MEASUREMENT SENSE — SET 2

The students make multiple comparisons between objects and order the objects according to the attribute being measured.

Here is an apple, orange and pear, order from heaviest to lightest.







- Heaviest Orange as it is always down
- 2. Middle Pear it is lighter (up) than the orange but heavier (down) than the apple.
- 3. Lightest Apple it is always up.

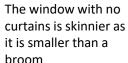
For measurement – compare length of 3 or more objects e.g pencils lining up from shortest to tallest.

For volume – compare capacity of 3 or more object, e.g. how much water / sand do they hold, compare by pouring from one to another.

P They use an indirect or intermediary measure to compare the length of two objects that cannot be directly compared.

Which window is wider?







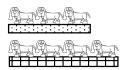
The curtain window is bigger than a broom so I wider.

They understand that, when comparing objects, the unit being used to measure must not change.

Which weighs more?

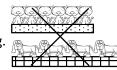
Correct

The spotty strip is 3 dogs long The square strip is 4 dogs long So the square strip is longer



<u>Incorrect</u>

The spotty strip is 6 cats long The square strip is 4 dogs long. So the spotty strip is longer.



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