

in \$(n) = (in n2 = +0) >0 [fe ug) | f e sz(g) d) fin = (log (3n)) 3 and gin) = \$logn 1, n gen = glogn = 0 co g & o(f) | g & O(f) a) for i=1 ton temp for j=i+1 ton if min zarrey [] Min-array Es] temp = array [i] auray[i]=min array Lindex J = temp

b) loop invarient; after each iteration, array [1...i-1] is sorted. When E=n, the whole arracy is sorted. c) Selection Sort has the same number of swaps every time. That meens that best case, worst case and average case perform the same number of element Comparisons, because selection sort does not take odvantage at the existing order of elements,