Find the solution to each differential equation or IVP using the method of integrating factors. For each IVP, also give the largest interval I on which your solution is defined.

1.
$$\frac{dy}{dx} - y = \frac{11}{8}e^{-x/3}, \ y(0) = -1$$

$$2. \ (x^2+1)\frac{dy}{dx} + 3xy = 6x$$

3.
$$xy' + y = 3xy$$
, $y(1) = 0$

4.
$$(1+x)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = \cos x$$
, $y(0) = 1$

5.
$$xy' = 3y + x^4 \cos x$$
, $y(2\pi) = 0$

ANSWERS

1.
$$y(x) = \frac{1}{32}e^x - \frac{33}{32}e^{-x/3}, I = (-\infty, \infty)$$

2.
$$y(x) = 2 + C(x^2 + 1)^{-3/2}$$

3.
$$y(x) = 0$$
, $I = (-\infty, \infty)$

4.
$$y(x) = \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + x}$$
, $I = (-1, \infty)$

5.
$$y(x) = x^3 \sin x$$
, $I = (-\infty, \infty)$