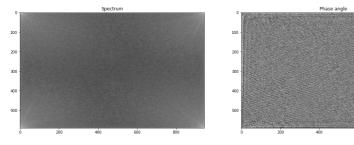
Experiment No.- 4

- Title-Image filtering in the frequency domain
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- Roll no.- PB 11
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- Date of performance- 08/02/23

```
1 import cv2
 2 \; \text{import numpy as np}
 3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 4 %matplotlib inline
 5 from math import sqrt, exp
 1 plt.figure(figsize=(6*5,4*5),constrained_layout=False)
3 img =cv2.imread("img.jpeg",0)
 4 plt.subplot(151),plt.imshow(img, "gray"), plt.title("Original")
6 #original =np.fft.fft2(img)
 7 #plt.subplot(152), plt.imshow(np.log(np.abs(original)), "gray"), plt.title("spectrum")
9 original =np.fft.fft2(img)
10 plt.subplot(152), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(original)), "gray"), plt.title("Spectrum")
11
12 center = np.fft.fftshift(original)
13 \ plt.subplot(153), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(center)), "gray"), \ plt.title("Centered specturm") \\
14
15 inv_center=np.fft.fftshift(center)
16 \ \mathsf{plt.subplot}(154), \mathsf{plt.imshow}(\mathsf{np.log}(1+\mathsf{np.abs}(\mathsf{inv\_center})), "\mathsf{gray"}), \ \mathsf{plt.title}("\mathsf{Decentralized"})
17
18 pro img= np.fft.ifft2(inv center)
19 plt.subplot(155),plt.imshow(np.abs(pro_img),"gray"),plt.title("Processed image")
20
21 plt.show()
```

```
1 plt.figure(figsize=(6*5,4*5),constrained_layout=False)
2
3 img=cv2.imread("img.jpeg",0)
4 original =np.fft.fft2(img)
5 plt.subplot(131),plt.imshow(np.log(np.abs(original)),"gray"),plt.title("Spectrum")
6 plt.subplot(132),plt.imshow(np.angle(original),"gray"),plt.title("Phase angle")
7
8 plt.show()
```

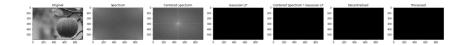


```
1 def distance (p1,p2):
 2 return np.sqrt((p1[0]-p2[0])**2+(p1[1]-p2[1])**2)
 3 \# **  represents power of 2
 5 ## Ideal
 6 def idealFilterLP(D0,imgshape):
    base=np.zeros(imgshape[:2])
    rows,cols=imgshape[:2]
    center=(rows/2,cols/2)
10
11
    for x in range(cols):
      for y in range(rows):
12
13
        if distance((y,x),center) < D0:
14
          base[y,x]=1
15
    return base
16
17
18 def idealFilterHP(D0,imgshape):
19 base=np.zeros(imgshape[:2])
20
    rows.cols=imashape[:2]
21
    center=(rows/2,cols/2)
22
23
    for x in range(cols):
24
      for y in range(rows):
        if distance((y,x),center) < D0:
25
26
          base[y,x]=0
27
    return base
28
29
30 ## Butterworth
31 def butterworthLP(D0,imgshape,n):
32 base=np.zeros(imgshape[:2])
33
   rows,cols=imgshape[:2]
34
    center=(rows/2,cols/2)
35
36
    for x in range(cols):
37
      for y in range(rows):
38
        base[y,x]=1/(1+distance((y,x),center)/D0)*(2*n)
39
    return base
40
41
42 def butterworthHP(D0,imgshape,n):
43 base=np.zeros(imgshape[:2])
44
    rows,cols=imgshape[:2]
45
    center=(rows/2,cols/2)
46
47
    for x in range(cols):
48
      for v in range(rows):
49
        base[y,x]=1/(1+distance((y,x),center)/D0)*(2*n)
50
    return base
51
52
53 ##quassian
54 def guassianLP(D0,imgshape):
55 base=np.zeros(imgshape[:2])
56
   rows,cols=imgshape[:2]
57
    center=(rows/2,cols/2)
58
59
    for x in range(cols):
60
      for y in range(rows):
        base[y,x]=np.exp(((-distance((y,x),center)**2)/2*(D0**2)))
61
62
    return base
63
64
65 def guassianHP(D0,imgshape):
66 base=np.zeros(imgshape[:2])
67
    rows,cols=imgshape[:2]
68
   center=(rows/2,cols/2)
69
70
    for x in range(cols):
71
      for v in range(rows):
        base[y,x]=1-np.exp(((-distance((y,x),center)**2)/2*(D0**2)))
72
73
    return base
 1 #Apply ideal low pass filter
 2 plt.figure(figsize=(6*5,4*5),constrained_layout=False)
 4 plt.subplot(171),plt.imshow(img, "gray"), plt.title("Original")
 5 \ plt.subplot(172), \ plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(original)), "gray"), \ plt.title("Spectrum") \\
 6 plt.subplot(173),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(center)),"gray"), plt.title("Centered specturm")
```

```
8 LowPass1= idealFilterLP(50,img.shape)
9 plt.subplot(174),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(LowPass1)),"gray"), plt.title("Ideal LP")
10
11 LowPassCenter1= center*idealFilterLP(50,img.shape)
12 plt.subplot(175), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(LowPassCenter1)),"gray"), plt.title("Centered Spectrum * Ideal LP")
13
14 LowPass1= np.fft.ifftshift(LowPassCenter1)
15 plt.subplot(176),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(LowPass1)),"gray"), plt.title("Decentralized")
16
17 inverse_LowPass1= np.fft.ifft2(LowPass1)
18 plt.subplot(177),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(inverse_LowPass1)),"gray"), plt.title("Processed")
19
20 plt.show()
```

```
#Apply butterworth low pass filter
 2
    plt.figure(figsize=(6*5,4*5),constrained_layout=False)
 3
 4
    plt.subplot(171),plt.imshow(img, "gray"), plt.title("Original")
 5
    plt.subplot(172), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(original)), "gray"), plt.title("Spectrum")
 6
    plt.subplot(173),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(center)),"gray"), plt.title("Centered specturm")
 8
    LowPass2= butterworthLP(50,img.shape,20)
9
    \verb|plt.subplot(174), \verb|plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(LowPass2)), "gray"), \verb|plt.title("Butterworth LP")| \\
10
    LowPassCenter2= center*butterworthLP(50,img.shape,20)
11
12
    plt.subplot(175), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(LowPassCenter2)), "gray"), plt.title("Centered Spectrum * Butterworth LP")
13
    LowPass2= np.fft.ifftshift(LowPassCenter2)
14
15
    plt.subplot(176),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(LowPass2)),"gray"), plt.title("Decentralized")
16
17
    inverse_LowPass2= np.fft.ifft2(LowPass2)
18
    plt.subplot(177),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(inverse_LowPass2)),"gray"), plt.title("Processed")
19
20
    plt.show()
0
```

```
#Apply gaussian low pass filter
2
   plt.figure(figsize=(6*5,4*5),constrained_layout=False)
   plt.subplot(171),plt.imshow(img, "gray"), plt.title("Original")
4
5
   plt.subplot(172), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(original)), "gray"), plt.title("Spectrum")
6
   8
   LowPass3= guassianLP(50,img.shape)
9
   10
11
   LowPassCenter3= center*guassianLP(50,img.shape)
12
   plt.subplot(175), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(LowPassCenter3)), "gray"), plt.title("Centered Spectrum * Gaussian LP")
13
   LowPass3= np.fft.ifftshift(LowPassCenter3)
14
15
   16
17
   inverse LowPass3= np.fft.ifft2(LowPass3)
18
   plt.subplot(177),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(inverse_LowPass3)),"gray"), plt.title("Processed")
19
20
   plt.show()
```



```
1 #Apply ideal high pass filter
 2 plt.figure(figsize=(6*5,4*5),constrained_layout=False)
 4 plt.subplot(171),plt.imshow(img, "gray"), plt.title("Original")
 5 plt.subplot(172), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(original)), gray"), plt.title("Spectrum")
  \texttt{6 plt.subplot(173),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(center)),"gray"), plt.title("Centered specturm")} \\
 8 HighPass1= idealFilterHP(50,img.shape)
9 plt.subplot(174),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(HighPass1)),"gray"), plt.title("Ideal HP")
11 HighPassCenter1= center*idealFilterHP(50,img.shape)
12 plt.subplot(175), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(HighPassCenter1)), "gray"), plt.title("Centered Spectrum * Ideal HP")
13
14 HighPass1= np.fft.ifftshift(HighPassCenter1)
15 plt.subplot(176),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(HighPass1)),"gray"), plt.title("Decentralized")
16
17 inverse_HighPass1= np.fft.ifft2(HighPass1)
18 plt.subplot(177),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(inverse HighPass1)), "gray"), plt.title("Processed")
19
20 plt.show()
```

```
1 #Apply butterworth high pass filter
 2 plt.figure(figsize=(6*5,4*5),constrained layout=False)
 3
 4 plt.subplot(171),plt.imshow(img, "gray"), plt.title("Original")
 5 plt.subplot(172), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(original)), "gray"), plt.title("Spectrum")
  \texttt{6 plt.subplot(173),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(center)),"gray"), plt.title("Centered specturm")} \\
8 HighPass2= butterworthHP(50,img.shape,20)
9 plt.subplot(174),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(HighPass2)), "gray"), plt.title("Butterworth HP")
10
11 HighPassCenter2= center*butterworthHP(50,img.shape,20)
12 \; plt.subplot(175), \; plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(HighPassCenter2)), "gray"), \; plt.title("Centered Spectrum * Butterworth HP") \\
13
14 HighPass2= np.fft.ifftshift(HighPassCenter2)
15 plt.subplot(176),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(HighPass2)),"gray"), plt.title("Decentralized")
16
17 inverse HighPass2= np.fft.ifft2(HighPass2)
18 plt.subplot(177),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(inverse_HighPass2)),"gray"), plt.title("Processed")
19
20 plt.show()
```

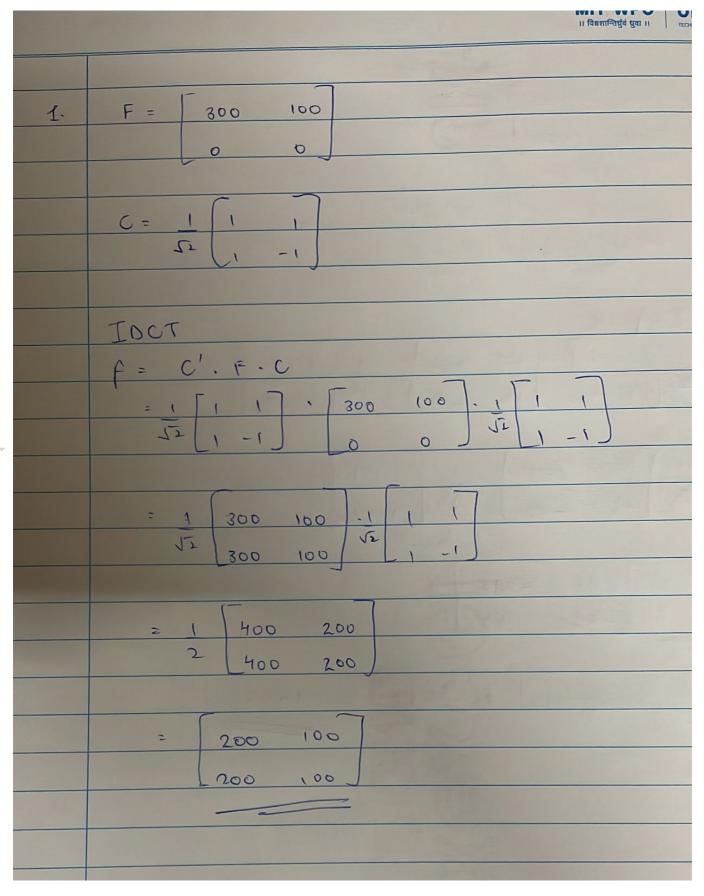
```
1 #Apply gaussian high pass filter
2 plt.figure(figsize=(6*5,4*5),constrained_layout=False)
3
4 plt.subplot(171),plt.imshow(img, "gray"), plt.title("Original")
5 plt.subplot(172), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(original)),"gray"), plt.title("Spectrum")
6 plt.subplot(173),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(center)),"gray"), plt.title("Centered specturm")
7
8 HighPass3= guassianHP(50,img.shape)
9 plt.subplot(174),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(HighPass3)),"gray"), plt.title("Gaussian HP")
10
11 HighPassCenter3= center*guassianHP(50,img.shape)
12 plt.subplot(175), plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(HighPassCenter3)),"gray"), plt.title("Centered Spectrum * Gaussian HP")
13
```

```
14 HighPass3= np.fft.ifftshift(HighPassCenter3)
15 plt.subplot(176),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(HighPass3)),"gray"), plt.title("Decentralized")
16
17 inverse_HighPass3= np.fft.ifft2(HighPass3)
18 plt.subplot(177),plt.imshow(np.log(1+np.abs(inverse_HighPass3)),"gray"), plt.title("Processed")
19
20 plt.show()
```

Result and Conclusion- In this experiment, we applied low and high pass filters on a gray scale image. We applied ideal, butterworth and gaussian types of high pass and low pass filter. Gaussian filter is best for removing ringing effect.

Post Lab Questions-

1. Determine IDCT of the following 2x2 matrix 300 100 0 0



2. What is DC coefficient of DFT of the following 2x2 matrix?

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2-	f = [15 100] 18 150]
	(= 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	F= C. F. C' 1
	$ = 1 \begin{bmatrix} 33 & 250 \\ -3 & -50 \end{bmatrix} \cdot 1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} $
	$= \frac{1}{283} - 217$ $= \frac{1}{283} - 217$
	DC Component = 283 = 141.5

Double-click (or enter) to edit