

Form A

1. (a) A^c = "all letters not vowels" = "consonants"

(b) $P(A | A^c) = 0$

(c) $P(A \cup B) = 9/26$ (the letters AEIOURNDM)

(d) $P(A \cap B) = 2/26$ (just the letters AO)

(e) A, B are not disjoint, since $A \cap B$ is nonempty.

(f) If A, B were independent, then the multiplication rule would become $P(A \cap B) = P(A)P(B)$. But

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} P(A) = 5/26 \\ P(B) = 6/26 \end{array} \right\} \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\frac{5}{26} \right) \left(\frac{6}{26} \right) \neq \frac{2}{26}.$$

2. (a) range, standard deviation

(b) range = max - min, and $igr = q_3 - q_1$ are easily estimated from a boxplot.