

# PBG 200A Notes

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- Supposing fitness of  $A_1A_1$ ,  $A_1A_2$ , and  $A_2A_2$  are 1,  $1 - sh$ , and  $1 - s$ , respectively, then an equilibrium frequency is

$$q_{eq} = \frac{\mu}{sh} \quad (1)$$

- Migration-Selection balance can preserve a near-fixation equilibrium
- In the simple haploid model, migration plays the same role as mutation.
- If the migration rate is high enough, we get “migration swamping” where one allele wins for a particular set of initial conditions.
- interaction between selection and drift
  - when selection is strong we can ignore drift
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$$p_L = P_0 \times 1 + P_1 \times p_L + P_2 \times p_L^2 + P_3 \times p_L^3 + \dots \implies p_L = 1 - s \quad \text{and} \quad p_f = s \quad (2)$$

- Current Status of views on molecular evolution
  - the vast majority of differences between humans and chimps are due to genetic drift, not selection.