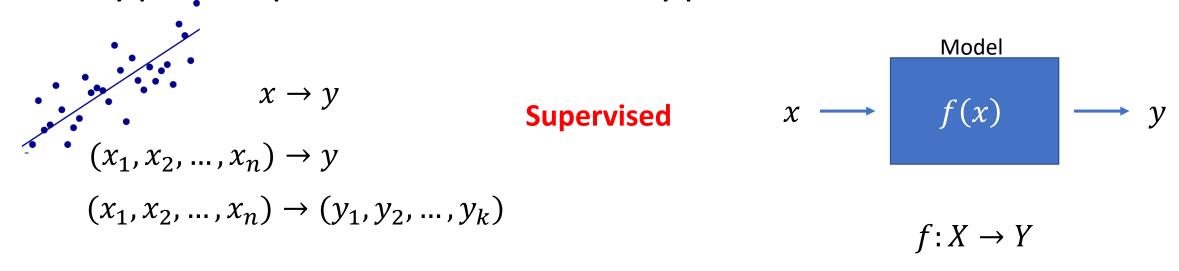
# Supervised vs Unsupervised Learning

By Francisco Mendoza

mentofran@gmail.com

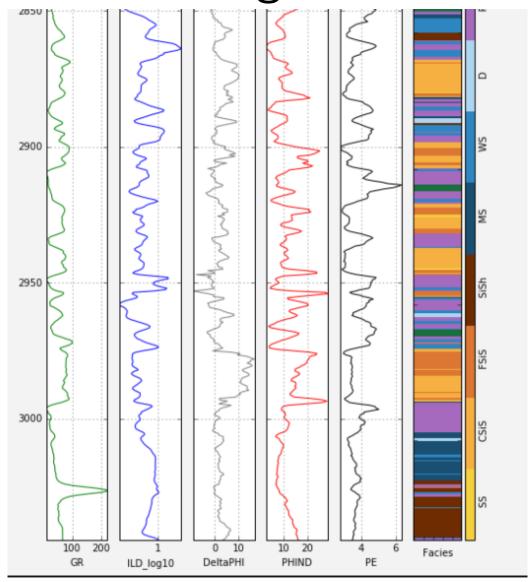
#### Type of problems, data types



#### Unsupervised

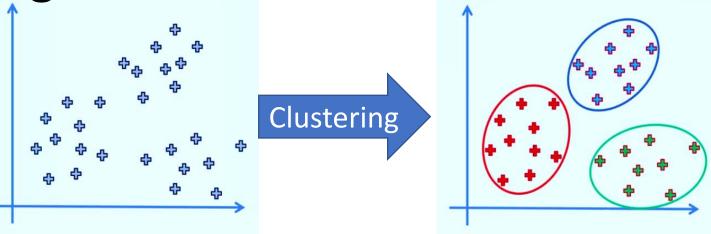
ID	$x_1$	 $x_n$	Category	ID	
1	3.532	А	Catx	1	
2	7.234	Н	Caty	2	
:	:	:	:	÷	

Supervised Vs Unsupervised learning

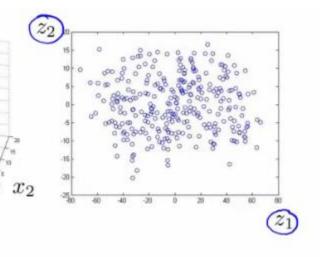


Unsupervised learning

- Clustering
  - K-means
  - **OBSCAN**
  - Hierarchical Cluster Analysis



- Visualization and dimensionality reduction
  - Principal Component Analysis (PCA)
  - Locally-Linear Embedding (LLE)
  - $\circ$  t-distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding (t-SNE)



# K-means

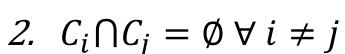
#### K-means

#### **Assumptions**

- *K* –clusters
- *n* instances

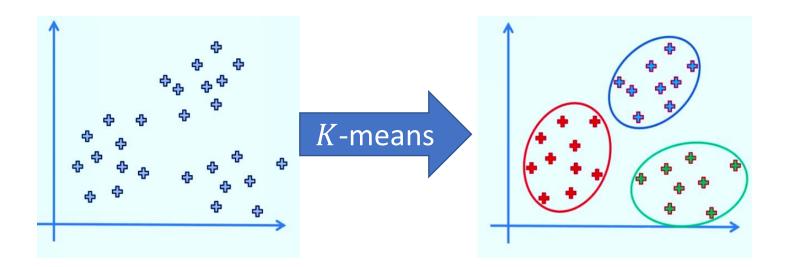
1. 
$$C_1 \cup C_2 \cup \cdots \cup C_K = \{1, ..., n\}$$

$$2. \quad C_i \cap C_j = \emptyset \ \forall \ i \neq j$$



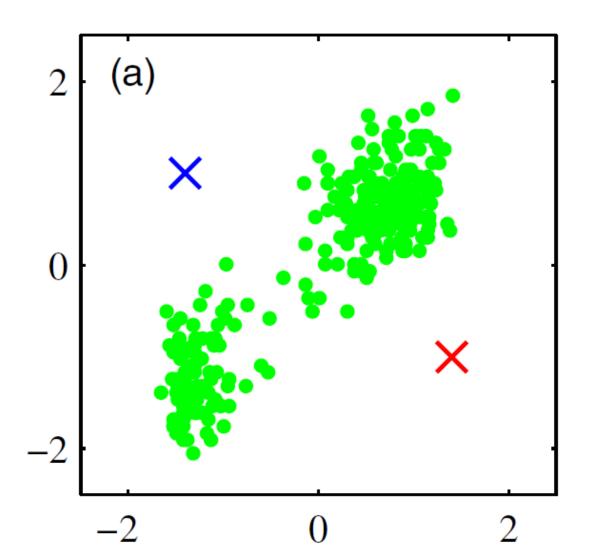
#### Requirements

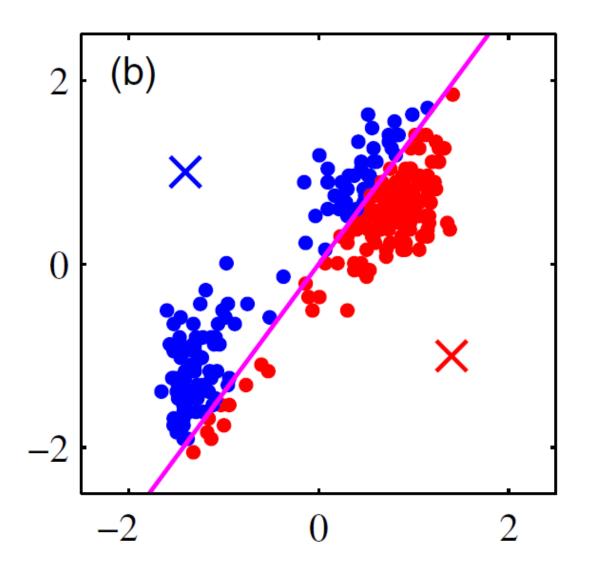
Similarity or Dissimilarity (Distance) measure

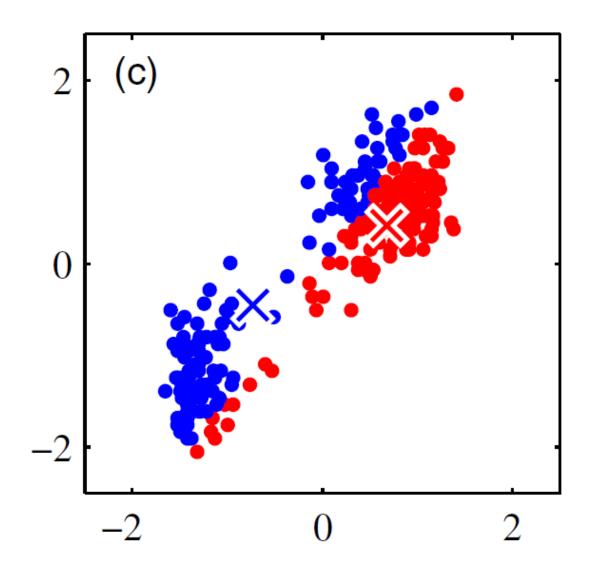


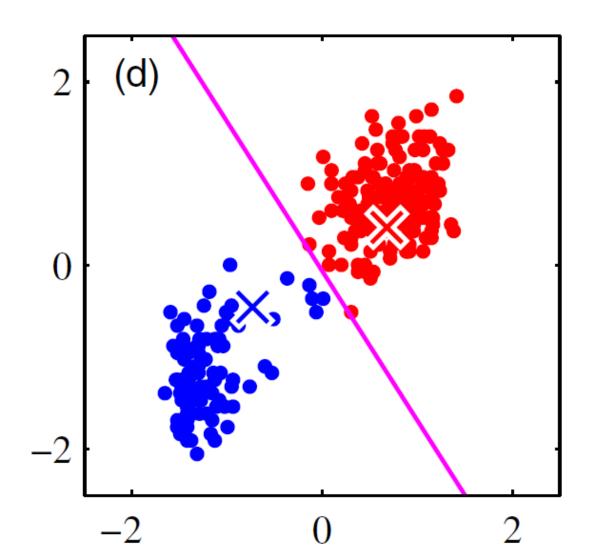
#### Similarity vs Dissimilarity

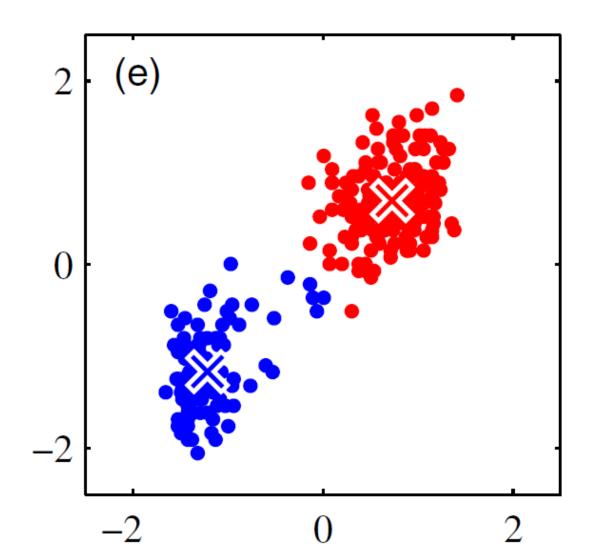
- The **similarity** between two objects is a numeral measure of the degree to which the two objects are alike. Consequently, similarities are higher for pairs of objects that are more alike. Similarities are usually non-negative and are often between 0 (no similarity) and 1(complete similarity).
- The **dissimilarity** between two objects is the numerical measure of the degree to which the two objects are different. Dissimilarity is lower for more similar pairs of objects.
- Frequently, the term **distance** is used as a synonym for dissimilarity. Dissimilarities sometimes fall in the interval [0,1], but it is also common for them to range from 0 to ∞.

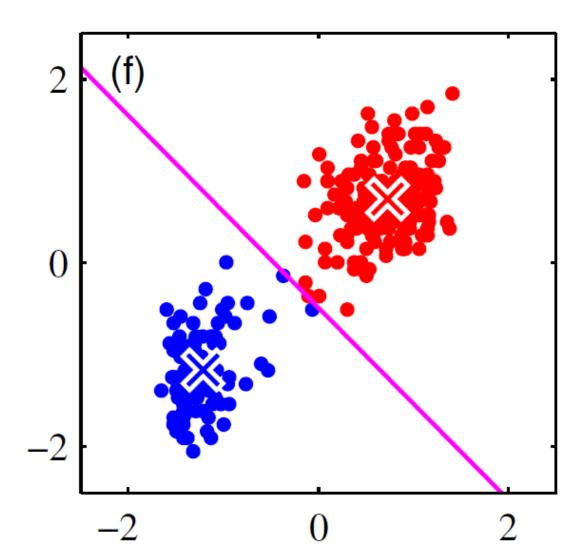


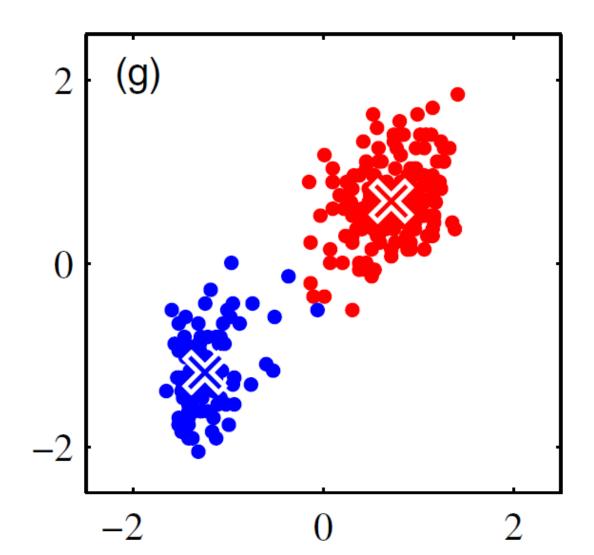


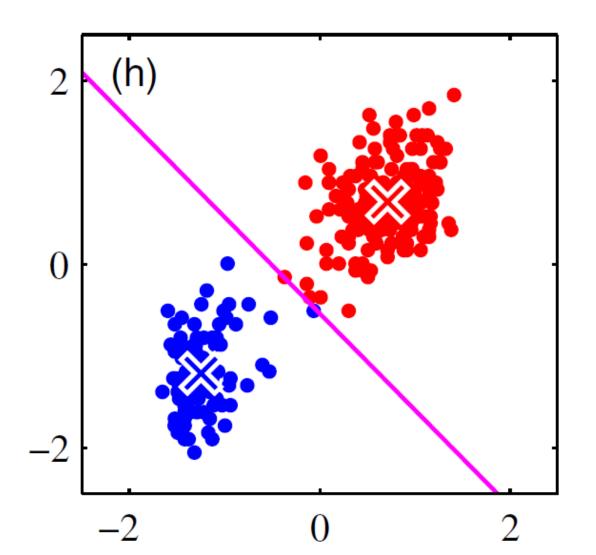


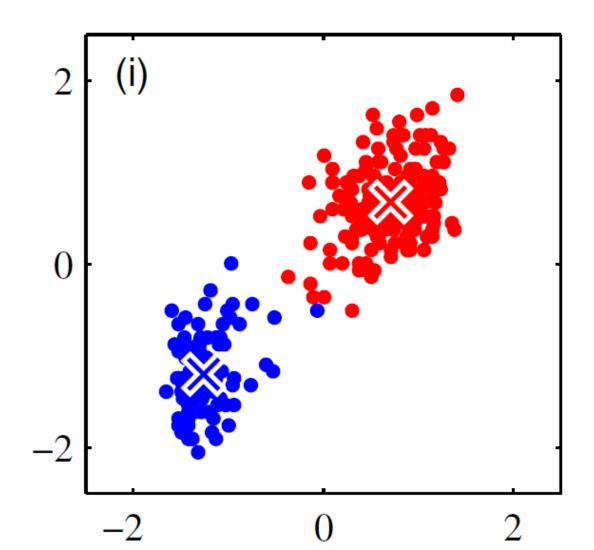












#### Exercise

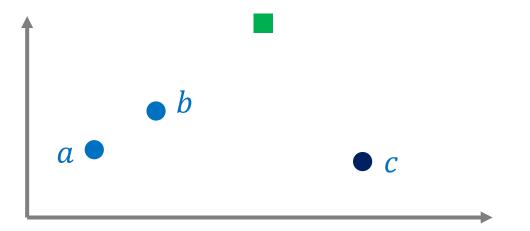
#### Data

	$\boldsymbol{x}$	y
a	1	1
b	3	2
С	7	1

#### **Initial Centroids**

	x	y
$c_1$	5	3
$c_2$	5	-2





#### Homework assignment

• Generate a dataset with 3 groups and then use sklearn.cluster.KMeans() to get clusters of the dataset.