

Part 7.7 Answers

1a. A binomial distribution is best. This is because:

- There are a **Fixed** number of teachers at the school (130) so a fixed number of 'trials'
- The probability one teacher is involved is **Independent** from the other teachers
- The probability of each teacher being involved is always the **Same** (0.65)
- There are **Two** possible outcomes, either the teacher is involved or not.

1b. 1.00 (3sf)

1c. 84.5 so 85 teachers

1d. 95 teachers

2a. A binomial distribution is best. This is because:

- There are a **Fixed** number of coin flips so a fixed number of 'trials'
- The probability one flip is heads is **Independent** from the other flips
- The probability of each flip being heads is always the **Same** (0.5 if it is fair)
- There are **Two** possible outcomes, either heads or tails.

2b. 0.0176 (3sf)

2c. $\sigma = 5$, $\mu = 50$

2d. 0.542 or 0.558 (3sf) so therefore not a fair coin.

3a. A binomial distribution is best. This is because:

- There are a **Fixed** number of days we will look at so a fixed number of 'trials'
- The probability one flip is foggy can be assumed to be **Independent** from the other days
- The probability of each day being foggy is always the **Same** (0.05)
- There are **Two** possible outcomes, either the day is foggy or it is not.

3b. 0.698 (3sf)

3c. 0.00376 (3sf)

3d. 21 days

3e. $0.00376 \times 0.00376 = 0.0000141$

This assumes that each day, and each week is independent of each other. This may not be a valid assumption as bad weather often will hit several days in a row, and in winter you are more likely to get bad weather.