

First order problems

You should be able to use the following techniques to solve a first order equation.

Separation of variables

Integrating factors

Substitutions, including the Bernoulli method

Also be prepared to write the differential equation that corresponds to a written description. The specific applications that we worked with were population growth, radioactive decay, and mixtures of solutions. You should also be able to use a phase line to discuss the solutions of an autonomous problem.

Second order problems

Use the following techniques to solve a second order problem.

Method of undetermined coefficients

Variation of parameters

You will need to set up an equation for a mass-spring system. This includes understanding how the terms of the differential equation corresponds to the parameters of the physical system.

Laplace transforms and power series methods

Find the transform of a simple function using the definition, and use a table of transforms to solve a more complicate problem. Understand how to solve equations using unit step functions or periodic functions. You will also need to incorporate an impulse (like a hammer strike) into a mass-spring model.

Use the power series method to solve a differential equation with variable coefficients, similar to the question on Exam 3.

Systems of differential equations

Use the eigenvalue method to solve a system of differential equations. You should be prepared for problems with real distinct eigenvalues and problems with complex conjugate eigenvalues.

Here are some practice problems on the last topic.

- $$\begin{aligned} \frac{dx}{dt} &= -4x + 2y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= 2x - 4y \end{aligned}$$

$$2. \begin{aligned} \frac{dx}{dt} &= x + 2y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= -2x + y \end{aligned}$$

$$3. \begin{aligned} \frac{dx}{dt} &= 3x \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= 6x - 3y \\ x(0) &= 2, \quad y(0) = -5 \end{aligned}$$

$$4. \begin{aligned} \frac{dx}{dt} &= 4x + 5y \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= -5x - 4y \\ x(0) &= 0, \quad y(0) = 3 \end{aligned}$$

SOLUTIONS

$$1. \begin{aligned} x(t) &= C_1 e^{-6t} + C_2 e^{-2t} \\ y(t) &= -C_1 e^{-6t} + C_2 e^{-2t} \end{aligned}$$

$$2. \begin{aligned} x(t) &= C_1 e^t \sin 2t - C_2 e^t \cos 2t \\ y(t) &= C_1 e^t \cos 2t + C_2 e^t \sin 2t \end{aligned}$$

$$3. \begin{aligned} x(t) &= 2e^{3t} \\ y(t) &= -7e^{-3t} + 2e^{3t} \end{aligned}$$

$$4. \begin{aligned} x(t) &= 5 \sin 3t \\ y(t) &= 3 \cos 3t - 4 \sin 3t \end{aligned}$$