

Section 12.2 — Linear Regression

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Outline

Introduction

Examples

Warning!

Introduction

Definition (Least-Squares Regression Line)

The **least-squares regression line** is the line for which the best average variation from the data is the smallest. It is sometimes called the line of best fit. It is given by

$$\hat{y} = b_0 + b_1x$$

Slope and Intercept

Slope

The slope of the least-squares regression line is

$$b_1 = \frac{s_y}{s_x} r$$

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y-intercept

The y-intercept of the least-squares regression line is

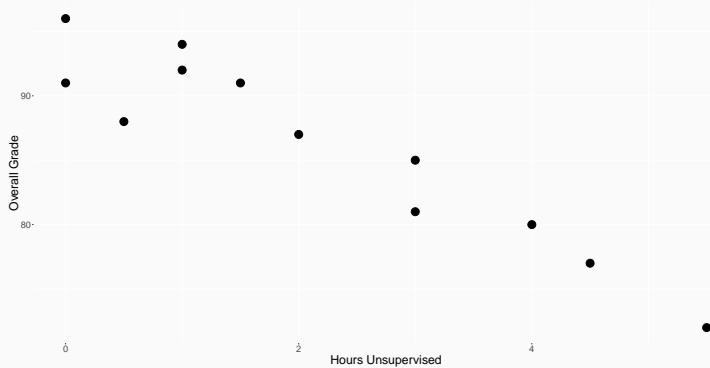
$$b_0 = \bar{y} - b_1 \bar{x}$$

Examples

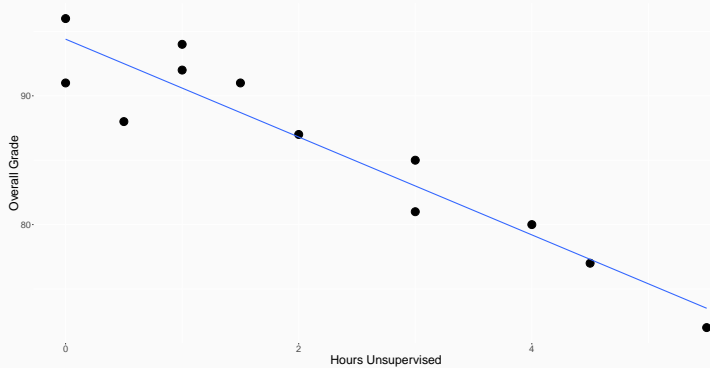
Grades

Hours Unsupervised	0	0	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.5
Overall Grade Average	96	91	88	92	94	91
Hours Unsupervised	2.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.5	5.6
Overall Grade Average	87	85	81	80	77	72

Grades



Grades



- What grade would you predict for a child left unsupervised 2.5 hours per day?

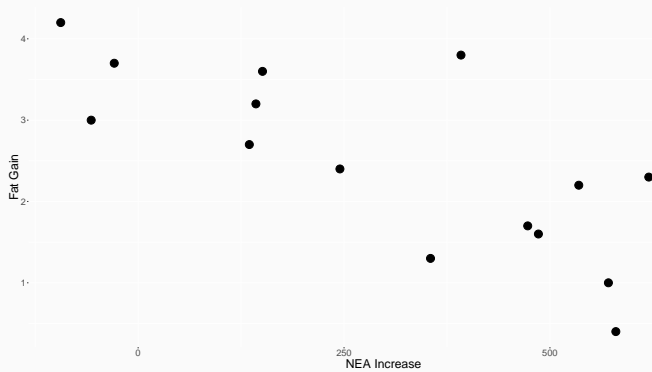
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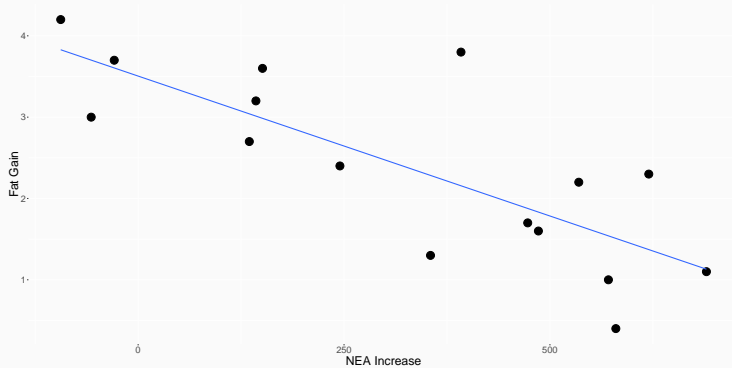
Fidgeting

NEA increase	Fat gain	NEA increase	Fat gain
-94	4.2	392	3.8
-57	3.0	473	1.7
-29	3.7	486	1.6
135	2.7	535	2.2
143	3.2	571	1.0
151	3.6	580	0.4
245	2.4	620	2.3
355	1.3	690	1.1

Fidgeting



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- How much fat gain would you expect if the non-exercise-activity increased by 50 calories?

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- What about 1500?

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- What about 1500?
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- The data do not fall in a linear pattern when graphed as a scatter plot.
- The correlation coefficient is not statistically significant.
- You wish to make a prediction about a value outside the range of the sample data.
- The population is different than that from which the sample data were drawn.