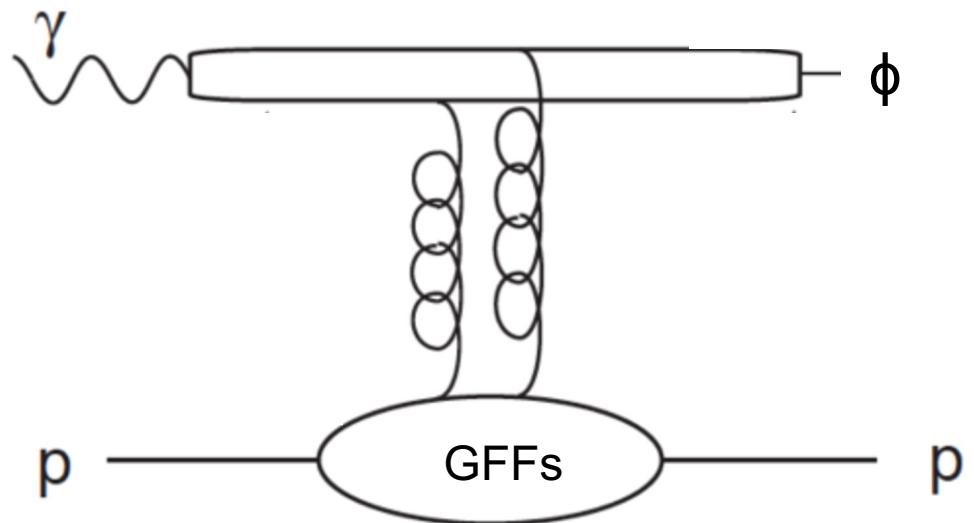


# Introduction and objectives

## Analysis objective :

- Measurement of the cross section and differential cross section of the electroproduction of  $\phi$  in the  $K_s K_L$  channel
- Datas : nSidis RG-A inbending and outbending fall 2018



# Update on Ks Kl analysis

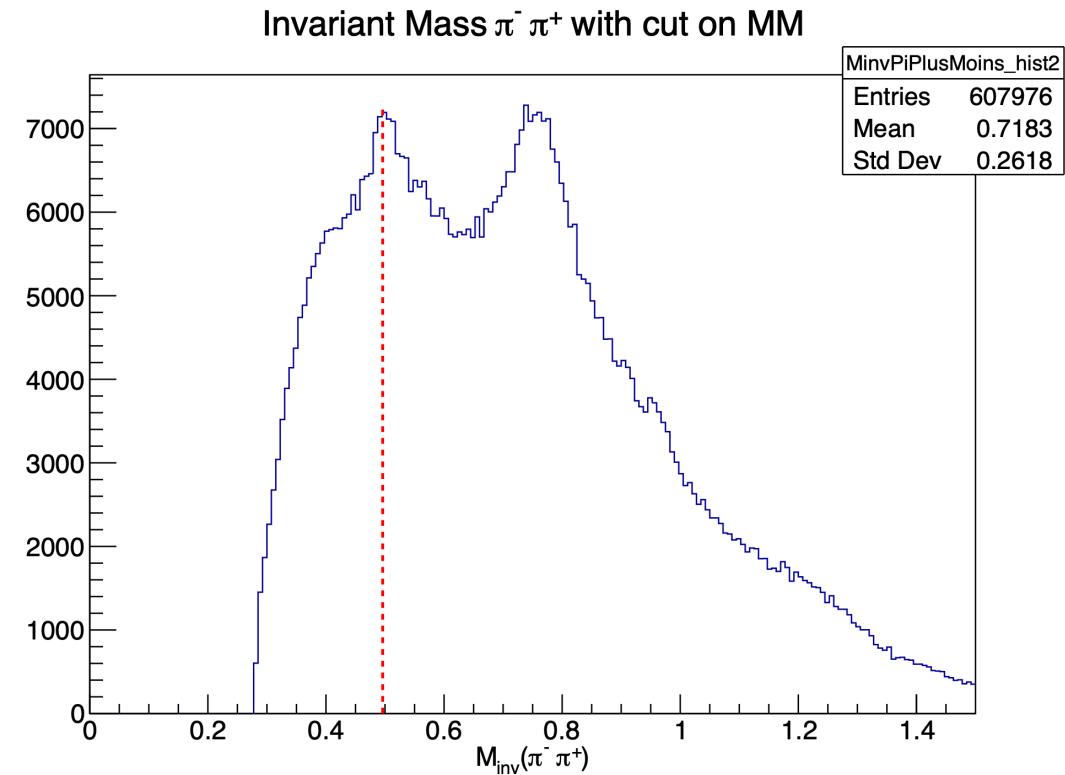
$\phi \rightarrow Ks\bar{K}l$  and  $Ks \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

Vertex of  $\pi^+ \pi^-$  are recalculated with the code of Veronique Ziegler

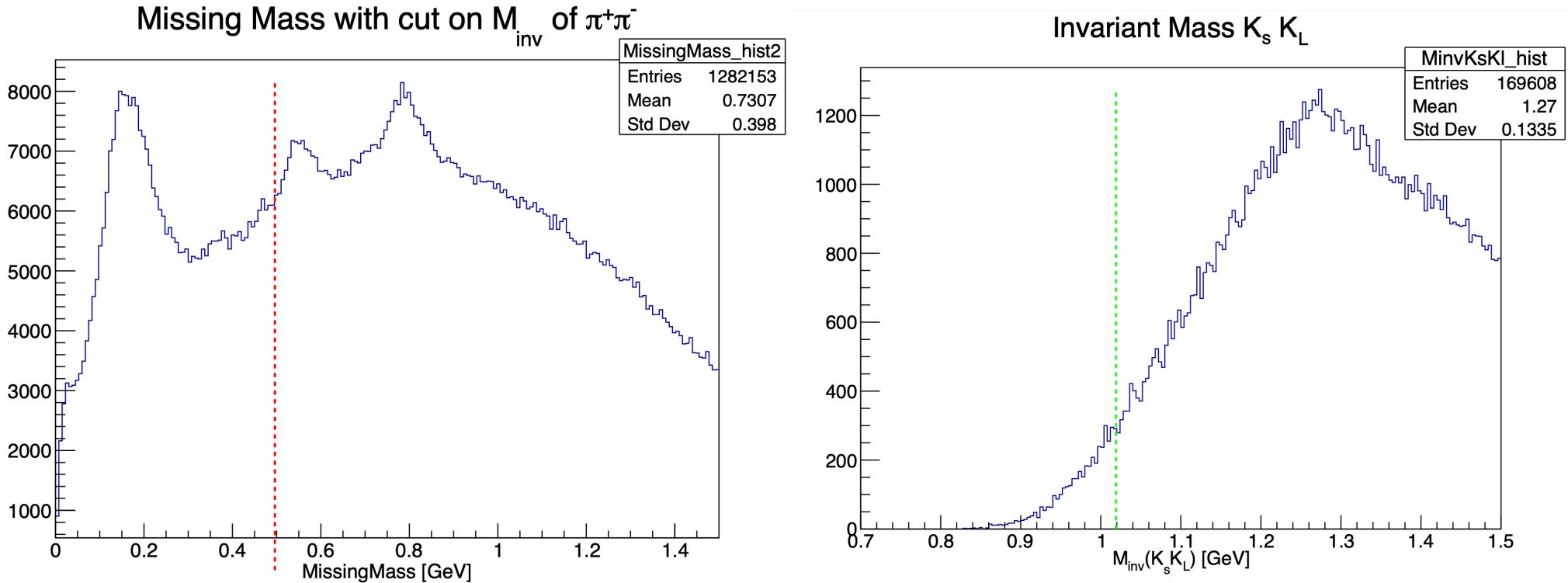
→ Add some cut on :

Distance between vertex of  $\pi^+ \pi^- < 2$  cm

Distance between vertex Ks and e-  
( $1.5 < \text{Dist} < 5.0$  cm)



# Update on K<sub>s</sub> K<sub>L</sub> analysis



# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

**Step 1 :  $e p \rightarrow \phi e' p'$**

**Target :**

$$p = (0, 0, 0, m_p)$$

**Beam :**

$$e = (0, 0, E_b, E_b)$$

Decay of  $p + e \rightarrow \phi e' p'$   
with TGenPhaseSpace

**Vertex :**

$$V_x = 0$$

$$V_y = 0$$

$$V_z = \text{random}(-5.5, -0.5)$$

**Cross section :**

$$\frac{d^3\sigma}{dQ^2 dx_B dt}$$

Implemented from

*Proposal to Jefferson Lab PAC39 Exclusive Phi Meson Electroproduction with CLAS12*

# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

**Details on cross section :**

**$\sigma_T$  and  $\sigma_L (\gamma^* p \rightarrow \phi p)$  :**

$$\sigma_T(W, Q^2) = \frac{c_T(W)}{(1 + Q^2/m_\phi^2)^{\nu_T}}$$

$$R = \sigma_L(W, Q^2)/\sigma_T(W, Q^2)$$

$$R(W, Q^2) = \frac{c_R Q^2}{m_\phi^2}$$

**t-dependence (dipole) :**

$$\frac{d\sigma_{L,T}}{dt} = \frac{\sigma_{L,T} F(t)}{F_{\text{int}}}$$

$$F(t) = \frac{m_g^8}{(m_g^2 - t)^4}$$

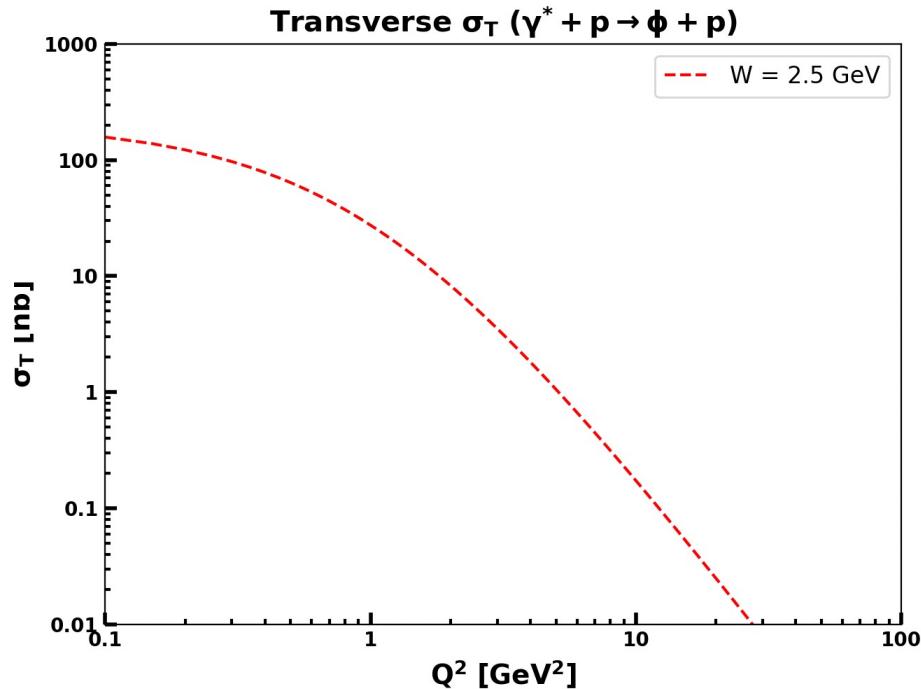
# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

**Cross section ( $e p \rightarrow \phi p$ ) :**

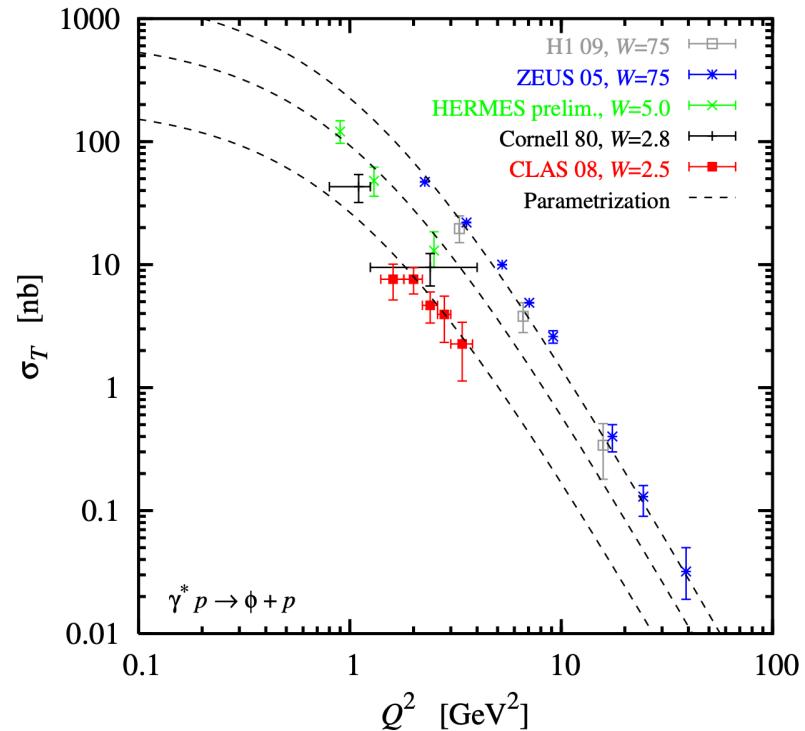
$$\frac{d^3\sigma}{dQ^2 dx_B dt} = \Gamma(Q^2, x_B, E) \left[ \frac{d\sigma_T}{dt}(Q^2, x_B, t) + \epsilon \frac{d\sigma_L}{dt}(Q^2, x_B, t) \right]$$

The virtual photon flux :  $\Gamma \equiv \frac{\alpha}{8\pi} \frac{Q^2}{m_N^2 E^2} \frac{1-x_B}{x_B^3} \frac{1}{1-\epsilon}$

# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

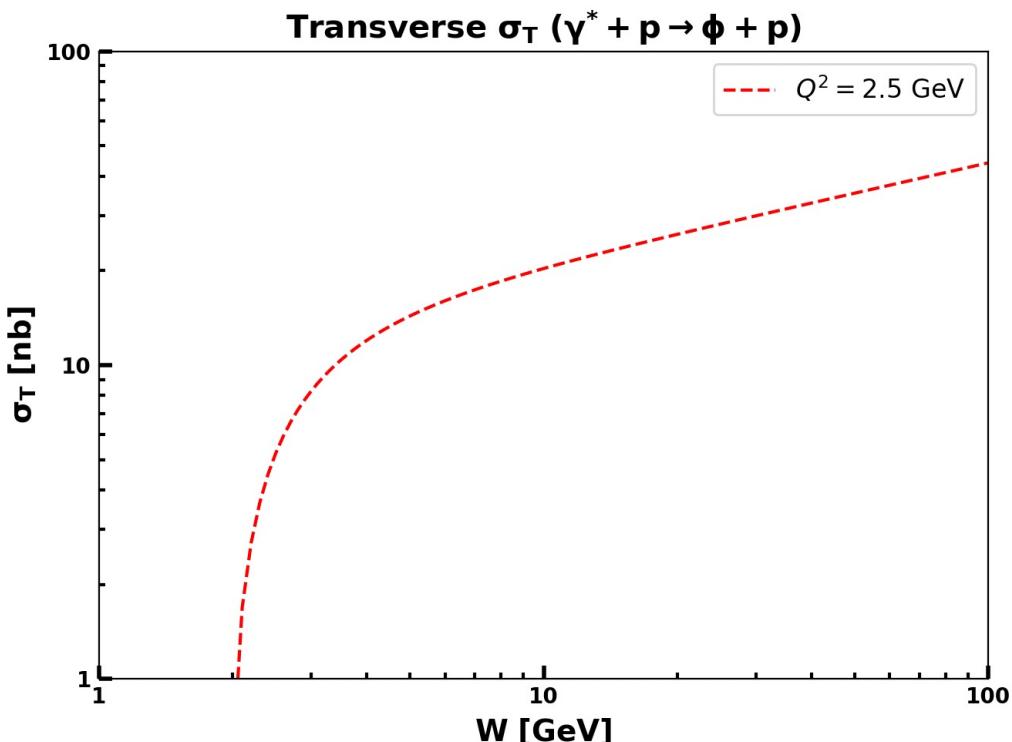


*Implemented in the generator*

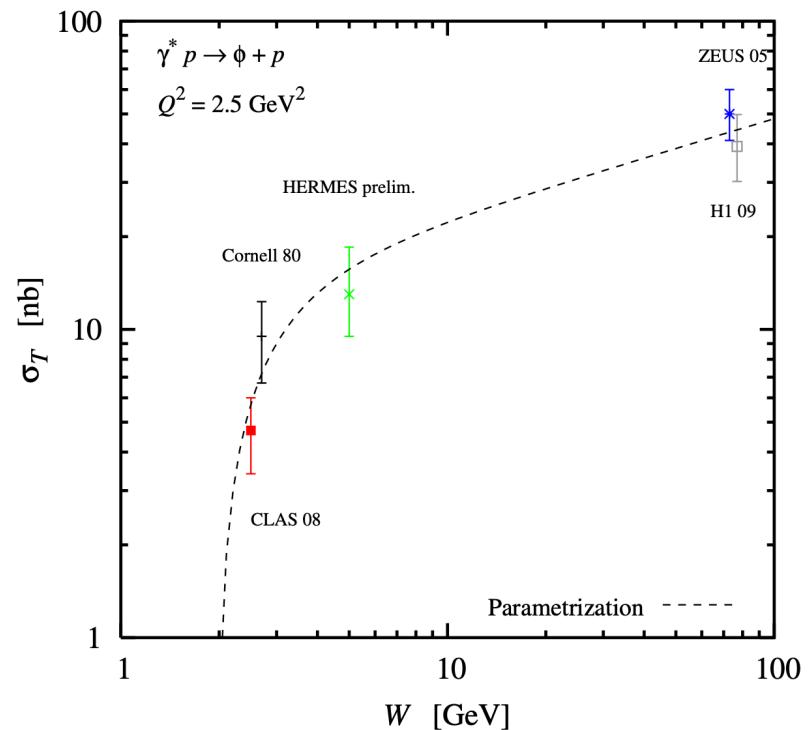


*From Proposal to Jefferson Lab PAC39*

# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

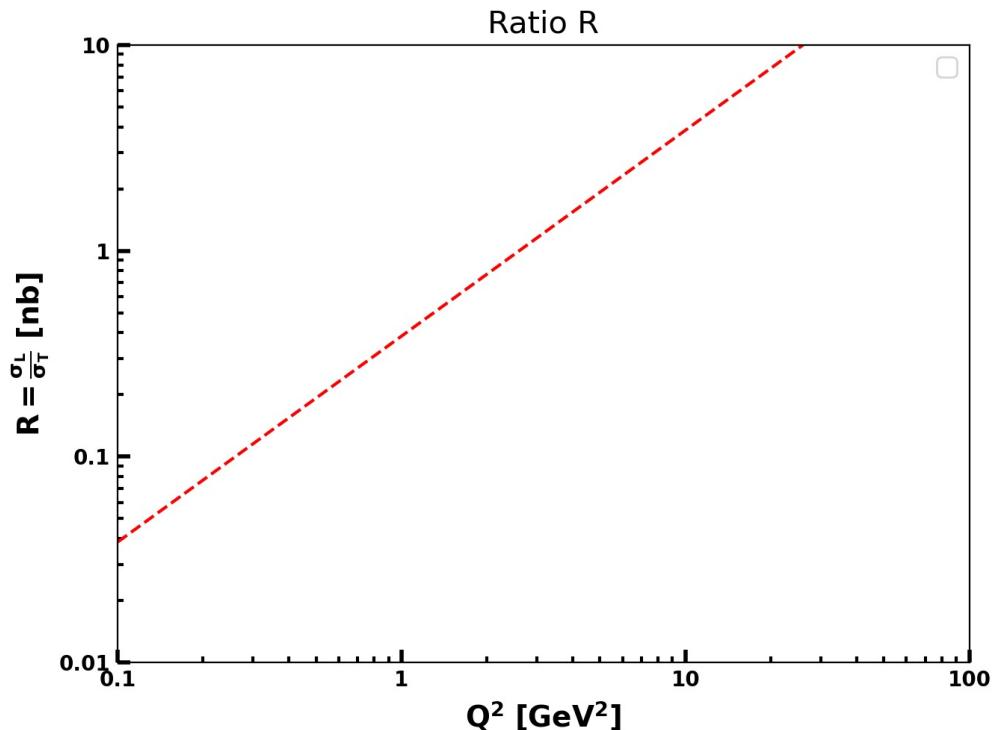


*Implemented in the generator*

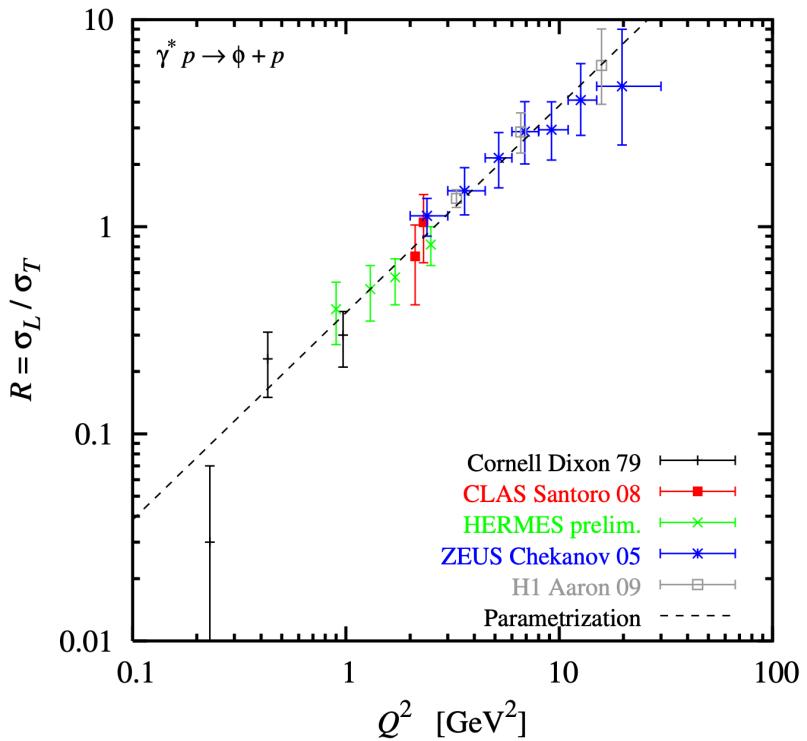


*From Proposal to Jefferson Lab PAC39*

# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

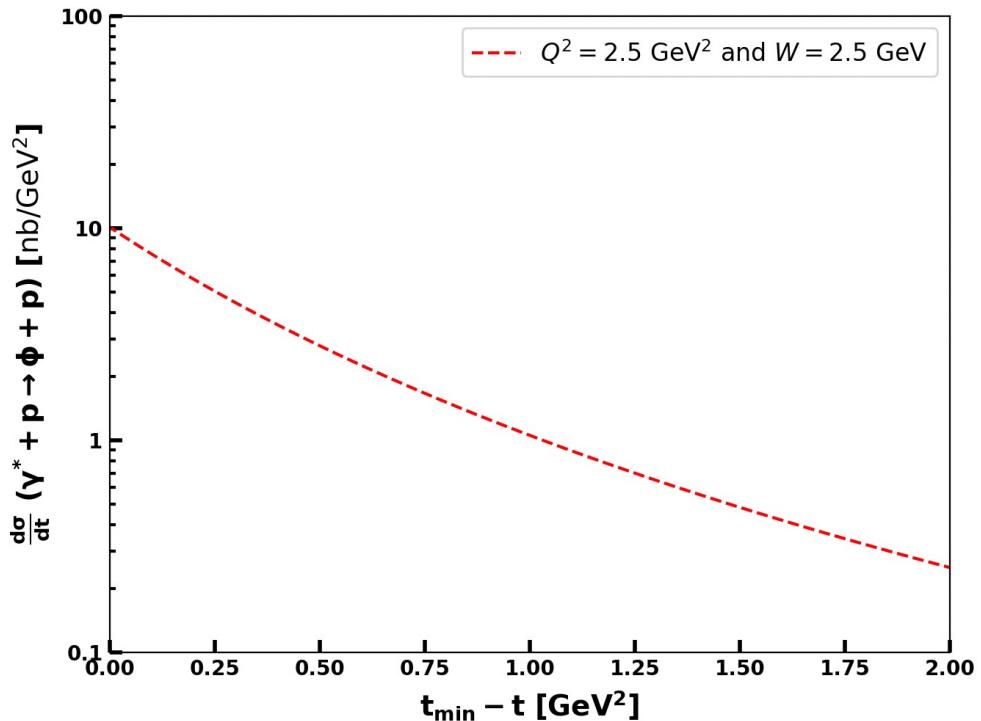


*Implemented in the generator*

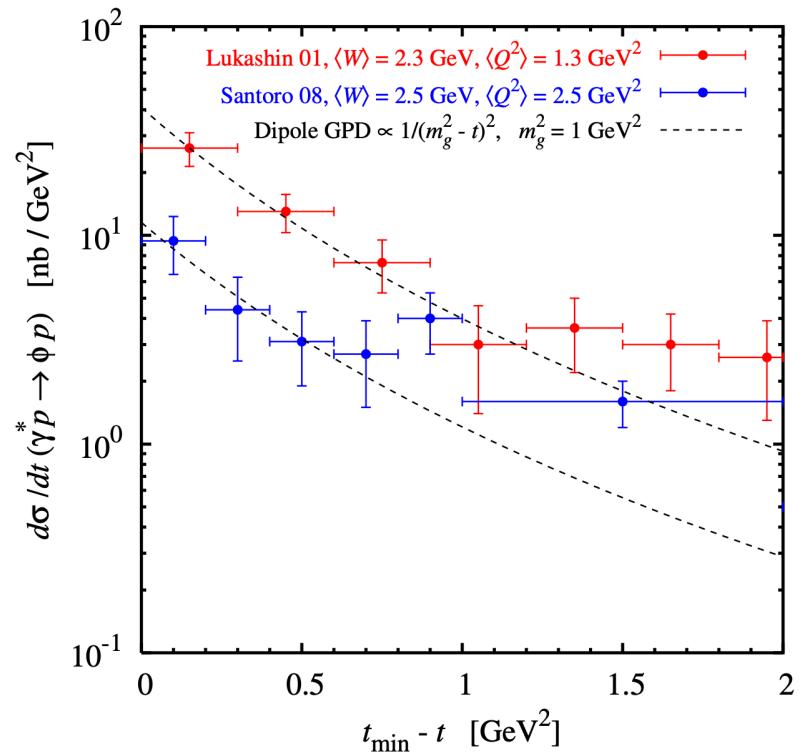


*From Proposal to Jefferson Lab PAC39*

# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace



*Implemented in the generator*



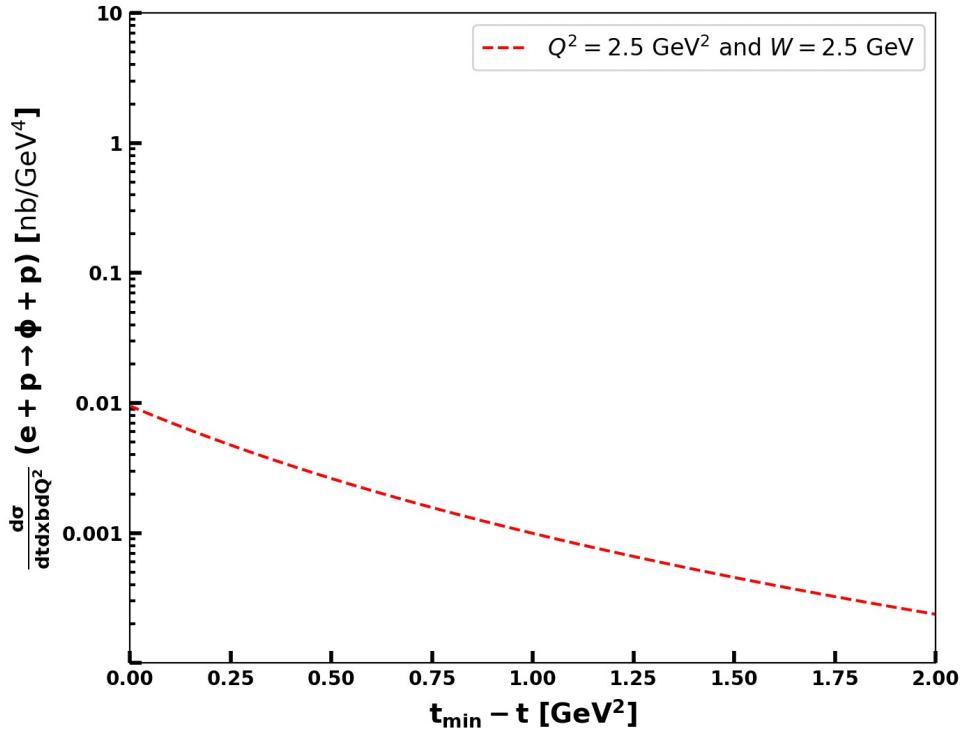
*From Proposal to Jefferson Lab PAC39*

# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

Cross section ( $e p \rightarrow \phi p$ ) (with the virtual photon flux) :

$$\frac{d^3\sigma}{dQ^2 dx_B dt} = \Gamma(Q^2, x_B, E) \left[ \frac{d\sigma_T}{dt}(Q^2, x_B, t) + \epsilon \frac{d\sigma_L}{dt}(Q^2, x_B, t) \right]$$

$$\Gamma \equiv \frac{\alpha}{8\pi} \frac{Q^2}{m_N^2 E^2} \frac{1-x_B}{x_B^3} \frac{1}{1-\epsilon}$$



*Implemented in the generator*

# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

**Step 2 :  $\phi \rightarrow K_s K_l$**

Branching ratio = 34%

Uniform decay in  $\theta$  in first approximation

Same  $V_x V_y V_z$  as in the previous decay

**Step 3 :  $K_s \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$**

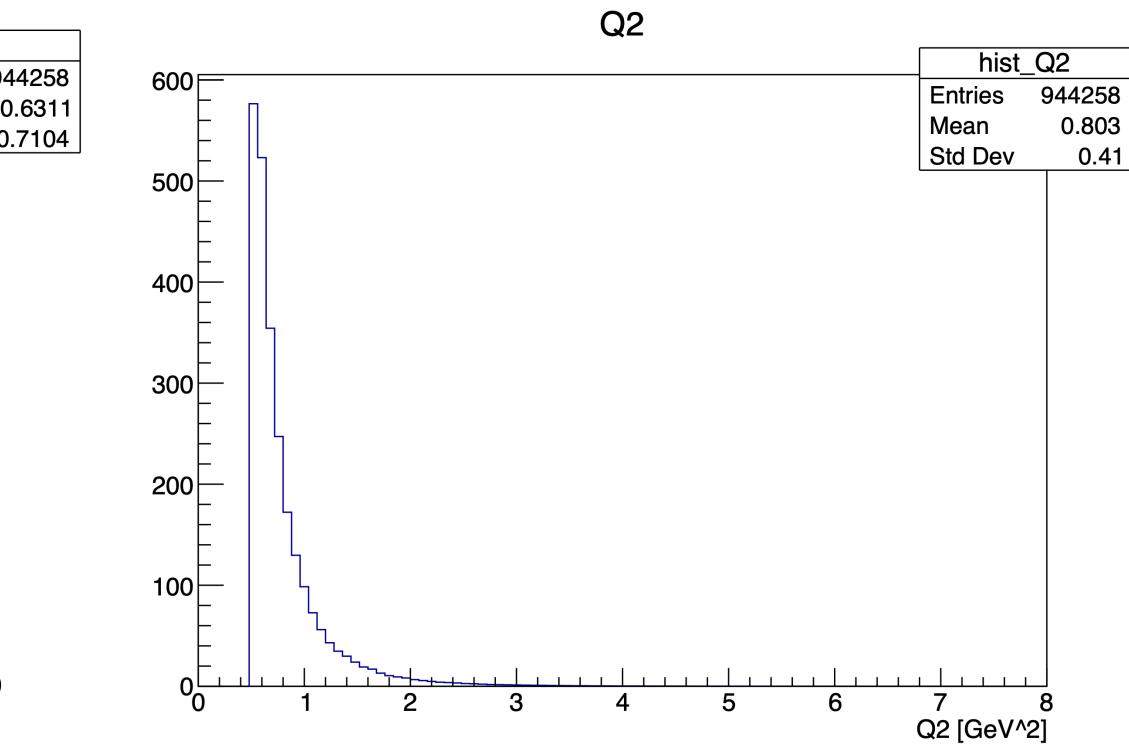
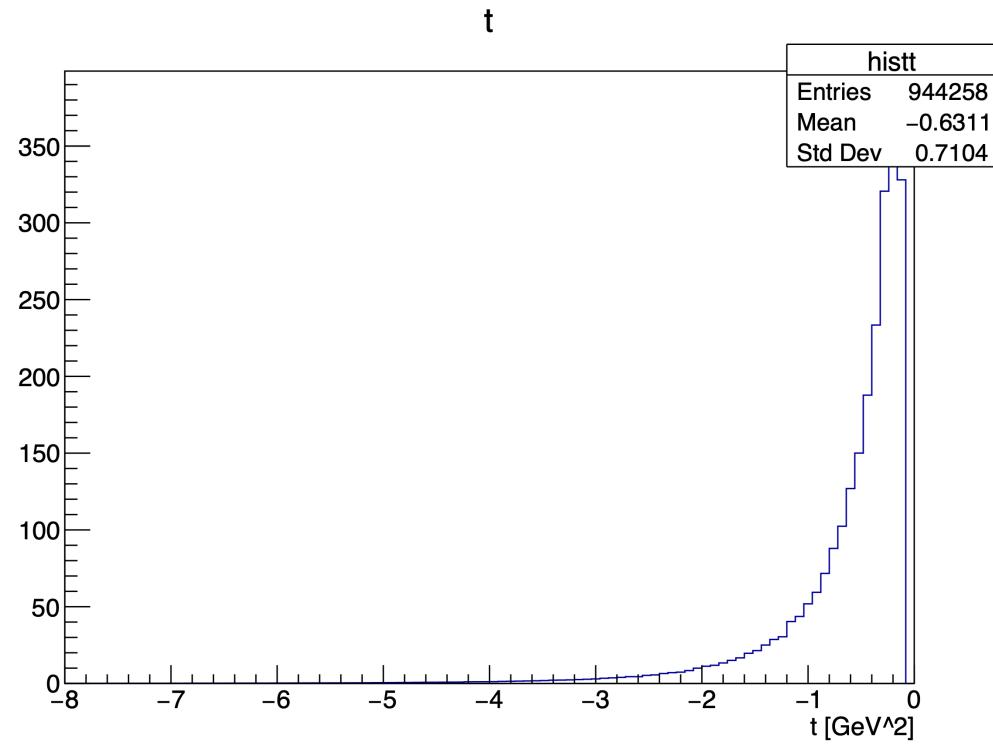
Branching ratio = 69%

Uniform decay in  $\theta$  in first approximation

$V_x V_y V_z$  shifted by 2.8 cm in the direction of  $K_s$  emission to simulate the flight of  $K_s$

$$\text{Total weight} = \text{weight}_{\text{SpacePhase}} * \sigma * \text{BR}_{K_s K_l} * \text{BR}_{\pi^+ \pi^-}$$

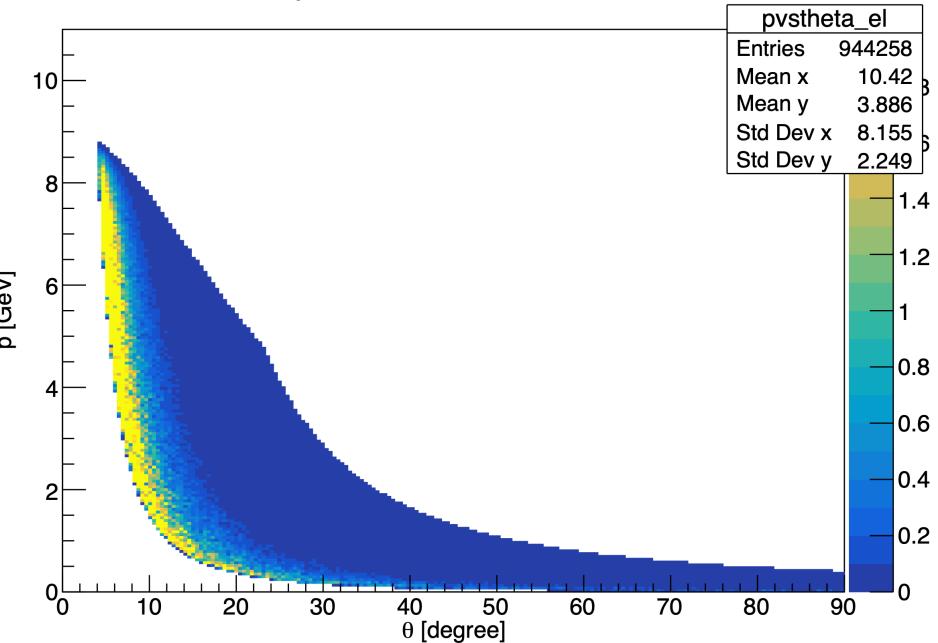
# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace



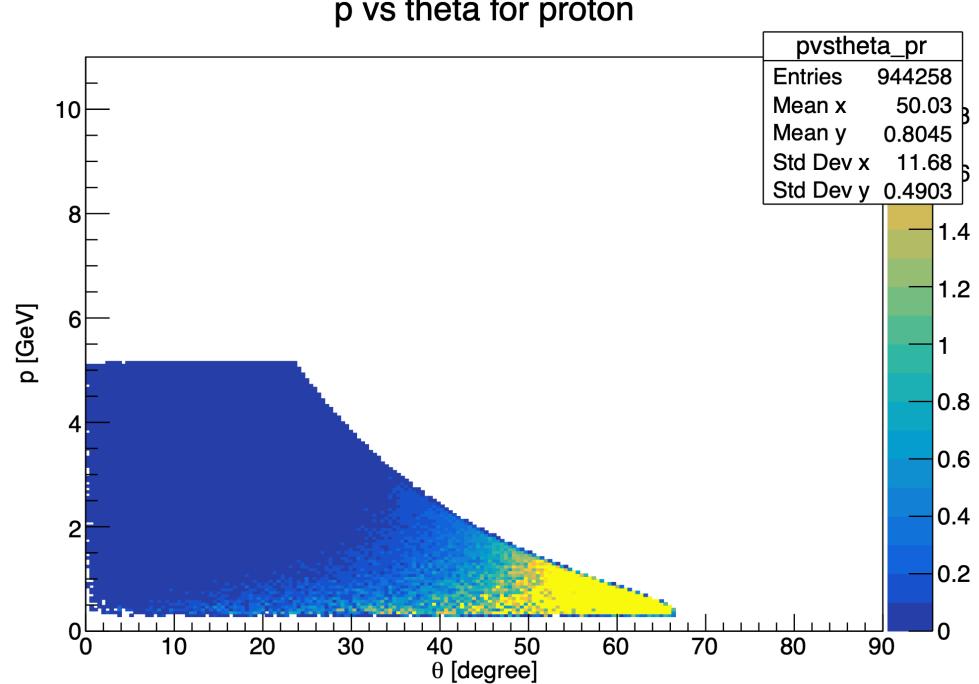
# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

Cuts :  $-8 < t < -0.1 \text{ GeV}^2$  and  $0.5 < Q^2 < 8 \text{ GeV}$

p vs theta for electron



p vs theta for proton



# Generator with TGenPhaseSpace

