was so large, th	e percent fores	st area of the v	world decreased over
	this time period from 32	2.42	% to <u>31.37</u>	9	6.

3. COUNTRY-LEVEL DETAIL

A. SUCCESS STORIES

There is one particularly	y bright spot in the dat	a at the country level, ^{China}	This
country actually increas	sed in forest area from	1990 to 2016 by 527.229 sqkm	It would
data higher. The countr	y with the next largest	nis country over this time to drive increase in forest area from 199 increase of ^{79,200 sqkm}	•
than the figure for China	·		
China	and United States	are of course very large co	ountries in total
aren't surprised to find	a much smaller countr	cent change in forest area from y listed at the top.	1990 to 2016, we
increased in forest area	1 by 213.00	% from 1990 to 2016.	

B. LARGEST CONCERNS

Which countries are seeing deforestation to the largest degree? We can answer this question in two ways. First, we can look at the absolute square kilometer decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. The following 3 countries had the largest decrease in forest area over the time period under consideration:

Table 3.1: Top 5 Amount Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

Country	Region	Absolute Forest Area Change
Brazil	Latin America & Caribbean	541, 510 sqkm
Indonesia	East Asia and Pacific	282,194 sqkm
Myanmar	East Asia and Pacific	107,234 sqkm

The second way to consider which countries are of concern is to analyze the data by percent decrease.

Table 3.2: Top 5 Percent Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

Country	Region	Pct Forest Area Change
Togo	Sub-Saharan Africa	75.44%
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	61.79%
Uganda	Sub-Saharan Africa	59.12%

countries are ^{Togo} Mauritania			, and
Latin America & Caribbean	The 5th country on the list is region.		, which is in the
	lysis, we see that Nigeria		
decrease in forest ar	ns of absolute square kilometer of the real from 1990 to 2016. Therefore ecline and hopefully spearhead re	e, this country has a s	-

Table 3.3: Count of Countries Grouped by Forestation Percent Quartiles, 2016:

Quartile	Number of Countries
75 % +	9
50.01 - 75%	38
25% - 50 %	73
0-25%	85

The largest numbe	er of countries in 2016 were found in the 4th	quartile.
There were ⁹	countries in the top quartile in 2016. These creentage of their land area designated as forest. The followi	
, , ,	respective forest land, denoted as a percentage.	

Table 3.4: Top Quartile Countries, 2016:

APPENDIX

View Requirement:

LIMIT 1;

```
CREATE OR replace VIEW forestation AS
SELECT r.country_name,
   r.country_code,
   r.region,
   r.income_group,
   f.year,
   f.forest_area_sqkm,
   f.forest_area_sqkm / 2.59 AS forest_area_sq_mi,
   la.total_area_sq_mi,
   la.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59 AS total_area_sqkm,
   (f.forest_area_sqkm / (la.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59)) * 100 AS percent_forest
FROM regions r
INNER JOIN forest_area f ON r.country_code = f.country_code
INNER JOIN land_area la ON f.country_code = la.country_code AND f.year = la.year
ORDER BY year, country_name
1. GLOBAL SITUATION
SELECT ROUND(forest_area_sqkm) AS forest_area_sqkm
FROM forestation
WHERE country code= 'WLD' AND year = 1990;
SELECT ROUND(forest_area_sqkm) AS forest_area_sqkm
FROM forestation
WHERE country_code= 'WLD' AND year = 2016;
2.REGIONAL OUTLOOK
SELECT region, ROUND(MAX(percent_forest))
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 2016
GROUP BY 1
ORDER BY 2 DESC
LIMIT 1;
SELECT region, ROUND(forest_area_sqkm)
FROM forestation
WHERE region = 'World' AND year = 1990
SELECT region, ROUND(MAX(percent_forest))
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 1990
GROUP BY 1
ORDER BY 2 DESC
```

3. COUNTRY-LEVEL DETAIL

WHERE quartile = 1

ORDER BY percent_forest ASC;

```
SELECT country code, country name,
ROUND(SUM(forest_area_sqkm))/(SUM(total_area_sqkm)) * 100 AS percent, year
FROM forestation f
WHERE year in (1990, 2016)
GROUP BY 1, year, country_code, country_name
ORDER BY country name
SELECT country name, "1990", "2016", ROUND("2016"-"1990") AS forest change,
(("2016" - "1990") / "1990") * 100 AS percent, country_name
       FROM (SELECT
       MAX(case when (year = 1990) then forest_area_sqkm else NULL end) as "1990",
       MAX(case when (year = 2016) then forest area sqkm else NULL end) as "2016", country name, region
       FROM forestation
       GROUP BY country_name ) sub
ORDER BY percent, forest_change, "2016" ASC;
SELECT country_code, country_name, "1990", "2016", ROUND("2016"-"1990") AS forest_change, region
FROM
       (SELECT country_code, region,
       ROUND(MAX(case when (year = 1990) then forest_area_sqkm_else NULL end)) as "1990"}
       ROUND(MAX(case when (year = 2016) then forest_area_sqkm else NULL end)) as "2016",
country_namW
FROM forestation
GROUP BY country_code, country_name, region) sub
ORDER BY forest change ASC;
QUARTILES
Select quartile, country, percent_forest
FROM
(SELECT percent_forest, country_name AS country,
CASE
  WHEN percent_forest <= 25 THEN 4
  WHEN percent_forest <= 50 THEN 3
  WHEN percent_forest <= 75 THEN 2
  ELSE 1
END AS quartile
FROM forestation
WHERE YEAR = 2016) as sub
```

```
Select quartile, country, percent_forest
FROM

(SELECT percent_forest, country_name AS country,
CASE

WHEN percent_forest <= 25 THEN 4

WHEN percent_forest <= 50 THEN 3

WHEN percent_forest <= 75 THEN 2

ELSE 1

END AS quartile
FROM forestation
WHERE YEAR = 2016) as sub
WHERE quartile = 1

ORDER BY percent_forest ASC;
```