

### Exercise 4.36

(a) Task: Method of CI construction for a difference of means  $\mu_1 - \mu_2$  when i.i.d. samples are taken from populations  $\text{Norm}(\mu_1, \sigma_1)$ ,  $\text{Norm}(\mu_2, \sigma_2)$ .

Assume:  $\sigma_1, \sigma_2$  are available / known.

$$\text{CI: } \underbrace{\left( \bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2 \right)}_{\text{pt. est for } \mu_1 - \mu_2} \pm Z^* \cdot \underbrace{\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}}_{\text{SE}_{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}}$$

Why valid:

$$\text{Know: } \bar{X}_1 \sim \text{Norm}\left(\mu_1, \frac{\sigma_1}{\sqrt{n_1}}\right), \quad \bar{X}_2 \sim \text{Norm}\left(\mu_2, \frac{\sigma_2}{\sqrt{n_2}}\right)$$

Given that  $\bar{X}_1, \bar{X}_2$  are independent

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) &= \text{Var}(\bar{X}_1) + \text{Var}(\bar{X}_2) \\ &= \frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underbrace{\sigma_{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}}_{\text{SE}_{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}$$

(b) Task: Look at coverage rate

For samples taken from  $\text{Norm}(8, 2)$

$$\text{True value } \mu_1 - \mu_2 = 8 - 8 = 0$$

If  $\left. \begin{array}{ll} \text{Sample 1 taken from } \text{Norm}(\underline{8}, 2) \\ 2 \text{ " " } \text{Norm}(\underline{6}, 3) \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{known populations} \\ \text{leads to} \\ \text{known} \\ \mu_1 - \mu_2 \end{array}$

$$\text{True value } \underline{\mu_1 - \mu_2 = 2}$$

If  $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Sample 1 comes from } \text{Norm}(5, 2) \rightarrow \mu_1 = 5 \\ 2 \text{ " " } \text{Exp}(\lambda = 1/3) \rightarrow \mu_2 = 3 \end{array}$

$$X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda) \Rightarrow E(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}$$